

DIALOGPOST

Address management, postage optimization, information and forms to post Dialogpost.

Version: 9.7, 06.06.2024

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1 Welcome

Dialogpost Manager is the ideal solution for preparing and calculating your dialog marketing. You can use Dialogpost Manager to check and review your addresses, to print labels with addresses in the sequence required by the postal regulations and to create the production lists and all the forms you need to post your mailshot campaign.

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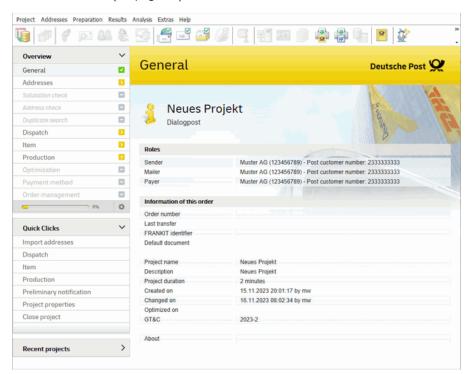
- Main window (on the following page)
- Project menu (on page 15)
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- Version history (on page 429)

2 Main window

You can use the main window to manage your Dialogpost project.

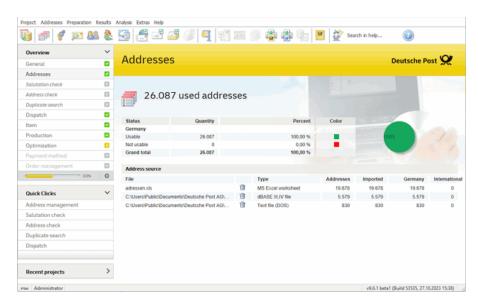
The main screen is subdivided into different areas:

- Menu bar and action buttons (on the following page)
- Overview (on page 12)
- Quick Clicks (on page 13)
- Recent projects (on page 13)
- Result area (on page 14)



If you *imported* (on page 48) your addresses from various sources you can easily delete the addresses of a dedicated file without launching the *address management* (on page 67), start filtering and then removing the filtered addresses.

Just go to the main window to the Addresses area.



Each address source additionally possesses a fine button. This can be used to remove the respective addresses from the database with prior explicit request.

2.1. Menu bar and action buttons

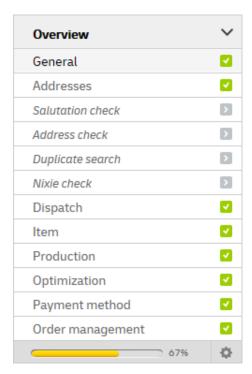


You can access all program functions using the respective menu.

Menu items which are disabled cannot be selected because the required information has not (yet) been provided.

The same applies to the *action buttons* which are arranged below the menu. These buttons repeat important commands or menus.

2.2. Overview



The most important steps of an Dialogpost project are listed in this area.

The large result area to the right and the Quick Clicks area below that will change according to the item selected in the overview.

There are different types of display for the individual steps in the overview:

- A step is displayed in light gray:
 - This action has not yet been started, nor can it be called since specific information which is required has not yet been provided. For instance it is not possible to calculate the minimum postage if you have not yet entered the item size.
- A step is displayed with a yellow arrow:
 All information needed for this step has been provided and the action can be initiated.
- A step is shown with a green arrow:
 This action has already been successfully executed. If you click on the item, the result of the action will be shown on the right side in the result area.
- A step is written in italics:
 - Some steps are essential for a project to be completed. For example, this pertains to the steps that process the imported address data. Those steps are written in italics and the arrow symbol will not become yellow when the step is ready to be executed.
 - Furthermore, you can manually deactivate those steps using the wizard or during a project by right-clicking on the respective step. It can also be reactivated by right-clicking. Just as steps that cannot be executed, a deactivated step will be displayed in light gray. Despite of this setting those steps can be launched using the menu or the action buttons. This illustration in the overview section is provided for information purposes only.

The status of a step which has already been executed may change:

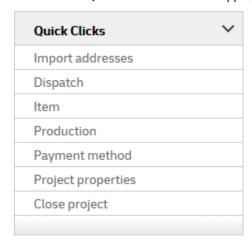
For instance, the optimization may become invalid if you change important information such as the "thickness" of an item afterwards. Steps which have already been executed can certainly be restarted (if, for instance, you want to import other addresses). However, this is no longer possible in the project overview but only via the Quick Clicks, the appropriate action button or menu item.

With the button you can hide or show some project steps for all projects. Projects in which affected steps have been executed already will of course keep showing these steps.

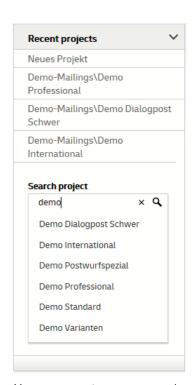
2.3. Quick Clicks

The offered Quick Clicks are always dependent on the selected step during the project.

You can use Quick Clicks to call the appropriate program functions.

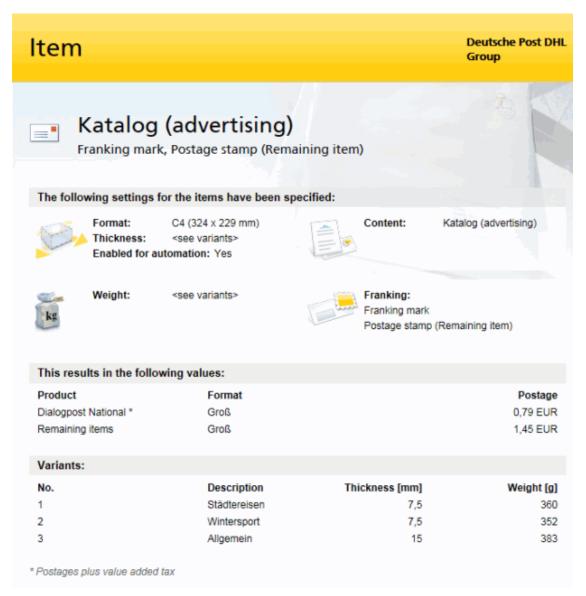


2.4. Recent projects



Here you can jump to recently opened projects. Furthermore, you can search for projects and open them directly.

2.5. Result area



This area displays the results and the most important information on the step selected in the overview. You cannot operate the program from this point but you can gain a very compact overview of the current status of your Dialogpost project.

The illustration of the various results will be explained later on in the chapters for the different menu items.

Please note that the results can become invalid if you make changes to information which has already been used. You will be able to identify such changes in the project *overview* (on page 12).

3 Project menu

You can use this menu to manage all projects which you are currently working on or which have already been created.

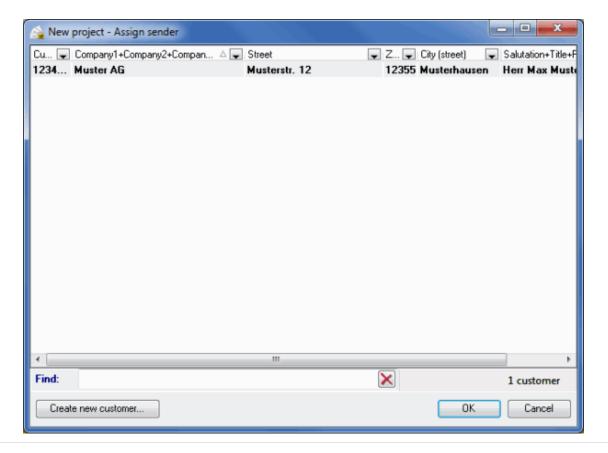


3.1. New

Choose the desired product to create a new project.

3.1.1 Dialogpost

In *lettershop mode* (on page 234) you will specify before actually generating the project for which customer it should be processed.

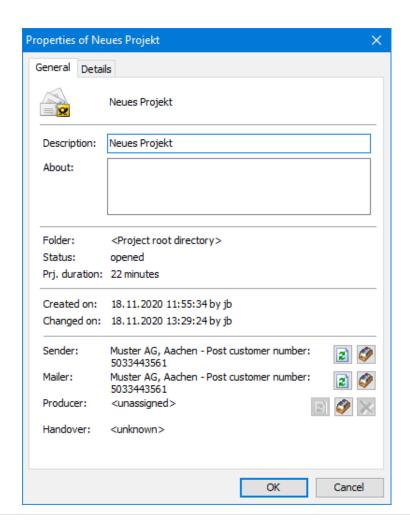




As the project will be clearly assigned to one customer via the *customer index* (on page 208) the name of the project does not have to contain any reference to your customer but may e.g. specify the content of the mailing.

Project name

Choose a distinctive name for your projects. The project name is a mandatory field. If you do not enter any name, "New project" is used automatically.





The **description** of a project is always shown in lists and statistics, for example in the *tray list* (on page 176) and the *pallet list* (on page 181) or in the *project statistics* (on page 191). Thus, it is always possible to assign the results to a project.

3.1.2 Postwurfspezial

Here you start a new project for Postwurfspezial. The creation of this project is the same as for *Dialogpost* (on page 15).



This function supersedes the former Postwurfspezial Manager.

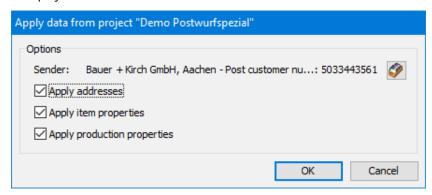
While processing the project, setting options and requirements will differ from those of Dialogpost.

3.2. New from project

Here you can create a new project based on predefined values.

3.2.1 Project

Here you create a new project based on an existing one. Such a project will behave just like any other new project. The only difference is that the data stock of the template project will be used as defaults for the new project.



Select the data you want to take over.

3.2.2 Batch import file

Dialogpost Manager supports automated processing of most project steps. In order to use this feature you need to create an XML configuration file. This file contains parameters you would enter manually during the normal project process.

Batch processing allows for defining a recurring pattern to execute project steps. On top of that, it offers an interface to easily involve Dialogpost Manager in your business process.



The format of the batch input file is defined by an XML Schema. You will find this Schema in the installation directory of Dialogpost Manager in directory "Batch". In addition to the the Schema file (XSD) itself, this directory contains a human-readable documentation of the Schema in sub-directory "Doc". This shows the available possibilities to parametrize the project and include or exclude project steps.

After the batch processing has finished, the main window will show the project overview with a report of processed project steps.



Report



Output of batch processing

22.05.2019 11:55:32 - Batch processing started

22.05.2019 11:55:33 - Interaction: Validity of product and price list cannot be checked. For use of IT franking, Premiumadress, and Track&Match, please ensure that the newest product and price list is installed before you work on your projects. [OK] => [OK]

22.05.2019 11:55:35 - Project "Batch\Batch-Test" created from template "Batch Vorlage"

22.05.2019 11:55:42 - Addresses from file "C:\Users\Public\Documents\Deutsche Post AG\Dialogpost Manager\Data\Examples\Adressen.xls" imported

22.05.2019 11.55.54 - Interaction: The complete report of salutation check would contain approx. 3.264 pages. Thus, the compilation may last several minutes. Do you want to create the report summary instead which only contains the statistics? [Yes, No] => [Yes]

22.05.2019 11:55:58 - Salutation check executed

22.05.2019 11:56:05 - Address check executed

22.05.2019 11:56:09 - Optimization executed

22.05.2019 11:56.09 - Interaction: You have not checked the payment properties, yet. Do you want to view them now? [Yes, No] => [No]

22.05.2019 11:56:10 - Payment method confirmed

22.05.2019 11:56:10 - Order management - Dialogpost National: First notification.

22.05.2019 11:56:13 - Order was transferred

22.05.2019 11:56:13 - Interaction: At least one file name stored in the template differs from the currently specified file name for the same category. Do you want to apply the file name from the template? [Yes, No] => [Yes]

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Interaction: Do you want to open the created file "C:\temp\Batch Vorlage Dialogpost National.csv" now? [Yes, No] => [No]

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Interaction: Do you want to open the created file "C:\temp\Batch-Test Unused items.csv" now? [Yes, No] => [No]

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Addresses exported

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Order was transferred

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Production documents exported

22.05.2019 11:56:16 - Batch processing completed successfully



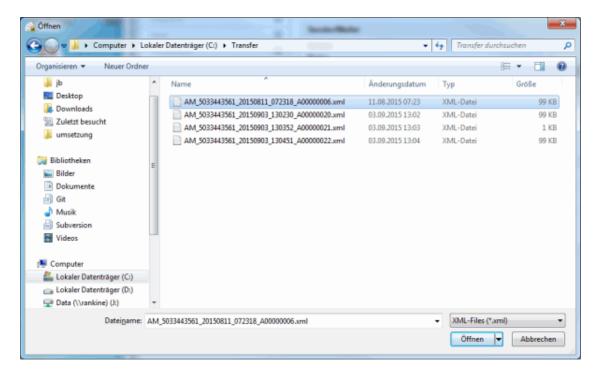
Batch processing can also be executed from the command line. This allows for batch processing be automatically called by your business process. This requires use of automatic *login* (on page 243) via Windows user. Details can be found in file "README.txt" in directory "Batch".

3.3. Request order

This menu item is only visible if you decided to exchange your project data with Deutsche Post via order management and activated an option other than *No data exchange* in the *application options* (on page 241).

Please take into account that an order does **not** contain any addresses, i.e. your customer has to provide you with respective address files.

If you have selected option *Manual data exchange via file transfer* as *transfer* (on page 241) type you only have to choose the project file in the opening dialog which you normally receive from your customer. Afterwards, the order will be respectively request from this file.



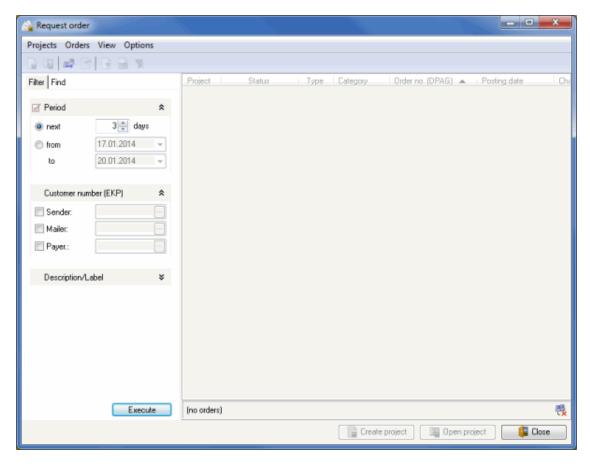
A new project will be created based on the data contained in this file. You finish the project creation process by confirming resp. changing the *project properties* (on page 43).

If you have selected option *Data exchange via Webservice* you will be able to search orders on Deutsche Post's exchange server which might be created by various customers outside Dialogpost Manager.

3.3.1 Filter and find

Filter tab

First define the filter criteria in the appearing dialog Request order.



Period

In this area you can define the period - absolute, i.e. from-to, or relative, i.e. within the next x days - in which the orders to be shown will be posted. Furthermore you can filter for orders changed within a specific period.



The exchange server only hosts orders which lie maximal 36 days ahead.

Customer number

Here you can specify one or more Post customer numbers which are normally nominated by the customer on order to reduce the number of orders to be shown, if applicable.

Clicking the — button calls the *customer index* (on page 208) where you can comfortably select an address whose customer number will be taken into the respective field.



Your customer number as data producer which you specify in the *application options* (on page 241) is independent and dissociated from the customer numbers defined here.

!___

Please note that at least one of the customer number fields is correctly filled.

Additional

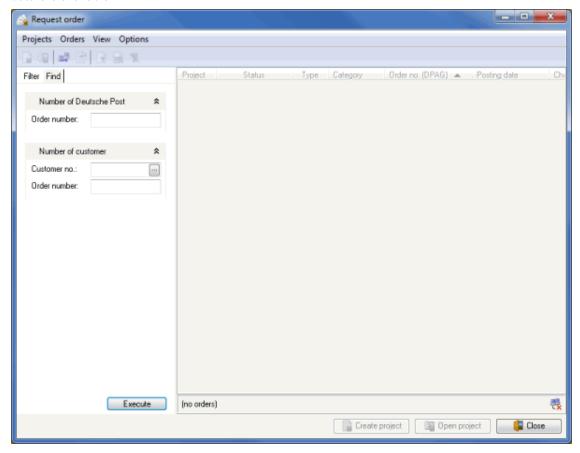
Enter here texts or text fragments using joker signs (*, ?) which have to be contained in the orders' respective fields. Otherwise, the orders will not be shown. This filter serves as an additional filter to the two filter criteria mentioned above and reduces the orders to be displayed to a minimum, if necessary.



The text to be searched has to be entered case sensitive, i.e. small/capital letters will be taken into account.

Find tab

As an alternative to filtering you can also specifically search for a dedicated order if the respective order data are available.



Specify in this window the order data which you usually receive from your customer in advance.

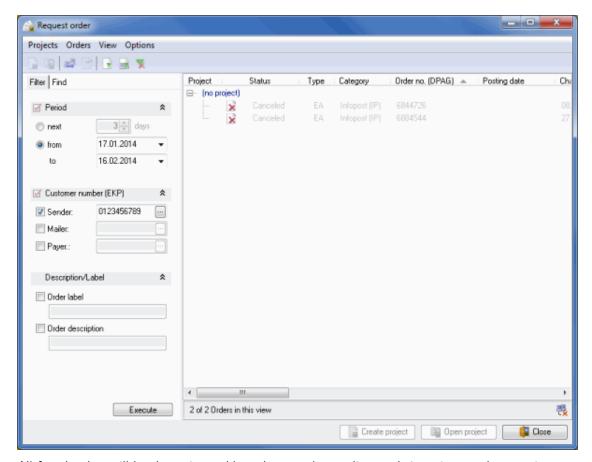
Clicking the — button calls the *customer index* (on page 208) where you can comfortably select an address whose customer number will be taken into the respective field.

3.3.2 Request

You are going to contact Deutsche Post's exchange server by requesting those orders which meet the defined filter criteria.

The request can take place in various ways:

- Click the Request button
- Click the sicon in the icon bar
- Press the F5 key
- Choose the item *Request* of the *View* menu



All found orders will be shown in a table and grouped according to their projects and categories.



Module Job splitting

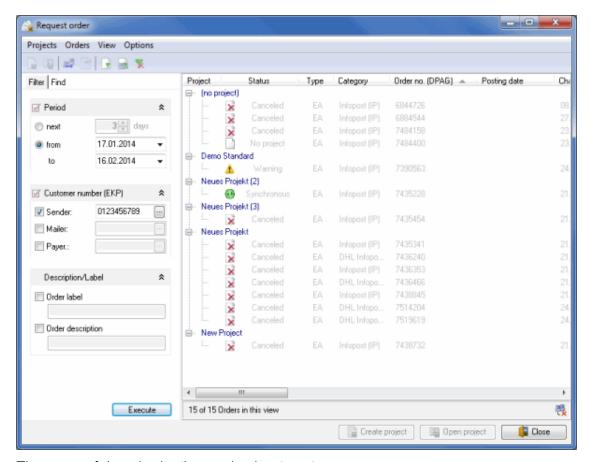
If you have defined *partial postings* (on page 163), separate sub groups are created within the projects for these partial postings. Every job of a *Job splitting* (on page 412) is treated in a similar way.

The **Status** column provides information on the dependency to Dialogpost Manager:

The grey font color means that the order details are not *request* (on the current page), yet. Thus, only basic information are available.

3.3.3 Request details

Explicitly request the order details from the exchange server in order to receive missing information such as e.g. the posting date or the label.



The request of the order details can take place in various ways:

- Press the F6 key
- Choose the item Request order details of the Orders menu
- Choose the item Request order details of the contextual menu (right mouse click)

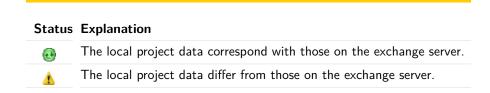
You can also request the detailed information of all shown orders at a single blow by choosing the respective command from the contextual menu resp. from the *Orders* menu.



If you categorically and always want to see all information of the various orders activate option *Always* request order details of the *Options* menu.

Right after the request the detailed information are available and the status are adapted accordingly. In addition to that the font color turns from grey to black in order to signal that the order is already request

An order created with Dialogpost Manager can possess one of two status after the request:



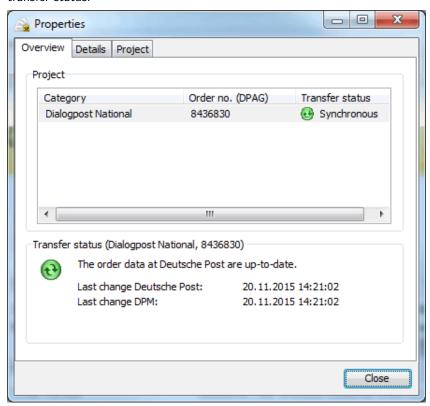
Further details about the request order can be shown in a separate window, if desired.

This **Properties** window can also be called via various methods:

- Double click the order (if necessary, the order will be request beforehand)
- Click the ≧ icon in the icon bar
- Choose the item *Properties* of the *Orders* menu
- Choose the item *Properties* of the contextual menu (right mouse click)

Overview tab

In this tab an tabular overview about the transactions transferred to Deutsche Post AG is presented to you. This overview contains as well the categories of the posting as the assigned order number and the transfer status.



In the **Transfer status** area you can see whether the project requires another data exchange, e.g. because relevant data have been modified or it is synchronous.

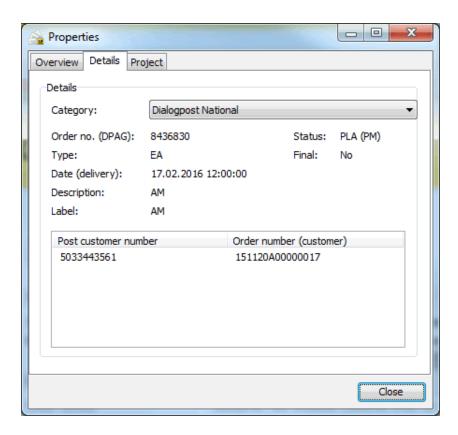


Module Job splitting

If you have defined *partial postings* (on page 163), separate sub groups are created within the projects for these partial postings. Every job of a *Job splitting* (on page 412) is treated in a similar way.

Order tab

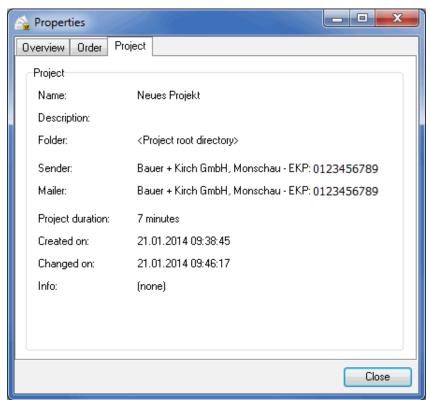
All relevant data to the order can be derived from this tab such as e.g. the order number of Deutsche Post or your order number. You can select a specific items category from the dropdown field **Category** and inform yourself about its details.



Project tab

This tab is only available for orders which an Dialogpost Manager project is still assigned to.

Here all properties of the project are listed. The list contains in general the same information which can be found in the *project properties* (on page 42).



3.3.4 Create

If you want to create a new project in Dialogpost Manager which is based on an order stored on Deutsche Post's exchange server click the *Create new project* button or choose the identical item of the *Projects* menu.



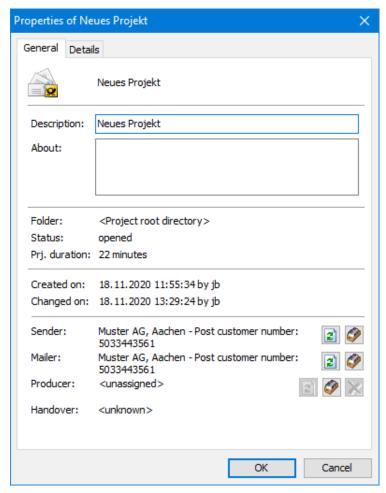
If the order on Deutsche Post's exchange server should already contain a shipping schedule, i.e. a list of all trays resp. bundles and pallets to be posted, Dialogpost Manager will show a warning that tells you about this. An existing shipping schedule suggests that the respective order has been already produced or is in the process of production and can therefore no longer be modified. If you take over such an order anyway, Dialogpost Manager will create a new shipping schedule and overwrite the existing one. Please make sure that there will be no conflicts with the system that created the original shipping schedule.

Dialogpost Manager creates a new project with the project data being available on the exchange server and adopts existing specifications such e.g. item data, posting date, order number, etc.



You can only create a new project based on an order from the exchange server if a suitable customer is existing in your *customer index* (on page 208) for the contained customer number.

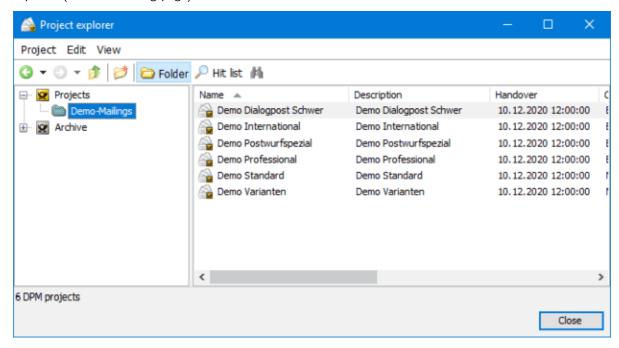
Before you can continue working with the project Dialogpost Manager opens the *project properties* (on page 43) dialog and you have the opportunity to change or expand project name and description.



Now, your project is created and you can e.g. start importing (on page 48) the missing addresses.

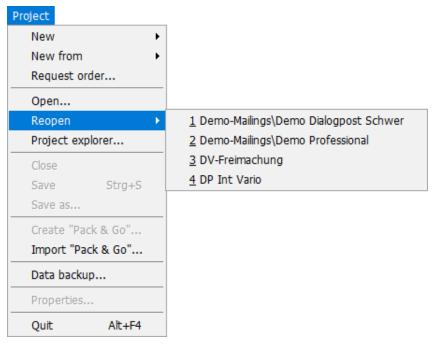
3.4. **Open**

Here you can see the folder structure in which your projects are managed. Click on the desired project and *open* it in order to continue work. All other functions of this window are explained in the chapter *project* explorer (on the following page).



3.5. Reopen

Dialogpost Manager saves a list of the most recent projects you have worked on and allows you a quick access to these data.



Select the desired project from this list; it will be opened automatically.

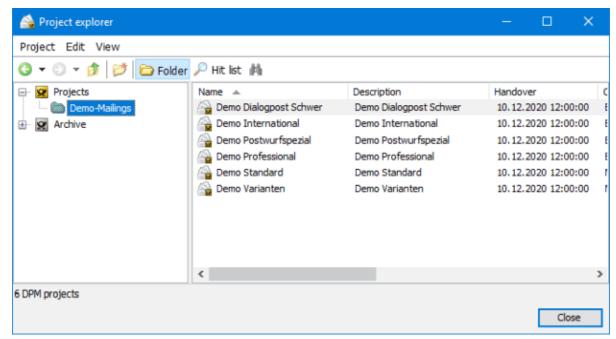


In the Extras (on page 234) menu you can define how many projects shall be shown in this list.

3.6. Project explorer

Working with this project explorer is easy:

On the left you see the **folder tree** including the sub-folders, if available. On the right you see **saved projects**.



Depending on the state of processing, the projects are marked with particular icons in column "Status":

Icon	Description
	Projects which have been <i>closed</i> (on page 37). If you nevertheless want to make changes you have to release it for editing.
4	Projects which have been locked after the generation of a Pack & Go file (on page 38).
φ^{n}	Projects which have been paused during salutation check (on page 85).
p	Projects which have been paused during address check (on page 105).
8 8	Projects which have been paused during duplicate search (on page 128).
₹.	Projects which have been paused during <i>nixie check</i> (on page 129).
₽M AM	Projects which have been paused during the manual transfer of project data to Deutsche Post's data exchange server (on page 171).



Folders are particularly useful for managing similar projects. You can, for instance, create separate folders for various products, seasons or events - such as fairs - and manage the respective projects within these folders.

Various buttons are available in the toolbar which make managing your projects more comfortable and help you to quickly locate a project.

These buttons call the following functions:



Using the buttons *Back* and *Forward* you can gradually navigate to already opened folders. If you want to skip several folders in one step, click the small arrows of the buttons. You will immediately see a list of all recently visited folders. Selecting one of them directly jumps to the respective folder.

Function This button shows or hides the folder tree view. If the folder tree is hidden, there will be more room for the table of saved projects in the current folder. Clicking this button creates a new folder. Jump one level higher in the folder structure by using this button. The magnifier icon calls the "normal" search which will show a search dialog instead of the folder

The quick search finds terms in project name and properties and marks the first project which matches the search criterion.

Open a project by double-clicking it.

Hit list

A

Start the search by clicking the 🔑 button. A search dialog appears in the left part of the window.

structure on the left and a hit list on the right (see below) .



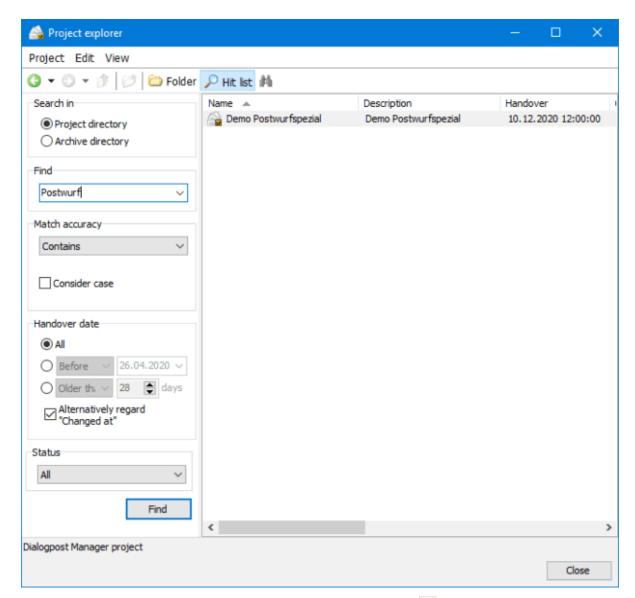
Enter your search criterion in field **Find**. All columns of the project table will be scanned by the search, i.e. you are not only able to search for a project name, but also for a customer, status (e.g. closed, locked) or date.

You can also select different operators in field Match accuracy:

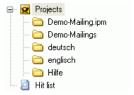
- Contains
- Contains complete word
- Starts with
- Exactly

By using the check box *Consider case*, you can decide whether or not you want the search to run context sensitively.

Clicking the button Find shows the hit list in the right part of the project table.



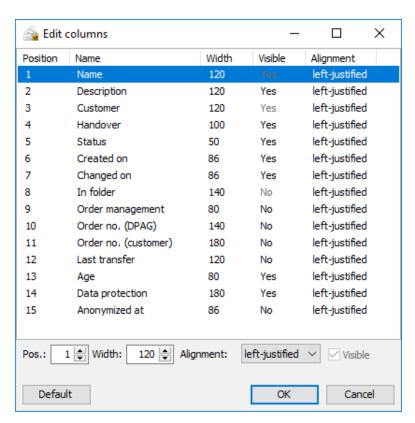
If you want to close the hit list and return to the folder view, click the icon in the toolbar or jump to the respective folder by choosing the context menu item *Open upper folder*.



The hit list will not get lost but can be shown at any time by selecting it in the folder tree. In addition to that, the recently used search criteria can be reselected in the dropdown menu of the field **Find**. The search will not be reset unless the project explorer is closed.

Edit columns

You can change the table layout via the menu item View - Edit columns.



The dialog window *Edit columns* shows all columns which are available in the project explorer's table and their chosen options.

You can define the column order and width via the fields **Pos.** and **Width**. The dropdown menu *Alignment* alters the justification (left-justified, centered, right-justified). Columns with text normally are better readable if the text is left-justified while columns with numbers should better be right-justified. Deactivate the check box *Visible* if you want to hide a column.

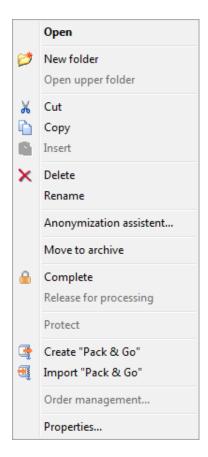


The column settings will be automatically saved by Dialogpost Manager.

Column position and width can also be changed using the mouse. Click a column header and keep the mouse button pressed. Drag the column to its new position and drop it be releasing the mouse button. If you navigate the mouse arrow to the right border of a column header, it will change its appearance to + Now left-click the mouse, keep the button pressed, drag the column to the desired width and release the mouse button.

Context menu items (right mouse button)

As soon as you have launched the project explorer you can activate additional functions via the right mouse button:



Open

This menu item opens the selected project.

New folder

Use this menu item to create a new folder in the current level of the folder hierarchy.

Cut

Use this menu item for moving selected projects or folders within the folder hierarchy. After having cut the selection, navigate to the target folder and choose the menu item *Paste*.



Selection

If you want to select several consecutive objects, click on the first item and then on the last one and simultaneously keep the **Shift** key pressed. Several single objects can be selected by clicking on them while keeping the **Ctrl** key pressed.



Moving via drag'n'drop is even faster: Left-Click the selected projects and folders, keep the mouse button pressed, drag the selection to its target folder and drop it by releasing the mouse button.

Copy

You can use this menu item to duplicate a project within a folder or to copy it into another folder within project explorer. This function is useful, for instance, if a new mailshot is very similar to a project which has already been processed with Dialogpost Manager (e.g. only dimensions or item weight are different). All other settings as well as all addresses are automatically available from the copied project.

Paste

This menu item is only available if a project was previously selected and copied. You can insert copied projects either into the same folder or into any other folder.

Delete

An existing project is finally and completely deleted from Dialogpost Manager together with all the information stored in it.

Rename

You can use this function to give a project a new name which must be unique within a folder.

This action cannot be undone, as opposed to *archiving* (on page 37).

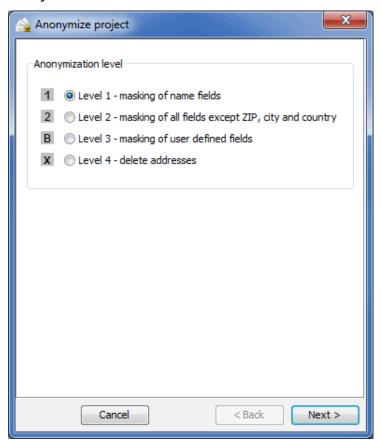
Anonymization assistant

The anonymization assistant helps you with protecting your customers data by giving you the opportunity to remove address data of older projects.



After a project was anonymized, *column* (on page 31) "Data protection" will display the time at which the anonymization took place. It will also display the used level and the user who executed the anonymization.

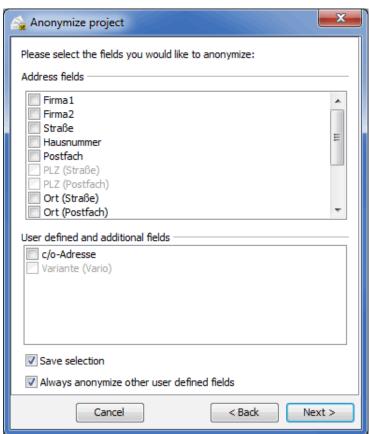
Anonymization level



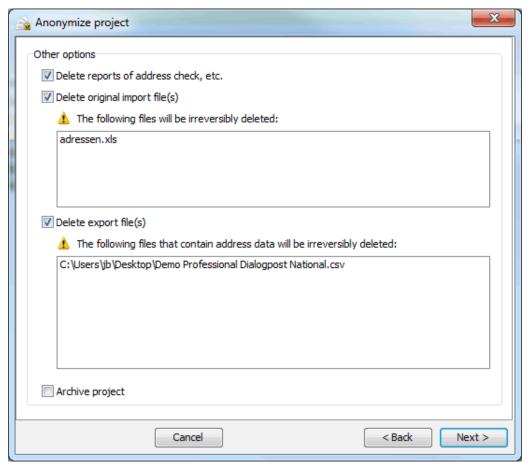
At the first step, please specify the desired anonymization level. You can either mask certain address fields or delete the addresses completely.

If you delete the addresses completely you will no longer be able to open the project. You can, however, still view and print the *project statistics* (on page 191) and *posting lists* (on page 188), provided that they do exist.

If you select option Level 3 - masking of user defined fields you can specify the address fields to be masked in the next step.



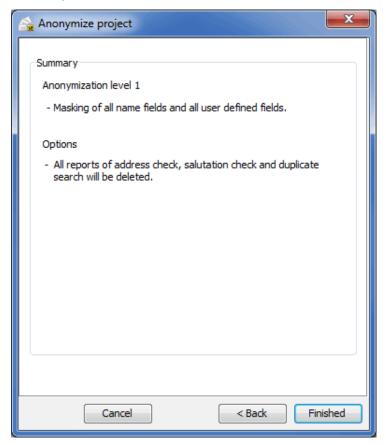
Other options



Beyond address data you can choose to delete further documents.

If you activate the option *Archive project* the anonymized project will be moved into the *project archive* (on the next page).

Summary



Before you execute the anonymization process, all relevant information will be summarized for you.

Move to archive

This function will move an project into the project archive. An archived project can no longer be edited and will not appear in the *hit list* (on page 30).



You can return an archived project into the normal project structure at any time. The archive serves to improve clarity and performance within the project explorer.

Complete

Projects which have been completely processed can be finished with this function. Thus, future (accidental) changes to this project can be avoided.

Release for editing

Projects which are closed or have been locked after the generation of a Pack & Go file can be released for editing using this menu item.

Protect

Your projects will automatically be bound to your installation of Dialogpost Manager. Older projects may, however, not be protected that way. This menu item allow you to protect those projects now.



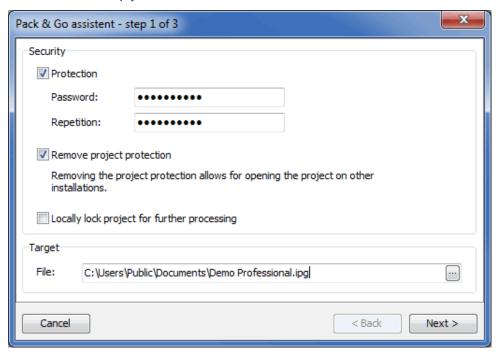
When creating a Pack & Go (on the current page) file, you will be able to remove the protection. This will allow for the receiver of your Pack & Go to use the contained project within his installation of Dialogpost Manager.

Create Pack & Go

This important, convenient function allows the exchange of entire projects between two Dialogpost Manager users. Additionally, archiving closed/finished projects in compressed form is possible.

You may for example create a Pack & Go file from an active project and send it, by e-mail, to a lettershop which also uses Dialogpost Manager. The lettershop can use all your settings as well as the corresponding mail merge document; it can decompress the project and process it directly.

An assistant will help you to create the Pack & Go file.



Security

You can protect your Pack & Go file with a password. Activate the option *Protection*, enter the password you would like to use and repeat it in the subsequent field.

Note that the password for the Pack & Go file cannot be reset or changed.

Your project data is bound to your installation of Dialogpost Manager. In order to use the created Pack & Go-file on a different machine, you will have to remove this protection. In order to do so, activate the option *Remove project protection*.

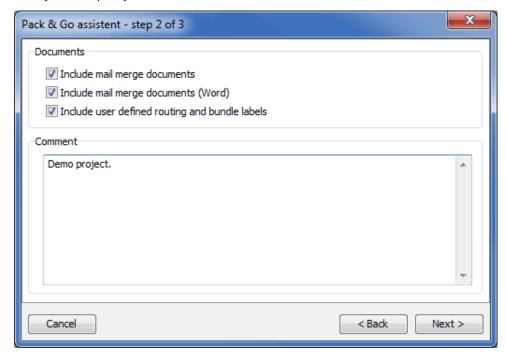
In order to prevent accidental changes being made after a project has been sent as Pack & Go file, you may activate the option *Locally lock project for further processing*.



You can see this lock in the *project properties* (on page 43) in the "status" line. Those projects can be unlocked using the *Release for editing* (on the previous page) menu item.

Target

Here you can specify the destination where the Pack & Go file will be created.

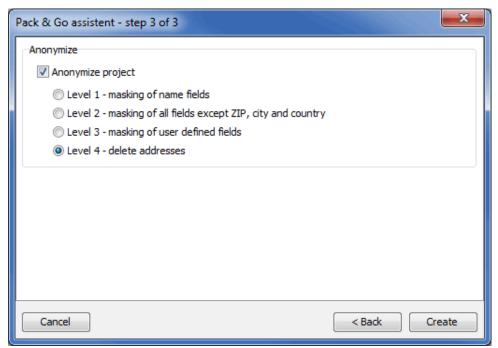


Documents

In this area you can specify which documents will be included into the Pack & Go file.

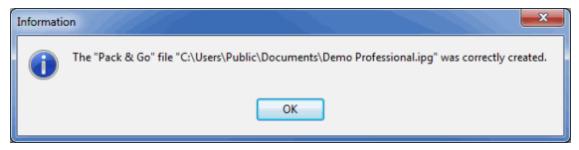
Comment

Pack & Go files can be provided with notes which will be shown in a separate dialog during import of this file. Just fill in your comments in the respective field.



Anonymize

After creating the Pack & Go file you may anonymize the project. In order to do so, activate the option *Anonymize project* and specify the desired level.



Import Pack & Go

You can use this command from the *Project* menu to import an externally created project in Pack & Go format.

You will see the project with all the information which have already been provided and can directly work with it.



The software product > Dialog-Manager can also create Pack & Go files which can be imported into Dialogpost Manager for further processing.



You can also import "Pack & Go" files via drag'n'drop. Click an IPG file and drag it to the application window keeping the mouse button pressed. The mouse arrow will be extended by a plus icon. As soon as you release the mouse button the "Pack & Go" file will be prepared for import with the usual inquiries.

Order management

If you choose this command the *details* (on page 46) of the project transferred to Deutsche Post AG will be shown.

Properties

You can use this menu item to call the *project properties* (on page 43). Important information and details are shown there on the selected project(s).

3.7. Close

You can use this menu item to close the project.

Afterwards, you can create a new project, open another project or exit Dialogpost Manager.

3.8. Save/Save as

These menu items enable you to save the recent changes of your project.

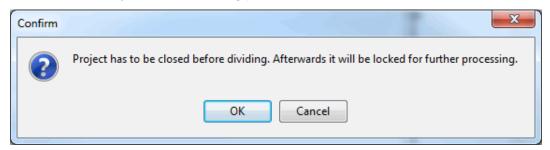
With Save your data will be saved using the current project name; all old project data will be overwritten.

With Save as you can save the current project with another project name.

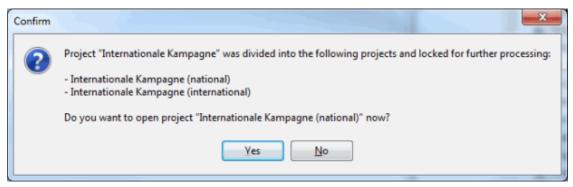
3.9. Divide into national/international

This menu item helps you to divide a project hat contains both national and international addresses into two projects. These new projects will then contain only national or international addresses, respectively.

Click the menu entry to start the dividing process.



After the splitting the original project will be *locked* (on page 37) for further processing. You can continue your work in the new projects. You find them by the name of the original project together with the suffices "national" and "international", respectively.



Right after the projects are divided, Dialogpost Manager will ask you whether you would like to open the first new project.

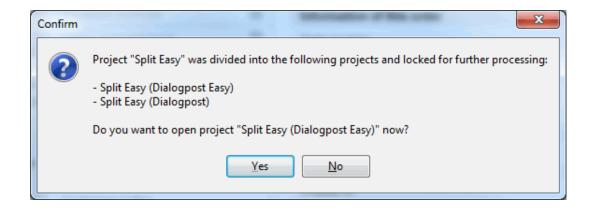
Please note that, in order to avoid redundant data, a project you have transferred to Deutsche Post already must be canceled before it can be divided.

3.10. Divide into Easy and RR

It may be advantageous to divide your project into one for Dialogpost Easy and another one as routing region posting. Postage optimization will automatically calculate it.



In this case this menu item will appear. Just as *dividing* (on the current page) into national and international items, Dialogpost Manager will create the new projects fully automatically.



3.11. Create "Pack & Go"

It is also possible to create a Pack & Go file (on page 38) directly from the Project menu.

3.12. Import "Pack & Go"

You can directly import *Pack & Go files* (on page 40) using this menu item and thus bypass the *project explorer* (on page 29). The current project will be closed, modification will not be lost.

3.13. Data backup

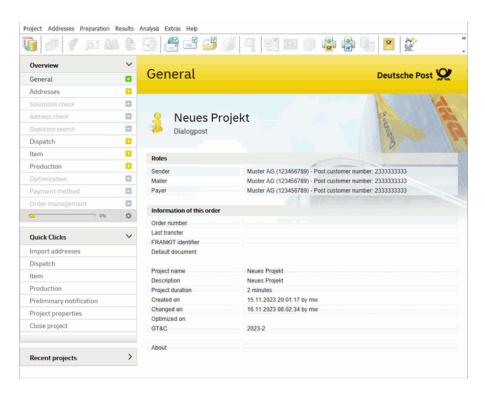
Using this item you can create a backup (on page 242) of your data.

3.14. Properties

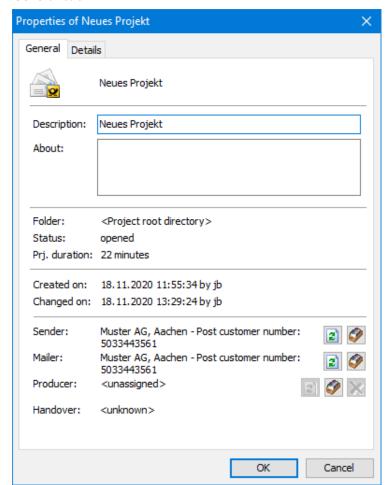
The project properties help to keep an overview of the projects.

They show a lot of information on the current project which Dialogpost Manager recorded from the beginning.

Some information from these properties are also available in the project overview under the topic "General".



General tab



Description

In addition to the project name, which also serves as the project file name, you can specify e.g. an abbreviation or other information for each project. In this field, you can also use special characters and/or umlauts.



The description of a project is always given in lists and statistics, for example the *Tray list* (on page 176) and the *Palette list* (on page 181) or in the *project statistics* (on page 191), so that it is always possible to assign the results to a project.

About

Further information on the project can be given here. For instance, you can indicate more details to the mailshot campaign or to the customer (if you are processing the project for another department or as *lettershop* (on page 234)).

You can also manage information regarding the mailshot content, the address file or other particularities of a project.

The text you enter in the About field will also be available in the *project statistics* (on page 191) and in the project overview in the *sender data* (on page 219) or the *customer management* (on page 208).

Folder

The Folder field shows the project location, i.e. the (sub-)folder where the project was stored.

You can use this information to navigate to your project in the project explorer (on page 28) at any time.

Status

This line contains information on the project's state of processing.

As long as a project has been released for editing this line remains empty, otherwise the terms "locked" or "completed" are used.



A project can be completed in the *project explorer* (on page 29) via the right mouse button menu or locked after a *Pack & Go file* (on page 37) has been created.

Duration

Dialogpost Manager keeps a record of how long a project was opened in total.

You can see the total elapsed time in the general overview of the project at any point.

Created on

This is where Dialogpost Manager stores the date and time when a project began.

Changed On

This information notes when a project was last **opened**.

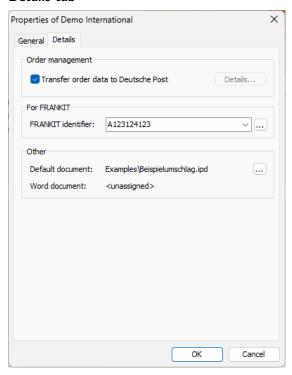
Handover

You can see here the handover date which you specified in production properties (on page 157).

In activated *lettershop mode* (on page 234) additional fields show the **sender**, **mailer**, and **producer**. The sender is the customer to whom the current project is assigned. The producer will be transferred to the order management system of Deutsche Post as such, if you activate the option *Transfer order data to Deutsche Post* (on the following page).

With the button you can change the assignment.

Details tab



Order management

If you want resp. have to electronically announce your project to Deutsche Post please note that this can be only done via *order management* (on page 168).

Transfer order data to Deutsche Post

Activate this option if you want to announce your project via data transfer to Deutsche Post's data exchange server.

Whether or not and if yes how the data will be exchanged is defined in the *options* (on page 240) of the *Extras* menu.

If option *Transfer order data to Deutsche Post* is not activated the data transfer will **not** take place - neither automatically nor manually.

After successfully transferring a project to Deutsche Post AG you can use the button *Details* to go to the *Data exchange* (on the next page) dialog, where you can get an overview as well as details about the transferred items.

For FRANKIT

The dropdown menu shows all currently available franking machine **identifiers** which you can use for machine franking your items. The number of the machine selected here is automatically filled into the posting lists.



Changes to this selection are made in the *Extras* menu *Production tab* (on page 236): Here you can delete existing franking machines or add new ones.

Other

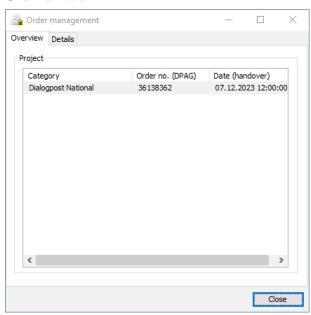
As soon as you create a mail merge document for a project it is shown here as **default document** for the current project. You can also assign another existing mail merge document (*.ipd, *.ipv) to the project by clicking the — button.

3.14.1 Order management

This dialog is only visible after clicking the button *Details* in the corresponding tab of the *project properties* (on the previous page).

Here you get an overview as well as details about the items that were transferred during the data exchange.

Overview tab



Here you will get an overview in table form about the transaction transferred to Deutsche Post AG.

In the **Category** row the category of the transferred items is presented to you, for example whether the items are Dialogpost National.

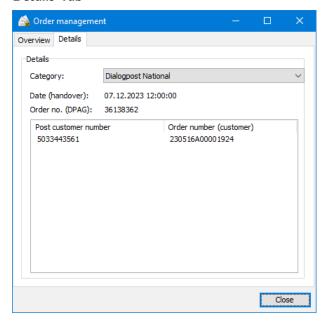
The Deutsche Post AG automatically assigns an order number to every posting category. Theses numbers are displayed in the **Order no.** (**DPAG**) row. The handover date is also shown for every category in the corresponding row **Date** (handover).



Module Job splitting

If you have defined *partial postings* (on page 163), separate sub groups are created within the projects for these partial postings. Every job of a *Job splitting* (on page 412) is treated in a similar way.

Details Tab



At this point you can learn about the details of the transferred items. You can select a specific item category from the dropdown field **Category** and inform yourself about its details.

You will also see here the order number which was assigned by Deutsche Post to the project. Additionally, the customer numbers of all suppliers who worked with this project are displayed on the left side. Right beside you will see the order numbers which were assigned to the project by the customers themselves.



Dialogpost Manager automatically assigns a system internal customer number which meets a given syntax. Customer number formats which come from other systems may be made up differently.



The current effective numbers are also shown in the *results area* (on page 14) of the main window in the **General** section.

3.15. Exit

Here you quit working with Dialogpost Manager; the current project will be saved and closed.

4 Addresses menu

Use this menu item to import the addresses which you want to edit in your current project to check them for postal correctness and, where appropriate, to remove any duplicates.



Postwurfspezial projects use specialized address files that contain specific data fields. In particular, addresses do not contain salutations or names. This is why some menu items will not be available if you are working on a Postwurfspezial project.

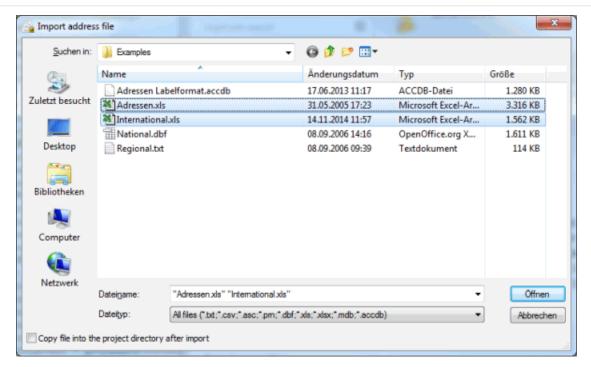
4.1. Import from file

Use this dialog window to select the address file to be used for your project and to start importing the contained data.



Hints regarding data security/data protection

Address data you have imported for a mailing and which can be viewed and edited in the *address management* (on page 67) will be stored unencrypted and hence unauthorized persons will be able to read them, even if Dialogpost Manager itself cannot be started by unauthorized persons due to its password protection. Please make sure on your own responsibility that project data is stored securely and, if appropriate, deleted in time.



Select the option *Copy file into the project directory after import*, if you want to create a copy of the import file. That way you do not have to keep track of the original file and it may safely be deleted.

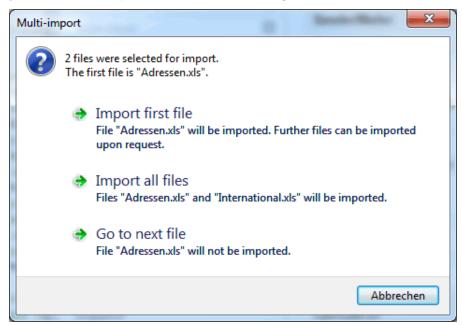
Dialogpost Manager can import various file formats:

Access files

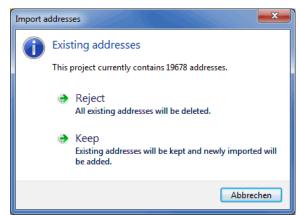
- dBase files
- Excel files
- text files

Text files can be imported in **both variable and fixed width format**. If you can choose between fixed or variable format when exporting from another application, you should prefer the "variable" option.

You can also compile the address data set for the mailshot from various data sources. In order to do so you can select multiple files in the selection dialog.



Of course you can also just click this menu item repeatedly.



If you want to discard the existing address data, click Reject.

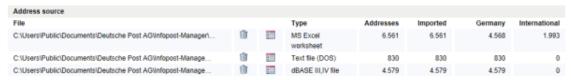
If you want to supplement your already imported addresses with additional records, click *Keep*. The existing addresses as well as the *unassigned fields* (on page 55) will be conserved.

When assigning the field types make sure that the fields of the file to be imported are assigned to the corresponding field type of the existing address database.



During the import, all fields without any assignment will extend the address database by an additional column. The field contents are set empty for all addresses previous to the import.

The various source files of the address database are explicitly displayed in the result area of the main window.

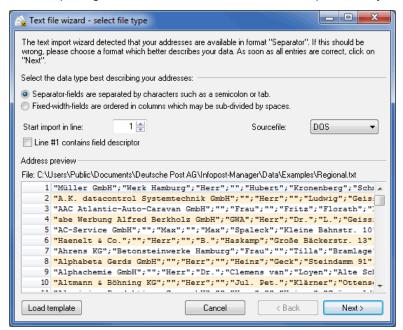




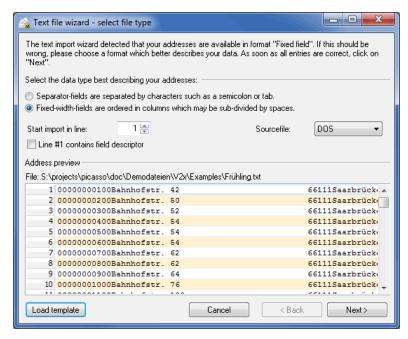
Please note that for technical reasons the number of files that can be imported into each project is limited to 250.

4.1.1 Import options

When importing text files, the text file wizard turns up to assist you with making the correct choices.



In the first step, the wizard automatically recognizes whether the fields in the text file are separated by characters or a fixed width format is available. Thus, you will not have to select the file type.



Activate the option Line contains field name if this applies to your source file.

The assistant also automatically detects the character set of the import file. It supports ANSI (usual Windows format for Central European characters), DOS (ASCII), and the widespread Unicode character sets UTF-8 and UTF-16. Use the selection menu to correct the assistant's suggestion. You can immediately see the effect in the preview.



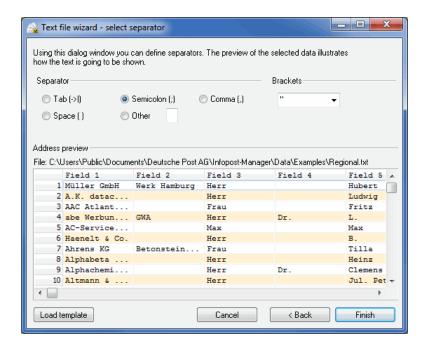
The settings defined in the text file wizard for importing ASCII files can be saved to a template at the end of the import procedure (in other words after the field allocation) and reused when importing again. Dialogpost Manager will automatically propose the adequate template for homogeneous files with similar format and field structure.

Importing text files with variable width

If you are going to import files with **separators**, you have to specify the separators and brackets. If the necessary separator is not listed, activate the option *Others* and enter the corresponding character.

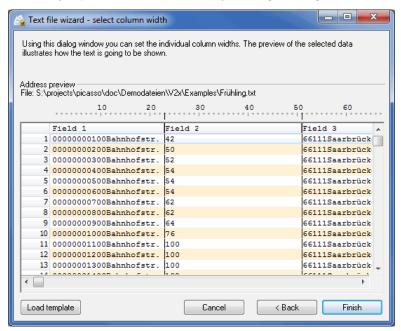
You can enter the character for the bracket in the corresponding field or select it from the selection list.

Depending on the defined characters you can immediately see the results in the Preview. Thus, you can directly verify or change your selection prior to starting the import of the whole file.



Importing text files with a fixed width format

If your file is in **fixed width** format, you have to specify the required column separator by clicking on the ruler. Any separation can be deleted by clicking on it again.



Importing Excel files

Select the correct worksheet or table where you can find the data to be imported.

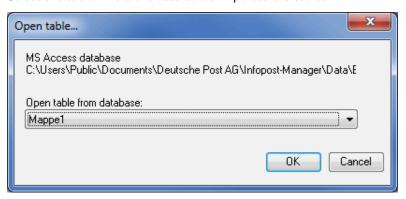
In addition to that, activate the option *First line contains field name* if this applies to your source file. The results of your selection can be easily seen in the Preview. Here, the first 100 addresses resp. lines and the first 50 fields resp. columns are shown.

Importing Access files

If your database is protected by a password you can enter it in this dialog window.

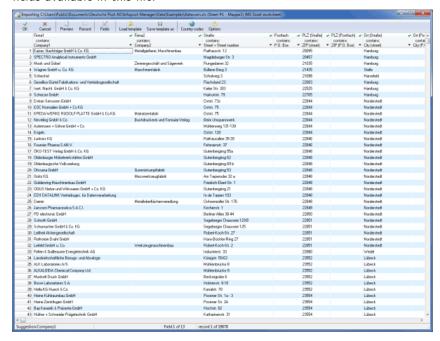


Select the table where the data to be imported are stored.



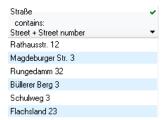
4.1.2 Automatic analysis

As soon as Dialogpost Manager has opened the selected address file, you will be given a table view of all fields available in this file.

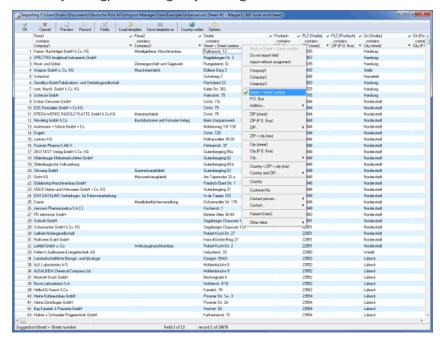


When starting to import the addresses, Dialogpost Manager analyzes the structure and content of the source file

In the line below the icon bar, the **field names** from the source file and the **proposed assignments** of the analysis are listed.



Each field which is postally relevant has to be assigned correctly. You can see the list of possible assignments offered by Dialogpost Manager by clicking on the arrow icon of a field.



Fields in the source file which are not postally relevant (e.g. Dept. or name of household pet) but which you would nevertheless like to use in subsequent printing can also be imported **without assignment**.



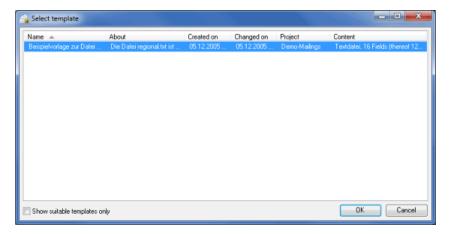
Important

Please note the *information on field assignment* (on page 253). There you will find an explanation of the possibilities offered by correct assignment and the consequences thereof.

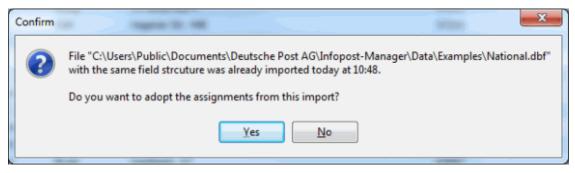
You should remember those postally irrelevant fields nevertheless. They might become important during the duplicate search when you have to decide whether or not two addresses, which differ in a manner otherwise not evident, are duplicates.

As an alternative to this structural analysis, Dialogpost Manager proposes the use of a suitable template (on page 60) if there is one.

Templates should always be used if you regularly use files with the same format and field structure. If you create a template for ASCII files, settings which were made in the text file wizard when importing ASCII files are also stored here.



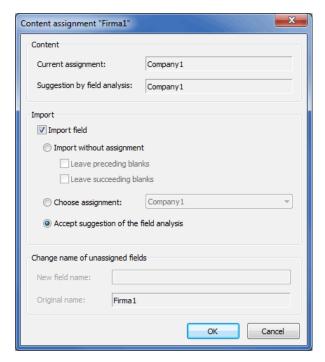
Dialogpost Manager will recognize when you import an address file another time. You will be given the opportunity to reuse the same field assignments.



- Assigning fields (on the current page)
- Automatic field assignment (on page 57)
- Deactivating whole lines (on page 58)
- Address preview (on page 58)
- Address record preview (on page 59)
- Fields (on page 60)
- Templates (on page 60)
- Country codes (on page 61)
- Options (on page 75)
- Further functions (on page 61)
- Address import: Status report (on page 62)

Assigning fields (Content assignment)

The *content assignment* dialog window opens by double-clicking the column header (assignment field) or via the contextual menu item *Edit field* (right mouse click).



In the "Content" area, the assignment currently given and the suggestions from the automatic content analysis are displayed.

In the "Import" area you can activate various options for assigning each field:

Use the option *Import field* to decide whether a field shall be imported for further use or whether it is not required for the coming project. A field which will not be imported is marked with a red cross:





Activating and deactivating of the option *Import field* can also be done via a keyboard shortcut: Click into the respective column of an arbitrary record and press the **F7** key.

Importing fields without assignment gives the respective field only a **field name**. As the content is not of postal relevance there is no assignment required.



You can use the field later in the project, for instance in mail merge or when distinguishing between duplicates.

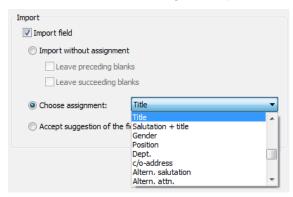
Normally, Dialogpost Manager will smooth field contents by deleting empty spaces before and after the actual text. If you, however, require those spaces for further processing, you may turn off this behavior using the options *Leave preceding blank* and *Leave succeeding blanks*, respectively.

Additionally you can use the option Change name of unassigned fields to give a new field name.

This option is not available if you define an assignment.



If Dialogpost Manager proposed assignment is missing or incorrect, but you would still like to assign the field, activate the *Choose assignment* option and select one of the default assignments from the list.

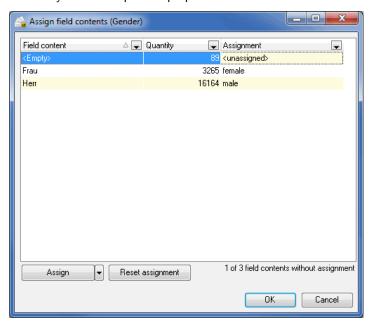


The option Accept suggestion of the field analysis replaces your selection by the automatically recognized assignment (or perhaps by an empty field).

Gender

The application uses this field type for the automatic generation (on page 85) of the correct salutation.

As soon as you select this type Dialogpost Manager passes all addresses and reports the different field contents. In the appearing dialog you can now assign the field contents to the favored gender. Dialogpost Manager supports you with this task: He already knows the most popular field contents for genders and submits you with respective proposals.



Use the Assign button resp. directly select in the table the desired gender for each reported field content.

Automatic field assignment

If the automatic field analysis should not lead to those results, which you expected, or if you want to manually assign all fields ab initio, you can reset all field assignments via this menu item.

Please note that this actions can be undone only in a time-consuming way by **accepting** the suggestion of the field analysis for every single field.

Override the automatic field analysis and assignment for future projects by ticking option *Deactivate* automatic field assignment for new projects in the confirmation dialog. If you do so, field assignments will start from the very beginning but you can intentionally reactivate the automatic field assignment at any time.

Deactivating whole lines

You can deactivate the whole line by clicking on a line number on the left-hand edge; a red cross before the line number and the light-gray font indicate that this complete address record will not be imported. Another click or pressing the **F8** key undoes this effect.



Address preview

Previewing addresses can be done by double-clicking an address or via clicking the *Preview* button. You will see the address elements which are part of the address sub-divided into to street address, P.O. Box address and major recipient address.

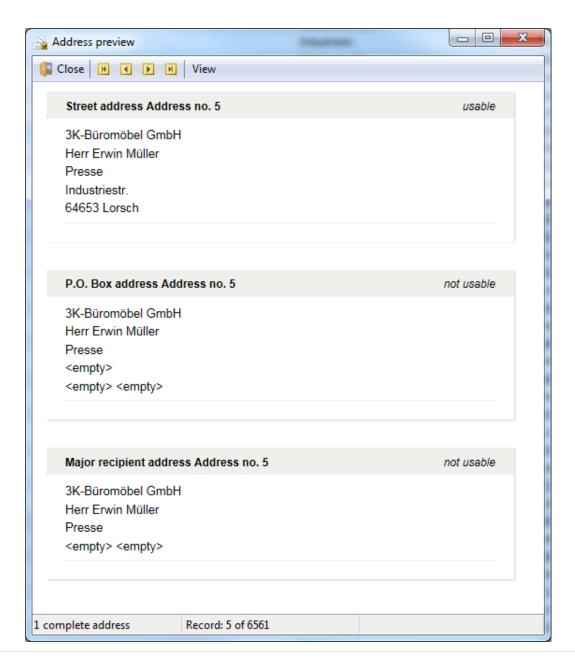
Whether an address is complete and postally correct is indicated in the title bar of each address block by the text "usable" or "not usable", respectively.

The expression <empty> means that there is no content for the field (e.g. P.O. Box or Major recipient address) in the current data record.

The expression <not assigned> indicates that no field has (yet) been assigned to this information.

You can use the navigation arrows in the upper part of the window to move through the various data records or to jump straight to the first or last data record.

With menu View you can show or hide optional parts of an address block.



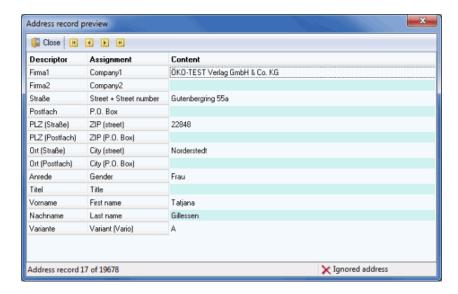


If sufficient data are available the major recipient address is preferred to the P.O. Box address which in turn is preferred to the street address.

Address record preview

You can use the address record preview to see the content of a data record in the fields of your address file where both the field name and its assignment are shown. The **Assignment** column corresponds to the automatically recognized or manually assigned field type.

You can use the navigation arrows to view your data records individually and thus to verify the correct assignment and name of the fields.



Fields

You can use this dialog window to view all fields in your address file together with the contained information.

Here you can view the precise *assignment* (on page 55) and the *field names* (on page 55) which have been selected, and you can immediately recognize which fields will be imported.



It is also possible to compare the default field lengths with the current content of your source file. (**Length** gives the field length given in Dialogpost Manager, while **Max. length** gives the maximum values reached from your address file).

The "Address field type by title" column contains the assignment of the respective field which was automatically recognized by the field name analysis of the source file.

The "Address field type by content" column contains the assignment of the respective field which was automatically recognized by the field content analysis of the source file.

The width of the table columns can be changed by clicking and dragging. By a single click on the column name, an arrow is inserted showing whether a column is sorted in ascending or descending order; a further click undoes this sorting sequence.

This field type assignment can be printed and exported.

Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview and Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Template

If address files with the same structure are frequently used it is possible to create an **assignment template** for importing them. When using such templates, the number of fields and the file format should always be identical. This pattern always occurs when you frequently import addresses from a specific application

(e.g. an address CD) via a standardized export procedure for editing with Dialogpost Manager.

It is, however, possible to use templates whose structure does not match the format of the address file completely. If you choose to load such a template Dialogpost Manager will assign the fields according to the template as far as possible. This allows you for example to load address files whose structure has with respect to the template been extended by additional fields.

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If you load such a template please check the field structure Dialogpost Manager has constructed. It may e.g. happen that an unexpected indiscernible field "displaces" all following fields.

As soon as the first of these uniform files has been analyzed by Dialogpost Manager and the field assignment have been manually adjusted where necessary, you should save the current assignment status using the button *Save template as*. Thus, you will be able to use this assignment scheme for subsequent files with the same structure.

Simply enter a name and some descriptive information on this template. During the next address import the appropriate templates for the source file will be offered automatically. You can also load templates using the button *Load template*.



The settings coming from a loaded template are always preferred to those from the automatic field analysis.

Country codes

The information contained here allows you to clearly assign various abbreviations or codes to a country.

This is useful for files where the country name is not stored but some other identifiers such as the license plate number or the ISO code. These abbreviations and codes are already integrated into Dialogpost Manager and can be used to determine the actual country name, for instance in mail merges or when exporting the addresses. In mail merge, Dialogpost Manager prints the country names in the postally correct way, i.e. as a whole word in capitals in the last line of the address block.

If you *export* (on page 353) the addresses, you can also export this written out country name using the *Additional fields* option.

Country codes tab

Use this tab to edit, remove or add **descriptors** and **codes** for individual countries. Such changes will be available for all future Dialogpost Manager projects.

Add to the existing country abbreviations, where necessary, other abbreviations or country descriptors used in your projects. Thus, Dialogpost Manager can convert these to be written in compliance with the postal regulations.



Dialogpost Manager is aware of country names in German, English, and French. If you want to import country names in different languages, like their respective original language, you may either register these names here, or use e.g. ISO codes and import the country names as custom field.

Overview tab

This tab will show a table overview of all the abbreviations and codes which have already been entered.

Further functions

You can **right-click** to access two further convenient functions for each of the addresses listed in the table which are available to facilitate quick retrieval of a specific data record:

Goto

Enter here the **number of the data record** in the source file. Dialogpost Manager immediately displays the desired data record.

Find

Use this menu item to find a specific expression or part of a word in the imported files.

Address import: Status report

Clicking the button OK of the field assignment dialog window starts the address import. Now, Dialogpost Manager verifies whether or not the addresses contain sufficient information to be used for posting. The postally correctness of the addresses is not checked. This has to be done separately after importing using the *address check* (on page 94).

The status report can be viewed in the project overview. Its upper part will provide you with useful information on the addresses: You will see the percentage of German and international addresses and how many of the German addresses are used or not used.



The numbers are always adjusted to reflect the current status of the project. If, for instance, you deactivate or delete individual addresses via the *address management* menu item or during the address check or the duplicate search, the numbers in this status report will change accordingly.

The lower part lists the file name and the file type together with the address quantity after the import.





A second status report appears at the end of the address check; this can be viewed again in the project overview on the main screen under the "Address check" item. You will then be able to see the status of the address data after the address check.

4.2. Import

Besides the "normal" file import - also multiple - the activated **Professional** module offer you additional import capabilities.



Please mind that the different import types may not be mutually combined. However, importing files with the same import type still is possible.



The additional import capabilities are not available for Postwurfspezial.

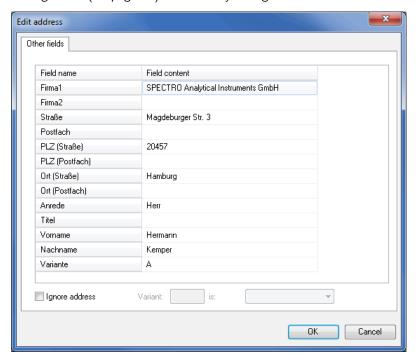
4.2.1 Import from file (only ZIP)

In principle, importing **only ZIP** works like an ordinary *import* (on page 48). Dialogpost Manager ensures for the latter that the addresses will be postally correct imported und possibly separates the content of one field to several fields.

Now, you only have to define the field which contains the ZIP because this will be the only information which is required by the *optimization* (on page 159). All other fields will be ignored resp. imported as user defined fields.

The established field analysis (on page 53) normally offers reasonable suggestions.

Since all information besides the ZIP will be imported as user defined fields the look and feel of the *address* management (on page 67) dramatically changes.



Especially you will be no longer able to edit the field contents.

In addition to that Dialogpost Manager's various address quality improving capabilities such as duplicate search, address check etc. are not available.



This import mode is especially useful whenever you do not want to analyze or edit the address data. Please note that due to the lack of details the *address block* (on page 290) of mail merge will not be available. You may use a *text field* (on page 292) together with its option "Insert field" (on page 294) instead. The option "Remove empty lines resulting from empty fields" may be appropriate.

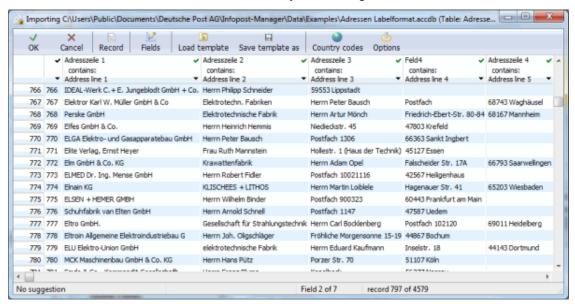
Please note that some services, like PREMIUMADRESS, require detailed address information and will therefore not be available in this import mode.

4.2.2 Import from file (Label format)

In principle, importing a file with **label format** works like a normal *Import* (on page 48). The label format is characterized by ZIPs "jumping" in the various fields, i.e. for one address contains this field in the third line while the next address offers it in the sixth because e.g. also company1, department and contact person are specified.

Thus, Dialogpost Manager is not able to analyze the various columns and, dependent on the results, to propose which field is contained in which column since the contents are varying.

All fields are exactly imported the way they are available in the import file. However, you have to specify which fields contain address relevant information by determining address line 1-10.



In this image you can see how "address line 4" and "address line 5" differ from line to line. The resulting address blocks of addresses 766 and 767 would be looking like this:

Address 766	Address 767
${\sf IDEAL\text{-}Werk}\ C. + E.\ Jungeblodt\ GmbH\ +\ Co.$	Elektror Karl W. Müller GmbH & Co.
Herrn Philipp Schneider	Eletrotechn. Fabriken
59553 Lippstadt	Herrn Peter Bausch
	Postfach
	68743 Wahhäusel



Select the first address line and call the command $From\ field\ x\ assign\ address\ lines\ 1\ to\ x$ in the field assignment menu. Typically, address fields are consecutive and thus can be quickly assigned resp. do not have to be assigned one after the other.

ZIP field (street, P.O. box, major recipient). The address lines are kept untouched.

Please take care to only assign relevant fields as address lines. This way you support the field analysis because Dialogpost Manager expects ZIP and optionally country to be contained in one of the last filled address lines. Please import fields that are not part of the address without assignment.

After the import Dialogpost Manager behaves like you would have *imported from file* (only ZIP) (on page 63).



Please note that just as in *Import from file (only ZIP)* (on page 63) the *address block* (on page 290) of mail merge will not be available. However, because of the label format an address block is readily defined by placing all address lines on top of each other. For this, you can use a *text field* (on page 292) together with its option "*Insert field*" (on page 294). The option "Remove empty lines resulting from empty fields" will probably be appropriate.

Please note that some services, like PREMIUMADRESS, require detailed address information and will therefore not be available in this import mode.

4.2.3 Import via ADO

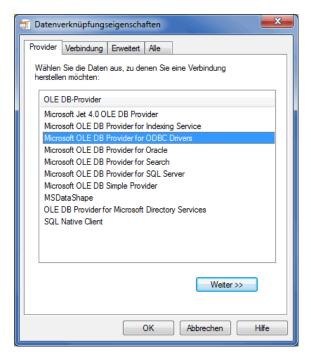


Explanation

ADO means ActiveX Data Objects, i.e. different data objects such as e.g. a SQL database can be chosen as import source.



Using option *Build new ADO connection* and clicking the *Next* button you will see the Windows dialog where you can choose and configure the desired ADP connection.



Alternatively, you can skip this dialog by choosing option Open existing UDL file.



Explanation

UDL means Universal Data Link. A UDL file contains beside the description of the ADO connection all required configuration data (e.g. user and password for a SQL database).

4.2.4 Import via ADO (only ZIP)

Similar to the *import from file* (only ZIP) (on page 63) menu item Dialogpost Manager ensures during the address import that at least a field containing the ZIP will be imported.

Here, the import source is not a file but an ADO connection.

All other methods are virtually identical.

4.2.5 Import via ADO (Label format)

Similar to the *import from file* (only ZIP) (on page 63) menu item Dialogpost Manager finds unerringly the ZIP in up to ten address lines und stores it in the designated field.

Here, the import source is not a file but an ADO connection.

All other methods are virtually identical.

4.2.6 Sample addresses

Sample addresses will not be posted. Instead they may, for example, be used to calibrate production machines. Import of sample addresses works the same as *import from file* (on page 48). The imported files will, however, be displayed in a separate section of the main screen, and can there be deleted independently of the real addresses.

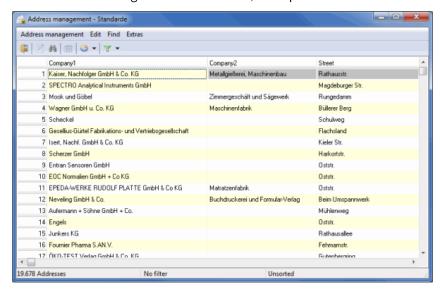
Sample addresses are included as their own category in *mail merge* (on page 257) and *address export* (on page 353). Please note that for sample addresses it is not possible to create a valid data matrix code for Premiumadress, Track&Match, or IT franking.

4.3. Address management

You can use the address management to display an overview of all aspects concerned with the current address file.

This menu item is available as soon as an address file has been imported; however, some of the options can only be activated after the address check and the postage optimization have been carried out.

On the address management's main screen, all imported fields are shown.



Each column header can be used as sorting criterion by double-clicking it.

Further sorting possibilities are offered if you right-click the column header. You can specify the format to be used via the command *Sort*:





A second double-click on the column header resp. a second execution of the *Sort* command inverts the sorting order.

Address management can be called out of $mail\ merge$ (on page 319), too. You can then use it to navigate through your mail merge documents.



If address management is called out of mail merge the addresses will be shown in the exact order as they will be printed. Sorting is therefore deactivated.

4.3.1 Address management

Quit the address management via the *Close* menu item. All changes and amendments are now available in the project.

4.3.2 Edit

Using the various commands in this menu you amend or modify the addresses.

Edit

In addition to the detailed address data, all fields of the selected address are available for being viewed and edited on three tabs.

General tab

Here, the address details of the respective companies or individuals can be changed or added.

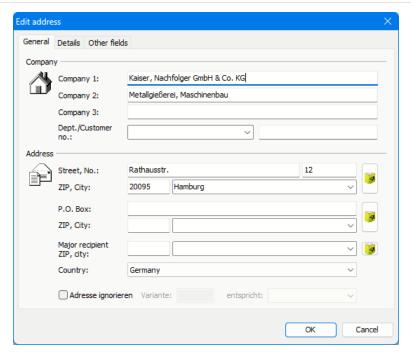
In doing so, you can provide information on the street address, P.O. Box address and the major recipient address.



Convenient search for ZIPs, city and street names

When editing an address (and when pasting and copying, see below) you have convenient searching tools at your disposal for ZIPs, city and street names. If you would like to look for a piece of information or save yourself the trouble of typing in long fields, simply click on the icon located to the right, next to the street, P.O. Box or major recipient address.

You will find details of this in the ZIP Search (on page 229) chapter.



Here, the changed data will be checked for postal correctness. If not, suggestions are made for correction.



You can use the *Ignore address* option on the *General* tab to deactivate individual address records.

These addresses can also be checked by the address check if the respective option (on page 96) has been

These addresses can also be checked by the address check if the respective *option* (on page 96) has been selected. They are, however, not available for the duplicate search.

The decision whether or not an address is to be ignored can be changed at any time either in this dialog window or via mouse clicking the line number at the left border of the table.



If you change the status of only one address after you have executed the postage optimization, it becomes an invalid optimization and must be relaunched. This also applies to editing postally relevant fields, to adding new addresses and to deleting existing ones.

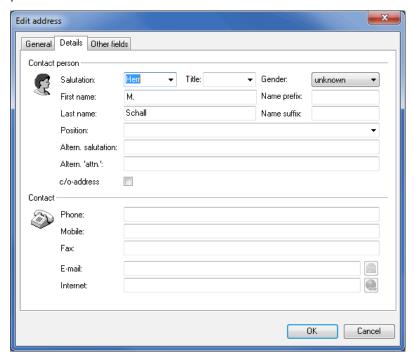


Module Vario

With activated module **Vario** you can define variants in this dialog. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 397).

Details tab

The data on this tab refer to the contact person or an individual and their contact data, such as e-mail or phone number.



Using the fields **Altern.** salutation and **Altern.** "attn." you will be able to overrule the automatically generated **Form of address for letters** resp. **Attn.** field (e.g. "Lieber Piet" instead of "Sehr geehrter Herr Baus"; q.v. Data fields of category "Additional address fields" (on page 330)).

Do not use punctuation marks at the end of the salutation. These will be specified in the field properties dialog window during which appears right after inserting this field into a mail merge document.

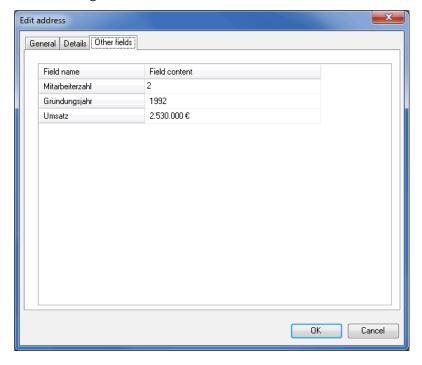
With Dialogpost Manager you can also write to individuals via their company address or e.g. to subtenants without own letterbox. Click the c/o-address check box and the address block will be automatically adapted in mail merge:

Normal Address	c/o-address
WECO Pyrotechnische Fabrik GmbH	Herr Conrad Appel
Herr Conrad Appel	c/o WECO Pyrotechnische Fabrik GmbH
Bogenstraße 54-56	Bogenstraße 54-56
53783 Eitorf	53783 Eitorf

Via the buttons for e-mail and Internet you can directly link to an e-mail application or an Internet browser.

Other fields tab

Here you can see all additional fields available in the current address record. These can be changed by double-clicking them.



Insert

By using the *Insert* menu item or the "Insert" key you can create a new address. Additional functions are available which are described above in the chapter *Edit* (on page 68).

Сору

The selected address serves as source for an additional new address if you use the Copy menu item. After you have changed particular fields and left the dialog box by clicking on OK, a new address is available to you. The original address is unchanged and still exists. You can use all functions which are described above in the chapter Edit (on page 68).

Delete

The selected address will be irrecoverably deleted from the database if you use the Delete menu item.

This cannot be undone. If you are unsure whether or not you might still need the address it is better to use the *Ignore address* function, which you can activate using the *Edit* menu item in the *General* tab.

Select all

This command marks all displayed addresses as selected. The result is the same as when typing the **CTRL+A** hot key.

Selected addresses

With this menu item you can change all selected addresses in one step.



Click and hold the CTRL-key in order to select several addresses. You can mark complete address areas by clicking the first and the last address of this area and keeping the SHIFT-key pressed. All addresses can be selected by pressing the key combination CTRL+A. You can remove single addresses from the selection by clicking them once again while keeping the CTRL-key pressed.

Write to

Using this command you declare all selected addresses as available to be written to.



In case your selection includes one of those addresses which have been ignored by *duplicate search* (on page 116) or by *address check* (on page 94), you will be informed.

Do not write to

Using this command all selected addresses get the status **Do not write to** and thus are excluded from posting. This status can be undone either per address by clicking on its number or via the menu command *Write to* (on this page) for all currently filtered addresses.

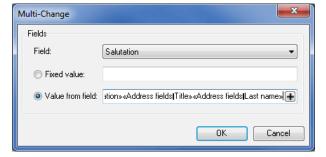
Delete

Using this command you delete all addresses currently selected.

Use this menu item carefully because you will possibly remove a large number of addresses irrecoverably from your project.

Multi-Change

The **Multi-Change** function is available for both filtered and selected addresses. Once chosen a dialog opens where you can define the field to be changed as well as the common field content:



Choose $Fixed\ value$, to assign the same fixed value to all entries. Using option $Value\ from\ field$, you can write dynamically generated values into the selected field.



This options allows you to copy a column. With the aid of a *combination field* (on page 341) you may also create a column whose entries are dynamically composed of the values of other fields.



Module Vario

By using the **Vario** module you will be able to quickly and comfortably assign consistent variants. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 397).

Filtered addresses

This menu item can only be chosen if you have selected a filter (on page 78).

Similar to selected addresses you can set the status of the filtered addresses to **Do not write to** resp. **Write to**, **delete** them, or perform **multi-changes**.



If you use a command of this submenu, selection will be ignored. The chosen command will in any case affect all filtered addresses.

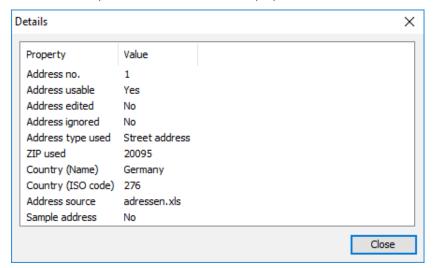


Module Vario

By using the **Vario** module you will be able to quickly and comfortably assign consistent variants. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 397).

Details

This command provides information on the properties of each individual address.



Address number

The address number refers to the position where the address is saved in the file.

Address usable

This information corresponds to the result of the first check of the addresses during import and shows whether or not the address contains all fields required for dispatch (in particular the ZIP and city).

Address edited

If the address was edited during Salutation check (on page 85), address check (on page 94), duplicate search (on page 116) or "manually", that is in the dialog window of the address management (on page 68) itself, the source or sources of these changes are shown here.



You can also export if and by which operation addresses were edited or ignored by using the respective data fields (on page 340).

Address ignored

Similar to "Address edited" (on the preceding page), this line shows if and why a data record was deactivated.

Ignored addresses can be identified by an icon at the left border of the table which also represents the respective reason for deactivation.



Each address can be separately edited and set active in the dialog window of the address management which open as soon as an address is double-clicked.

The data records can also be activated or ignored by double-clicking the line number of the respective address on the left table side.

Address type used

Up to three types of addresses are available for each data record:

- the street address,
- the P.O. Box address,
- and the major recipient address.

The used address type is shown in this window and the following rule applies:

Major recipient address is preferred to P.O. Box address which in turn is preferred to street address.

ZIP used

Here you will see the ZIP which is used for this data record.

Category

During postage optimization the items are distributed into categories (e.g. Dialogpost, remaining items). After postage optimization has been successfully passed you will see here the address' item category.

Country (Name)/Country (ISO code)

By using the assignment of the "Country" field and the country code the respective country name is determined. This is also available for instance in mail merge.

Address source

This information shows the source file from which the address is imported.

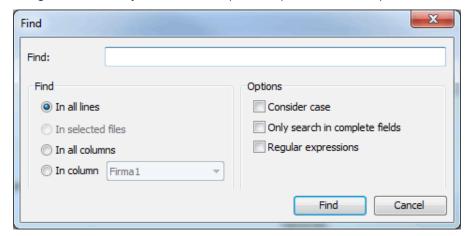
Sample address

Displays whether the address was imported as sample address (on page 66).

4.3.3 Find

Find

Using this command you search for a specific expression or sub-expression in the data.



In **Find** area you can define the area in which the search takes place. Select one of the options *In selected lines* or *In column* to reduce the search area as desired. Options *In all lines* and *In all columns* only differ by their respective search directions. This will have an impact on the behavior of *Find again* (on this page) if multiple matches can be made. When searching *In all lines*, at first line 1 will be searched from left to right, then line 2, and so on. When searching *In all columns*, at first column 1 will be searched top down, then column 2, and so on.

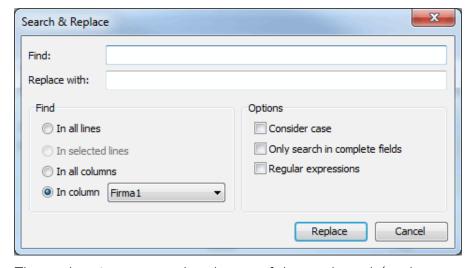
In **Options** area you can define how matches on the search text are calculated. With activated option *Only* search in complete fields a match will only be made if the search text equals the complete content of a cell.

Find again

You can press F3 or *Find again* to continue searching the database if you still have not found the record you were looking for.

Replace

Here you can specifically edit your address data.



The search options correspond to the ones of the actual search (on the current page). Enter into text

field **Replace with** the text with which matches will be replaced. Click on button *Replace* will start the process. For each match, you will be prompted whether you want to replace it. You can also skip single matches.

Option *Regular expressions* is especially useful. If you work with regular expressions, you can reference to parts of the match (groups) in the **Replace with** text field. For this, please use syntax "\groupnumber".



Example

To replace all streets of form "Rosenstr." with "Rosenstraße", you can do the following.

Use the regular expression " $(\w+)$ str\." as search text. The part in parentheses is the first group. It is referenced by "\1". In **Replace with** you can therefore enter "\1straße". Select the column that contains the streets, and click button *Replace*.

The replace dialog will show the result of the current replace as preview.



Accordingly, to replace "Lange Str." with "Lange Straße", you can use the regular expression " $(\w+)$ Str $\.$ " with replacement " $\1$ Straße".

Goto

Enter a specific data record number via the Goto menu item which will be shown immediately.

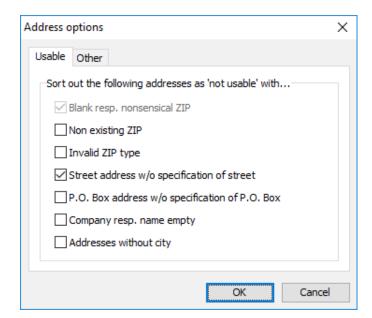
4.3.4 Extras

Options

You can use the *Options* button to access a number of settings which are useful for examining the current addresses for particular errors.

Usable

Depending on the selected options incorrect address records are marked as "not usable".





The settings made here are saved with the respective project and automatically reused for the next projects.

Specifically, addresses with the following errors can be rejected:

- address records with blank or nonsensical "ZIP" field (e.g. special characters or ZIP < 1000)
- address records with non existing ZIP (e.g. 52155)
- address records with an invalid ZIP type, for instance a street ZIP with a P.O. Box address or vice versa.
- address records of "street address" type with no content in the "street" field.
- address records of "P.O. Box address" type with empty "P.O. Box" field.
- address record with no content in field Company1 (B2B) or Last Name (B2C)
- address record without city

All these address records are available for processing the project but can only be used if they are corrected manually in *address management* (on page 67) or automatically via the *address check* (on page 94).



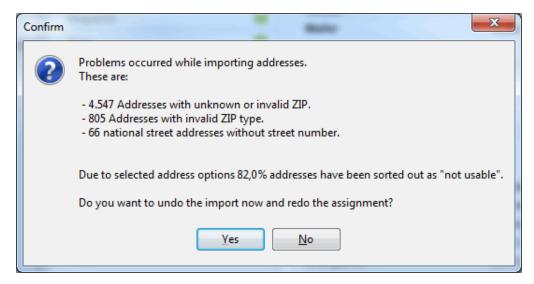
Important

If an address record contains several address types (e.g. street and P.O. Box address) and only one of these is incorrect, the address record nevertheless remains usable because only the correct address type will be used.

Only if all existing address types of an address record have been detected as erroneous according to the selected options, it will be marked as "not usable" unless it is manually or automatically corrected.

You can specify the address options both during import and afterwards in the address management. Please note that in both cases the specified options will be used for all imported addresses. That is, if you import multiple address files and change the options in between, you will realize that the respective last used settings are retroactively applied even to the already imported addresses.

If while importing many addresses are being detected as not usable due to the selected field assignment and options, Dialogpost Manager will make you aware of this. You might then undo the import.



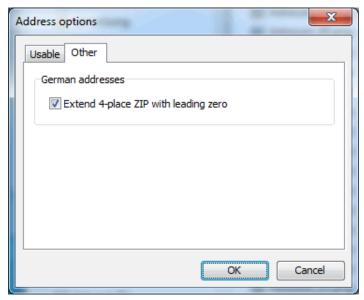
Please note that the shown numbers relate to error types (for example unknown or invalid ZIP), not to addresses. One address may contain more than one error. The actual number of not usable addresses is expressed as a percentage.



Module International optimization

Because of their different structure, not all criteria can be applied to international addresses. Details can be found in chapter *International optimization* (on page 372).

Other



If you activate option *Extend 4-digit ZIP with leading zero*, the respective ZIPs of German addresses will automatically be expanded to the mandatory 5 digits.

Export

Details on the address export from the address management can be found here (on page 365).

Analysis

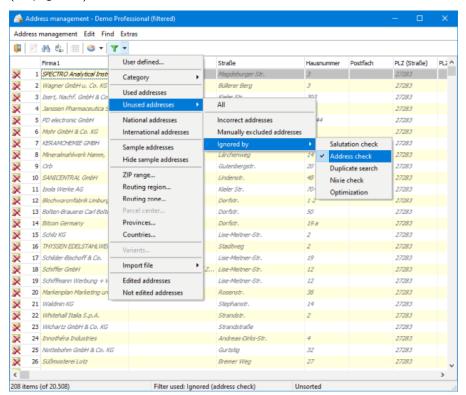
This menu item offers the following statistical information on your processed addresses:

- Address spread by ZIP (on page 197)
- Address spread by cities (on page 198)
- Spread by provinces (on page 199)
- Spread by Nielsen regions (on page 200)
- Address spread by routing regions (on page 201)
- Address spread by routing zones (on page 202)
- Address spread by countries (on page 203)
- Map Tool (on page 204)

Filter

This option makes it possible to create a list of addresses from the current database which matches the filter criteria. You can use these filters to, for instance, switch between the categories **Dialogpost** and **remaining items**.

Filters can be selected via the arrow to the right of the button. Dependent on the project status, different filters are available; thus, for instance, filtering for Dialogpost is only possible after *postage optimization* (on page 159) has been done.





A filter is activated by clicking on one of the options offered in the selection list. By clicking on the button *Filter* you return to the view showing all addresses. In the lower bar of the screen you can see which filter is currently selected.

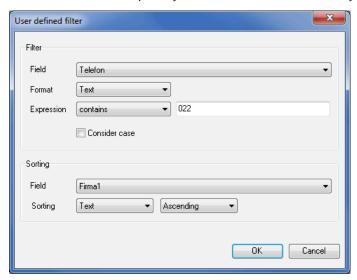


Filter arguments

Depending on the project type and the associated item categories several filter arguments are available:

User defined

This filter method is especially useful for user defined fields by allowing to set filters on arbitrary fields.



In area **Filter** you initially choose a field which shall be used for the filter criterion. The format determines the operators to be provided, i.e. each format comes with a different operator area:



Depending on the format select an operator and the expression resp. value resp. range to be filtered.



The determination of the filter is especially important for numerical and date fields. If the format for such fields has been defined as text you will not be able to use e.g. comparison or from-to operators.

Option Consider case is only available for text filters.

Option *Interpret empty fields as* is available for numerical and date fields. If it is activated you have to define in the respective field how empty fields shall be handled. Otherwise those fields and thus those addresses may be filtered out. Either specify a value within the filter's range, if you would like to see the address, or a value outside the filter results. For the latter case, the addresses would be filtered out - but now knowingly.

In area **Sorting** you can define the order of the addresses to be displayed. First, choose the filed and specify, analog to the filter, the format (text, numerical, date). Finally determine the desired order (ascending or descending).



Sorting the list 1, 10, 200, 100, 5 in text format brings a totally different result (1, 10, 100, 200, 5) than a numerical sorting (1, 5, 10, 100, 200). The same holds for date fields. For instance when sorting dates in text format 1.12.10 would be sorted prior to 2.1.09.

Category

After optimization you can use this submenu to filter your items according to the different categories such as e.g. Dialogpost or remaining items.

Other items

This filter lists those addresses which normally could be posted as Dialogpost only (e.g. unwrapped items or Dialogpost-Kreativ), but which cannot be posted because the postal regulations are not met.

Used addresses

This filter shows only those addresses which will be written to.

Unused addresses

These filters show all the address data records which were imported but are not used. Select "All" to show all unused addresses, no matter why they were deactivated. "Incorrect addresses" shows all addresses that cannot be used because the data record has an invalid format or content. "Manually excluded addresses" shows all addresses deactivated via the *Edit* (on page 68) button. With "Ignored by" you can filter by the different automatic address procession steps that can deactivate addresses, for example address check or duplicate search.

National addresses

This filter shows only all German addresses.

International addresses

This filter shows only all non-German addresses.

Sample addresses

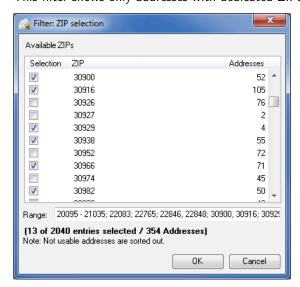
This filter shows all sample addresses (on page 66).

Hide sample addresses

This filter hides all sample addresses (on page 66).

ZIP range

This filter shows only addresses with dedicated ZIPs or ZIP ranges.



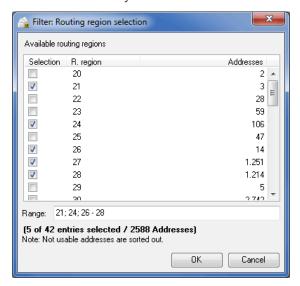


Please note that only those ZIPs are offered which are contained in your project.

Details on how to use the selection methods can be found here (on page 452).

Routing region

This filter shows only addresses with dedicated routing regions or routing region ranges.





Please note that only those routing regions are offered which are contained in your project.

Details on how to use the selection methods can be found here (on page 452).

Routing zone

This filter shows only addresses with dedicated routing zones or routing zone ranges.



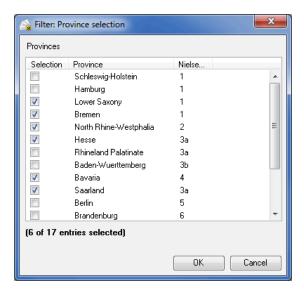


Please note that only those routing zones are offered which are contained in your project.

Details on how to use the selection methods can be found here (on page 452).

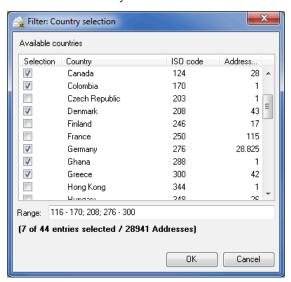
Provinces

With this filter you can list your addresses according to specified provinces or Nielsen regions.



Countries

This filter shows only addresses with dedicated countries.





Please note that only those countries are offered which are contained in your project.

Details on how to use the selection methods can be found here (on page 452).

Import file

By using this powerful filter you can select addresses coming from dedicated source files or manual insertion.



Thus, you can e.g. select an erroneously added data source and delete it completely from the project without discarding the whole project.

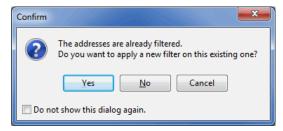


Modules International optimization and Vario

With activated module **International optimization** you will be able to filter your international items by the categories Dialogpost and remaining items. If the **Vario** module is used filtering by variant will be possible. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 372) and *Vario* (on page 397).

Cascaded filters

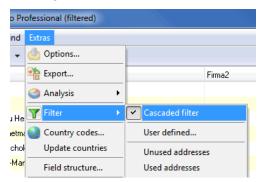
As soon as you select another filter argument although there already is a filter you can specify whether you want to run this argument in addition (corresponds to an AND operation) or it should be executed on the complete address list.



Clicking Yes cascades the filter (multiply if applicable). The executed filter arguments can be seen in the status bar of the dialog:



You can kill a cascaded filter by answering the question about the additional application with *No* or by choosing the item *Cascaded filter* of the *Filter* menu:



Country codes

The *Country codes* menu item opens the *Country codes* (on page 61) dialog window, which you can use to manage the abbreviations used in the current project for stating the country.

Update countries

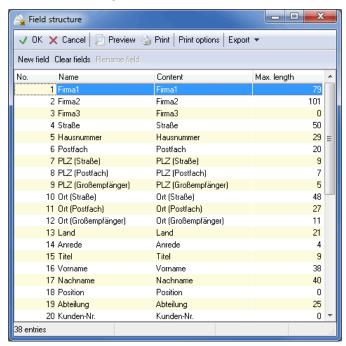
You can use the *Update countries* menu item to compare all the address records contained in the current project with the existing templates from the *Country codes* dialog and, where appropriate, to enter the correct information in the "Country" field.



This can be helpful especially when the current project contains a country abbreviation which has not yet been used. In this case, add the new abbreviation to the appropriate template using *Country codes* (You will find more information on this by following this *link* (on page 61)) and then clicking on *Update countries*. The newly-inserted abbreviation is automatically replaced by the correct country description.

Field structure

This command also offers information on the field structure and the structure of the address file for the current project. In addition to the number and content of the fields, information is provided on the maximum field length of all address records.



Here, you can also create New fields, Rename fields, Delete fields or Clear fields.

You will find the respective buttons in the upper area of the dialog.



Please note that system internal fields such as e.g. Company1 or Variant may neither be renamed nor deleted. This is only possible for user defined fields which have been either imported or created manually. However, instead of deleting an internal field you can clear all contents at one go. The field itself remains existing.

Columns

This menu item makes it possible to determine the order of the displayed columns and to change the width of particular columns. With the tick you determine which columns are to be displayed. Using Default width the standard width of the marked field can be restored while Default columns restores the standard order of all fields.

By activating the option *Save as default for new projects* your adjustments will become presettings for new projects.



The column order can also be changed by simply clicking on the column header and dragging it to the desired position.

Reset columns

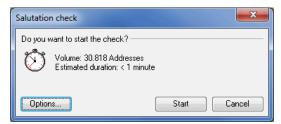
Choose this menu item in order to reset the column settings to default.

4.4. Salutation check



This menu item is not available for Postwurfspezial.

The salutation check determines the gender of the recipient by analyzing the first name and, if appropriate, the salutation. Consequently the correct salutation can be derived and the respective field can be filled. Incorrect or missing salutations will be identified and can be corrected.





As soon as you have run the salutation check once the respective *menu item* will get a submenu where you can directly access the report.



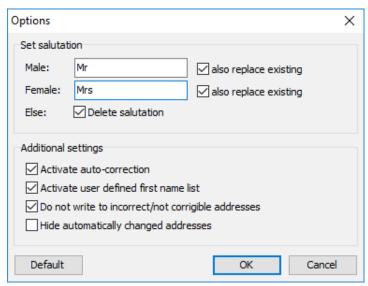
If you do not want to use the salutation check for the current project in general, uncheck this option by right-clicking on the "Salutation check" item in the project overview area.

You will nevertheless be able to launch the salutation check. This function is only for your information.

4.4.1 Options

In this dialog box you choose how the addresses which have been automatically changed or identified as incorrect shall be treated.

You can use the *Default* button at any time to undo your settings and restore the preset program options.



Set salutation

In this area you determine how Dialogpost Manager shall handle the field "salutation" for male resp. female recipients. If option also replace existing is activated the field "salutation" will be always overwritten. The

activated option *else: delete salutation* results in flushing the field "salutation" if the salutation check does not find any clear result. Possibly existing contents will be deleted.



Foreign salutations can be simply generated by specifying respective entries for the fields. For instance, enter the value "Mr." for male and "Mrs." for female. Afterwards, activate options also replace existing. Right after the salutation check is finished English salutations are available and can be used for the *letter salutation* (on page 334).

Additional settings

activate auto-correction

Definable salutations which e.g. are based on a known first name will be automatically set. Conflicts will be ignored and in particular not be shown.

activate user defined first name list

If this option is deactivated Dialogpost Manager ignores the *user defined first name list* (on page 92) and is not able to add new first names to it. The entries of this list are not contained in Dialogpost Manager's system based first name list. It is normally created during processing incorrect salutations.

do not write to incorrect/not corrigible addresses

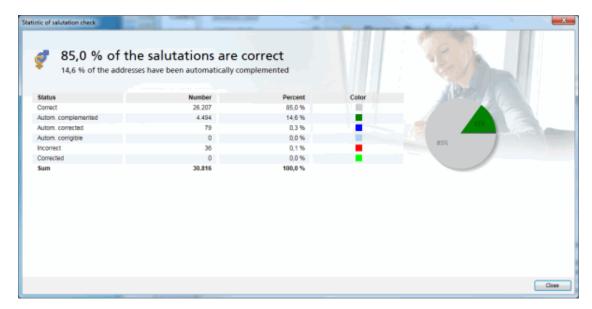
All recipients will not be written to whose salutation can not be identified by Dialogpost Manager and where the fields "salutation", "gender" and "first name" are filled with absurd contents. These presettings can be undone for every address separately during processing its incorrect salutation.

hide automatically changed addresses

Automatically changed addresses will not be shown in the *results* dialog. These addresses can be made visible by checking the respective *option* (on page 91).

4.4.2 Statistics

This status contains detailed information on the course of the salutation check and its results. Automatically changed addresses are either released directly for writing to or are displayed for manual correction. The behavior depends on the *options* (on the previous page) which have been set before starting the salutation check.



All addresses are deemed to be **Correct** where the field "salutation" is filled and matches the gender of the first name.

The **Automatically complemented** line contains information on how often Dialogpost Manager had to set the field "salutation" or "gender" based on the first name.

The **Automatically corrected** line shows the number of recipients where Dialogpost Manager had to adjust the salutation, e.g. first name is male but field "salutation" contains *Frau*.

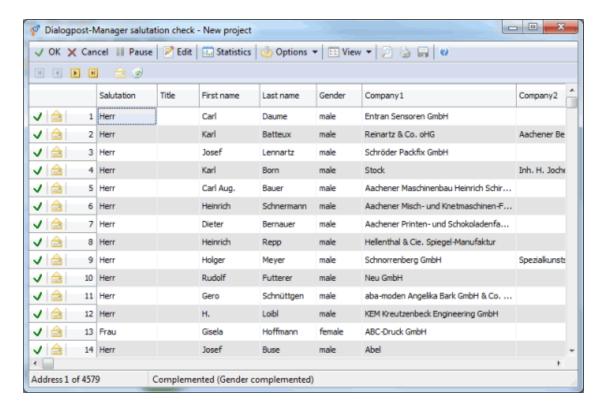
If option activate auto-correction (on the preceding page) is disabled addresses will not be automatically corrected. Dialogpost Manager shows the number of addresses in the **Automatically corrigible** line which could have been auto-corrected but which have to be manually processed, now.

For **Incorrect** addresses Dialogpost Manager was not able to identify the gender. This can occur if the first name is unknown or if it does not match the specified gender.

4.4.3 Results

The salutation check results show those addresses for which errors or deficiencies were discovered. They appear as soon as the statistics window has been closed by clicking on OK.

Dialogpost Manager lists all data records depending on the settings given in *options* (on page 85). This address selection can also be changed later: The *Options* button provides a selection menu on the *View* tab where every address type can be activated and deactivated.



Navigation buttons



You can use the arrow buttons to change between the different data records or to move directly to the first or last data record.

√ OK

Quits the salutation check and saves the automatic or manual changes for the current project. Addresses for which the "Write to address" option is not marked are deactivated in the current project and are therefore not written to. This marking can be undone in the address management using the *Write to address* option.

X Cancel

Leaves the results view of the salutation check without retrieving automatic or manual changes to the address file.

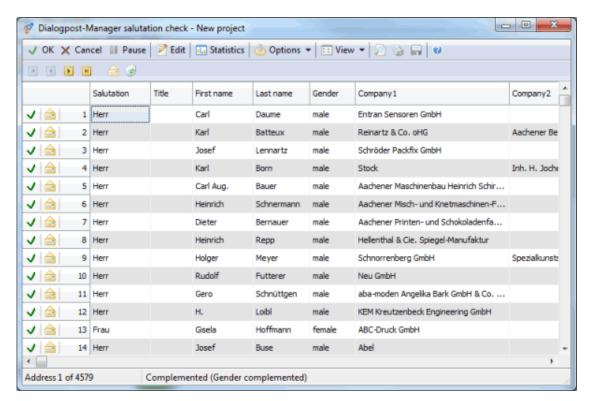
■ Pause

Saves the current project and freezes the working status of the salutation check. At any time, progressing the salutation check can be resumed by re-opening the project. In the meantime, no other changes may be carried out to this project.

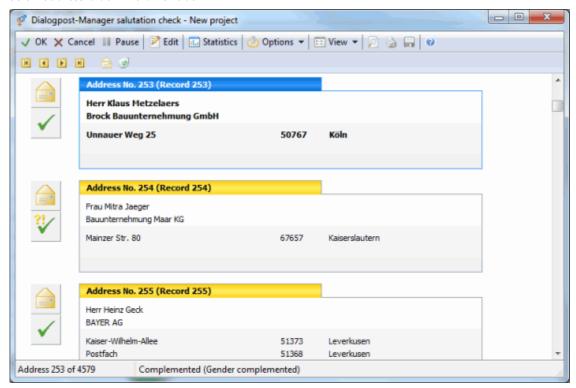
View

The data records listed as a result of the salutation check may be displayed in two different ways using the *View* button:

1. as a table



2. as an address block like on a label



Each address is also accompanied by an icon which provides information on the address status:

Icon Explanation



Addresses with this icon will be used in the further course of your project and will thus be written to. By clicking this icon the respective address will not be written to.



Addresses with this icon are marked not be written to as soon as the salutation check is finished. By clicking this icon the respective address will be written to without any changes.



Addresses with a green tick comply with the postal regulations and have been automatically or manually corrected resp. changed.



Addresses with a green tick and a yellow question and exclamation mark are correct and have been manually corrected resp. changed.

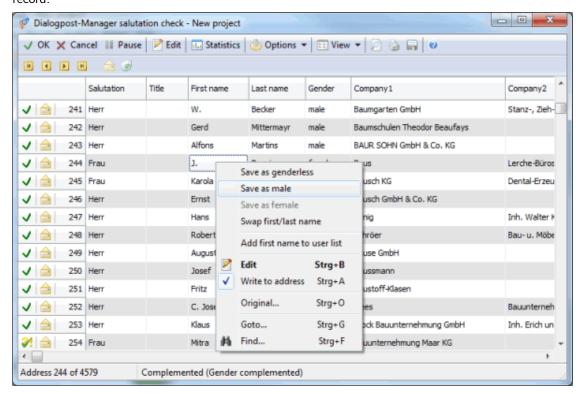


Addresses with a yellow question and exclamation mark are incorrect but Dialogpost Manager has found a suggestion which can be selected.



Addresses with a red bar are incorrect and Dialogpost Manager cannot make any suggestion.

If you right-click you will open a context-sensitive menu whose options refer to the currently marked data record:



Save as genderless clears the field "salutation" and declares the address as being genderless in field "gender". This classification makes sense for companies without contact person or for instance for addresses whose first name field is filled with two first names.

Save as male sets the value specified in the Options (on page 85) dialog (typically "Herr") to the field "salutation" and declares the address as being male in field "gender".

The menu item Save as female works the same way.

Swap first/last name exchanges the contents of the fields "first name" and "last name".



The gender suggested by Dialogpost Manager is emphasized in **bold** letters.

The menu item *Add first name to user list* extends the *user defined first name list* (on the next page) with this first name.

You can select Edit to open the Edit address (on page 68) dialog window.

By selecting *Write to* you can change the status of the marked address record - if this option is checked, the address will be written to; if you uncheck this option, the recycle bin icon appears and this address will not be used.

You can select *Original* to view the original version of the data record as it was imported (if appropriate, without salutation and/or gender).

Using the menu item *Goto* you can navigate to a dedicated address number or you can start the address search by choosing *Find*.

In address block view the original data record number coming from the source file is displayed in the line above the address. Thus, you can relocate the address in question in your source file.

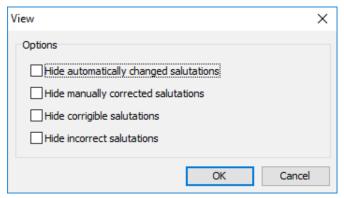
In **table view** you can get this number by right-clicking and choosing the *Original* menu item. All imported fields from the source file are displayed including the data record number.

Options

Clicking the *Options* button opens the *View* dialog. You can access additional functionalities via another menu by clicking the arrow icon right to the button.

View

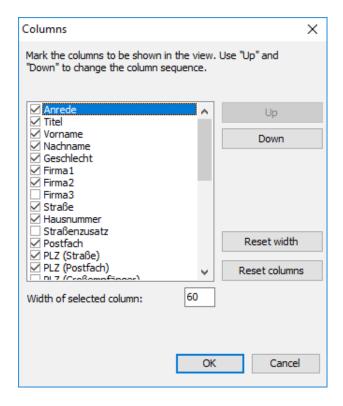
You can define here which addresses shall not be shown.



The presettings from the *options* (on page 86) dialog can be revised in this window and you are able to redefine whether or not automatically corrected addresses shall be hidden.

Fields

This button is only enabled in table view; you can use it to select additional fields to be shown with each address.



Edit first name list

Use this menu item to edit the user defined first name list (on the following page).

4.4.4 First name list

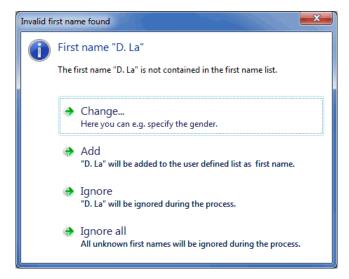
Dialogpost Manager hold a first name list with approximately 120'000 entries. Abbreviated first names (e.g. Friedr.-Wilh.) are not contained.

If you address list should have a recipient whose first name is unknown or whose first name is e.g. abbreviated you can add it to the **user defined first name list**. It is also possible to add first names with genders that differs from Dialogpost Manager's definition. Thus, the results of the salutation check can be respectively influenced.

Add first name

Basically, there are three ways to include a first name to the user defined first name list:

- 1. Via the contextual menu item Add first name to user list
- 2. Via the Confirm dialog which appears for unknown first names

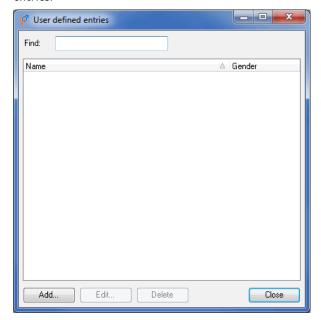


You can overrule the suggested gender with the *Change* button while *Add* adds the first name with the proposed gender. The *Ignore* button ignores this name (it will be no longer shown during this run). *Ignore all* not only ignores this but all unknown first names which will be identified during this run.

3. Via the functionality of manually editing the user defined first name list (on the current page)

Edit first name list

Using this menu item you can manually edit the user defined first name list by deleting, changing or adding entries.



The buttons Add and Edit open the Define gender dialog.



Here you can enter resp. change the first name and specify the gender.

Please mind that first names which are contained in the user defined first name list have priority over the system internal first name list. If you e.g. add "Horst" as new first name and set the gender to "female" all addresses with this name would be addressed as "Sehr geehrte Frau xyz".

Option *Add normalized name* adds another name to the list - in addition to the first name. Umlauts and e.g. accents will be removed. The normalization result can be seen below this option.

4.5. Address check



This menu item is not available for Postwurfspezial.

The address check verifies and edits your addresses automatically using Deutsche Post AG official data. Obsolete, non-existent or wrongly assigned ZIPs are replaced where possible, and the spelling of cities and streets is checked.





As soon as you have run the address check once the respective *menu item* will get a submenu where you can directly access the report. This can be also done at any time via the *Quick Clicks* (on page 13) of the overview item **address check**. If you run the address check once again, e.g. with other options, the recent reports can be read via the submenu *report archive*.



If you do not want to use the address check for the current project in general, uncheck this option by right-clicking on the "Address check" item in the project overview area. You will nevertheless be able to launch the address check. This function is only for your information.



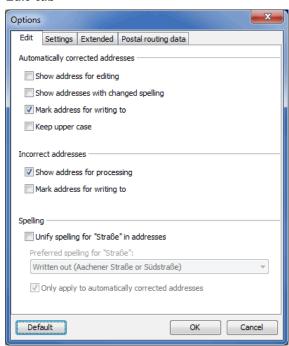
Information on the status of the posting routing data used by Dialogpost Manager can be found via the *Help: About* menu in tab *Components*.

4.5.1 Options

In this dialog box you choose how the addresses which have been automatically identified as incorrect shall be treated.

You can use the Default button at any time to undo your settings and restore the preset program options.

Edit tab



Automatically corrected addresses

Show address for editing

If you do not want to accept the automatic modifications without control, you can view, check and change the automatically changed addresses where appropriate right after the address check using this option.

Show addresses with changed spelling

This option allows you to view a list of those addresses with changed spelling (e.g. only spelling type of *Straße* (on the next page) has been changed) at the end of the address check in order to control and verify those changes.

Mark address for writing to

This option simplify the subsequent, manual processing of the found addresses. Activate this option if you want to write to most of the changed addresses; thus, you only have to *deactivate* (on page 73) those

single addresses which you do not want to write to.

Keep upper case

By activating this option you make sure that all addresses which are **completely** spelled in capital letters will not be converted into the normal upper and lower case format. Such rather atypical address lists can be often found when importing data from mainframe computers.

Incorrect addresses

Show address for editing

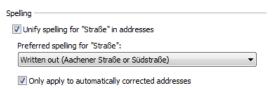
This option allows you to revise incorrect addresses after the automatic address check; if appropriate, they can be manually changed or by using one of Dialogpost Manager's suggestions.

Mark address for writing to

This option eases the subsequent, manual processing of the found addresses. Activate this option if you want to write to most of the changed addresses; thus, you only have to *deactivate* (on page 73) those single addresses which you do not want to write to.

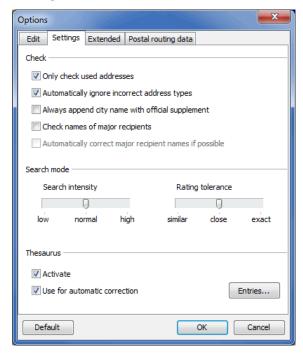
Unify spelling for "Straße" in addresses

In case the spelling for the street names differs within your address data you can choose this option to automatically unify that spelling. In the drop-down menu you can specify which spelling of "Straße" you prefer.



By activating the option *Only apply to automatically corrected addresses* you make sure that only addresses that have been changed anyway (e.g. due to an automatically corrected ZIP) will be unified. Thus, you reduce the number of automatic corrections and with that also reduce the duration of the address check, especially when checking large data.

Settings tab



Check

Only check used addresses

With this option addresses which are not released for writing to are excluded from the check. The release can be done manually in the address management dialog, during a previous address check or during the duplicate search (status set to "ignored"). If this option is unchecked all address records in the current address file will be checked.

Automatically ignore incorrect address types

Theoretically, there can be allocated up to three address types to each address record: the street address, the P.O. Box address and the major recipient address. If single address types are incomplete in an address record but e.g. a useable street address is available, the incorrect P.O. Box and major recipient addresses will be ignored in the address check if this option has been activated.



In the statistics of the address check in the column "Incorrect address type" no addresses will be listed since they have not been checked.

If you uncheck this option, all address types will be checked for each data record.

Always append city name with official supplement

If this option is checked, all city names will be supplemented with its official supplement. For instance, 06132 Halle would be changed to 06132 Halle (Saale) while 33790 Halle would be extended to 33790 Halle (Westf.).

Check names of major recipients

When using this option, not only correctness and existence of a major recipient ZIP code will be checked, but also the company name in the field **COMPANY1** will be verified during the address check. If the major recipient name stored in the postal routing data is different, the address will be marked as "incorrect" and suggestions will be given if available.

Automatically correct major recipient names if possible

If this option is checked, the company name in field **COMPANY1** of a postal correct major recipient address will be compared with the entry in the postal routing data. If they are different but there are sufficient similarities, the company name coming from the postal routing data will be retrieved.

Search mode

You can define through the search mode settings how precise the address check module shall perform and how many suggestions shall be given. Please take into account that the performance may decrease depending on the chosen mode.



Search intensity

Using the slide control you can adjust the search intensity and thus the suggestions and automatic correction to be found as follows:

1. **low**

The address check retrieves the first address that is deemed to be automatically corrigible. Additional suggestions which might also show a high probability of being correct will be ignored in this mode.

normal

The normal search intensity extends the search for sound suggestions by checking the complete ZIP-range of a city. Thus, addresses can be corrected by plausible street names in other ZIP-areas of the same city (eventually even of cities with identical names such as Frankfurt **am Main** and **Oder**).

high

If this mode has been chosen, Dialogpost Manager considers the largest possible set of sound addresses for automatic correction or suggests proportionally more addresses for manual correction.



With high search intensity less addresses will be automatically corrected but forwarded to the manual correction. However, theses additional efforts normally cause a superior quality.

Rating tolerance

This slide control informs Dialogpost Manager how to judge whether or not two addresses are identical. Carefully change the position of the slide control because the tolerance has direct impact on the automatic correction capability of Dialogpost Manager. Possibly incorrect addresses will be putatively corrected if the rating tolerance has been set to "similar". If the tolerance is "exact", the address check only corrects few addresses automatically and offers you more addresses for manual correction.

Thesaurus

The Thesaurus is some kind of a look-up table for the address check which can only contain postal correct addresses. By using this valuable tool you can e.g. transfer a street whose name changed over the years to its new name once. All other addresses with the same old street name can then be automatically corrected although this information is not included in the postal routing data. More details about how to use the Thesaurus can be found *here* (on page 100).



The following options are available:

1. Activate

If this option is checked you inform the address check to consider the existing Thesaurus. This holds for finding suggestions coming from the Thesaurus as well as for extending it during the manual address correction (q.v. chapter *Thesaurus* (on the next page)).

2. Use for automatic correction

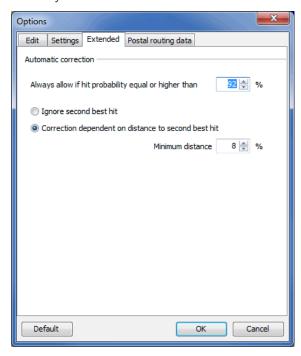
If the address check detects a Thesaurus entry for a specific address, this entry will be taken for automatic correction. No further checks of the address will be performed.

Entries

By clicking on this button you are calling the *Thesaurus editor* (on page 102). You can use it for activating and deleting single addresses, e.g. by "hiding" incorrect entries which have been included by mistake.

Extended tab

Normally, Dialogpost Manager only automatically corrects addresses if he feels very certain that the correction really is correct. But, depending on the address file he might process the addresses too carefully. On this new tab you can influence Dialogpost Manager's automatic correction behavior and let him automatically correct more results.



First, specify the **hit probability**. Addresses with hit probabilities with equal or greater values will be automatically corrected by Dialogpost Manager.

Both options *Ignore second best hit* resp. *Correction dependent on distance to second best hit* will directly affect the results if there is more than one hit.

Using the first option Dialogpost Manager corrects the addresses as soon as the probability is equal or greater. Additional hits are not taken into account. This then can be possibly counterproductive if two very similar suggestion are made.

Here, the second option comes into play: Enter a probability distance. Additional hits will be ignored if the address probability plus the distance is less than hit probability. The lower you choose the distance the higher the probability that Dialogpost Managers also discards akin correction suggestions and accepts the hit with the highest probability instead.

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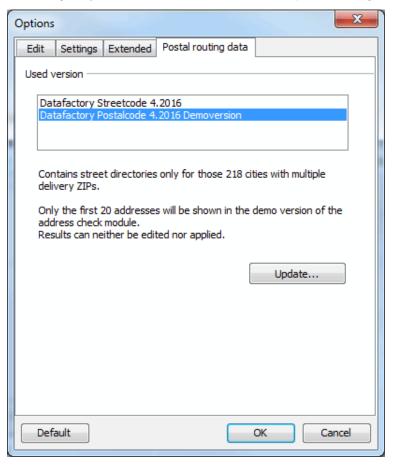
The entered values will have massive effect on the quality of the automatically corrected addresses. Thus, always verify the address check results if you choose values differing from the default.



You can also modify these values at a later phase of the address check via the *Options* (on page 113) menu. You will directly see the consequences in the results area.

Postal routing data tab

This tab gives you information on the status of the postal routing data used by the address check.



Use the *Update* button to install new or extended versions of postal routing data.



Here, you can activate a demo version of the *Datafactory Streetcode* (on page 231). This is the most comprehensive street data collection. Using the demo version, your address will not automatically be corrected but you will get an idea of how many incorrect addresses are found by the address check, how many can be automatically corrected and how many suggestions for correction are available prior to purchasing a street directory.

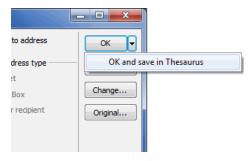
4.5.2 Thesaurus

The Thesaurus is some kind of a look-up table for the address check which can only contain postal correct addresses. Using this valuable tool you can e.g. transfer a street whose name changed over the years to its new name once. All other addresses with the same old street name can then be automatically corrected although this information is not included in the postal routing data.

Activating the Thesaurus as well as the auto-correction capability has to be done through the address check options (on page 98). In the options dialog you can also launch the *Thesaurus editor* (on the following page).

Add Thesaurus entry

Adding a Thesaurus entry can be only done via *Editing* (on page 109) an address. If you have changed an incorrect to a postal compliant address you can store the changes as Thesaurus entry by clicking the arrow icon of the *OK* button and choosing the menu item *OK* and save in Thesaurus.



All addresses in the address check's result list which could be corrected by applying this new Thesaurus entry will be assigned a Thesaurus suggestion or will be directly corrected depending on the settings given.

Clicking the OK button accepts the change only once; as soon as a similar incorrect address occurs it still will be shown as being incorrect. Now, you can decide again whether or not the change justifies a Thesaurus entry.

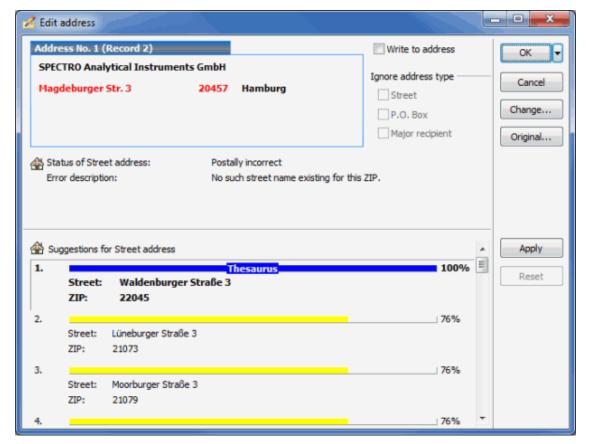


Saving a new entry in the Thesaurus will affect **all projects**, i.e. current and also future project will benefit from a large Thesaurus likewise and the number of postal incorrect addresses will thus be "smartly" reduced.

Show and accept Thesaurus suggestions

Thesaurus suggestions will only be shown if *option* (on page 98) *Use for automatic correction* was unchecked. Otherwise, any incorrect address with a corresponding Thesaurus entry would be automatically corrected.

A Thesaurus suggestion only differs from a "normal" address check suggestion by having the correctness probability set to 100% since the entry has been manually and knowingly stored at least once. Additionally and in order to offer a better visual impression, any Thesaurus suggestion will be highlighted by a blue band with the embedded text "Thesaurus".



Accepting a Thesaurus suggestion is similar to accepting a "normal" address check suggestion (on page 110).

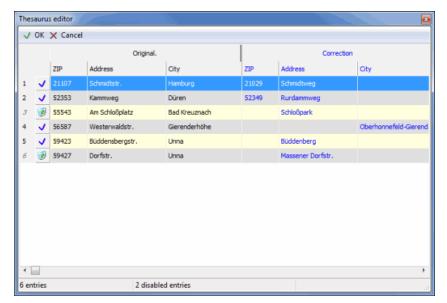
Thesaurus editor

The Thesaurus strictly contains only postal correct entries. Using the Thesaurus editor you may control the application of the Thesaurus in some way by explicitly activating or deleting an entry for usage. Deleted entries will not be considered later on - neither for automatic corrections nor for the provision of Thesaurus suggestions.



Based on the fact that all Thesaurus entries have to be postal correct it may happen over the years that single Thesaurus entries become postal incorrect. In such cases Dialogpost Manager automatically deactivates the respective entries by marking them deleted. Thus, it is permanently guaranteed that there will not be any incorrect addresses created.

You can launch the Thesaurus editor either by clicking the *Entries* button in the *options* (on page 99) window or via choosing the item *Thesaurus editor* in the results window's *Options* menu.



An activated entry is represented by a blue tick \checkmark , a deleted one by the recycle bin icon \boxed{g} .

You can toggle an entry's status via three ways:

- clicking the icon (recycle bin or blue tick)
- double-clicking the entry
- right-clicking the entry and choosing the respective item from the context sensitive menu

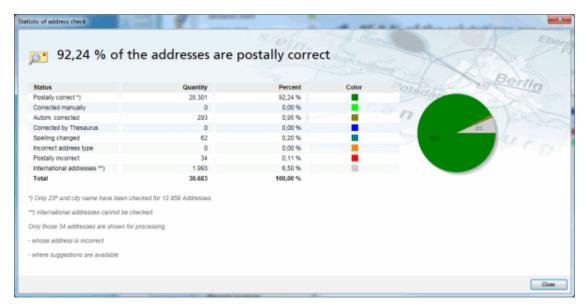
If desired, you can *hide disabled entries*. Just call the respective item of the contextual menu. Here, you can also physically delete the current Thesaurus.

Please note that undoing this action is **not** possible; all Thesaurus entries will be lost forever.

4.5.3 Statistics



These statistics appear for the first time after the address check is finished. They may be viewed at any time later on the main screen by using the **Address check** item in the Overview area.



This status report contains detailed information on the course of the address check and its results. Automatically changed addresses are either released directly for writing to or are displayed for manual correction. The behavior depends on the *options* (on page 95) which have been set before starting the address check.

All addresses are deemed to be **Postally correct** where the required fields (in particular the ZIP code and city) are not empty and compliant with the postal regulations.

The line **Corrected manually** contains information on how many address data records you have edited manually after the automatic check.

The **Corrected automatically** line contains information on how many of your address data records were automatically changed by Dialogpost Manager during the address check in order to be compliant with the postal regulations.

Addresses are said to be **Corrected by Thesaurus** if they have been corrected by applying a Thesaurus entry instead of having been become postally compliant via automatic or manual correction.

The information in the **Spelling changed** line refers to the data records in which the spelling e.g. of the street or the major recipient name was adjusted. Whether and how this happens depends on the settings given in *options* (on page 95).

Address data records where several address types are available and where at least one of them does not comply with the postal regulations are listed in the **Incorrect address type** line.

The quantity and percentage of the addresses where neither an automatic change has been performed nor any suggestion for manual processing could be made are listed in the **Postally incorrect** line. Here only a manual correction of the addresses is possible; whether they will be already released for writing to right after the address check or only after they were manually corrected depends on the settings given in *options* (on page 95).

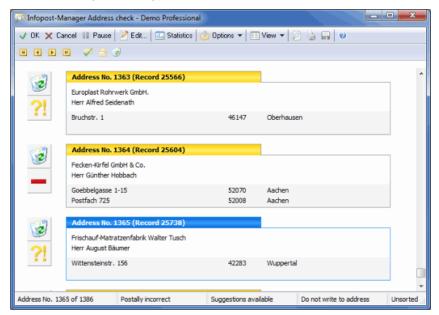
The status window at the end of the address check provides information in the **International addresses** line about the ratio of foreign addresses contained in the current address file. These addresses have not been tested in the address check.

The text line below the table show the number and types of addresses which will be displayed in the results window. Both values depend on the specified *options* (on page 95).

4.5.4 Results

The address check results show those addresses for which errors or deficiencies were discovered. They appear as soon as the statistics window has been closed by clicking on OK.

Dialogpost Manager lists all data records depending on the settings given in *options* (on page 95). This address selection can also be changed later: The *Options* button provides a selection menu on the *View* tab where every address type can be activated and deactivated.



Depending on the settings, only addresses will be shown

- which are completely incorrect or where particular address types are erroneous;
- where suggestions are available but which could not be corrected automatically;
- where Thesaurus suggestions are available;
- which have been changed automatically;
- which have been changed automatically by using the Thesaurus;
- which may have been changed manually in address management (on page 67);
- whose spelling has been changed;
- or a combination of these groups.

Navigation buttons



You can use the arrow buttons to change between the different data records or to move directly to the first or last data record.



Quits the address check and saves the automatic or manual changes for the current project. Addresses for which the "Write to address" option is not marked are deactivated in the current project and are therefore not written to. This marking can be undone in the address management using the *Write to address* option.



Leaves the results view of the address check without retrieving automatic or manual changes to the address file.

■ Pause

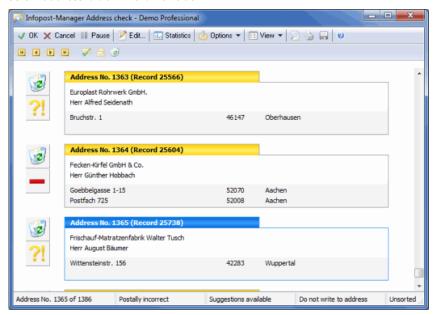
Saves the current project and freezes the working status of the address check. At any time, progressing

the address check can be resumed by re-opening the project. In the meantime, no other changes may be carried out to this project.

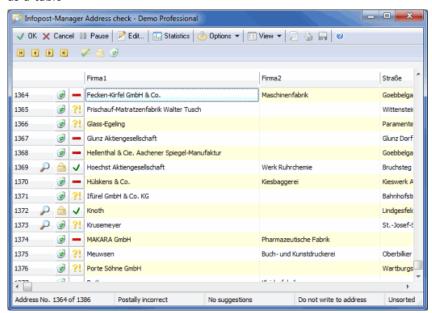
View

The data records listed as a result of the address check may be displayed in two different ways using the *View* button:

1. as an address block like on a label



2. as a table



Each address is also accompanied by an icon which provides information on the address status:

Icon Explanation



Addresses with this icon will be used in the further course of your project and will thus be written to. By clicking this icon the respective address will not be written to.



Addresses with this icon are marked not be written to as soon as the address check is finished. By clicking this icon the respective address will be written to without any changes.



Addresses with a green tick comply with the postal regulations and have been automatically or manually corrected resp. changed.



Addresses with a blue tick have been automatically corrected using a Thesaurus suggestion and are thus postally correct.



Addresses with a yellow question and exclamation mark do not comply with the postal regulations but Dialogpost Manager has found suggestions which can be selected.



Addresses with a blue question and exclamation mark do not comply with the postal regulations but there are Thesaurus suggestions in addition to Dialogpost Managers address suggestions which can be selected.

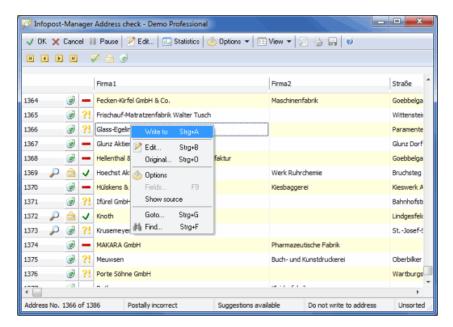


Addresses with a red bar do not comply with the postal regulations and Dialogpost Manager cannot make any suggestion.

The addresses shown can be viewed quickly in either view by holding the **Cursor-Down** key. If you want to edit a data record, it can be opened immediately by pressing the **Enter** key. The *Edit address* (on page 68) dialog window appears.

There are also two buttons for each data record which permit the current address to be released or locked for writing to. It is even easier to toggle the status of the address ("Write to address" - "Do not write to address") by pressing the **spacebar**.

If you right-click you will open a context-sensitive menu whose options refer to the currently marked data record:



By selecting Write to you can change the status of the marked address record - if this option is checked, the address will be written to; if you uncheck this option, the recycle bin icon appears and this address will not be used.

You can select *Edit* to open the *Edit address* (on page 68) dialog window.

You can select Original to view the original version of the data record as it was imported.

You can select Options to open the Options window (on page 113).

The menu item Fields can only be activated in the address block view; it allows you to include additional fields (on page 122) when displaying the addresses.

When choosing Show source the source file of the current address will be displayed. In the table view it will be shown in the status bar at the lower window border while the address block view will be extended by an additional line.

Using the menu item Goto you can navigate to a dedicated address number or you can start the address search by choosing Find.

Depending on the settings made in options (on page 95), the displayed addresses will be marked differently.

Addresses which you have opened for editing (on the following page) are marked with a magnifier ot P



In address block view the original data record number coming from the source file is displayed in the line above the address. Thus, you can relocate the address in question in your source file.

In table view you can get this number by right-clicking and choosing the Original menu item. All imported fields from the source file are displayed including the data record number.

Action buttons for general changes

Simultaneous changes to all addresses displayed here can be made with these buttons:

Icon Explanation



Checks the "Write to address" option for all automatically or manually changed addresses.

Icon Explanation



Checks the "Write to address" option for all displayed addresses regardless of which errors were found during address check.



The "Write to address" option is unchecked for all addresses shown regardless of whether or not errors were found during address check.

Edit

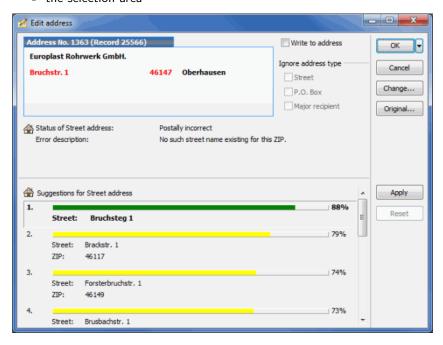
The current address can be changed by pressing the **Enter** key or by clicking the *Edit* button. The *Edit address* (on page 68) dialog window will appear.



This dialog window can also be opened by the contextual menu item *Edit* (right mouse click), the shortcut **CTRL+B**, by double-clicking an address data record or by clicking the icons "tick", "question/exclamation mark" or "bar".

This dialog window is arranged into three areas:

- the address field incl. status information
- suggestions offered by Dialogpost Manager for optimizing the address
- the selection area



Address field incl. status information

In the edit mask the complete address is shown at the top left; you may see here street, P.O. Box as well as major recipient addresses.

- Address types which can be used are shown in bold (if several useable address types are available the hierarchy is as follows: major recipient address - P.O. Box address - street address);
- unusable address types shown in gray;

- incorrect information are shown in red;
- automatically or manually corrected information appear in blue;
- information missing from a data record are indicated by a red question mark in pointed brackets.

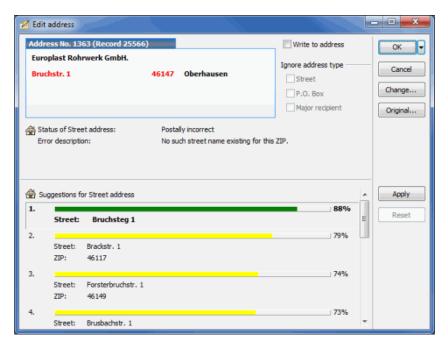




In the text lines below this address window you will see information on the status of the various address types. Thus, you can see that a street address was automatically corrected or a P.O. Box address ignored because it does not comply with the postal regulations. A brief error description additionally explains this status information.

Suggestions for correcting an address

Depending on the information available in a data record, suggestions are made for correcting the address. Probabilities are given for each suggestion which can be used as a selection aid.



A suggestion may be accepted by double-clicking it or by using the button *Apply*. You can use the button *Reset* to undo this change.

Selection area



If address check was not able to change an address so that it complies with the postal regulations, the *Write to address* option to the right of the address field is deactivated per default if no other settings were given in the *options* (on page 95) menu prior to starting the address check.



You nevertheless can mark a postally incorrect address for writing to by checking the respective *option* (on the current page) to the right of the address. Dialogpost Manager even asks whether or not you want to apply this presumable wrong decision to all identical addresses. Such an approach can be taken for instance with street names which are not contained in your postal routing data version (e.g. because it is too old and thus does not "know" the name), but you are sure that it is postally correct.

If several address types are available for a data record, Dialogpost Manager selects one of these types while the others are ignored for this data record. Here the hierarchy is as follows: **major recipient address** - **P.O. Box address** - **street address**. The selection which has been made is displayed to the right of the address box.

If, for instance, you would nevertheless prefer to use the P.O. Box address although there is a correct street address this facility can be deactivated manually here.

You can use the button *Original* to view the originating address content. Here you will also see the original error message.



Change



If you make changes to your addresses after postage optimization, it has to be executed once again. Even apparently minor changes to your data, such as another postcode, may have a direct impact on the total postage for your items.

You should therefore **never** make such changes after printing the addresses, forms and lists, or after exporting your addresses since, otherwise, the whole print or export of the addresses would have to be repeated.

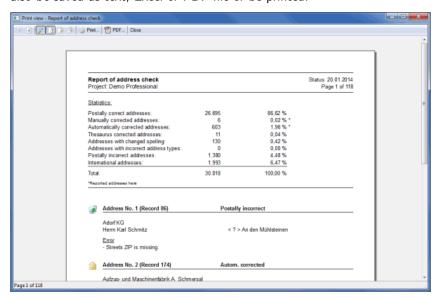
The *Change* button opens an dialog window in which manual changes to the current address can be made. You will find more information on the options on each of the three tabs *here* (on page 68).



Every time you change a data record the current address is automatically checked and, if possible, the data record is released for writing to.

Report of address check

All results and changes resulting from automatic and manual address editing are logged by Dialogpost Manager. A report can be viewed at any time during the address check clicking the preview icon; it can also be saved as text, Excel or PDF file or be printed.



Preview

You can use this button 🗾 to open the report.

You will find more information on the various options of this report preview in the Print Preview (on

page 449) chapter.



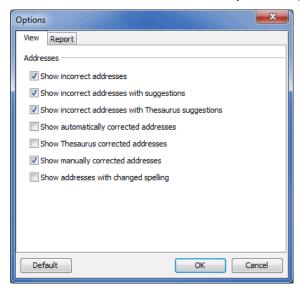
Settings on the structure and content of the report are made using the *Options* button on the *Report* (on the following page) tab.

Options

Use this dialog window to make settings for two important address check functions: *View* (on the current page) and *Report* (on the following page)

View tab

Use this tab to set the various options for viewing the results and the view protocol of the address check. When the address check is finished, always the complete protocol is generated.



Show incorrect addresses

Use this option to show or hide addresses in the *Result view* (on page 104) which are not yet useable although they have been checked. The icon for this address type is the "red bar".

Show incorrect addresses with suggestions

This option shows all addresses in the *Result view* (on page 104) which could not be automatically corrected by the address check but for which suggestions have been found. The icon for this address type is the "yellow question/exclamation mark".

Show incorrect addresses with Thesaurus suggestions

Use this option to show all addresses in the *Result view* (on page 104) for which *Thesaurus entries* (on page 100) are available which have not been automatically applied because *option* (on page 98) *Use for automatic correction* was unchecked. The icon for this address type is the "blue question/exclamation mark".

Show automatically corrected addresses

Use this option to show or hide the addresses which **comply with the postal regulations after the automatic check** in the *result view* (on page 104). The icon for this address type is the "green tick".

Show Thesaurus corrected addresses

Use this option to show or hide the addresses which will be automatically or manually corrected by applying a *Thesaurus entry* (on page 100). The icon for this address type is the "blue tick".

Show manually corrected addresses

Use this option to show or hide in the *result view* (on page 104) the addresses which were **manually** changed. The icon for this address type also is the "green tick" combined with the "magnifier".

Show addresses with changed spelling

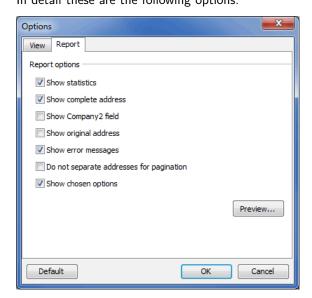
Use this option to show or hide the addresses in the *result view* (on page 104) for which the **spelling** of the street or major recipient name was changed by Dialogpost Manager. The icon for this address type also is the "green tick".

Default

By clicking the button *Default* you can always reset the settings to application default.

Report tab

This tab allows you to select the information which will be listed in the created address check report. In detail these are the following options:



Show statistics

If you show the statistics of the address check in the report, all relevant address check information and *results* (on page 104) will be given.

Report of address check (summary)* Project: Demo Professional			Status: 20.01.2014 Page 1 of 2
Statistics:			
Postally correct addresses:	26.695	86,62 %	
Manually corrected addresses:	6	0,02 % *	
Automatically corrected addresses:	603	1,96 % *	
Thesaurus corrected addresses:	11	0,04 %	
Addresses with changed spelling:	130	0,42 %	
Addresses with incorrect address types:	0	0,00 %	
Postally incorrect addresses:	1.380	4,48 %	
International addresses:	1.993	6,47 %	
Total:	30.818	100,00 %	
*Reported addresses here			

Show complete address

If this option is activated, you will see all address types which may be available in a data record regardless of which is selected to be written to.

Released address types are visually emphasized by showing the unmarked address types in italics.



Show Company2 field

This option integrates the Company2 field into the address block in the report. Thus, more information on each data record is listed.



Show original address

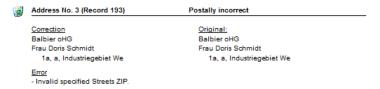
You can use this option to integrate the original version of all automatically or manually changed addresses into the report. In this way, you can identify and compare the changes which have been made.



Show error messages

The error messages list the reasons why an address was identified as postally incorrect.

They can be used to identify the problem for each data record which was existing prior to the automatic or manual check, or otherwise why the address still does not comply with the postal regulations after the check.



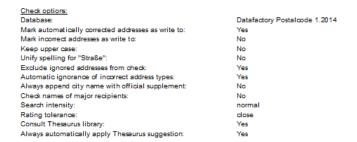
Do not separate addresses for pagination

By checking this option each address is printed on a report page only if it **completely** fits to it. If not, its printing would be forwarded to the subsequent page. This option guarantees a relative and mutual independence from the page sequence on the one hand but normally increases the total number of report pages on the other.

Show chosen options

If this option is checked, all selected *options* (on page 95) for the current run of the address check will be listed in the report. Additionally, the used postal routing data version is included. Later conclusions about the address check results can be drawn and serve as a useful tool for result analysis especially for people

who have not done the address check personally.



Preview

You can use this button to launch the print preview of the protocol.

You will find more information on the additional options in the Print Preview (on page 449) chapter.

Default

By clicking the *Default* button you can always reset the settings to application default.

4.6. Duplicate search



This menu item is not available for Postwurfspezial.

This Dialogpost Manager function searches the current address file for multiple existing addresses which unnecessarily increase costs and make a bad impression on the recipient.





As soon as you have run the duplicate search once the respective *menu item* will get a submenu where you can directly access the report. This can be also done at any time via the *Quick Clicks* (on page 13) of the overview item **duplicate search**. If you start the duplicate search once again, e.g. due to not having been able to process all results from a previous run, the recent reports can be read via the submenu *report archive*.

The specific procedures of Dialogpost Manager recognize not only identical data records but also use phonetic methods and work with fuzzy logic.

There is, however, a basic prerequisite for all duplicates which has to be met: The city must be similar, i.e. the ZIPs of the potential duplicates have to be in the same range of a so-called "Postort" (postal city).



Therefore the duplicate search will work far better after the address check has been properly executed.

In order to make it clear which duplicate forms may appear in an address file, we have provided an example where all four data records can be easily identified as duplicate by Dialogpost Manager.

Company 1	Company 2	Street	P.O. Box	ZIP (street)	ZIP (P.O. Box)	ZIP (ma- jor recipi- ent)	City (major recipient)
Gercke	Gbr.		1200		59172	59172	Kamen
Gehrke	MoBau	Unna 25		59174			Kamen
Gärcke		Unnaer Str. 23-27		59174			Kamen
Gerke	Modellbau	Unnar Str. 25		59174			Kamen



Dialogpost Manager facilitates your decision on selecting the addresses which will be written to by offering you more than the default fields for *selection* (on page 122).



If you do not want to run the duplicate search for the current project, you can mark this by right-clicking the entry duplicate search in the overview. You can nevertheless launch it. This function is only for informational purposes.

addr

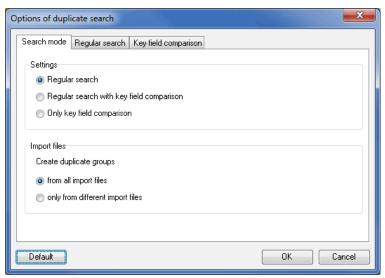
Duplicate search is dimensioned for a maximum of 2 million addresses in the project. It is possible that it will work with more addresses as well. However, this is subject to the individual conditions of both the address data and the available system resources.

4.6.1 Options

You can adjust the duplicate search with the help of the options and thus receive even better results.

You can use the *Default* button at any time to undo your settings and restore the preset program options.

Search mode tab



You have to determine on this tab in the Settings area which of the three search modes shall be used:

- Regular search: Here, the similarity of the fields "Company 1", "Company 2", the address fields (incl. country) und "Name" field are checked. Dedicated fields can be incorporated via the options in the regular search (on the current page) area.
- Regular search with key field comparison: You can add more fields via the key field settings (on page 121).
 Select those fields which clearly identify the record like e.g. the "Customer no." or ID fields. Thus,
- Only key field comparison: If you selected this mode, you exclusively restrict the search to the chosen key fields. The settings in the **Regular search** are disabled. The key field comparison will be executed as pure collation (i.e. without fuzzy logic).

you can also include e.g. the department or postal irrelevant fields in the search.

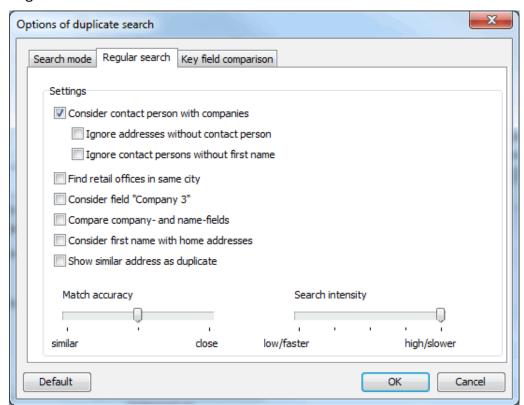
The proper settings will be defined on the respective tabs.

In the **Import files** area you can decide whether you want to create duplicate groups from all addresses or only if the potential duplicates come from different import files. For the latter, activate the correspondent option.



This area is only enabled if more than one address file has been imported.

Regular search tab



Consider contact person with companies

If you have two contact persons for one company in your database both records will be recognized as duplicates. You can avoid this by activating this option. Now the field "Contact person" will also be taken into account and the fields "First name" and "Last name" will be searched. Keep this option deactivated if you want to make sure that every company is only written to once.

Ignore addresses without contact person

If a company address is stored several times in your database, with and without contact person, the duplicate search will collect all such records in one duplicate group. Activate this check box if you want to use all records (with and without contact person) in your mailing.

Ignore contact persons without first name

This option works the same way. Suppose you have for a company multiple address records with the same last name of the contact person in your database, **with** and **without** first name. Then, the duplicate search will collect all such records in one duplicate group. Activate this check box if you want to use all records (**with** and **without** first name) in your mailing.

Find subsidiaries in same city

If you want to look for subsidiaries in the same city, those data records where the addresses differ within the same city but where the names are similar are also shown as duplicates (e.g. with subsidiaries of a bank in Berlin or Munich).

Company 1	Company 2	Street ZIP	City	
Deutsche Post AG	Center-Filiale Köln 1	Breite Str. 6-26	50667	Kölr
Deutsche Post AG	Center-Filiale Köln 30	Venloer Str. 241-245	50823	Kölr
Deutsche Post AG	Center-Filiale Köln 41	Geibelstr. 29-31	50931	Kölr
Deutsche Post AG	Center-Filiale Köln 71	Lyoner Passage 14	50765	Kölr

Consider field "Company 3"

The duplicate search takes also permutations of the fields "Company 1" and "Company 2" into account as illustrated in the following example:

Company 1	Company 2
$form + stil \; M\"{obelfabriken} \; KG$	Fritz Lehmenkühl
Fritz Lehmenkühl	$form + stil \ M\"{obelfabriken} \ KG$

Using this option, the field "Company 3" will also be considered. Please note that search performance will decrease.

Company 1	Company 2	Company 3
$form + stil \; M\"obelfabriken \; KG$	Fritz Lehmenkühl	
Fritz Lehmenkühl		$form + stil \ M\"{obelfabriken} \ KG$

Compare company and name fields

It often occurs that company and name fields are e.g. swapped or that a sole trader is collected as company and as individual.

Company 1	Company 2	Firstname	Lastname
		Peter	Gündels
Rechtsanwalt	Peter Gündels		

This option will help you detecting those cases; Dialogpost Manager will compare all permutations.

Consider first name with home addresses

By default, only last name and address are taken into account by the search, i.e. every household will only be written to once.

First name	Last name	Street ZIP	City	
Heike	Kurz	Eupener Str. 19	52066	Aachen
Peter	Kurz	Eupener Str. 19	52066	Aachen

If you activated this option, every family member will be considered and will not be detected as duplicate.

Show similar address as duplicate

If two individuals possess the same address, i.e. live in the same building, they will be regarded as duplicates if this option is checked. The same holds for companies; however, companies and individuals with similar address will not be shown as duplicates.

Make sure that this option will not be used if your address file contains high-rises or industry parks where all companies have similar addresses. Otherwise, all records will be shown in one duplicate group.



This option will be automatically deactivated if you reduce search intensity.

Slider "Match accuracy"

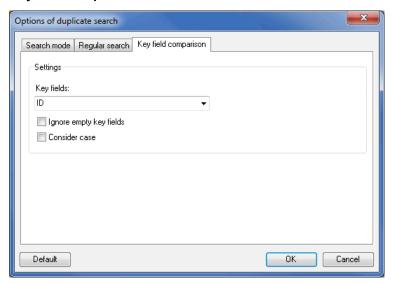
By using this slider you can define the degree which has to be met if two field contents shall be treated as similar and thus lead to a duplicate. Especially last names or company names are often written incorrectly (typos or similar). The slider's default position (middle) normally is sufficient. If you want to detect more similar spellings, push the slider to the left.

If you receive a lot of pseudo duplicates, push it to the right to "close".

Slider "Search intensity"

If the address database is relatively large (20,000 addresses and more) or if the addresses are only spread over a few routing regions, it is recommended to reduce the search intensity. A lower intensity causes the duplicate search to mutually compare fewer addresses because fewer parameters will be taken into account. Thus, it is possible that there remain some duplicates undetected.

Key field comparison tab



Key fields

Using this dropdown menu you can select the fields by activating the respective check boxes.

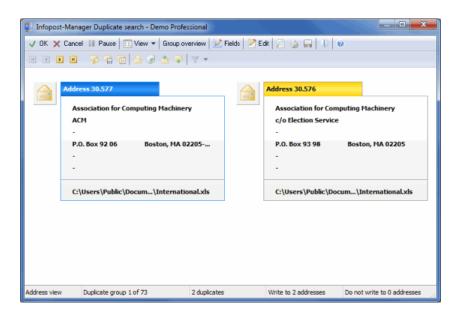
Ignore empty key fields

If this option is activated, empty key fields will not be taken into account. For instance, if the key field "Customer no." is empty for lots of records, the duplicate search detects those records as duplicates. Checking the option avoids such an unwanted behavior.

Consider case

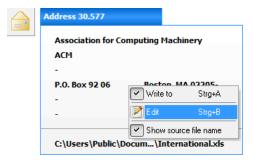
By default, e.g. "eBay", "ebay", "Ebay" or "EBAY" will be similarly treated and thus will be shown in one duplicate group. Activate this option if you do not want the duplicate search to show duplicates which differ in case.

4.6.2 Results



The found duplicates are shown combined in groups. Thus, you can immediately decide whether or not they are really similar, and if yes, which of the listed addresses should be written to. You can use the navigation arrows to browse these groups.

By right-clicking an address, you will either edit it, release or lock it for writing to. You can also do this by single-clicking the icon (an **envelope** which means that the address should be written to, the **recycle bin** which means that the address will not be used or by double-clicking the respective address.

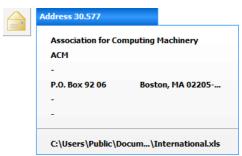


Views

The results of the duplicate search can be shown in two different views:

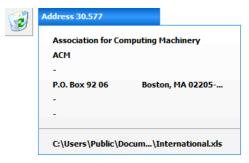
Address block view

The address block view has similarities with an address label.



An **envelope** next to the address indicates that this address will be written to. By single-clicking the envelope or by double-clicking on the addresses you can change the duplicate status to "not released for writing to".

This marking can also be undone outside the duplicate search in the address management (on page 68) using the option *Ignore address*.

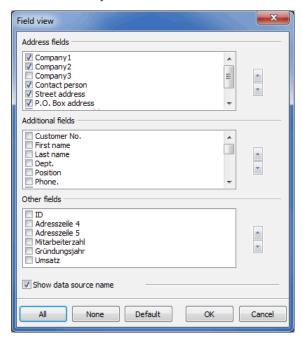


Add additional fields

By default, only the address fields are shown for any record. You can use the button *Fields* to show more fields which makes it easier to distinguish between potential duplicates.

The fields which can be selected depend on the options which you have selected during field assignment prior to *importing the addresses* (on page 48); only those fields which you transferred from your source file

are available to you here.



If your address file contains only individual addresses, the fields which are available for selection change - the fields Company 1 to Company 3 will no longer be shown.

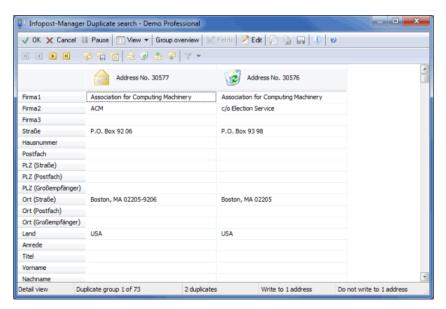
You can use the button *All* to select all listed fields. The button *None* deactivates all fields while the *Standard* button resets the selection to the default Dialogpost Manager settings.

The activated option *Show data source name* shows the source file's path and name for each duplicate address .

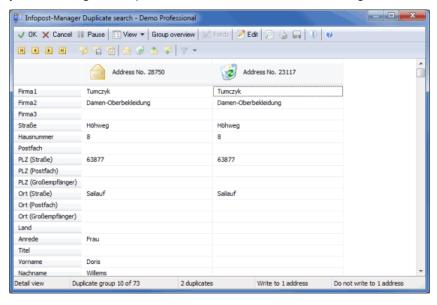


Table view

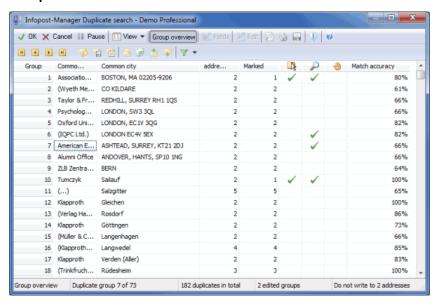
In this view all record fields are listed and the duplicates are tiled in the table columns. Thus, more information is available than in the "address block" view, which can be used for comparing the different duplicate group entries.



An "envelope" over an address means that this address should be written to. By single-clicking the envelope you can change the duplicate status to "not released for writing to".



Group overview



In this view all duplicate groups are listed one below the other without showing the dedicated duplicates. The columns "Common company name" (with individual addresses: "Common name") and "Common city" list the information which are identical or very similar for all addresses within the duplicate group.

The corresponding content of the first address from the respective duplicate group is shown:

If the corresponding text is "completely written" this means that precisely this text is similar in all addresses.

If the corresponding text is "written in brackets" this means that the duplicates were recognized due to phonetic similarity (e.g. Smiths Cosmetics and Smythes Cosmetics).

A word ending with "..." is similar for all addresses in the duplicate group up to the last shown character. Only the endings or continuations are different.

In the "Addresses" column the potential duplicate number is listed; the "Marked" column gives information on how many of these addresses are actually to be written to.

In the "Duplicate markings edited" column, all data records are marked whose status was changed during duplicate search - either manually or by using a selection button valid for all entries.



The "Duplicate group viewed in detail" column clarifies which of the groups have already been opened without changes necessarily having been made.



The "Indicates ambiguous markings" column is marked if one of the selection buttons *Mark address with most data* or *Mark by date field* was activated previously but Dialogpost Manager was unable to make a clear decision. These groups must be processed manually if only one or only selected addresses are to be written to.



The "Match accuracy" column shows how well discarded addresses match kept ones. Smaller values may indicate pseudo duplicates.



If one of the listed groups is selected, it can be opened by clicking on the button *Group overview*. Now, the contained duplicates can be edited. You can use the same button to change from this view back to the view showing the duplicate groups.

Selection button for all duplicate groups

lcon	Explanation
7	Use this button to automatically mark only this address record for writing to with the most data.
	Prioritize your address data sources to allow for the address with the highest priority to be selected automatically; more detailed information can be found <i>below</i> (on the next page).
S	Activate a record for writing to based on a date (oldest, youngest); more detailed information can be found <i>below</i> (on this page).
	Use this button to mark all records for writing to.
	Use this button to lock all records; none of the addresses will be marked for writing to.
	To mark only the first record of each group, you have to use this button.
	By using this button, you mark only the last record.
7	Use this button to filter the table by match accuracy or edited and not-edited addresses, respectively.



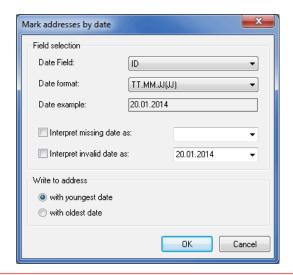
Important

If you select the *Group overview* option, the six selection buttons no longer apply only to the current duplicate group but to all groups simultaneously. This can fasten the decision which address is to be written to.

Please note, however, that by using this function decisions already taken regarding individual duplicates will be overruled.

Activating a record based on a date

Marking a record based on a date is more complex the way that you can define the behavior in a preceding dialog.



When using this option it is mandatory that your address list contains at least one date field which also had to be imported.

Select the field containing the date to be considered via the dropdown menu *Date field* and specify one of the supported formats via *Date format*.

If desired, you can advice Dialogpost Manager how to handle empty or invalid field contents with the options Set missing date as and Set invalid date as.

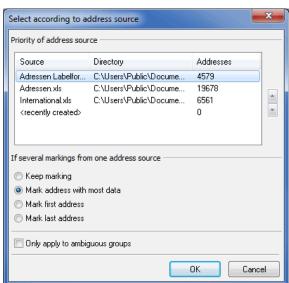
In area **Write to address** you finally decide whether you want to write to the address with the **youngest** or the **oldest** date. The selected options for invalid or missing dates are surely taken into account.



Once you clicked the button it will be extended by an arrow. You will be able to change the settings anytime using this arrow.

Prioritization of data sources

If you for example bought or leased foreign addresses, you have to synchronize them with your own addresses. With activated module Professional, in duplicate search you will find a button with which you can specify the priority of the data source.



With duplicate groups containing addresses from different address sources only that address will be marked which originates from the source file with the highest priority. The priorities in the list view are descending, i.e. the topmost file has highest, and the bottommost has lowest priority.

If duplicates originate from one single address source, you can determine using the options in *If duplicate group from one address source* which record shall be marked.

The option *Only apply to ambiguous groups* can only be checked if at least one duplicate group is unambiguous. When using this option Dialogpost Manager offers you the capability of handling these special groups in a sophisticated way, for instance by choosing other options like 'Select first address'. After confirming the chosen options are only applied to these groups.



Once you clicked the button it will be extended by an arrow. You will be able to change the settings anytime using this arrow.

Chosen options

By clicking the button **!** you open a window which shows the chosen options for the current duplicate search.



Control buttons



Exits the duplicate search and accepts the selection made for the current project. Addresses for which the "Write to address" option is not checked will be marked in the current project as inactive and will not be written to. This marking can be undone in the address management by choosing "Use address".



Exits the result view of the duplicate search without retrieving the automatic or manual changes to the address file.



Stops editing the project and saves the current state of processing. You can recommence work on the duplicate search as soon as the project is reopened. In the meantime, no changes can be made to this project.

Edit

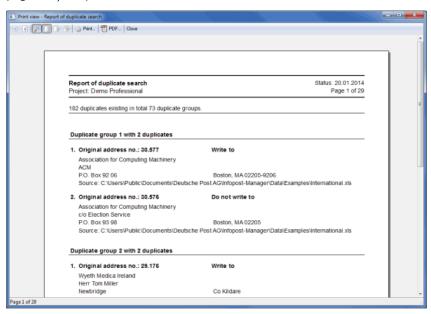
This button opens a dialog window where you can make changes to the selected record. You will find more information on the options on the three tabs by following *this link* (on page 68).

Report

The results of the duplicate search are stored in a report which will be shown via clicking the button *Preview*. By clicking the other buttons you can print this report or export it as text file.



You will find more information on the additional options of the Report preview in the *Print Preview* (on page 449) chapter.



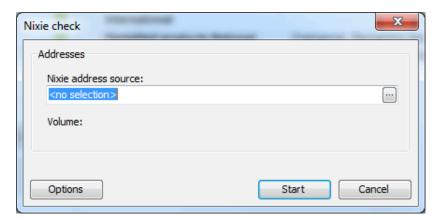
In addition to the duplicate search results the record numbers for the respective addresses in its source file will be listed as well as an indication of whether or not the address will be written to.

4.7. Nixie check



This menu item is not available for Postwurfspezial.

This function of Dialogpost Manager checks the current project's address database against a so called nixie file which e.g. contains your insolvent customers.



In the Addresses area you locate the nixie file which you want to check your addresses against.

In order to do that click the <u>u</u> button. You are directed to the familiar *Import* (on page 48) dialog where you can also assign the fields and even apply *Import* (on page 60) templates.

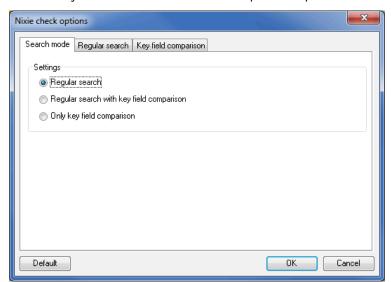
Right after the import the **Volume** of the nixie file will be shown.

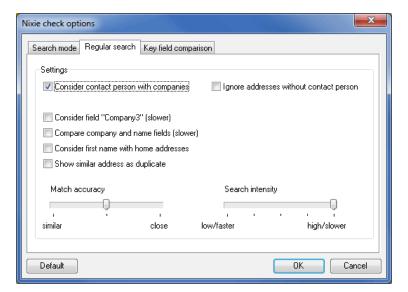


As soon as you have run the nixie check once the respective *menu item* will get a submenu where you can directly access the report.

4.7.1 Options

You can adjust the nixie check with the help of the options and thus receive even better results.



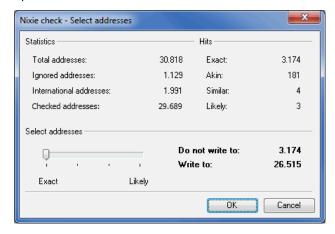


The settings are similar to those of the duplicate search (on page 117).

4.7.2 Results

After the check is completed you will see statistics that display the number of checked addresses. Furthermore you can see the respective number of **exact**, **akin**, **similar** or **likely** equal addresses.

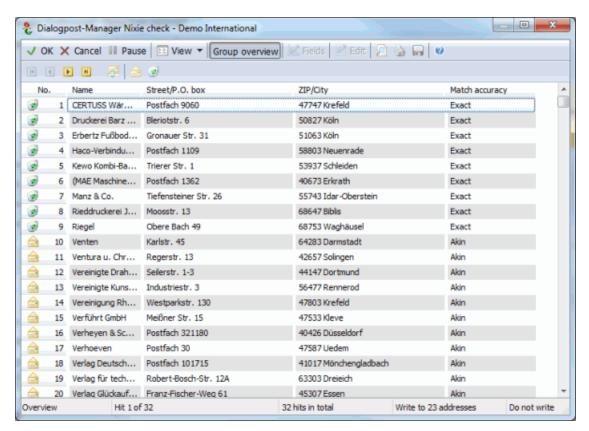
You can then define the degree of conformity that decides which addresses will be sorted out prior to optimization:



To specify this use the slider in the **Select addresses** area. Each vertical line on the scale matches one of the options mentioned above.

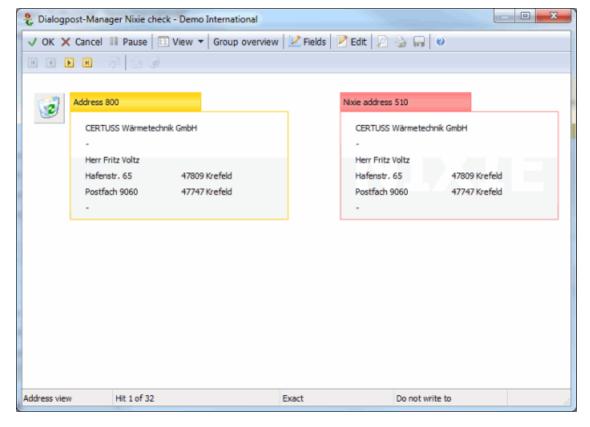
In the lower right corner you can directly see how many addresses would not be written to with the chosen option.

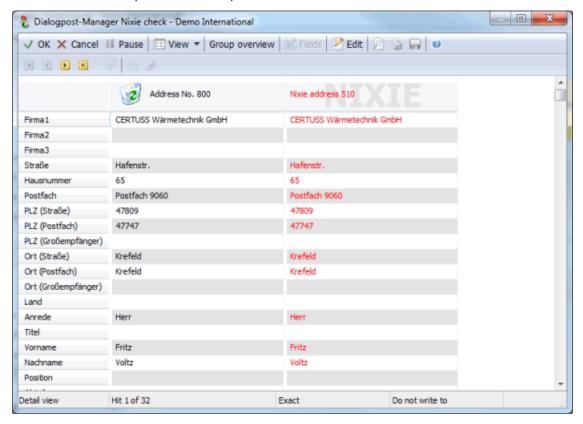
After having confirmed your settings by clicking the OK button the results will be shown in the Results window.



The detected Match accuracy degree will be shown in a separate column.

In principle the presentation of the results is similar to the *duplicate search* (on page 122). The main difference is that there are no duplicate groups but simple address tuples.





The table view is comparable to the duplicate search as well.

For each shown address you can decide whether or not it shall be written to. You already preset this decision by selecting the necessary match accuracy degree in the previous dialog. You can call this window once again and specify another match accuracy degree via clicking the \mathbb{A} button.

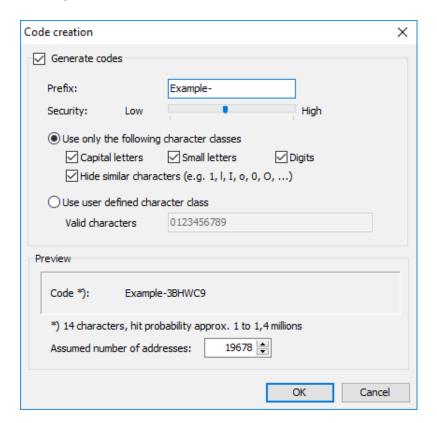
4.8. Code creation

Dialogpost Manager supports the creation of fraud resistant codes for all mailing items. These unique codes can then be integrated in a *mail merge document* (on page 292), and thus become accessible to the recipient. This can allow for providing the recipient access to extended, personalized content, for example via a web page.



As soon as the codes have been assigned, the menu item *Code creation* will get a submenu with which the settings for code creation can be adjusted, and new codes can be created.

4.8.1 Settings



Generate codes

Activate check box Generate codes to use this feature.

Set the security level using the throttle: The higher the security level shall be the more characters will have to be used for the creation of the codes. You may also add a fixed prefix.

With activated option *Use only the following character classes* you can define the characters which will be contained in the code in favor of the code's readability (but in disfavor of the code security):

- Capital letters A to Z will be used.
- Small letters a to z will be used.
- Digits 0 to 9 will be used.
- *Hide similar characters* disables confusable characters (such as small L and digit 1 or capital O and digit 0) from code creation. Thus, the danger of a code being misinterpreted will be reduced.

Choose option *Use user defined character class* if you want to determine the characters to be used for the code creation. For that purpose you have to enter at least nine different characters. The more characters you assign to the character class the less characters are used for the code creation - with sustained security.



If you use this option, please take care that confusable characters (e.g. capital S and digit 5) will not be used. This will minimize the risk of a code being faulty entered by the user.

Preview

In the **Preview** you can see in every step how typical codes will look like depending on your settings.

Additionally, the probability is calculated of a code being correctly guessed resp. of how many attempts

will be needed in average to get a single correct code using brute force methods.

You can set the address volume in field **Assumed number of addresses** to a value other than the current project size. This might be useful for simulating the consequences for a later code creation.



Rules for the code length

The higher the security level the longer the code will be.

The smaller the character class the longer the code will be.

The larger the address volume the longer the code will be.

When you close the window with OK, codes will automatically be created and assigned to the addresses.

4.8.2 Create codes

With submenu item *Create codes* new codes will be generated with the current settings and assigned to the addresses. This function may be useful if you have imported new addresses after you have specified the code creation settings.

After the codes were created, data field *generated code* (on page 346) is available to provide the code of each address.

5 Preparation menu

You can use this menu to provide all required information on the items themselves, on production in trays or bundles, and, where appropriate, on pallets. In addition, this is where you choose how you would like Deutsche Post to invoice your projects. After all the settings have been specified, finally the postage optimization will be executed which calculates the minimum total charge.

Another feature of Dialogpost Manager enables you to initiate the data transfer for your current project. If you have questions concerning this topic, please contact the *IT CSP hotline* (on page ??).



Modules International optimization, Vario and Job splitting

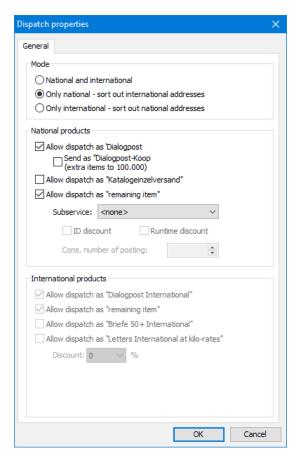
With activated module **International optimization** you will get another menu item *Dispatch properties* which will be used to define the dispatch of international items. By using the **Vario** module you can also specify the required variants. Additionally, the production and the dispatch of your mailshot can be distributed to several suppliers via the **Job splitting** module. Details can be found in chapter *International optimization* (on page 378), *Vario* (on page 399) and *Job splitting* (on page 413).

5.1. Dispatch properties



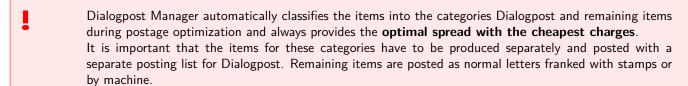
Menu item Dispatch properties is not available for Postwurfspezial projects.

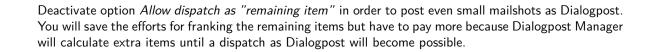
In this dialog window you define the properties for the dispatch of national items.



Normally there are two kinds of dispatch available: The options *Allow dispatch as "Dialogpost"* and *Allow dispatch as "remaining item"* are enabled per default.

If you are *Dialogpost-Koop* customer you can advice Dialogpost Manager to automatically pay extra items during optimization in order to reach 100,000 items if the mailshot volume should be too low. Just activate the appropriate check box.

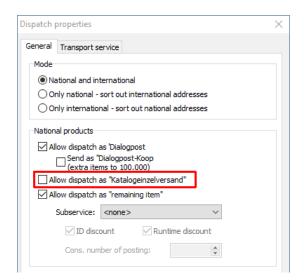




The properties set here can also be predefined as default for future projects. To do so set them once under *Extras - Options* on the tab *Settings* in the section *Apply dispatch properties to all new projects* (on page 235).

Individual Katalog dispatch

If your mailshot complies to the requirements of Individual Katalog dispatch, which means that the items are classified as "Katalog" and their format is "Groß- or Maxi item" with wrapping, there will be an additional option Allow dispatch as "Individual Katalog dispatch" available.

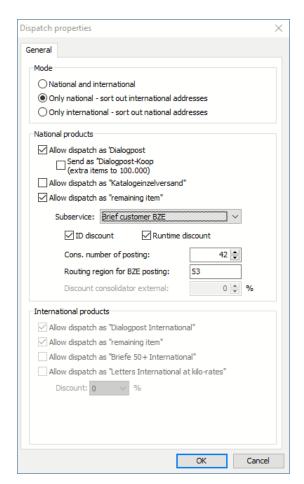


"Individual Katalog dispatch" is only allowed for catalogs that are send by Dialogpost. It is only meant for single catalogs which have returned before or which have been reordered and don't comply to the minimum quantity needed for Dialogpost items. These items can only be delivered to major acceptance offices.

When producing as Individual Katalog dispatch specific production lists are available in the *Results menu* under the option *Individual Katalog dispatch* (on page 183). In addition Dialogpost Manager's *mail merge* (on page 257) will be extended to a corresponding address category.

Subservices

If remaining items are allowed, you can specify that for dispatch of the remaining items subservices will be performed. Please note that this option requires the use of IT franking.



You can use the selection list to specify the type of subservices. A distinction is made here between "BZA" - dispatch from a letter center to all routing regions in Germany and "BZE" - posting and dispatch to the routing region of the posting letter center. In addition, it is indicated who provides the partial service.

None

No subservice will be provided.

Brief customer BZA

The subservice BZA is provided by sender.

Brief customer BZE

The subservice BZE is provided by sender.

Brief consolidator BZA

The subservice BZA is provided by lettershop.

Brief consolidator BZE

The subservice BZE is provided by lettershop.

Brief consolidator external

The subservice is provided by a third party who combines several orders into one subservice posting.

If you meet the conditions to receive an ID discount, check the *ID discount* option. The ID discount is a prerequisite for the *Runtime discount*, which you can also select.

The sequence number of the posting can only be specified if the subservice is provided by you.

If the partial service is performed by you, the application will also generate the additional order (ZA) for the partial service for data exchange with Deutsche Post in addition to the posting order (EA). If the partial service is performed by a consolidator, the additional order must be created by the consolidator.

In the case of "BZE", it is necessary to specify the routing region of the acceptance office. Items that do not belong to this routing region will be optimized as Dialogpost and, if necessary, sorted out if additional costs would arise due to extra items.

If discounts are passed on by an external subservice provider, these can be specified in the "Discount consilidator external" field.

If the subservice is provided by you, the application also generates the additional order (ZA) for the subservice for data exchange with Deutsche Post in addition to the posting order (EA). If the subservice is provided by a third party, the additional order must be created by the third party.



International optimization module

The activated module **International optimization** will enable you to dispatch international products like "International letters at kilo rate" either. Furthermore you can define the way international items should be shipped. Details can be found in chapter *International optimization* (on page 378).

5.2. Item properties

All required information on the dimensions, the content and the franking for the items is entered in this dialog box. In the lower part of the window information on the charges due for the categories **Dialogpost** and **remaining items** are always available.

Dialogpost Manager automatically classifies the items into the categories Dialogpost and remaining items during postage optimization and always provides the **optimal spread with the cheapest charges**. It is important that the items for these categories have to be produced separately and posted with a separate posting list for Dialogpost. Remaining items are posted as normal letters franked with stamps or by machine.



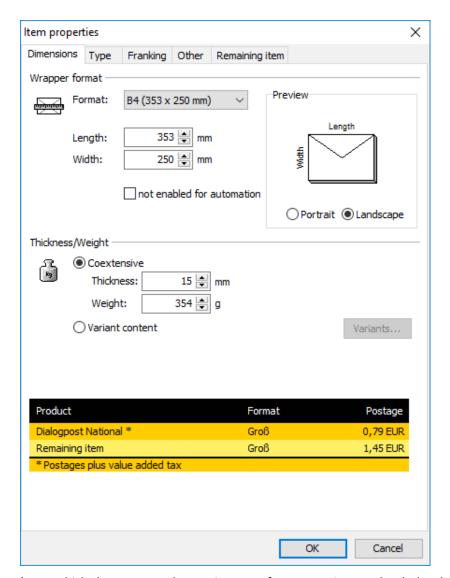
Modules International optimization and Vario

If the **International optimization** module is activated the national and international charges will be shown in a clear table. By using the **Vario** module this table is extended by the respective variants as long as multiple variants are used. On new tabs, you can define the franking type for international items or define the required variants. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 374) and *Vario* (on page 399).

5.2.1 Dimensions

This tab manages all the information on the format and weight of the items in the current project.

Dialogpost Manager offers several standard formats for the **item dimensions** in a dropdown menu. If the dimensions of your item do not correspond to one of these formats, they can also be entered manually.



Items which do not meet the requirements for automation can be declared as such with the option *not* enabled for automation. You will need this option e.g. for very small items.

You will see in the lower status bar of the current window that the charge is adjusted immediately when a **weight** change is made. It is vital to state the precise weight in order to guarantee the correct calculation of the minimum charge.

Please note that the item weight can vary by up to 5% due to printing dyes, adhesives, paper clips, air humidity etc. With items weighing more than 50 g, this could cause a change in both the charge and the product (Standard or Groß). If you have any doubts regarding the weight, let your acceptance office confirm it.

Supplementary changes to the item properties will mandatorily mean that postage must be optimized again. Therefore, you should rather not change these settings once you have printed the addresses, forms and lists, or exported your address data from Dialogpost Manager, because the address sorting, and thus the total postage charge, may change - even due to a slight change in the database or in the item properties. This would mean that you would have to print and export the addresses, forms and lists again.

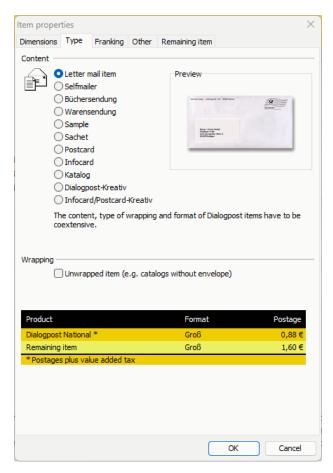
For small but nationwide mailshots with about 500 items it can be advantageous to use **Dialogpost Easy** rather than remaining items. The postage optimization will calculate whether Dialogpost Easy is the most favorable alternative.



Module Vario

By using the **Vario** module you may select either option *Coextensive* or *Variant content*. Please note that variants are not treated the same for Dialogpost and Postwurfspezial. As opposed to Dialogpost, even for variant content Postwurfspezial items cannot differ in thickness and weight. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 399).

5.2.2 Type



On this tab you can specify the **content type** of your items. Brief explanations help to select the right option.

You will find details on postal regulations in the product brochures which can be read via the *Help* - *Brochures* (on page 251) menu item or by contacting the *Hotline* (on page ??).

In particular with **remaining items** which cannot be sent as Dialogpost, it is worthwhile declaring the content type because book items or merchandizes can be sent cheaper than normal letter items.

Unwrapped items can only be posted as Dialogpost. Thus, the category remaining items does not apply in such mailshots.



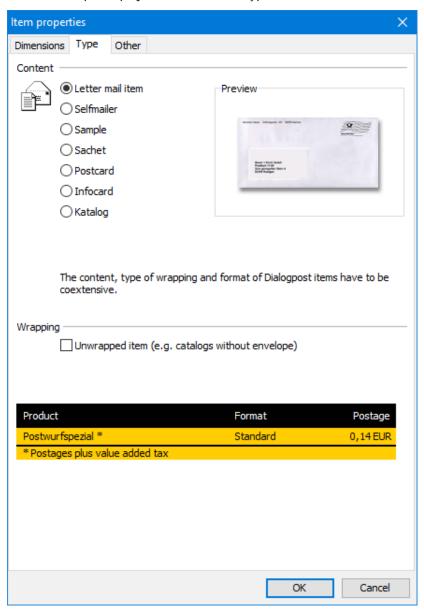
Hint for unwrapped items

If you want to send less than 5,000 unwrapped items, Dialogpost Manager provides an indication of how many additional items are necessary for the shipment to take place. You can use these values to decide whether it is worthwhile for you.

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Please note that for content type "Sachet" option **not enabled for automation** is mandatory. Also, on each routing label the word "Sachet" will be printed clearly, and an additional note "Sachet – nicht maschinenfähig" is required to be laid on top of each tray.

For Postwurfspezial projects some content types are not available.

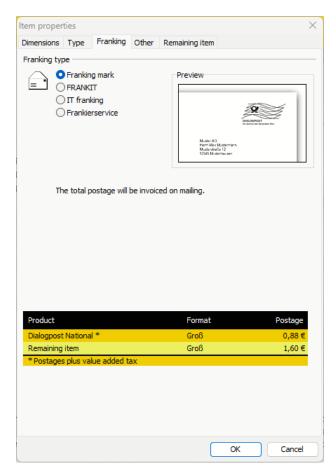


5.2.3 Franking



This tab is not available for Postwurfspezial.

Dialogpost items can be franked by a variety of types. In the right part of the window you will see the current preview of the various franking types.



Brief explanatory texts below the Preview explain each franking type; further information on the postal regulations can be found in the product brochures which can be read via the *Help - Brochures* (on page 251) menu item or by contacting the *Hotline* (on page ??).



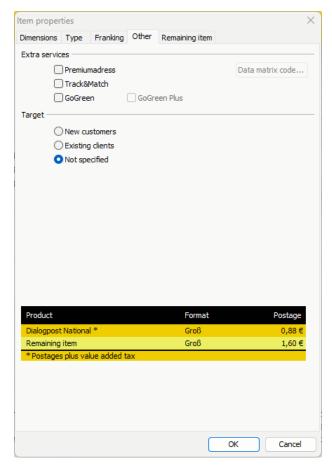
Franking marks can be printed easily on the envelopes in mail merge mode.

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Remaining items cannot be balanced with franking mark, but must be franked e.g. by machine or with a stamp.

5.2.4 Other

You may use various extra services.



If you want to use *Premiumadress* (on page 299) in your mailshot, activate the correspondent check box. Dialogpost Manager now informs you if the Premiumadress relevant information are not completely available in mail merge or export.

You can activate the check box *GoGreen* or the check box *GoGreen Plus* if you want to attend the environment program of Deutsche Post. Once activated, Dialogpost Manager makes the corresponding *position frame* (on page 305) available for mail merge. Further details can be found on the >Internet.

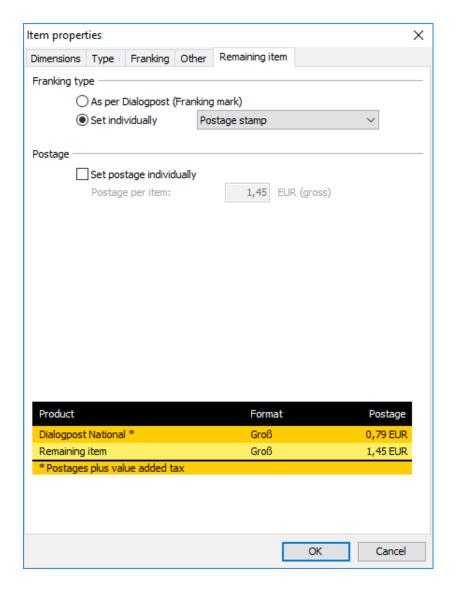
With *Track&Match* you will with a high degree of certainty know when and where your mailings enabled for automation will arrive. Early enough and to the day. Activate this check box if you want to use this extra service.

Please also specify the Target of your mailing.

5.2.5 Remaining item



For Postwurfspezial there are no remaining items. Therefore, this tab is not available in Postwurfspezial projects.



Franking type

In this area you can specify the franking type for remaining items. This is especially useful when choosing a franking type for Dialogpost items that is not allowed for remaining items.

Postage

Using option *Set postage individually*, you can let Dialogpost Manager calculate the total postage with a specific individual postage per item for remaining items.

5.2.6 Data matrix code

On this tab you can preallocate parameter required to create a data matrix codes. They will be used in Mail Merge to print *Premiumadress* (on page 299) or *Track&Match* (on page 304) impressions, respectively, as well as for *address exports* (on page 353).

A data matrix code is required if you use IT franking, Premiumadress, or Track&Match. This tab will only be visible in these cases.



Module International Optimization

Please note that you can use Premiumadress for national items only. For international items, product variant $\mathbf{0}$ - **keine** will therefore always be used, even if you have preallocated a different one here.

5.3. Production properties

Production includes putting the printed and packed items in trays or bundles, and where appropriate, combining the trays on pallets. The settings made here will have an impact on potential production rebates.

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The *Production guideline* (on page 348) explains in detail how to deal with trays and pallets. You can provide this guideline to the production staff in order to help them process the items of your projects.



Modules International optimization and Vario

If the **International optimization** module is activated you will be able define the sorting and a deviant production type for international items on a new tab. By activating the **Vario** module you can specify the variants' production properties and the production method (single vs. multi-flow) on an additional new tab. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 377) and *Vario* (on page 406).

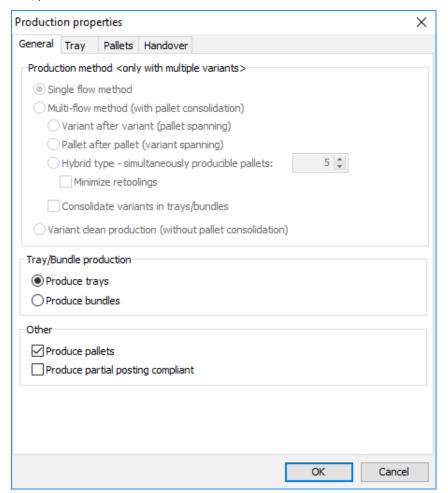
5.3.1 Dialogpost

Set the production properties of the current "Dialogpost"-project on the different tabs.

5.3.1.1 General

The items of your mailshot campaign must be placed into trays or combined in bundles sorted by ZIPs. Here you can provide the following further information on this:

Tray/Bundle production



As an alternative to trays, Groß and Maxi items may also be combined in bundles. The further options and the project's behavior depend on the chosen production type, e.g. the second tab may be named *Trays* (on the following page) or *Bundles* (on page 151). The choice of option also affects the appearance of the *Pallets* (on page 153) tab.



Bundle production is only selectable for Groß and Maxi items resp. for Dialogpost-Kreativ. Otherwise, the productions properties automatically indicates *Produce trays*.

Pallet production

Pallet production may have a considerable impact on the total charge by providing considerable rebates if at least 5,000 items are available. Pallets **must** be produced as soon as the total net weight of Dialogpost items exceeds 0.5 tons - the check boy will be automatically checked in those cases.



For Postwurfspezial pallet production is mandatory. In Postwurfspezial projects this option will therefore not exist, and tab pallets will always appear.

Partial postings

If you want to use *partial postings* (on page 163) with your project, Germany pallets or Germany trays respectively bundles must not be contained. Activate the check box in order to urge Dialogpost Manager to consider this restriction.



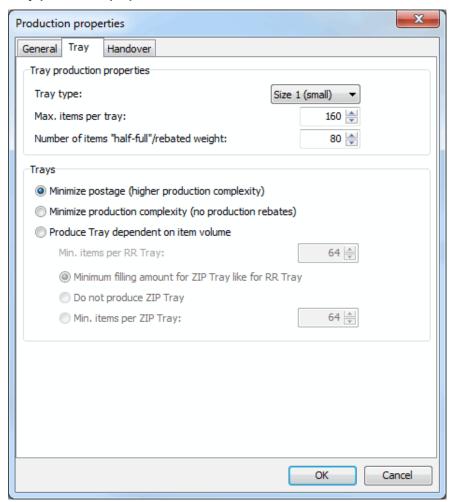
Module Vario

With activated module **Vario** you can also specify the production method. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 406).

5.3.1.2 Trays

Please ensure during production that all items within the trays are similarly arranged. The address block on the items have to face the tray label and the items have to be inserted upside-down if you are using trays of size 1.

Tray production properties



Dialogpost Manager proposes the assumed correct tray size. Groß items should only be posted in size 2 trays or quick trays.



Initially, Dialogpost Manager suggests trays. That is, if you want to use quick trays you will need to adjust the selection to quick trays of the same size.

Both Max. items per tray and Number of items "half-full"/rebated weight may be determined by the weight or thickness of your items.



Dialogpost Manager will calculate reasonable proposals for both values that are based on the provided item settings for weight and thickness. Since Dialogpost Manager does not know anything about the item's flexibility or compactibility, you should review these proposals and specify them as precise as possible here in order to simplify the production and to benefit from further production rebates.

Max. items per tray

The maximum number of items per tray is reached if either no more items fit in the tray or if the maximum allowed weight is reached. For heavy items, it is possible that you cannot fill the trays completely.

Example 1

You produce Standard items with a thickness of 2.5 mm and a weight of 18 g. You put these items in trays of size 1. In such a tray will then fit 160 items. This number of items will weigh barely 3 kg. This is much less than the allowed weight of 10 kg. In this case, 160 has to be entered in the field **Max. items per tray**.

Example 2

If you, by contrast, produce Groß items with thickness 5 mm and weight 500 g, the maximum weight of a tray matters much. Due to the item's thickness, 80 items would fit in a tray of size 2. They would, however, weigh 40 kg, and therefore way too much. Including the tray's own weight, the allowed weight of 10 kg would be reached with 17 items already. In this case, 17 has to be entered in the field **Max. items per tray**.

Number of items "half-full"/rebated weight

This value is very important for posting your items in trays, too, because e.g. rebates can only be granted for the production of ZIP trays if they are accepted by Deutsche Post as being half-full or if the respective minimum weight is kept.

Example 1

The examples above will be continued, beginning with the Standard items with thickness 2.5 mm and weight 18 g in trays of size 1. Such a tray would be half-full with 80 items, reaching a net weight of barely 1.5 kg. This is below the threshold of 2.5 kg, by which a tray of size 1 could be rebated irrespective of its filling level. In this case, 80 has to be entered in the field **Number of items "half-full"/rebated weight**.

Example 2

For the Groß items with thickness 5 mm and weight 500 g in trays of size 2, the item weight is crucial again. It takes 40 items to make the tray be visually half-full. However, a tray of size 2 can always be rebated if its net weight reaches 6 kg. This threshold is reached with 12 items already. In this case, 12 has to be entered in the field **Number of items "half-full"/rebated weight**.



You can obtain more information on the half filling amount from the Deutsche Post *Hotline* (on page ??) or from a Direct Marketing Center close to you.

Trays



Postwurfspezial places fix demands on how items are distributed to trays. The following options will therefore not be available within Postwurfspezial projects. Instead, the area *distribution* (on the following page) will become visible.

Checking the option *Minimize postage* (higher production complexity) lets Dialogpost Manager produce as much as possible routing region respectively ZIP trays (for Groß and Max items). Thus, you need more trays and production complexity increases.

Option *Minimize production complexity (no production rebates)* produces only so-called **Germany trays**. All items in these trays are sorted by ZIPs. Routing region or zone trays will not be produced and thus

no production rebates can be granted. With this option you will produce as less as possible trays and production complexity is minimal.

The last option *Produce trays dependent on number of items* directly affects the number of trays to be produced:

If the granted rebates do not amortize the production efforts which have to be spent for producing more trays (e.g. additional labor, stock or transportation costs) until a dedicated item number is reached, you can enter here the required values. The item numbers for RR and ZIP trays can be chosen mutually different, if desired, or you can decide not to produce ZIP trays at all. Either way the chosen option means that you are aware of loosing rebates unless a tray can be filled with the defined item quantity.

Distribution



This area is only visible in Postwurfspezial projects. Within one tray items are ordered by ZIP, within one ZIP by street, and within one street by even and uneven street numbers in ascending order.



For distribution of items across trays you may choose one of three options:

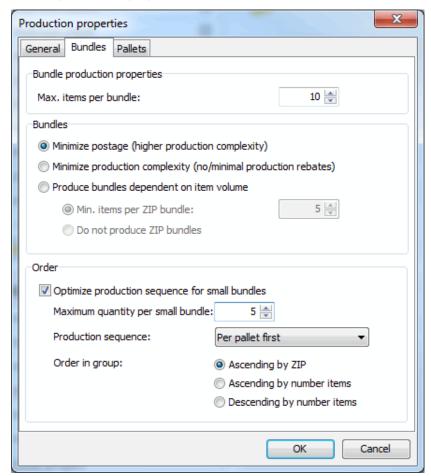
- 1. Maximum
 - Every tray will be filled with the possible maximum amount of items. Only the last tray of each tray target may therefore contain less items.
- 2. Complete compensation
 - Items will be evenly distributed across all trays of each tray target. That is, the amount of items will at most differ by one for each tray of one tray target.
- 3. Partial compensation
 - Every tray except for the last two of each tray target will be filled with the possible maximum amount of items. The remaining items of each tray target will be evenly distributed across these last two trays.

5.3.1.3 **Bundles**

If you have selected bundle production on the tab *General*, the tab *Bundles* appears instead of the tab *Trays*.

Ensure during production that all bundles are closely tied and that all address blocks are similarly arranged. Loose cording may result in bundles falling apart.

Bundle production properties



Here you specify the maximum number of items per bundle. Deutsche Post recommends a maximal bundle weight of $10\ kg$.

Bundles



Postwurfspezial places fix demands on how items are distributed to bundles. Therefore not all options will be available within Postwurfspezial projects.

Checking the option *Minimize postage* (higher production complexity) lets Dialogpost Manager produce as much as possible routing region respectively ZIP bundles. Thus, you have to produce more bundles and production complexity increases.

Option *Minimize production complexity (less production rebates)* particularly produces routing region and maybe some Germany bundles, but no ZIP bundles. With this option you will produce less bundles and production complexity decreases, but you also waive potential rebates.

The last option *Produce bundles dependent on number of items* directly affects the number of bundles to be produced:

If the granted rebates do not amortize the production efforts which have to be spent for producing more bundles (e.g. additional labor, stock or transportation costs) until a dedicated item number is reached, you can enter here the required values. The item numbers for RR and ZIP bundles can be chosen mutually different, if desired, or you can decide not to produce ZIP bundles at all. Either way the chosen option means that you are aware of loosing rebates unless a bundle can be filled with the defined item quantity.

Order

The option *Optimize production sequence for small bundles* enabled you to let the bundle production be dependent on the respective sizes. Because smaller bundles have to be tightened up with less force to avoid folding, this option helps you to reduce the times you have to change the settings of your strapping machine. Simply produce small bundles first and set up your strapping machine for normal bundles afterward.

In the text field **Maximum quantity per small bundle**, specify how many items a bundle can contain to still be treated as small bundle.

With the drop down box **Production sequence** you can specify whether you would like to have those bundles lying below or on top and whether you would like to produce them pallet spanning, per pallet, per pallet target, or per variant. Consequently, the order of the produced bundles will be adjusted (see *bundle list* (on page 176)).



Please note that *GSA* sorting (on page 348) of items of format Groß is prioritized over small bundles sorting. Sorting small bundles across pallets will therefore be violated often times. Within one pallet, small bundle sorting will only work reliably if on this pallet the trays/bundles all have the same or all have no GSA program.

By default, small bundles will be ordered *Ascending by ZIP*. However, you can also specify that the set of small bundles should be ordered ascending or descending by number items.

Distribution



This area is only visible in Postwurfspezial projects.



For distribution of items across trays you may choose one of three options:

1 Maximum

Every bundle will be filled with the possible maximum amount of items. For each bundle target at most one small bundle with less items will therefore be created.

2. Complete compensation

Items will be evenly distributed across all bundles of each bundle target. That is, the amount of items will at most differ by one for each bundle of one bundle target.

3. Partial compensation

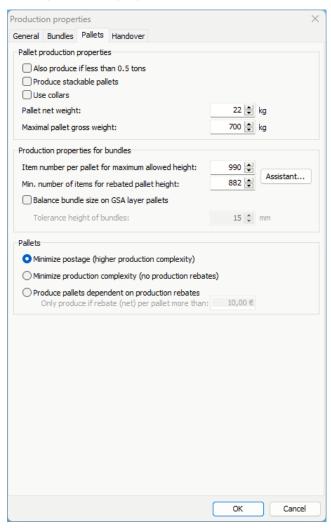
Every bundle except for the last two of each bundle target will be filled with the possible maximum amount of items. For each bundle target two small bundles will be created across which the remaining items will be evenly distributed.

Together with options *Maximum* and *Partial compensation* the option *Optimize production sequence for small bundles* offers the possibility to fill a pallet or pallet target sorted by bundle size in order to gain a better pallet stability.

5.3.1.4 Pallets

As soon as the total net weight exceeds 0.5 tons, trays or bundles have to be combined on Euro pallets. When producing pallets ensure that the transportation locks (bundles and trays) are suitable for multiple cargo handling processes. The maximal pallet height (incl. pallet) may be 1.8 m. Pallets may consist only of one item type - either bundles or trays.

Pallet production properties



Activate the check box *Also produce if less than 0.5 tons* if you want to benefit from possible pallet rebates by producing pallets although this is not required because the total weight does not exceed 0.5 tons.



For Postwurfspezial pallet production is mandatory. Within Postwurfspezial projects, this option will therefore not be visible.

If you want to stack your produced pallets, check *Produce stackable pallets*. Dialogpost Manager now decides how the various items (stored in trays) will have to be distributed on the various pallets, each but the last being stackable. Dialogpost Manager also takes the reduced maximal weight for stackable pallets of 600 kg in to account.

If you *use collars* and check the respective option, the maximum height of pallets will be reduced to 1 m. Dialogpost Manager will take this into account.

Enter the Pallet net weight in the respective field. The default value 22 kg holds for Euro pallets.

In the field **Maximal pallet gross weight** you can predefine the maximum weight of your pallets including all trays/bundles. Using this option your pallets will never outweigh the value you set here.



If you have for example a pallet rack of limited carrying capacity, this option enables you to produce only pallets that can be carried by your rack.

Production properties for trays

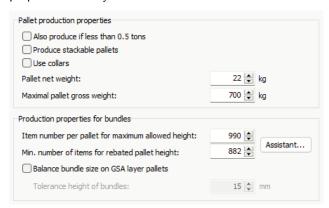
This area is only visible if you *produce trays* (on page 149). Otherwise, you will see here the production properties for bundles.

You can specify here the maximal tray number per pallet. Ensure that the pallets' gross weight does not exceed 700 kg (respectively. 600 kg for stackable pallets).

If appropriate, adapt the defaults for Trays per layer.

Production properties for bundles

This area is only visible if you *produce bundles* (on page 151). Otherwise you will see here the production properties for trays.

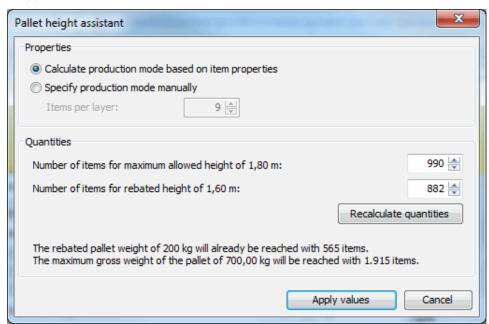


You can specify here the maximaum bundle number per pallet. With bundle production you can also specify the number of bundles with which a pallet will reach the rebated height of 1.60 m.



Even though no production discounts exist for Postwurfspezial, pallets have to be at least 1.60 m high as long as their maximum weight is not exceeded. In Postwurfspezial projects the term "rebated height" is therefore replaced by "minimum height".

Dialogpost Manager can help you to calculate both settings. Use button *Assistant* to open the assistant window.



Specify the number if bundles per layer on a pallet or let Dialogpost Manager calculate this number depending on the item format.

Using button *Recalculate quantities* Dialogpost Manager will calculate the number of bundles with which the maximum allowed height will be reached as well as the minimum number of bundles to reach a rebated minimum height. If this suggestion is not appropriate, you can also specify both values manually.

Postage optimization will use both numbers to spread the bundles on the pallets such that the number of bundles on each pallet will never lead to a height greater than the allowed maximum, but will preferably exceed the minimum height required for rebates.

Please note that a pallet that weighs at least 200 kg is rebated irrespective of its height. If your items are heavy it may well be that the number of bundles required to reach this weight is less than the number of bundles for a rebated height. In this case, a hint will appear below the button. This smaller threshold will then overrule the one of the rebated height.

In case of items of format Groß the option *Balance bundle size on GSA layer pallets* is availabe. If it is activated, bundles are produced on GSA layer pallets with the same height within a tolerance range that you can define, so that these can also be stacked automatically to produce stable pallets. This tends to result in more routing region bundles and fewer ZIP bundles.

Pallets



Postwurfspezial places fix demands on how items are distributed to pallets. The following options will therefore not be available within Postwurfspezial projects.

Checking the option *Minimize postage* (higher production complexity) urges Dialogpost Manager to produce as much as possible routing region respectively. routing zone pallets. Thus, you have to produce more pallets and production complexity increases.

When using the option *Minimize production complexity* (no production rebates) you are aware of loosing rebates which might have been granted for optimized pallet production. This might be useful, for instance, if the transportation costs for an increased pallet number exceeds the granted rebates. With this option checked, trays or bundles will be distributed on as fewer pallets as possible.

The last option *Produce pallets dependent on production rebates* directly affects the number of pallets to be produced:

Based on the stock and transportation costs, you can easily determine the costs for an additional pallet. Enter this value as rebate threshold. Dialogpost Manager only produces new routing region or routing zone pallets if the resulting postage discounts are higher than the production costs as compared to Germany pallets.



Example

You specify a threshold of $50 \in$. Based on this, the optimization result is:

4 RR pallets with respective rebates of 30 € , 45 € , 50 € , and 70 €

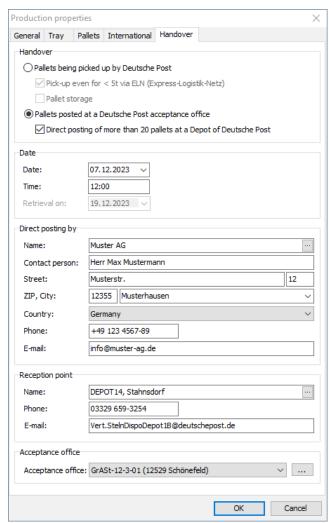
This result seems inappropriate at first because the rebates of two of the pallets do not exceed the defined threshold.

However, if those two RR pallets with rebates $30 \in \text{and } 45 \in \text{are not produced}$, a Germany pallet will be produced instead. Therefore, stock and transportation costs of only one pallet are omitted, saving $50 \in \text{.}$ This is compared to the total rebate of the two RR pallets of $75 \in \text{.}$ Altogether, producing two RR pallets costs $25 \in \text{.}$ less than producing one Germany pallet instead. This is why these two pallets are preferred.

You will find detailed information on the postal regulations regarding pallet production through the product brochures which can be read via the *Help* - *Brochures* (on page 251) menu item and from a Deutsche Post AG Direct Marketing Center.

5.3.1.5 Handover

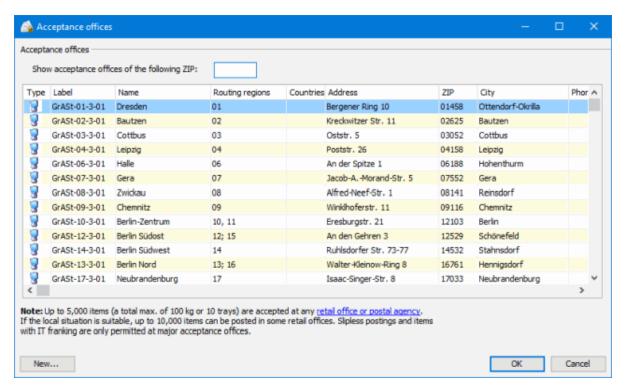




In the **Handover** area you can specify when and whether you want to post the items of your project by yourself (**posting**), or whether you want them to be picked up (**pick-up**). Pick-up via ELN transport usually requires a total item weight of at least 5t. If you plan to produce multiple mailings that are picked-up together, option *Pick-up even for 5t via ELN (Express-Logistik-Netz)* allows you to print the ELN form even for lower total item weights. If you have activated option *pallet storage* please also specify the date of retrieval.

In the **Date** area you can specify the date and time at which your items will be handed over to Deutsche Post.

If you have selected **posting** and use data transfer to order management system of Deutsche Post, area **Acceptance office** will appear. Select the acceptance office to which you will post your mailshot either via the drop down menu or by clicking the ____ button.

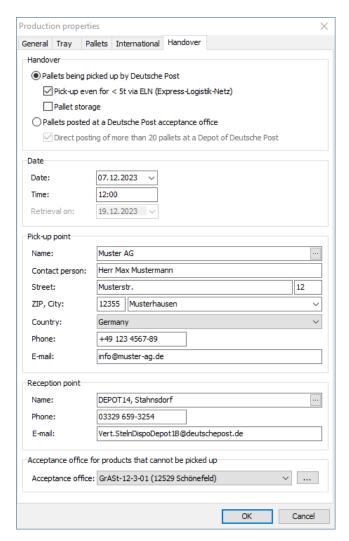


With button *New* you can also define custom acceptance offices, for example if the data at hand is outdated. Details can be found in menu *Extras* (on page 228).

If you produce more than 20 pallets and want to deliver them yourself, a ELN transport notification as for pick-up (see below) is required which you send to Deutsche Post by e-mail. For this, select option *Direct posting of more than 20 pallets at a Depot of Deutsche Post*. Areas **Direct posting by** and **Reception point** will become visible. They correspond exactly to **Pick-up point** and **Reception point** of pick-up (see below). That is, in **Direct posting by** please enter your address or the address of the one who delivers the mailing, respectively, and also select the desired **Reception point**.

If optimization calculates 20 or less pallets in the end, no ELN form will be created and the data specified here will simply be ignored. If, however, optimization calculates 21 or more pallets and no direct posting data was specified here, you will be prompted with an error message that asks you to specify the required data.

If you have selected pick-up, areas Pick-up point, Reception point, and Acceptance office for products that cannot be picked up will appear.



As pick-up point, please enter the address at which Deutsche Post shall pick up your mail shot. Select the reception point analogous to the acceptance office for **posting**. If your mailing contains products for which no pick-up is offered (e.g. remaining items), please also select the acceptance office to be used for these items just as for **posting**.

5.4. Postage optimization

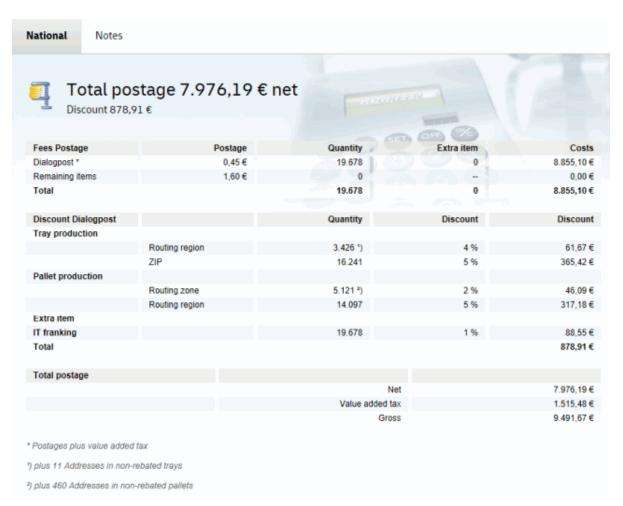
Based on the given information, Dialogpost Manager distributes all items within a few seconds into the categories **Dialogpost** and **remaining items** and produces the required sorting order of the addresses for *production* (on page 147).

At the same time, Dialogpost Manager calculates the minimum total charges which result from any possible extra items (see example below), from the item distribution into the three categories and from additional production rebates.



An **example** shall clarify the advantage of using extra items:

A nationwide mailshot consists of 4980 items. Since, however, the regulations of Deutsche Post AG for Dialogpost require at least 5000 items, you would have to pay the letter mail charge for every item. But if you add twenty virtual "extra items", you will only pay the reduced charge for Dialogpost. Since the letter mail charge is much higher than the Dialogpost postage, 5000 Dialogpost items are considerably more favourable than 4980 letter mail items.



You can see the values calculated in the project overview on the main screen.

The message Information give you possible explanations about the result of the optimization.



The optimization results are shown in the posting list (on page 188) and the project statistics (on page 191).

Optimization may be run several times, for instance in order to test various combinations of item and production properties.

If, however, you have taken further steps using the result of optimization (e.g. in mail merge or printing or exporting the addresses), you should **never make changes** which would require re-optimization. Otherwise, all print-outs (addresses, forms and lists) would have to be done again.



Module International optimization

With activated module **International optimization** the international charges will be shown on separate tabs. Details can be found in chapter *International optimization* (on page 383).

5.5. Payment method properties

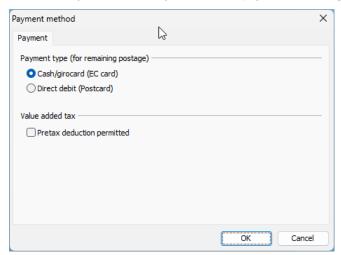
Deutsche Post AG offers a variety of ways to pay the due charges. Special agreements with Deutsche Post AG are required for some payment methods.



A bank account has to be defined in any case in order to allow Deutsche Post AG to refund unnecessarily paid charges. The hotline, which you can reach on phone $+49\ 180\ 5\ 334460$ (14 ct per minute or part thereof from a German landline or mobile phone network) or a Direct Marketing Center close to you will be glad to answer your questions about the various payment methods.

5.5.1 Payment

On this tab you define how you intend to pay the remaining postage.



Remaining postages are e.g. the postage costs if using the franking mark, the value added tax for Dialogpost etc. The latter also incur if you frank your items by yourself, e.g. via FRANKIT.

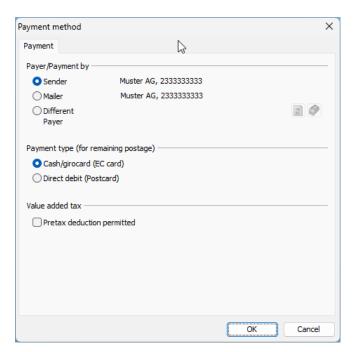
You can activate the pretax deduction permission by clicking the corresponding *check box*. These settings are important for Dialogpost Manager as they decide the postage optimization runs with pretax or after tax values.



Typically all users have a pretax deduction permission if they are **not**

- private end users
- part of the public authorities (federation, provinces or communes)
- small business owners who are not charged with any value added tax

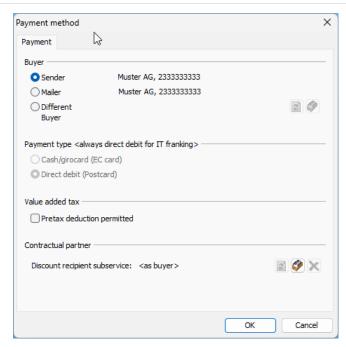
If you process a project as a lettershop on behalf of a customer you must at this point define the payer (resp. the buyer for "Dialogpost Schwer" projects) and his payment type.



If you choose option *deviant payer* you can select an address from your customer index, which is neither sender nor mailer, by clicking the button.



You can define the presets for the payer and his default payment type per customer resp. sender in the *customer index* (on page 212), Thus, you only have to define deviations from these presettings on a project by project basis.



In the "Contract partner" area, you can specify the discount recipient for subservice if this is different from the buyer.

5.5.2 Prepayment



This tab is not available for Postwurfspezial.

On this tab the postage is shown which is already paid by direct franking.

Hier fehlt ein Bild!

Additionally, you can specify here if you would like to stamp the remaining postage on the posting list. In order to do so activate the check box *Remaining postage stamped on list*.



Stamping remaining postage is only possible for the franking type FRANKIT.

5.6. Partial postings

Usually, and especially, with smaller projects, all items of a project are posted in one job.

With projects involving at least 10,000 items, however, you can also post your items in parts on different days. Staggering large mail shots can for instance save time and stock space and may relieve a Call Center which is responsible for acquiring responses.

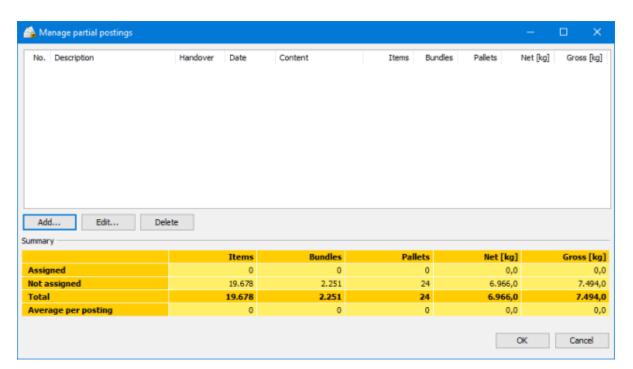
Ĭ

Partial postings may not contain any Germany pallets, Germany trays resp. Germany bundles. Activate the option *Produce partial posting compliant* during specifying the *production properties* (on page 147).

If you produce and post items of a project over several days, Deutsche Post regards the partial postings as one joint posting if the daily postings are implemented in self-contained ascending or descending routing zone blocks. At least 5,000 items must be posted in every partial posting, however.

The items which you would like to combine as partial postings must be determined by you. This is only possible after the postage costs have been successfully optimized.

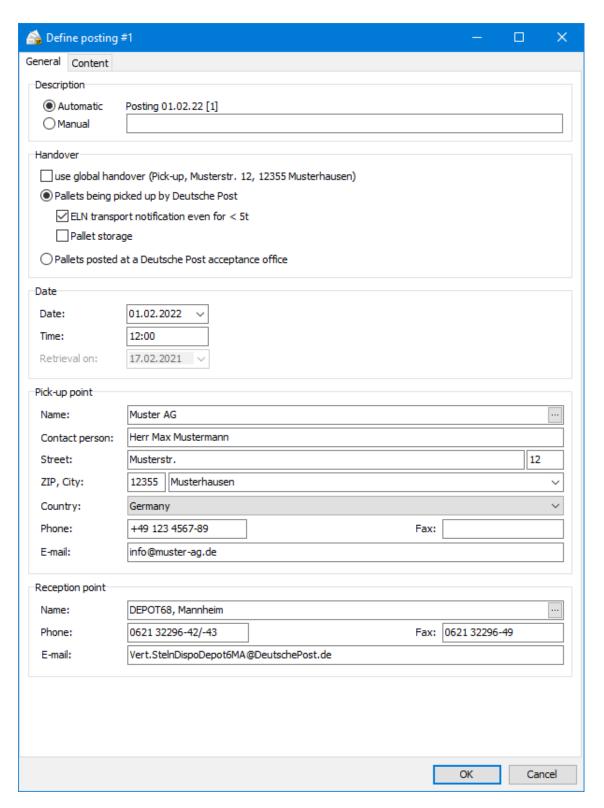
Once you have launched the menu item *Preparation - partial postings*, you will see in the lower area of the dialog box that initially no item is allocated to a partial posting. The number of trays and the weight is shown for your information.



You can define the first partial posting by using the *Add* button.

General tab

Here, you can redefine the handover values which you specified in the *production properties* (on page 157) for each partial posting.



Description

In this area you can set a designation for the current partial posting. You can choose between an automatic description, consisting of date, name of the supplier, partial posting number and a manual description.

Handover

The handover place or the acceptance office can be set here individually or independently of the various partial postings.

You can use the data from *production properties* (on page 157) by checking the option *use global handover place*.

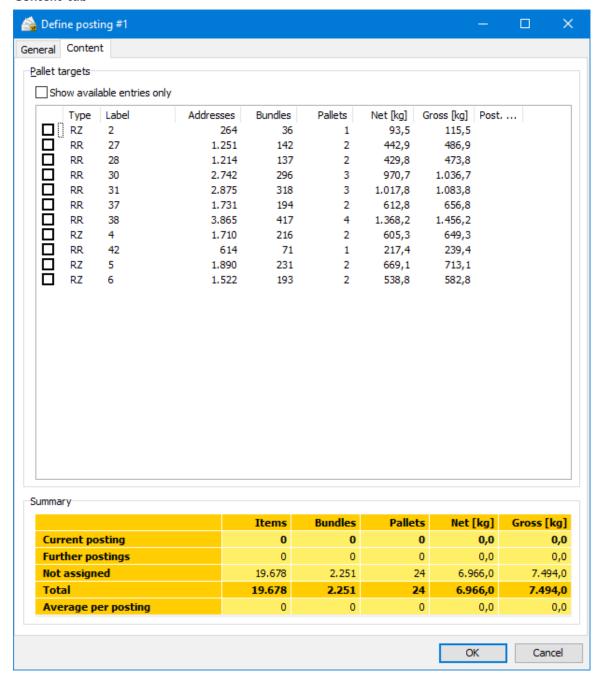
The option *Pallets being picked up by Deutsche Post AG* destines the pallets to be picked up at the producing supplier by the Deutsche Post AG at the specified point of time. When this option is active, areas **Pick-up point** and **Reception point** will appear as in *production properties* (on page 157).

Use the option *Pallets posted at Deutsche Post AG acceptance office* to determine a separate acceptance office for the current partial posting. This office can vary from the global one. Area **Acceptance office** will appear in which you can select the desired office.

Date

Here you can set handover date and time for the handover of this partial posting to the Deutsche Post AG.

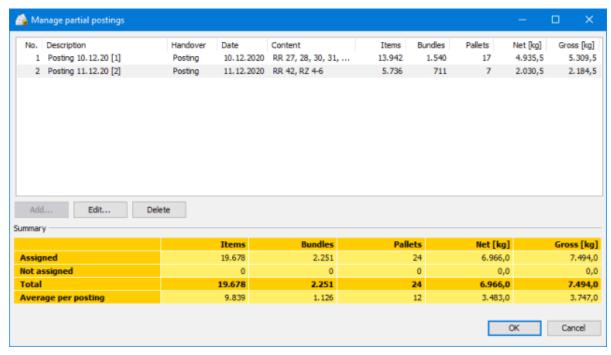
Content tab



A partial posting is composed of the items belonging to a particular tray, bundle respectively. pallet targets, i.e. routing zones respectively. regions have to be posted **jointly** and in **ascending** order. If you activate the option *Show available entries only*, you will see only those targets which have not yet been allocated to another partial posting.

Tick the targets which you would like to send simultaneously in a partial posting. Please note that every partial posting must total at least 5,000 items. In the summary table you will be able to see in each case the status of the current partial posting, of the partial postings which have already been defined, and of the items which have not been allocated yet as well as the totals and the average values. With each tick, this summary changes.

If you use "pick-up", please also note that for a free pick-up a total net weight of 5t is required. Otherwise you can use our fee-based service runs. The total net weight can be seen in the summary table, too.



The partial posting management lists all partial postings defined so far in a well arranged table.

You can now define more partial postings and change or delete existing ones. It is important that there are no items left at the end of a project which are not allocated to any partial posting.



Please note that you must print a separate posting list for each partial posting and submit it to Deutsche Post.

5.7. Order management

This menu item is only visible if you decided to exchange your project data with Deutsche Post via order management and activated an option other than *No data exchange* in the *application options* (on page 241). With it, you start the transfer of the project data to Deutsche Post's data exchange server or have the opportunity to cancel an order which has been already transferred.

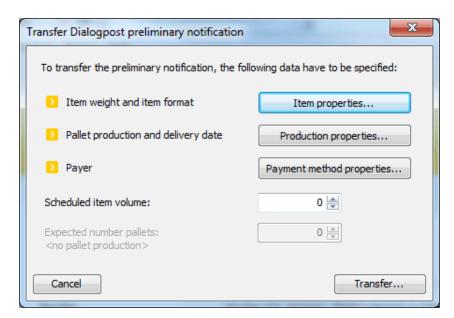
Dependent on the chosen transfer type the way of interaction with Deutsche Post's data exchange server differs.

5.7.1 Transfer Dialogpost preliminary notification

Using this menu item you can give notice of an upcoming project via order management. The parameters of such a project do not have to be specified in detail. For example, it is required to announce the expected item volume, but you do not have to import the addresses yet.



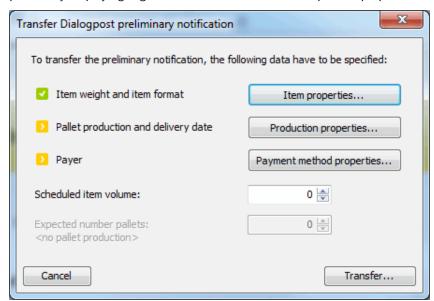
Please note that only national Dialogpost and Postwurfspezial items can be pre-announced. This menu item will therefore be disabled if you produce international items only.



This dialog displays the required and missing information.

Please specify the parameters of your items and mailing, respectively, just like you would in a regular project. The dialog leads you to *Item properties* (on page 140), *Production properties* (on page 147), and *Payment method properties* (on page 161).

As soon as you have specified any properties, the dialog will confirm that the required information are present by displaying a green check mark beside the respective properties.



In addition to that please enter your **scheduled item volume** and, if you plan to produce pallets, the **expected number of pallets**.

The button Transfer will send the data to Deutsche Post.



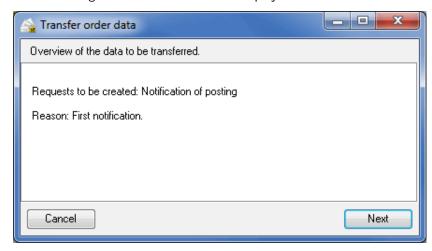
An optimized project cannot be pre-announced. Such a project will always be transferred completely.



When you have finished a project that you have given preliminary notice of before, you can transfer it completely just like that.

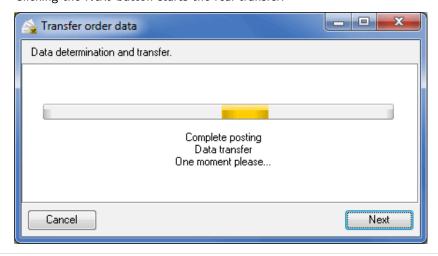
5.7.2 Data exchange via Webservice

Before starting the file transfer the current project status will be shown.



In principle there are three different status: The **first notification** and a **project modification** which makes a new transfer of the project data necessary. In both cases the reason for the transfer will be shown. The third status alternative is the simple case that the project status is **up-to-date** meaning that no data have to be transferred.

Clicking the Next button starts the real transfer.





If appropriate, you will be prompted for user and password before this dialog.

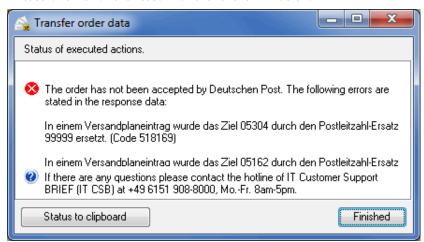


The entered values can be permanently stored by activating option *Save password*. Any time, you can reset these values in the *application options* (on page 241).

Normally, the successful transfer of the project data to the data exchange server is acknowledged with a respective message:



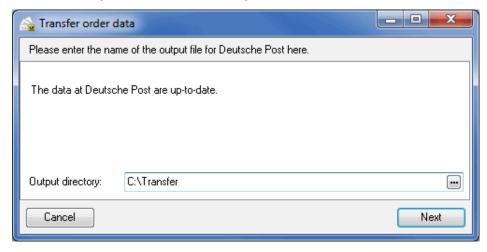
In case of an error the reason for the failure will be shown.



As soon as you corrected the displayed error just start the data exchange once again.

5.7.3 Manual data exchange via file transfer

Before starting the file transfer the current project status will be shown and you have the opportunity to determine storage location for the exchange file to be transferred.

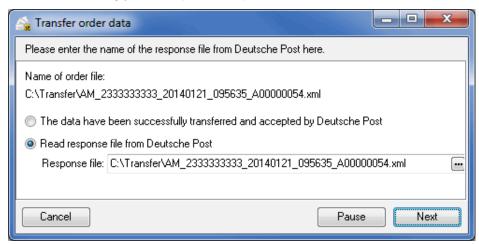


In principle there are three different status: The **first notification** and a **project modification** which makes a new transfer of the project data necessary. In both cases the reason for the transfer will be shown.

The third status alternative is the simple case that the project status is **up-to-date** meaning that no data have to be transferred.

Clicking the *Next* button creates the exchange file in the chose directory which you manually have to send to Deutsche Post afterwards. Information on possible transmission methods can be received from *IT Customer Support Post* (on page ??) (IT CSP).

In the second dialog you can input the response file.





You will receive the response file from Deutsche Post as result of the manual transfer of the exchange file. It contains for example information on whether it has been accepted or there have occurred errors.

Activating option *The data have been successfully transferred and accepted by Deutsche Post* skips the input of the response file.



Deliberately use this option because there can occur irreparable deviations between your local project data and those on Deutsche Post's exchange server. If, for instance, your exchange file has not been accepted by Deutsche Post's data exchange server, for what reasons so ever, and thus the project has not been created, Dialogpost Manager assumes that everything is alright and from now on creates only change files which will be rejected from the exchange server due to a missing adequate project.

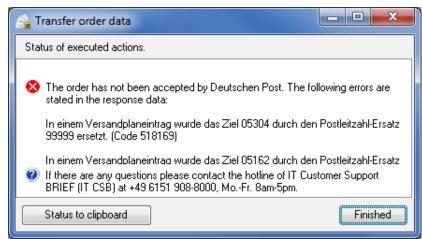


Here, you can pause the project until you receive the response file e.g. in order to continue processing other projects. Dialogpost Manager close the project when clicking the *Pause* button and immediately jumps exactly to this position as soon as the project is reopened.

Normally, the successful transfer of the project data to the data exchange server is acknowledged with a respective message:



In case of an error the reason for the failure will be shown.



As soon as you corrected the displayed error just start the data exchange once again.

5.7.4 Cancel order

Call this submenu item if you intend to completely delete the already transferred project data from Deutsche Post's data exchange server.



Changing the sender necessitates for example the cancellation of an order.

If required you can created a new order any time by starting the data exchange once again.

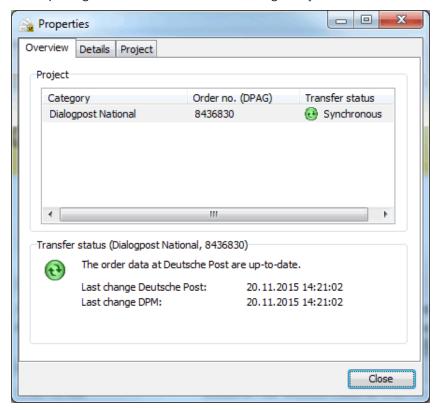
5.7.5 Request status

When you open a project which was created by an order on the *data exchange server* (on page 27) of Deutsche Post, its status will be requested. That is to say, Dialogpost Manager compares the local project data with those on the exchange server.

You can also initiate this process using this menu item. The order status will be shown in a separate window, as in *Request details* (on page 23).

Overview tab

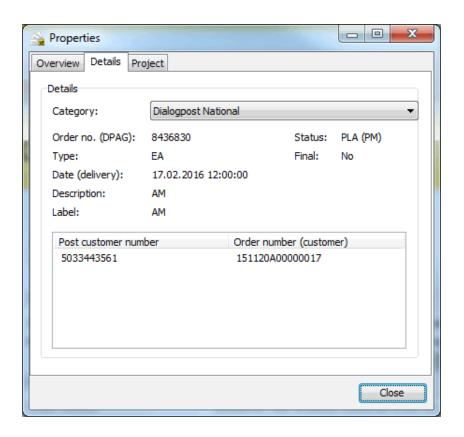
This tab shows a tabular overview over the process transferred to Deutsche Post AG. It contains categories of the posting as well as the order number assigned by Deutsche Post AG and its transfer status.



In the **Transfer status** area you can see whether the project requires another data exchange. This may be the case if relevant data has been altered.

Details tab

This tab shows all relevant data of the order, e.g. your order number or that of Deutsche Post. You may select a specific **category** from the drop down menu.



5.7.6 Open in AM.portal

This menu item starts your web browser and opens the current project on the respective page of the data exchange portal (AM.portal).

6 Results menu

You can use this menu to print the lists, labels and forms required for production and posting and to start mail merge and address export procedures.

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This menu provides you with additional lists besides the necessary posting list which are helpful when packing the items into trays or bundles.

If you make changes to your addresses or to the item, production or payment method properties after having printed these lists and the tray or bundle labels, you must print **all** forms again, because any minor alteration to one of these areas may have a major impact on the sequence of sorting, on postage optimization, on the posting list, and on mail merge or address export.



Modules International optimization, Vario and Job splitting

With activated module **International optimization** you will be able to access the international production lists via a new menu item. If appropriate, the activated **Vario** module extends the production lists and the routing labels by the information about the produced variant. Comparable to this the **Job splitting** module provides extended production lists, routing labels as well as posting lists for every single job. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 386), *Vario* (on page 399) and *Job splitting* (on page 412).

6.1. Tray/Bundle list

The tray resp. bundle list is created by Dialogpost Manager as **an internal utility** for preparing the posting of Dialogpost items. It is not required for posting the mailshot.

This list helps to ensure the correct item spread across trays or bundles - the so-called production of the current project.

You will find more information on this in the *Production guidelines* (on page 348) chapter.



Remaining items do neither have to be sorted nor put into trays and are treated like "normal" letters.

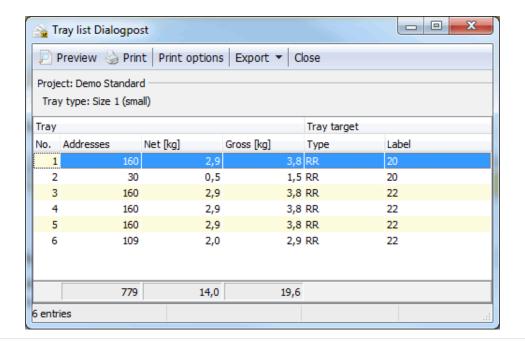
The tray resp. bundle list can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview, Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to + . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

Depending on your decision to produce trays or bundles, you will find here either the tray list or the bundle list.





The structure and the presentation of the table is similar for both tray or bundle production. Each value refers to the required tray or bundle.

The table is sub-divided into two areas:

- Tray/Bundle
- Tray target/Bundle target

In the lower status bar you can read the total number of the respective production lot which is required after optimization based on the given information on the various preparation menu items.



Tray/Bundle

The first area contains information about the trays/bundles:

Tray						
No.	Addresses	Net [kg]	Gross [kg]	GSA program		
1	10	3,5	5,0			
2	17	6,0	7,5	FSI_91		
3	18	6,4	7,8	FSI_91		
4	15	5,3	6,8	FSI_92		
5	18	6,4	7,8	FSQ_91		

Columns	Explanation
No.	All trays resp. bundles are serially and individually numbered.
Items	This column shows the number of items for the respective tray/bundle.
Net	The net weight represents the mere weight of all items.
Gross	The gross weight sums up the net weight plus tray and pallet weights.
GSA program	For GSA clean containers the GSA program name.

Below the table the totals of the different columns can be found.

Tray target/Bundle target

Trays can contain items with a similar **ZIP** or for a **routing region** (first two digits of the ZIP) or they can be packed as **Germany tray**.

ZIP trays resp. bundles with similar ZIPs are combined by Dialogpost Manager to one tray/bundle target. The same holds for routing region trays or bundles. Germany trays/bundles also represent a target (0-9).



Tray/Bundle targets are enumerated by Dialogpost Manager. If appropriate, change the *column layout* (on page 450) in order to see the target numbers of the trays resp. bundles in the table.

The **Type** indicates the **sorting criterion** (ZIP, RR or Germany) which has to be considered when filling the items into trays or bundles.

The **Marking** will be printed on the tray/bundle label. Depending on the tray/bundle type, this is the ZIP, the routing region or "0-9" for Germany tray resp. bundles. For items of format Groß in GSA clean trays/bundles, the name of the respective GSA program will also be contained.

Producing **Germany trays** means that the items have to be filled into the trays sorted by ZIP in ascending order.

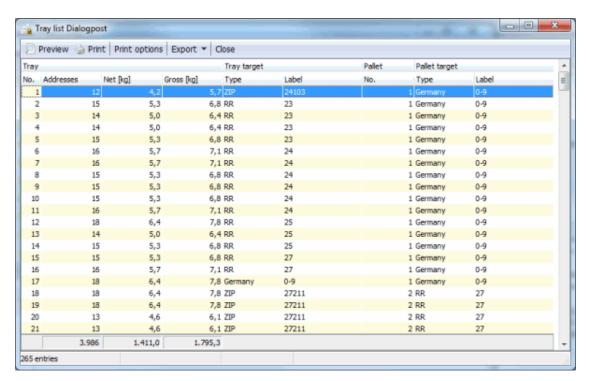
Bundles, however, have to be target clean, i.e. they may only contain items with the same ZIP or routing region.

Tray target	
Marking	Туре
99974	PLZ
99974	PLZ
99976	PLZ
67	LR
68	LR
69	LR
0-9	BRD

- The first two lines of the image above show ZIP trays with the same target. Here, the marking of the tray is the 5-digit **ZIP**.
- There is only one ZIP tray for the target 99976.
- The next trays are routing region trays (Type RR) for the targets 67, 68 and 69, i.e. for each target there is only one tray.
- The last line shows a Germany tray the tray label will get the marking 0-9.

Pallet

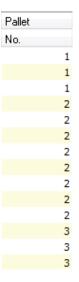
When pallets should be produced the tray/bundle list will additionally contain the columns **pallet** and **pallet target**:



If you defined *Partial postings* (on page 163) you can filter the table accordingly. Each partial posting can be selected via a dropdown menu, which is located in the menu bar. In addition to that, you can also browse through the various partial posting lists via the arrow buttons.



If more than one pallet have to be produced, they will be enumerated in order to help you in always keeping the overview. The number informs you on the respective tray's/bundle's pallet location.



Pallet target

Similar to a tray/bundle target, a pallet target contains all pallets for the same routing zone (RZ = first digit of the ZIP) or routing region (RR = first two digits of the ZIP). Germany pallets also represent a target. All pallet targets are enumerated by Dialogpost Manager. If appropriate, show the pallet target number in the table via changing the *column layout* (on page 450).

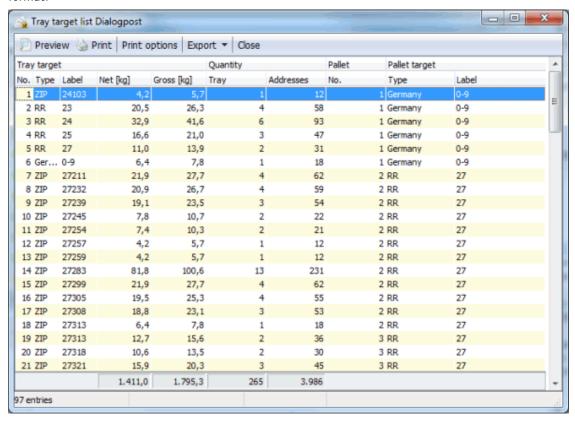
Pallet target					
Туре	Label				
Germany	0-9				
Germany	0-9				
RZ	2				
RZ	2				

In the "pallet target" area you can see

- which tray/bundle has to be packed on which pallet type (RZ, RR or Germany pallet) and
- the pallet's marking.

6.2. Tray target/Bundle target list

This list is for controlling purposes during production as well as for retrieving items (on pallets) for dedicated tray or bundle targets (on page 178). It shows the tray respectively. bundle data for targets in a compressed format.



The above table shows e.g. for routing region 22 (target no. 3) that 12 trays with total 2119 items are available. The item number can e.g. counterchecked with your address management tool.

You can also use this table to retrieve items e.g. of a dedicated routing region from the pallets based on the pallet numbers.

Underneath the table, the totals of the columns net, gross, trays and items can be found once again.

In the lower status bar you can read the total number of tray/bundle targets, which was calculated during the optimization based on the given information on the various preparation menu items.

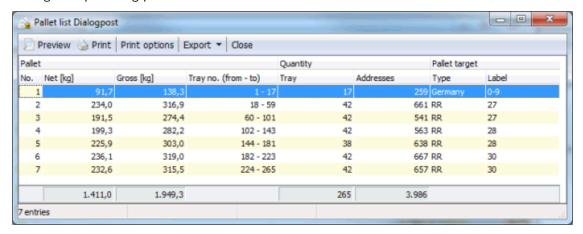
41 entries

If you defined *Partial postings* (on page 163) you can filter the table accordingly. Each partial posting can be selected via a dropdown menu, which is located in the menu bar. In addition to that, you can also browse through the various partial posting lists via the arrow buttons.

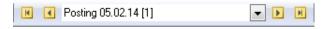


6.3. Pallet list

The pallet list is not required for posting the mails hot but serves as an **internal aid** provided by Dialogpost Manager for producing pallets.



If you defined *Partial postings* (on page 163) you can filter the table accordingly. Each partial posting can be selected via a dropdown menu, which is located in the menu bar. In addition to that, you can also browse through the various partial posting lists via the arrow buttons.



Table

The pallet list is sub-divided into three areas:

- Pallet
- Quantity
- Pallet target

In the lower status bar you can read the total number of pallets, which was calculated during the optimization based on the given information on the various preparation menu items.

Pallet

Here, all pallets to be produced, are shown each having a unique, sequential number.

Pallet				
No.	Net [kg]		Gross [kg]	GSA programs
1		213,1	296,0	
2		188,7	267,2	
3		232,9	315,8	FSQ_92
4		123,9	187,9	FSQ_91, FSQ_92
5		201,4	284,3	FSQ_93
6		228,3	306,9	Rest, FSQ_93
7		237,5	320,4	FSQ_91
8		236,5	319,4	FSQ_91
9		226,9	309,8	FSQ_91
10		190,5	261,8	Rest, FSQ_93
11		238,6	321,5	FSQ_94

The **net weight** only sums up all item weights for a complete pallet while **gross weight** is the net weight plus the weights for trays and the pallets themselves. For GSA clean pallets and GSA layer pallets also the names of the contained GSA programs are displayed.

More detailed information on pallet production can be found in chapter *Production guidelines* (on page 348).

Quantity

This area shows, how many trays respectively. bundles containing how many items have to be packed on the pallet.

Quantity		
Trays		Items
	20	3.095
	32	5.038
	75	13,421
	91	16.300
	96	18.037
	30	5.510
	55	9.939
	54	10.105
	80	14.659
	74	13.107
	37	6.512

Pallet target

A pallet target comprises all pallets for the same routing zone (RZ = first digit of the ZIP) or routing region (RR = first two digits of the ZIP). Germany pallets also represent a pallet target.

Pallet target			
Туре	Marking		
LZ	0		
LΖ	1		
LΖ	2		
LZ	3		
LZ	4		
LZ	4		
LZ	5		
LZ	5		
ΙZ	6		
LZ	7		
LZ	8		

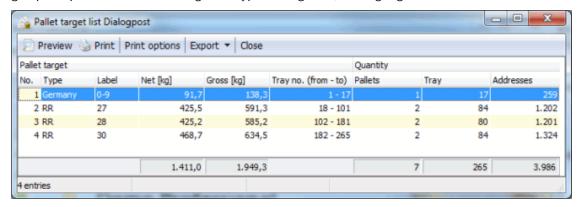
The **Type** indicates the pallet target type (RZ, RR or Germany).

The Marking will be printed on the pallet label. This is in particular important, if the marking of the

different labels will be done manually.

6.4. Pallet target list

Similar to the tray/bundle target list, the pallet target list is for controlling purposes during production. It groups all pallets to the same targets of type routing zone, routing region or German.

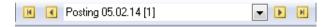


From the table you can derive

- the pallet target **Type** (RZ, RR or Germany),
- the resulting Marking for the pallet label,
- the respective Net and Gross weight and
- the Number of Pallets, Trays or Bundles and Items for the pallet target.

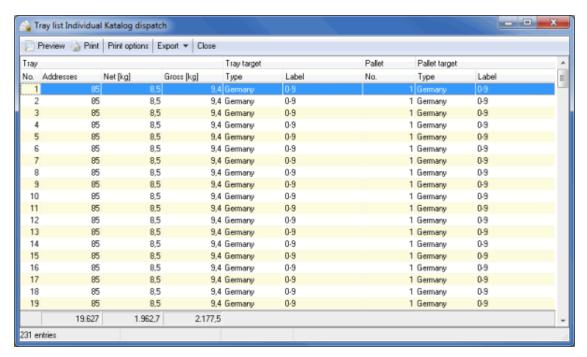
In the lower status bar you can read the total number of pallet targets, which was calculated during the optimization based on the given information on the various preparation menu items.

If you defined *Partial postings* (on page 163) you can filter the table accordingly. Each partial posting can be selected via a dropdown menu, which is located in the menu bar. In addition to that, you can also browse through the various partial posting lists via the arrow buttons.



6.5. Individual Katalog dispatch

When producing items as Individual Katalog dispatch, in the *Results menu* specific production lists become available under the option *Individual Katalog dispatch*. These lists are similar to the ones you know from Dialogpost items.



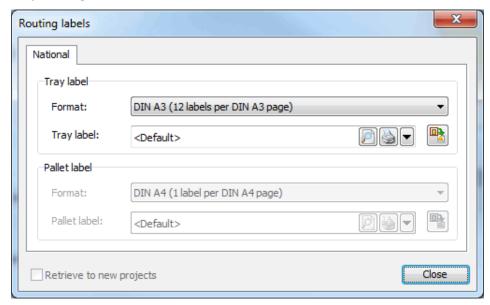
The following lists are available:

- Tray/Bundle list (on page 176)
- Tray target/Bundle target list (on page 180)
- Pallet list (on page 181)
- Pallet target list (on the preceding page)
- Routing labels (on the current page)

6.6. Routing labels

Via the *Routing label* menu item you go to the area where you can administrate your **tray and bundle routing labels**. Use theses labels to mark the trays and bundles.

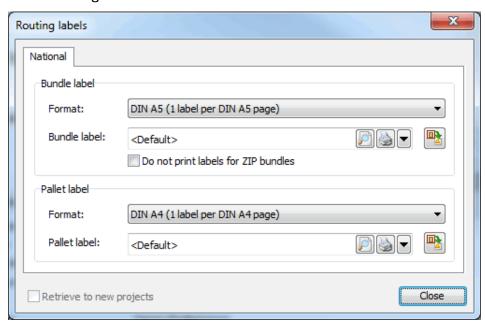
Tray routing label



Dialogpost Manager handles the marking of the tray routing labels; after printing, you only have to affix them to the trays according to the entries of the *tray list* (on page 176).

You can print the tray routing labels on either DIN A4 or DIN A3 paper. Depending on the page orientation, 4 or 6 labels will fit on a page. Please select the desired option in the drop down menu.

Bundle routing label



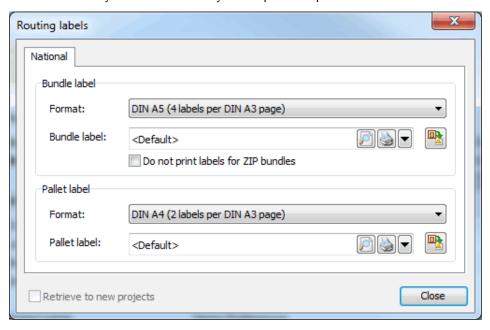
Dialogpost Manager handles the marking of the bundle routing labels; after printing, you only have to affix them to the bundles according to the entries of the bundle list (on page 176).

Decide whether you want to print one label on DIN A5 pages, two labels on DIN A4 pages, or four labels on DIN A3 pages.

Bundle labels for ZIP bundles are not required according to the postal regulations. If you want to exercise this option, activate this check box.

Pallet routing label

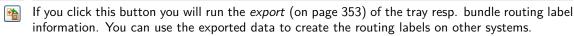
Similar to the tray and bundle labels you can print the pallet labels here.



Common options

The current default template is shown in field **Tray routing label** resp. **Bundle routing label**. Execute the following actions with the buttons on the right of this field:

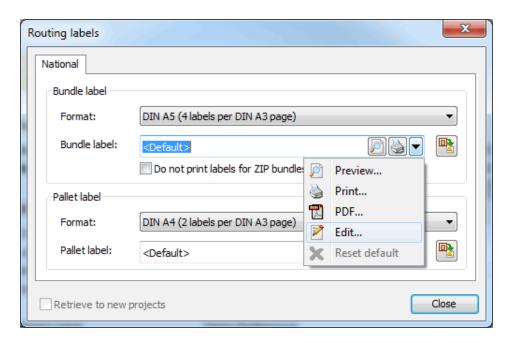
Icon Description If you click this button you will see a preview (on the following page) of the label prior to printing. This button calls the print dialog (on page 271) for routing labels. Before starting the prints you can set the printer properties to your needs.





You can also export the tray and bundle routing labels as PDF files via the dropdown menu.

You can also edit the routing labels to a certain extent in order to adjust them to your needs. Modifications can be saved and used for future prints. Thus, two new options are available in the dropdown menu which can be reached via the — button.



Edit

Choose the Edit menu item if you want to launch the label editor (on page 457) and make some changes.

Reset Default

If you have altered your routing labels with the editor it will be automatically used as template for future prints. You can recall the certified default template by executing this command.

Preview

In this dialog you can receive an impression how the tray resp. bundle labels would look like if they are printed.



Generally, the functions in the icon bar are identical to those from other Dialogpost Manager modules. You can print both the current and all routing labels or export them as PDF file; you will be able to zoom in and out and switch die single routing labels using the cursor keys.

The dropdown field on the right side of the icon bar informs you whether you see a tray or a bundle routing label.

6.7. Posting lists

You can use this menu item to start printing the forms which are required for posting. The forms are completely filled based on the information you provided for Dialogpost and only needs to be signed. If appropriate, additional forms such as the POSTCARD slip can be printed from here.



You can also print single sheets of the forms but all sheets of the posting list are required for posting the current project.

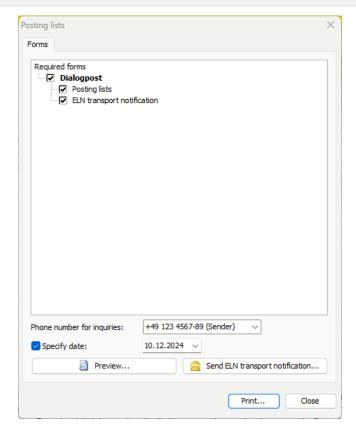


If the posting spans several routing regions, the general terms and conditions of Deutsche Post regulate that a separate posting list is required for each routing region. When optimizing via Dialogpost Manager one posting list is sufficient as long as the **compilation of routing regions** will be included.



Modules International optimization, Vario and Job splitting

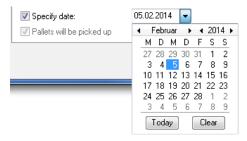
With activated module **International optimization** the international posting lists will be available, too. If the **Vario** module is activated and if a mailshot with multiple variants is to be produced, Dialogpost Manager offers here the required variant lists. Comparable to this the **Job splitting** module provides posting lists for every single job. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 387), *Vario* (on page 411) and *Job splitting* (on page 412).



Phone number

The phone number for inquiries to be entered here is mandatory. It will be printed on the different posting lists at dedicated places.

Date option



Activate the date option to enter the desired posting date in the posting list. If this option is not activated no date will be printed.

Print Preview

Initiate the Print Preview to view the posting lists before you print them. You will find more details on the further options of this Preview in the *Print Preview* (on page 449) chapter.



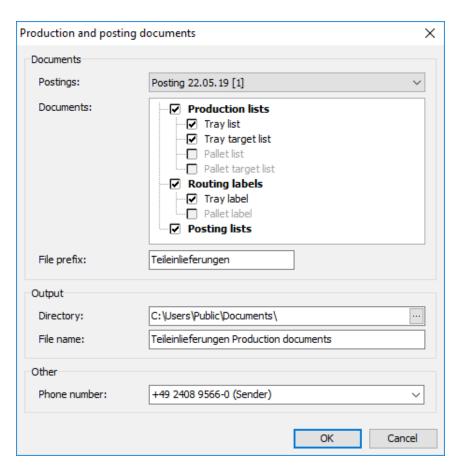
This preview can also be initiated in the *Print postal forms* dialog window by double-clicking the desired form.

ELN-Transportanmeldung senden

Depending on which email client is installed on your system, you have the option of sending the ELN transport notification directly to the responsible depot. The email will be displayed for editing before sending.

6.8. Production and posting documents

With this menu item you can create complete document sets for your mailshot in one step. This is especially useful if you work with *partial postings* (on page 163) or *job splittings* (on page 412).



Select a posting from the dropdown menu, for which you like to create a set of production and posting documents. The different **Documents** can be defined on the correspondent area. Option **<all postings>** creates all sets in one step. Each set is stored in a separate ZIP archive.

In the **Output** you have to specify the directory for the storage of the created documents. You can use the **file prefix** to head each ZIP archive file name with this string.

6.9. Mail merge (DPM)

on page 257

6.10. Mail merge (Word)

on page 325

6.11. Address export

on page 353

7 Analysis menu

This menu offers statistical information on your project and on the processed addresses.

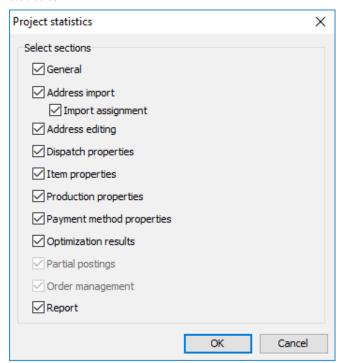
7.1. Project statistics

The project statistics will show you a summary of all **results** provided by Dialogpost Manager for the current project and all the information you have provided on the items, on production and on the payment method in a compressed format.

Furthermore, Dialogpost Manager calculates the average costs per item in this project which will be shown in this list.

However, legally binding will only be the account you will receive from Deutsche Post AG.

With button *Customize* at the top bar you can select which project steps will be contained in the project statistics.



The settings you make here will be saved globally.

More detailed information on the additional options available in this preview are part of chapter *Print Preview* (on page 449).



If you want to put the data of project statistic into an automated process, you can use button "XML" to export it as XML file.

7.1.1 General

This block shows the project name, the description, the text of the Info field (q.v. Project properties (on page 42)) and further information on the current project properties.

General

Project name Demo Professional Description Demo Professional

Information Dieses Projekt dient zur Demonstration der Funktionalität des Dialogpost-

Managers mit freigeschaltetem Modul "Professional".

Importiert wurden die Adressen der Beispieldatei ADRESSEN.XLS, die als Dialogpost Groß in vier Teileinlieferungen versendet werden. Zusätzlich werden Paletten gefertigt. Die Rückseite des Anschreibens enthält eine Faxantwort, bei der u.a. bereits die Ursprungsadresse eingetragen wurde.

Barcode und weitere Steuerinformationen erleichtern die Response-Zuordnung.

Project duration 1 Hour 52 minutes

Created on 17.11.2017 12:11:05 by Muster AG

Changed on 08.11.2018 14:39:32 by jb Optimized on 08.11.2018 07:42:05 by jb

GT&C 2018-2

Mail merge Examples\Fax-Antwort (2-seitig).ipd

Sender Bauer + Kirch GmbH, Pascalstraße 57, 52076 Aachen

Post customer number 5033443561

Mailer Bauer + Kirch GmbH, Pascalstraße 57, 52076 Aachen

Post customer number 5033443561

If the project was anonymized (on page 34), the table also shows when, by who, and with which level the anonymization was executed.

Anonymized Level 2 - Masking of all fields that are not relevant for optimization

(e.g. ZIP will be kept).

Anonymized at 08.11.2018 14:07:28 by jb

7.1.2 Address import

This table briefly summarizes all results after importing addresses.

It shows both the source files from which the addresses were taken and detailed information on how many addresses have been imported, how they are spread across Germany and foreign countries and the respective quota of postally correct addresses. The number of addresses not imported is also stated.

Addresses

		Quantity	Percent
	used	121.323	83,98 %
German	unused	22.747	15,74 %
	Total	144.070	99,72 %
Abroad		404	0,28 %
Total		144.474	100,00 %

C:\Import\Adressen.xls D:\Archiv\Regional.txt D:\Temp\National.DBF

7.1.3 Salutation check

This table contains the statistics (on page 86) of salutation check.

Salutation check

	Quantity	Percent
Correct	26.207	85,0 %
Autom. complemented	4.494	14,6 %
Autom. corrected	79	0,3 %
Autom. corrigible	0	0,0 %
Incorrect	36	0,1 %
Corrected	0	0,0 %
Total	30.816	100,0 %

7.1.4 Address check

This table contains the *statistics* (on page 103) of address check.

Address check

	Quantity	Percent
Postally correct	108.708	77,65 %
Corrected manually	0	0,00 %
Corrected automatically	8.491	6,06 %
Corrected by Thesaurus	0	0,00 %
Spelling changed	4.141	2,96 %
Incorrect address type	0	0,00 %
Postally incorrect	18.265	13,05 %
International addresses	399	0,28 %
Total	140.004	100,00 %

7.1.5 Duplicate search

You will see in this list

- how many duplicate groups were found in the current address file,
- how many duplicates were identified within these groups, and
- the quota of removed duplicates.

Address check

	Quantity	Percent
Postally correct	108.708	77,65 %
Corrected manually	0	0,00 %
Corrected automatically	8.491	6,06 %
Corrected by Thesaurus	0	0,00 %
Spelling changed	4.141	2,96 %
Incorrect address type	0	0,00 %
Postally incorrect	18.265	13,05 %
International addresses	399	0,28 %
Total	140.004	100,00 %

7.1.6 Nixie check

Here you can see the parameters and result of Nixie check. You are provided information about the selected source file, number of checked items, and how many addresses have been sorted out by the selected match accuracy.

Nixie check

Date 10.07.2015 Duration 6 seconds

Nixie source file C:\Users\Public\Documents\Deutsche Post AG\Infopost-

Manager\Data\Examples\National.dbf (from 08.09.2006 14:16:26)

Checked addresses 30.643 Similar addresses 169

Match accuracy Exact Rejected addresses 4.362

7.1.7 Dispatch properties

Here the dispatch mode is shown. If international addresses are included, you can also see the selected transport services.

Dispatch properties

Mode National and international

Transport service

- International Country specific

7.1.8 Item properties

The project statistics reflect the information you provided on the item:

Format, weight, thickness, content and franking type are stated; furthermore, the item distribution to Dialogpost and remaining items and the respective charges and descriptions per category are given.

Item properties

Format DL (220 x 110 mm) Thickness 2,0 mm

Weight 20 g

Content Letter mail item

Enabled for automation Yes

Franking Franking mark, Postage stamp (Remaining item)

Extraservice Premiumadress (presettings activated), Track&Match

	Dialogpost *	Remaining Item
Description	Standard	Standardbrief
Postage	0,30 €	0,80 €

^{*} Postages plus value added tax

7.1.9 Production properties

All production information of the current project which you provided during preparation will be summarized here.

You will see e.g. the values for tray or bundle properties and filling amounts.

Production properties

Tray Size 1 (small)

Maximal 200 items (half-full at 100)

Minimize postage

Pallets Net weight 22,00 kg

Gross weight 700,00 kg

Maximal 84 trays Minimize postage

7.1.10 Payment method

This information on how the charge of the current project is to be invoiced is taken from the data which you provided during preparation.

Payment method properties

Payer Sender (Muster AG, 52064 Aachen)

Post customer number 5033443561-2501001

Payment method Cash/EC card

Pretax deduction permitted Yes

Prepayment Category Stamped on items Stamped on list
Dialogpost National -- --

7.1.11 Gross charge

The project statistics show the details on how the charge for the current project is composed.

The table shows the charges for the two categories **Dialogpost** and **remaining items** calculated based on the information per item, the exact item quantity per category, any extra items (see below) required in order to achieve the minimum quantity required for Dialogpost, and the resulting costs.



Extra items can be advantageous in price because the single item postage of a Dialogpost item is usually much less than the letter mail charge. It may, for example, be possible that for 4,500 real mailing items it is more favorable to pay the minimum amount of 5,000 Dialogpost items.

7.1.12 Discount

Within bundle resp. tray production and pallet production, Deutsche Post grants production rebates for Dialogpost items depending on the preliminary processing in production. The following applies to such production rebates:

If you only use Germany trays and Germany pallets, you may simplify the production but at the same time will lose the possibility of a discount, which will only be granted if routing region resp. ZIP trays and routing zone resp. routing region pallets are produced.

Dialogpost Manager's default settings ensures that the production rebates are used to the best. In menu item *Preparation - Production properties* you can regulate the number of trays which will have to be produced. Depending on theses settings, you may simplify production but will get less discounts, or you

may receive higher discounts but will also have to deal with a higher production complexity.

Discount

Discount		Postage	Quantity	Discount	Discount
Bundle-/	Routing region		25.842	5 %	387,63 €
Tray production	ZIP				
Pallet production	Routing zone	0,30 €	12.213	2 %	73,28 €
	Routing region				
Extra item					
IT franking					
Total					460,91 €

This calculation is without obligation. In any case the current rates, tariffs and taxes are valid.

The project statistics show in detail the rebates percentage for each production type, if applicable, and the corresponding item quantity. In addition to that, the totals of the various rebates and the grand total, which will be deducted from the charge, are listed here.

7.1.13 Total postage

This table shows the charge after deduction of the discounts. At the same time, Dialogpost Manager calculates the average costs per item.

Total postage

Total postage	8.764,58 €
Value added tax	1.399,39 €
Total without value added tax	7.365,19 €
Discount	./. 460,91 €
Extra charges	0,00 €
Extra services	0,00 €
Franklerservice	0,00 €
Postage without discounts	7.826,10 €

This calculation is without obligation. In any case the current rates, tariffs and taxes are valid.

Average costs per item 0,28 € (without value added tax), 0,34 € (with value added tax)

7.1.14 Production

The left table shows numbers of produced trays separated into the targets ZIP, routing region and Germany while the right table shows the numbers of produced pallets separated into the targets routing region, routing zone or Germany. For items of format Groß, if will also be shown how many items could be put into GSA clean packages.

Production

Tray

	Quantity
ZIP	1.086
Routing region	212
Germany	0
Total	1.298

Pallets

	Quantity
Routing region	27
Routing zone	13
Germany	0
Total	40

GSA program

Number of GSA Tray	1.042
Number of items in GSA trays	15.835
Number of GSA pallets	18
Number of items on GSA pallets	9.396

7.1.15 Premiumadress

If you use *Premiumadress* (on page 299) and control the used product variant with an address field, a table showing the number of addresses for each used product variant will be contained in the project statistics.

Premiumadress

Product variant	Quantity
Basis	1155
Plus	892
Fokus	669
Retoure	601
Report	625
Hybrid	552
Retoure Extra	463
<invalid></invalid>	14721

7.1.16 Data exchange Deutsche Post

The table shows whether or not data have been *exchanged* (on page 168) with the Deutsche Post server. If yes, the exact time and date is listed as well as the transferred numbers.

Data exchange Deutsche Post Order number of Deutsche Post

Order number of Deutsche Post
Order number of customer
Last transfer

818671 6000000121 070820A00000044 Change on 20.08.2007 11:48:49

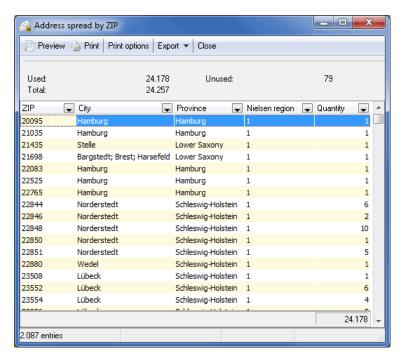
7.2. Address spread by ZIP

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by ZIPs.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific ZIP. The geographic distribution within Germany is shown by the *Map Tool* (on page 204).



The spread by ZIP can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview, Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to + . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

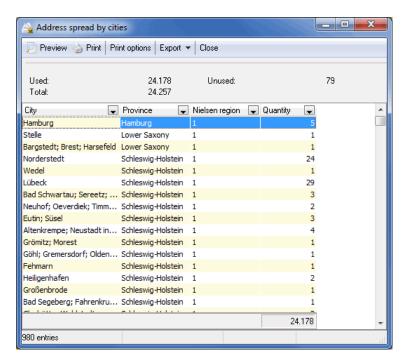
7.3. Address spread by cities

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by cities.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific city. The geographic distribution within Germany is shown by the *Map Tool* (on page 204).



The spread by cities can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to + . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

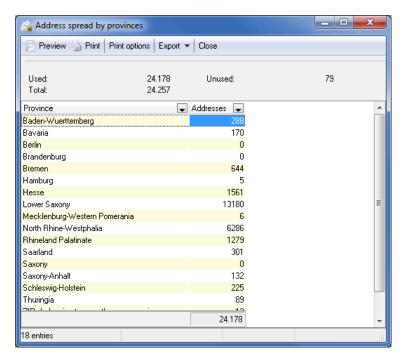
7.4. Spread by provinces

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by provinces.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific province.



The spread by provinces can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview, Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to \leftrightarrow . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

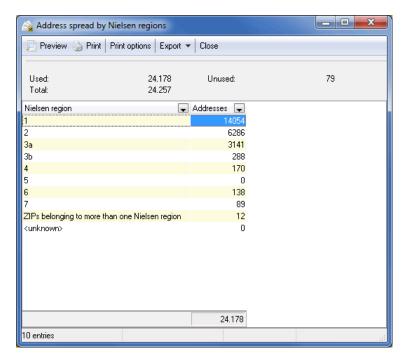
7.5. Spread by Nielsen regions

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by Nielsen regions.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific Nielsen regions.



The spread by Nielsen regions can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to \leftrightarrow . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

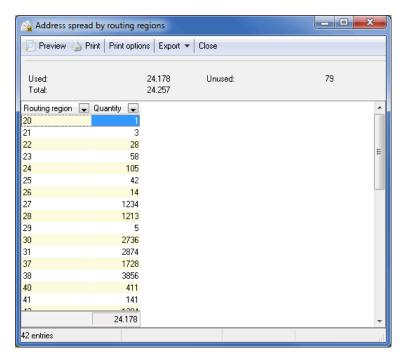
7.6. Address spread by routing regions

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by routing regions.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific routing region. The geographic distribution within Germany is shown by the *Map Tool* (on page 204).



The spread by routing regions can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to \leftrightarrow . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

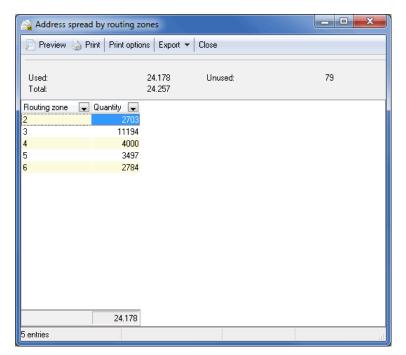
7.7. Address spread by routing zones

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by routing zones.



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.

You see the number of addresses belonging to a specific routing zone. The geographic distribution within Germany is shown by the *Map Tool* (on page 204).



The spread by routing zones can be printed or exported.

Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to \leftrightarrow . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

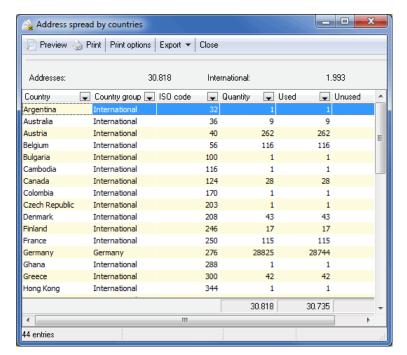
7.8. Address spread by countries

This lists gives a compilation of the used addresses grouped by countries.

All used addresses in your project are grouped by countries. For each entry, the respective country is given as well as its ISO code and the item quantity (separated in total, used and unused).



Unused addresses might be e.g. manually ignored during duplicate search or in the address management or were classified as postally incorrect by the address check.



The spread by countries can be printed or exported.

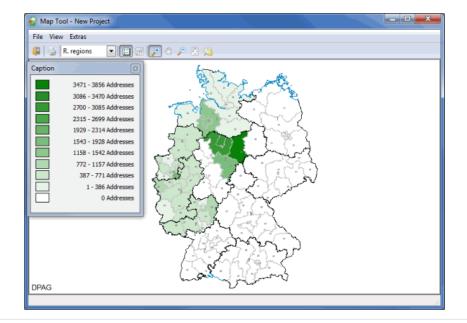
Further information on *Preview*, *Print options* and *Export* can be found in chapters *Preview und Print* (on page 447) resp. *Export* (on page 448).

Change the column width by navigating the mouse to the right column border until the mouse arrow changes to \leftrightarrow . Now drag the column to the desired width.

By right-clicking the column header you can change the *Column layout* and *Optimize column width* (q.v. *Configure table* (on page 450).

7.9. Map Tool

This tool illustrates in a map the spread of the used addresses within Germany and for international items in the world by number and by percentage. Different color shadings show the spread density. The view can be changed between **routing region**, **routing zone**, **provinces**, **Nielsen regions** and **International**. Choose your preferred region via the menu *View* or the dropdown menu in the icon bar.





If you direct the mouse over a region a quick info shows you its number and the number of addresses for that region.

Icon bar

You can directly access the most important items of menus *File* and *View* by clicking the icons in the upper bar and can also make more details visible by zooming into sub areas.



Prints the currently shown map region incl. the various color shadings for the spread.



Displays the spread of all items of the current project by number within the chosen region. The caption can be opened and closed via the *caption* icon or the *View* menu.



With this icon or the View menu you can specify which color should be used to display the spread.



Zooms into the view within the frame you select.



This tool is used to move the map.



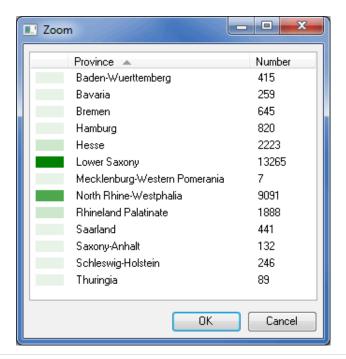
Zooms out the view.



Changes into the map's original total view.



You can directly zoom into a region (either routing region, routing zone, province, Nielsen region or country) which you can select in the next window:

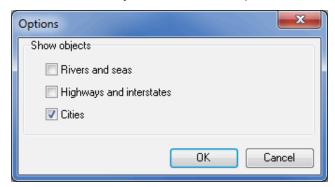




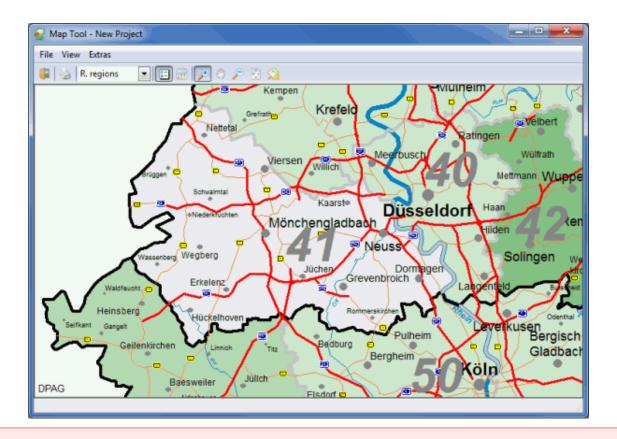
You can also zoom by clicking directly into the map: Clicking and holding the left button will span a frame which marks the area to be zoomed in, clicking right will zoom out by one level.

Extras

In the Extras menu you can find further options for the map tool:



You can select here which additional **objects** (rivers and seas, highways and interstates, cities) you would like to be shown in the map by activating the respective check box.



Please note that rivers and sees as well as highways and interstates can only be displayed for Germany.

8 Extras menu

In this menu you can specify the sender. Furthermore, you can print out the various forms of Deutsche Post as plain forms, i.e. without entries. You will also find here a list of all acceptance offices which can be conveniently searched, and you can access the ZIP search. Above all, you can specify a variety of options enabling you to adapt Dialogpost Manager to your requirements.

A very useful part of Dialogpost Manager Professional is the possibility to provide services for customers. Depending on the chosen *environment* (on page 234) (personal use vs. lettershop) the first menu item will be called *Sender/Mailer* (on page 217) or *Customer* (on the current page).

If your license allows for multiple users you will also have access to a user administration (on page 224).

On top of this you can start a Responseplus campaign here. An assistant will guide you through all required steps.

8.1. Customer index

The customer index allows lettershops to manage their customer data and projects.



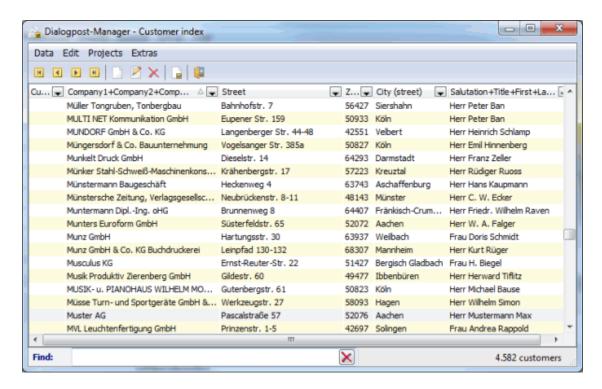
Hints regarding data security/data protection

We emphasize that data protection and data security play a central role in Dialogpost Manager. Therefore, bank account details in the customer index will only be stored encrypted.

In addition to the general address information, it is possible to save information concerning the contact person, contact data, bank account and postal data (Customer/Card no.) for each customer.

It is possible to select the customer by using the navigation arrow or by clicking the name.

In the status bar at the lower edge of the window you will see the total number of customers, which have been created.



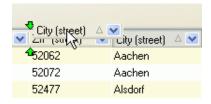
Sort table

By single-clicking a column header you sort the table by this column.

In extended mode (on page 216) more convenient sort options and searching are available.

Column order

If you want the change the column order, click a column header, keep the mouse button pressed and drag it to the desired position.



The green arrows indicate the position, where the column will be placed, if the mouse button is released.

8.1.1 Data

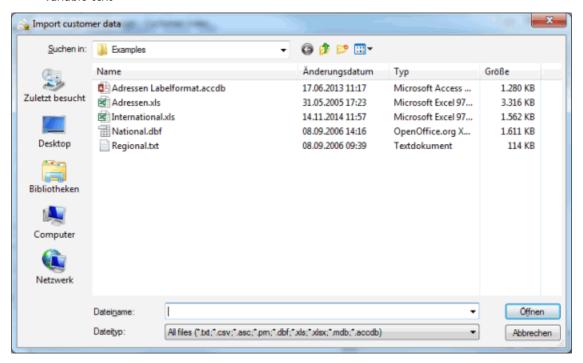
Import

You can use the menu item *Import* to import customer data from external applications. Here, existing customers can be automatically deleted. This doesn't hold for customers or mailers, who were already used for processing at least one project.

Dialogpost Manager can import data in the following formats:

- Access
- Excel
- dBase

- fixed text
- variable text



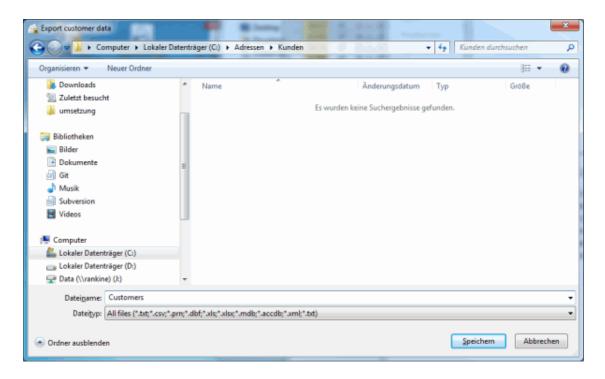
Export

You can use the menu item Export to export the customer data for external processing.

For reasons of data protection sensible data in the customer index is stored encrypted. However, all data fields will be exported as clear text. Please consider this for future use of the exported data.

Customer data can be exported into the following formats:

- Access
- Excel
- dBase
- XML
- fixed text
- variable text



Close

The customer index is closed using this menu item.

8.1.2 Edit

You can use the **New** button respectively menu item to create a new customer in your customer index.

A lot of information for each customer can be managed.

Via **Edit** or double-clicking a customer, a dialog window pops up. Here, you can manage the current customer's projects and make changes to the data.

You can use the Customer menu to save any changes you have made and to close the Edit dialog window.

You can use the *Projects* menu to manage the projects, which have been created for the current customer. You can open and rename existing projects and view their properties. In the same way, you can create new projects or delete existing ones here.

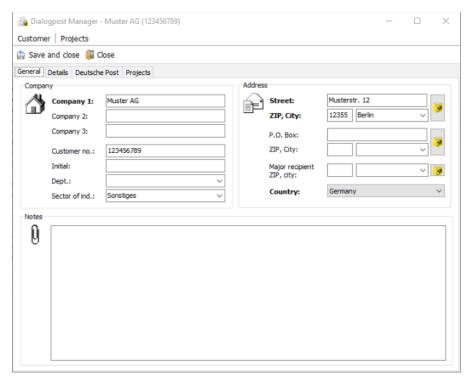
Use the *Delete* to irrecoverably remove a customer from the index. If there are still projects allocated to this customer, they have to be deleted before the customer address record can be removed.



If you would like to delete a customer, but want to archive his projects, you can do this by creating a *Pack & Go file* (on page 38).

General tab

You can use the *General* tab to manage the customer's address data. In addition, an information field is available, which can be used for further information.



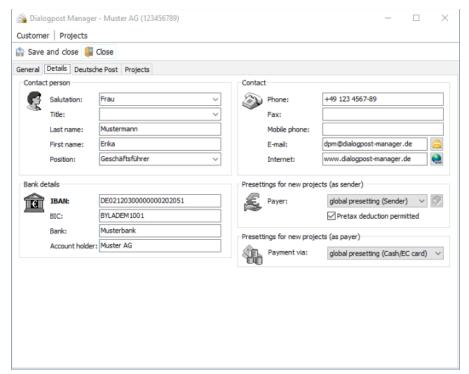
Field names highlighted in bold like for example Company1 are mandatory fields, i.e. they must be filled.



The options available on this tab are also available to you when you create a new customer.

Details tab

Further customer data such as bank account details can be managed on the Details tab.



Presettings for new projects

Both areas Presettings for new projects (as sender) and Presettings for new projects (as payer) are quite useful.

In the first area you define for new projects for a specific customer who will be the payer if he is sender. Thus, you may overrule the *global settings* (on page 235) per customer.

In the second area you define how the customer intends to pay if he is payer. You can also choose a payment type other as defined in the application's *global settings* (on page 235).

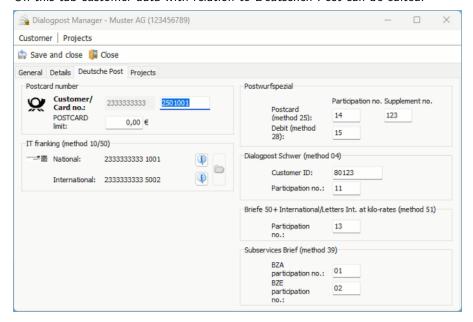


The check box *Pretax deduction permitted* is from major significance. By activating it you determine for your customer being sender that the postage optimization shall run with pretax resp. after tax values. Ask your customer whether or not he is pretax deduction permitted. Typically this privilege belongs to all customers who are **not**

- private end users
- part of the public authorities (federation, provinces or communes)
- small business owners who are not charged with any value added tax

Registerkarte Deutsche Post

On this tab customer data with relation to Deutschen Post can be edited.



Participation number

Each customer has only one **customer number** (EKP) that has to be entered in **Deutsche Post** area. However, you can specify a participation number in various areas. It denotes different contracts of the same customer and is part of the Postcard number.



Customer and participation number identify the contractual partner of Deutsche Post. These numbers are especially important for *payment properties* (on page 161).

The 17-digit Postcard number consists of the following elements.

customer number (10-digit)

- method number (2-digit)
- participation number (2-digit)
- supplement number (3-digit)

The method number depends on the product. In the areas **Teilleistungen Brief**, **Postwurfspezial** and **Briefe 50+ International/Briefe International zum Kilotarif** you can therefore specify the participation numbers of the customer for these products. In the *payment properties* (on page 161) of a **Postwurfspezial** project, you have two options *Direct debit (Postcard)* and *Debit*. Corresponding to these options, you can specify two different participation numbers here. The corresponding method number will, for example, automatically be added for *posting lists* (on page 188) and data exchange with Deutsche Post.



Module IT franking

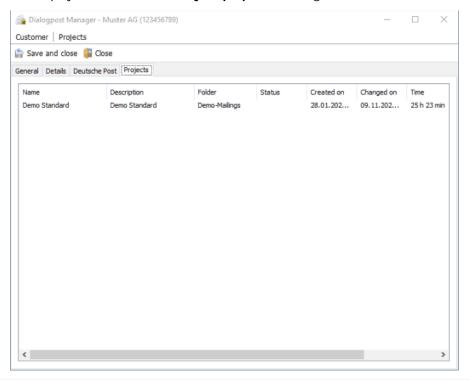
With activated module **IT** franking you can also unlock the customer for use as contractual partner for IT franking in your projects. Details can be found in chapter *IT* franking (on page 422).

Teilnahme-Nummer

If you want to transfer the project data via *data exchange* (on page 168) to Deutsche Post, either both fields Customer/Card no. or the bank details have to be completely filled.

Projects tab

On the Projects tab you are given information on the projects assigned to the customer: **Sub-folders** where the projects are saved (this field is left empty, if you saved projects in the root directory "Projekte"), the **project status** and the creation and last change dates are listed. The last column contains the information on the project created in the **Project properties** dialog.





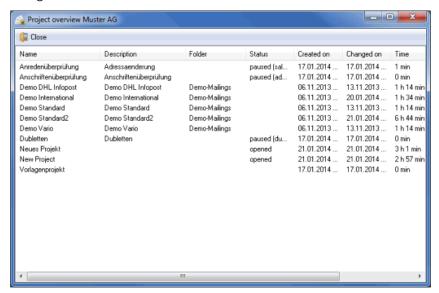
The options offered by this tab are also available to you when you create a new customer.

8.1.3 Projects

You can use the New Project button or menu item to create a new project for the selected customer. A dialog window to select the *project type* (on page 15) pops up.

Project overview

You can use the menu item *Project overview* to get an overview of all projects managed for the selected customer with information on the **project name**, the **folder**, in which it was stored, and the **project status**. Furthermore you can see the **creation**, the **last change date** and the total **editing** time. The "About" column contains the information, which were specified in the *project properties* (on page 42) dialog window in the About field.



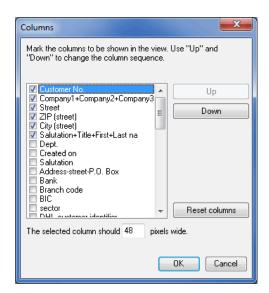
8.1.4 Extras

You can use the *Mailer - Set customer as mailer* menu item to globally specify a mailer for all projects. This mailer's data will be printed on the posting lists of all further projects (usually the information of the lettershop).

The mailer data cannot be deleted until a new mailer has been specified.



If you select the menu item *Columns*, a dialog window pops up and you can define the layout of the customer index:



Select the fields which are to be displayed by clicking the respective check box.

If necessary, the column widths (in pixel) can be changed in the dialog field below the table. Set the column order by moving them up or down. The button *Default columns* will reverse your changes.

Extended Mode

The **extended mode** offers useful functions for handling your customer index and still keeping the overview, especially, if the number of customer increases.

Sort table

Mouse-click the column header in order to sort the table by this column. An arrow indicates the **sort direction**. Change the direction by another mouse-click into the same column header.



If the arrow shows up, the sorting order is **ascending**, i.e. the sorting starts with the lowest number, the beginning of the alphabet or the earliest date. The opposite holds for the descending sorting order. The column, which serves as sorting criterion, is always indicated in the lower status bar of the window.



If the extended mode is deactivated, you can only sort the table ascending by the columns "Customer No.", "Company1+Compay2+Company3", "City (Street)" and "Salutation+Title+First+Last name".

Filter table

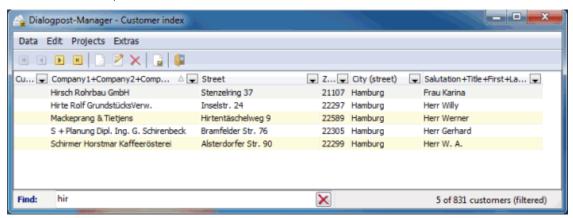
Click on the small button at the right border of a column to open a dropdown menu, where you find all values found in this column. You can **filter** the table by a value via selecting the respective entry from this menu.



If you want to deactivate a filter, click the menu item (All).

Search

You can search for a specific customer by typing in the first letters in the lower left corner of the window. Often, it is sufficient to enter a few letters since Dialogpost Manager will move directly to the entry closest to the information provided.



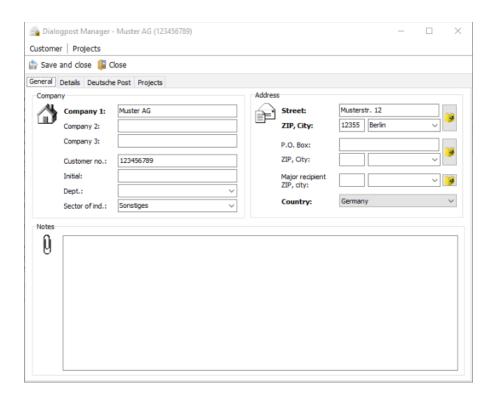
8.2. Sender / Mailer

You can make changes to your sender data in this dialog window.

The sender fields are used to manage address data and personal details where appropriate. Being a personal user, you will enter these data when you first launch Dialogpost Manager; they will be used for all future projects and, where appropriate, in mail merge documents.

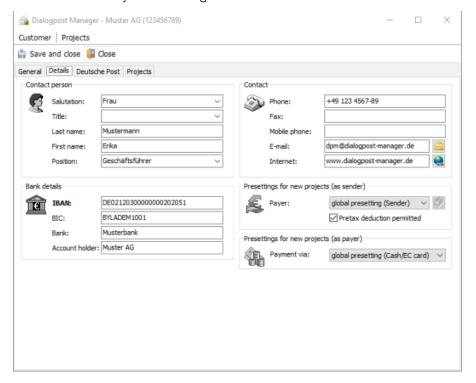
8.2.1 General

Your address data are managed on the *General* tab. In addition, an information field is available for further details.



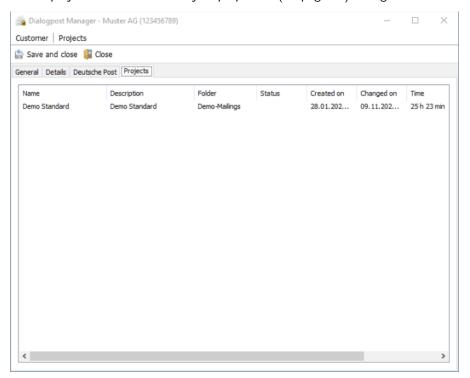
8.2.2 Details

On the Details tab you can manage additional data such as bank account and the contact person.



8.2.3 Projects

On the *Projects* tab you will find information on all projects stored with your sender data: Sub-folders, where your projects are saved (this field is left empty, if you saved projects in the root directory "Projekte"), the project status and the creation and last change dates are listed. The last column contains the information on the project created in the *Project properties* (on page 42) dialog.



8.2.4 Sender / Mailer

Save

You can use the Save menu item to save the last modifications to your sender data.

Save and close

You can use the **Save and close** button or menu item to save the last modifications to your sender data and finish managing your sender data.

Close

You can use the Close button to leave the management of your sender data without saving any changes.

8.2.5 Projects



Prior to clicking on one of the options, which are explained below (with the exception of New project), you first have to select a project on the Projects tab. Afterwards, you will be able to apply one of the following commands.

Open project

You can use the *Open project* menu item to continue working on an existing project after you have selected it on the Projects tab.

New project

The *New project* menu item can be used without first marking an existing project on the Projects tab. You can use this option to start working on a new project.

Delete project

You can use the Delete project menu item to remove the marked project from Dialogpost Manager.

In the chapter *Project management* (on page 34) you find information on how projects can be archived.

Properties

You can use the *Properties* menu item to view the properties of a selected project which is managed via the project explorer's menu item *Properties* (on page 43).

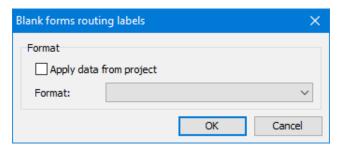
Rename

You can use the Rename menu item to give a project a new name.

8.3. Blank forms

You can use this menu to view and print forms independent on the current project.

These are only blank forms and do not contain any information of the current project. Only for (routing) labels you may optionally print data of the current project, for example the used product or the data of the sender.

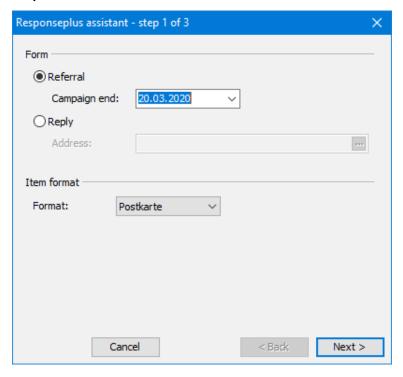


You can also select the desired print format.

8.4. Responseplus assistant

Here you can start a Responseplus campaign. For further information about Responseplus please take a look at the *brochure* (on page 251).

Step 1



Form

Responseplus *Referral* allows for using your customers for acquisition. Your customers will recommend your products to their family and friends.

With Responseplus *Reply* you can create a classic response element as postcard or reply letter. If you choose this option you will have to specify a reply address.

Item format

Specify the format of your Responseplus items here.

Step 2

Responseplus assistant	- step 2 of 3	×
Contractual partner —		
Post customer numbe	r:6000000121	
Customer order number	,	
Number:	0123456789	
Order number		
Number:	12A	
Items		
Number:	5000	
Item ID		
Start number:	1 💌	
Cano	cel < Back Next	>

Contractual partner

Specify here the Post customer number of the contractual partner for your Responseplus campaign; normally yours.

Customer order number

Here you can specify an individual identifier for your Responseplus campaign. The customer order number can contain up to 10 characters. Allowed are capital letters from A to Z and digits from 0 to 9.

Order number

Please enter the order number you received for your Responseplus campaign as hexadecimal number.

Items

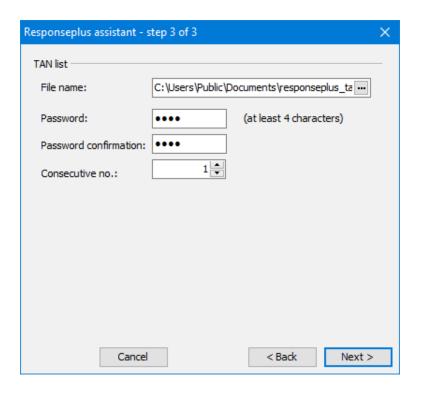
Specify here how many items you would like to produce.

Item ID

Each reply item must have a unique identification number. Dialogpost Manager will automatically set the IDs for you. By specifying a start number you can ensure different campaigns will not use the same IDs.

Step 3

This step is only necessary in case you are producing Responseplus Referral.

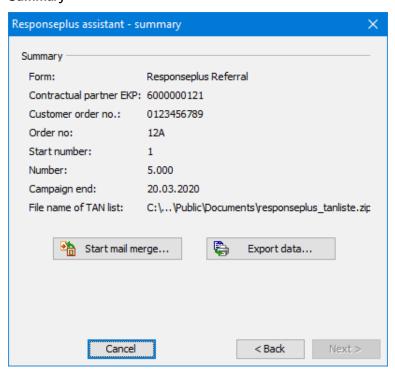


TAN list

For each item a TAN will be generated. A TAN will be used to determine whether an item has already been sent or not and can therefore avoid abuse.

The list will be stored as a file on your hard disk. Beside a **file name** you will have to specify a **password** to protect the file. By specifying a **consecutive number** you can ensure that the generated TAN list can unambiguously be associated with the Responseplus campaign.

Summary



This window presents the information about your Responseplus project. From here you can start *mail merge* (on page 315) to put the Responseplus items into shape. You may also *export* (on page 337) the collected data.

8.5. Change password

In order to change your password follow these steps:

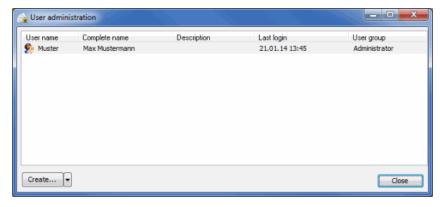
1. In the menu Extras, click on Change password.



- 2. In the first field, enter your current password.
- 3. Enter your new password in the fields below.
- 4. Close the dialog by confirming with the button OK.
- 5. Login with your new password by the next program launch.

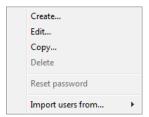
8.6. User administration

This menu item will open the *User administration*. It shows all users and their last logins listed in tabular form.



Click Create to add another user.

Using the context menu or by clicking the arrow to the right of Create, you can use additional functions.



You may copy a user. The dialog Create new user will then be pre-populated with data of the selected

user.

The menu item *Import users from* allows you to import user data from another program installed on your computer, e.g. Manager Presse Distribution. The menu will show all available programs.

Use this menu to delete or edit (on this page) an existing user, as well.

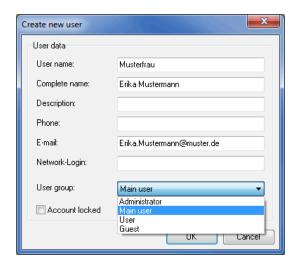
The menu item *Reset password* will reset the password preset by an administrator or specified by the user himself. Enter a new password in the same-named dialog. Optionally you may activate the check box to force the user to change this password by his next login. Use this function for example in case a user has forgotten his password.





You need to have administrator user rights in order to call user administration.

8.6.1 User data



In the field "user name" specify the name which will be used to log in.



The user name is not case-sensitive.

In the field "network login" specify the Windows user name of the respective user to allow for *automatic login* (on the previous page).



If you are part of a domain, it is for security reasons recommended to use fully qualified user names. These user names have the form "name@domain", for example "testuser@company.com".

If you use a simple user name without domain - in the example this would be "testuser" - the domain will not be taken into account for the login.

8.6.2 User rights

Every user is assigned to a user group. The group decides on which privileges this user will have within his installation of Dialogpost Manager. The following user groups are defined:

- Administrator
- Main user
- User
- Guest

The following table shows the rights for each user group.

Action	Administrator	Main user User	Guest	
Order management				
Request order	×	×		
Create order	×	x	X	
Refresh order	×	x	X	
Cancel order	×	x		
Projects				
Create project	×	x		
Open project	×	x	X	
Save project as	×	x		
Project explorer				
Open	×	x	X	
Delete project	×	х		
Rename project	×	x		
Copy, cut, paste project	×	x		
Protect project from processing	×	x		
Release project for processing	×	x		
Bind project to installation	×	x		
Release project for other installations	×	x		
Archive, restore project	×			
Anonymize project	×	x		
Pack & Go				
Create	×	х		
Import	×	x		
Addresses				
Import	X	x	X	
Export	Х	x	X	
Address management	X	x	X	
Salutation check	X	x	X	
Address check	X	X	X	

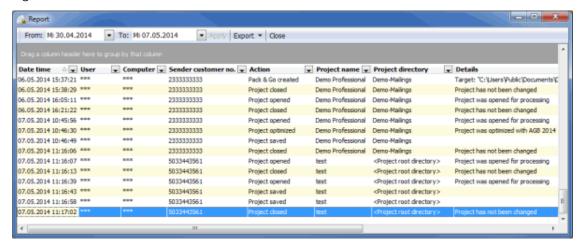
Action	Administrator	Main user User	Guest
Duplicate search	x	×	X
Nixie check	×	×	X
Code creation	X	x	X
Optimization			
Execute	X	X	0
Reset	X	X	0
Lists and labels			
Production lists	X	x	X
Routing labels	X	X	X
Posting lists	X	X	X
Mail merge			
Open	×	X	X
Print	X	X	X
PDF-Export	X	X	X
Edit address	×	X	X
Save mail merge document	×	X	X
Open mail merge (Word)	×	X	X
Analysis			
Project statistics	×	X	X
Address spread	X	X	X
Map-Tool	×	X	X
Administration and settings			
Customer index	×	X	
Show log of user activities	×		
Change user password	×	×	X
Change user	X	X	X
Update address check	×	X	
User management	×		
Change options	×	×	X
Change global options	X	X	
Change administrator options	×		
Software update	X		
Change license	×		
Execute data backup	X	X	X

 $[\]ensuremath{\text{o}} = \ensuremath{\text{only}}$ if the current user has executed the last optimization

 $[\]mathsf{r} = \mathsf{read}\text{-}\mathsf{only}$

8.7. Show log

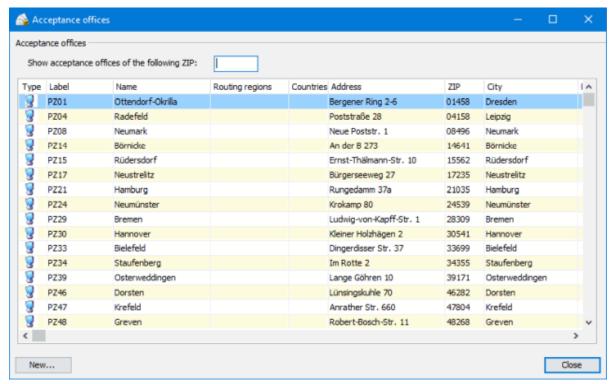
If you have activated the logging of user activities in the options options (on page 244) you can view the log with this menu item.



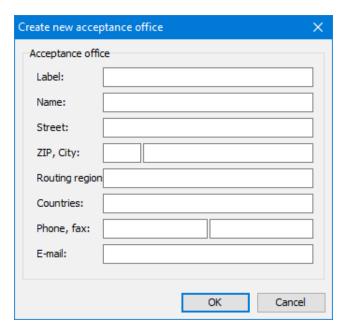
You can specify the period of time you would like to observe. Furthermore, you can export the log into a file or the clipboard.

8.8. Acceptance offices

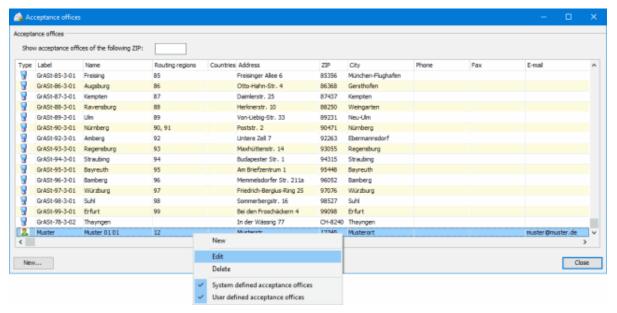
You can use this dialog window to view a list of all acceptance offices within your selected routing region where you can post you mailshot. Please enter the first digits of your ZIP to search for an acceptance office in your area.



With button New you can also define custom acceptance offices, for example if the data at hand is outdated.

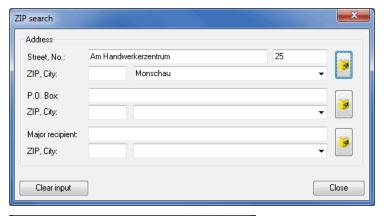


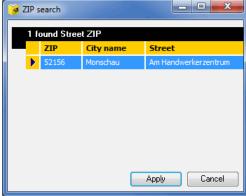
Use the context menu (right mouse click) to edit or delete such an acceptance office. Here you can also show or hide system or custom acceptance offices in the list.



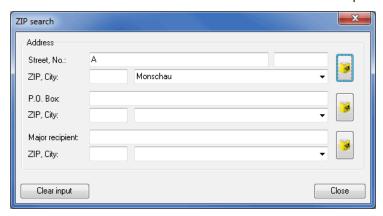
8.9. ZIP search

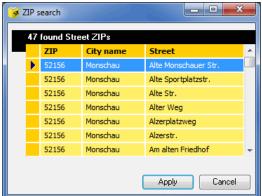
In the *ZIP-Search* menu item, you will find a convenient search tool for ZIPs, city and street names. If you know for instance the street and the city name, the ZIP will be provided automatically.





If you only know e.g. the first letter of the street or simply do not want to type in more, all suitable matches will be shown. You can also leave out the ZIP with this example. It will be automatically assigned, too.





You can even expand this example by entering only the first letter(s) of the city name. Please note,

however, that such information can lead to very long computing operations if several cities have to be considered.

You can also use the wildcards * and ? in all three fields in order to replace strings resp. single characters. For example, "B?chstr." will find "Buchstr." and "Bachstr." while "Buch*" will find "Buchenweg" and "Buchberger Allee". Using the key combination Ctrl+P directly calls the ZIP search from the respective dialog fields.



Deutsche Post AG provides the necessary postal routing data on a regular basis free of charge. They can be downloaded from the Internet. If you subscribe to the Dialogpost Manager newsletter, you will be automatically informed if new data are available, or you configure the *News- and Update Check* (on page 237) to be launched each time you start Dialogpost Manager. You can register for the newsletter and download the updated data at www.dialogpost-manager.de.

The postal routing data used by address check are **not** affected by updating the postal routing data for the ZIP search. The required data have to be purchased separately.

8.10. Update address check

Use this menu item to update the **Datafactory Streetcode** which is required for a detailed *address check* (on page 94) including all streets in Germany.



Inherently, address check will take into account all zip codes, all city names and the street names of the 218 largest cities in Germany. In order to check all street names in Germany, Datafactory Streetcode has to be installed.

You will find the order forms with information on prices and conditions of Datafactory Streetcode in the file **BestelSC.pdf**.

A wizard guides you through the installation resp. update process:



You can also call the order form for the Datafactory Streetcode from this dialog.

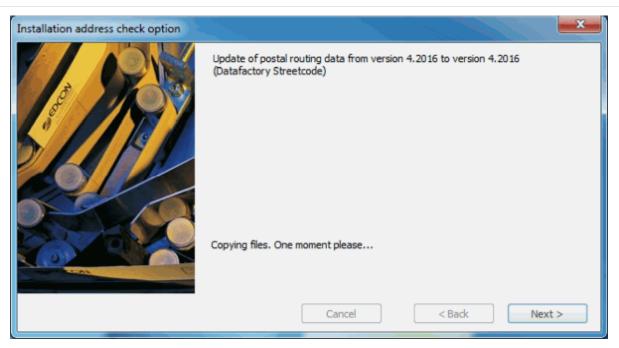
After having clicked the *Next* button you have to locate the XML file which Deutsche Post Direkt sent you after you purchased the Datafactory Streetcode. Normally, it can be found on your hard disk in a dedicated directory.

You do receive this XML file only once. Please mind that you can access it if you will run another update.

In the following step you select the file with the postal routing data which resides on the CD-ROM you received from Deutsche Post Direkt (per subscription if applicable) and click *Next*.



If the postal routing data required by the ZIP search (on page 229) are out-dated you will be asked in an additional step whether or not you want to update them.



The update process is finished as soon as the file from the CD-ROM is installed.

8.11. Options

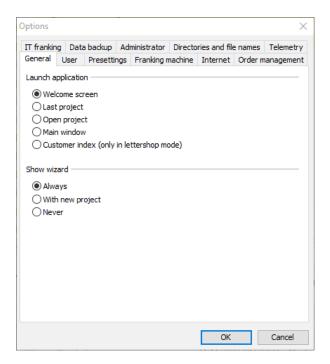
You can use this menu to adjust the Dialogpost Manager settings to your requirements.



Module IT franking

On tab **IT** franking you can activate the same-named module. Details can be found in chapter *IT* franking (on page 422).

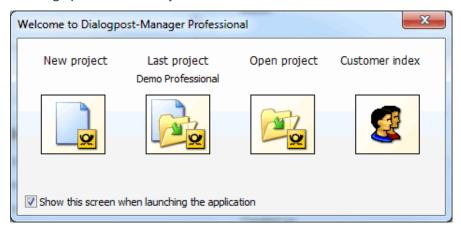
8.11.1 General



Launch application

You can define here which view Dialogpost Manager shall call after having launched.

If Dialogpost Manager starts up with the *Welcome to Dialogpost Manager* screen, you can select the following options immediately:



The Last project option automatically opens the project which was last processed with Dialogpost Manager.

The *Open project* option directly calls the project explorer, making it possible to select a project for further processing.

If the *Main window* option has been activated, Dialogpost Manager will be launched with the main screen and you can select the desired action via the menus.

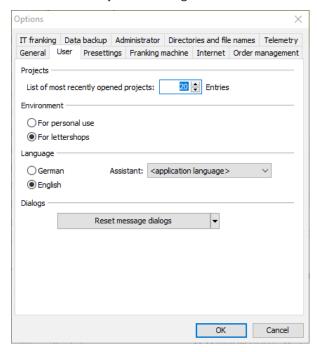
With selected option *Customer index* Dialogpost Manager will call the *customer index* (on page 208) directly after having launched so that you then can select your customer or one of their projects with which you like to continue.

Show wizard

In the "Show wizard" section you can choose whether the Dialogpost Manager wizard shall be always visible, available only when starting a new project or generally inactive. This selection can be changed at any time.

8.11.2 User

On the *User* tab you can change some individual settings for working with Dialogpost Manager.



Projects

Specify in the "Projects" section how many of the projects recently processed shall be listed in the *Project - Reopen* menu for direct access.

Environment

The mode for *personal use* targets companies or individuals, who want to manage and implement only their own projects.

The *lettershop mode*, in contrast, offers the possibility of implementing projects for customers and saving a variety of data about these customers in the integrated customer index section.

The menu Extras changes depending on the mode which is selected:

In personal use mode the first menu item is Sender/Mailer, while in lettershop mode it is Customers.

Running projects in lettershop mode imply that projects have to be assigned to customers stored in the customer index. Furthermore you can specify this customer e.g. as payer during setting the payment type properties. Dialogpost Manager automatically accesses the sender respectively customer data and your personal data as mailer.

Language

In the "Language" area you can specify Dialogpost Manager's language for the graphical user interface. Choose between German and English. As soon as Dialogpost Manager restarts, the selected language will be available in all menus, commands, dialog windows, lists and the project statistics.

Additionally, the wizard's language can be set to French, Italian, Spanish, Danish, Polish or Czech.

Dialogs

Using this button you can reset

- Message dialogs
- Table views
- Window positions und sizes

to Dialogpost Manager default values.

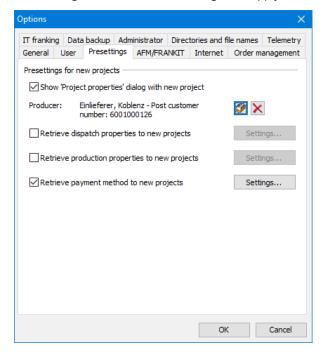
Resetting message dialogs makes all windows which were closed in the past with the checked box "do not show again" to appear again as soon as they occur.



This option is particularly helpful if several users use one computer or if a well-experienced Dialogpost Manager user has to be replaced by another, less experienced user, e.g. as a vacation replacement.

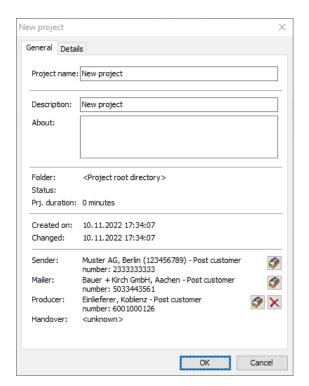
8.11.3 Presettings

The settings made on the *Presettings* tab apply to all new projects:



Defaults for new projects

If you activate the option *Show "Project properties" dialog with new project*, the dialog field *Project properties* (on page 42) will appear with each new project which will be created.



Here you can specify additional details to the project such as "description" or "about".

Use the button *Change manufacturer* to preassign the manufacturer and *Delete manufacturer* to cancel the assignment.

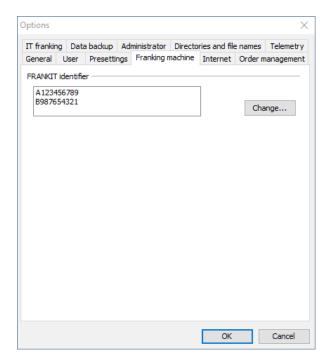
For all projects you can predefine the most important *production properties* (on page 147) via option *Retrieve production properties to new projects.* You can use the *Settings* button to specify the respective values.

Using the *Retrieve dispatch properties to new projects* option, you can specify dispatch properties for new projects. You can use the button *Settings* to enter the *selection menu* (on page 136).

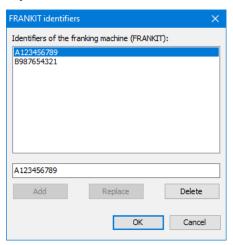
You can use the option *Retrieve payment method to new projects* to choose how your items are to be invoiced by Deutsche Post AG for all future projects. You can use the button *Settings* to enter the selection menu in which you can activate the desired *payment method* (on page 161).

8.11.4 Production

You can enter on the tab *Production* the **franking machines** at your disposal.



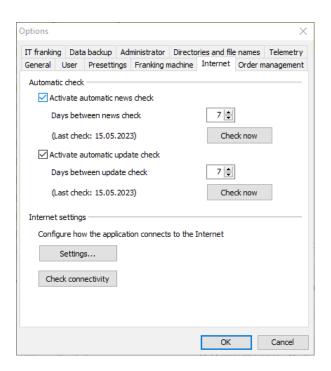
These will then appear as selection menu in the *Project properties* (on page 42); their numbers are automatically printed onto the posting lists. You can use the *Change* button to change these entries at any time.



Should you have any questions on franking machines the Deutsche Post Hotline will be glad to help you on $+49\ 180\ 5\ 334460$ (14 ct per minute or part thereof from a German landline or mobile phone network).

8.11.5 Internet

On the tab *Internet* you can enter the setting for the automatic news and update check as well as for the general Internet access.



Automatic check

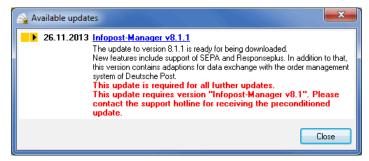
Using options Activate automatic news check resp. Activate automatic update check you can select the desired check type.

News are information related to Dialogpost Manager such as product releases, new postal regulations, availability of updates, etc.



All current news are listed in the news window. Additionally, archived news can be shown by deactivating option *Only show news as of dd.mm.yyyy*.

By using **Update check** Dialogpost Manager verifies whether or not the installed modules are up-to-date and indicates available updates.



If you click the *Load* button, Dialogpost Manager contacts the download server and loads those updates your Dialogpost Manager is authorized. After the download is completed you can simply and easily install the loaded updates by clicking the *Install* button. In order to do so, Dialogpost Manager has to be quit.

Thus, you can easily make sure that you are always using the latest Dialogpost Manager version and you save the time for regularly exploring the Internet for new updates.

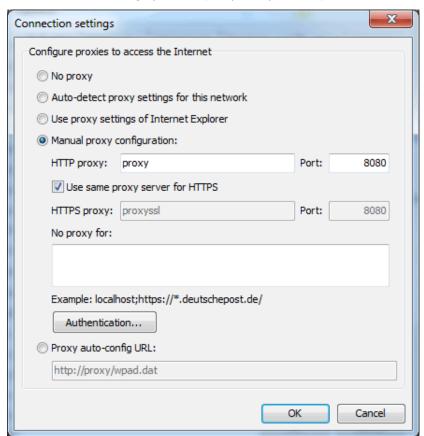
For both options you can specify the time frame between checks. 0 starts checks at every program launch, 1 every day, 7 once a week, etc. Using the *Check now* buttons you can immediately and manually start the respective check independent on the settings.



Any manual check can be performed at any time via item Internet from the Help menu.

Internet settings

With the button Settings you can specify how your computer is connected to the Internet.



Specify whether Dialogpost Manager should use proxy servers to connect to the Internet. In many cases the option *Auto-detect proxy settings for this network* will work well.

Select No proxy to explicitly deactivate usage of proxy servers.

With option *Auto-detect proxy settings for this network* Dialogpost Manager will query the network you are connected to for proxy servers to be used. Usually, the network will either be configured by a system administrator or not at all. If you are not sure, use this option.

Option *Use proxy settings of Internet Explorer* will let Dialogpost Manager behave exactly like Internet Explorer. Use this option if you know that Internet Explorer is configured correctly on your system.

With *Manual proxy configuration* you can explicitly define proxy servers for the protocols HTTP and HTTPS. Activate option *Use same proxy server for HTTPS* if you would like to use the same proxy for both HTTP and HTTPS.

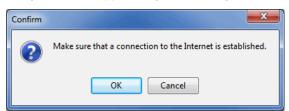
In the text area **No proxy for** you can define exceptions. For all addresses specified there no proxy will be used.

You can define exception with or without protocol (e.g. http://). If you omit the protocol, the exception applies to all protocols. An asterisk (*) represents an arbitrary number of characters.

Using the button Authentication you may also specify and check user name and password.

Option *Proxy auto-config URL* works similar to "Auto-detect proxy settings for this network". Use this option of your system administrator gave you such a URL.

If you have chosen option *Confirm dial-up* a window appears prior to starting the checks. With it you always have the opportunity to manually connect to the Internet if appropriate.

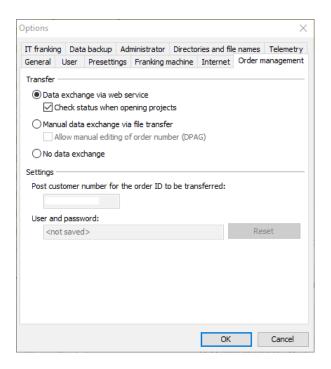


The button *Check connectivity* allows for testing the communication of Dialogpost Manager with the Internet and especially with the relevant services of Deutsche Post.

If the different configuration methods are confusing to you or if you are confronted with error messages when starting the checks, please contact your system administrator.

8.11.6 Order management

On this tab you specify whether or not you want to exchange the project data via order management with Deutsche Post. If yes, you also have to state the transfer type.



Transfer

By default, option *Data exchange via Webservice* is activated as well as the check box *Verify status when opening projects*.

Choosing this option eases the data exchange the way that you do not have to care about the manual transfer of the created data exchange files.

If you prefer the transfer of the data exchange files by hand (e.g. via e-mail or via FTP up/download) activate option *Manual data exchange via file transfer*. Please note that this is only possible with prior consultation of Deutsche Post.

When manual data exchange is activated the option *Allow manual editing of order number (DPAG)* enables you to manually change the order number of your posting. This may be of need for example due to connection problems. In cases like this you can manually check for the correct order number on AM.portal e.g. and set it locally in the *project's properties* (on page 46).

By activating option $\it No~data~exchange~you~abandon~the~transfer~resp.$ the request of project data to/from Deutsche Post.

Settings

In this area you specify the data which are relevant for you being data producer such as e.g. your **Post customer number**.

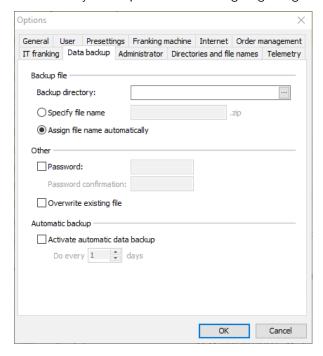
Please note that the customer number entered here will be coded in the project data to be transferred. It will be also used to clearly assign projects on Deutsche Post's data exchange server to you.

In field **User and password** the recently used authentication data will be shown if you have checked option *Save password* (on page 170). The password is garbled for confidentiality purposes.

Using the *Reset* button you will delete these data. Thus, you will be prompted again to enter user and password if you contact Deutsche Post's data exchange server next time.

8.11.7 Data Backup

On this tab you can predefine all settings regarding data backup.



Backup file

Here you can specify the name of the backup file and to which directory it is to be saved.

To do so, enter the path to its location in the field **backup directory**. Ideally, this location should be placed on another computer, a separate hard disk or on an external storage.

Furthermore the option *specify file name* enables you to preset a fixed name for your backup file. Alternatively, you may use a dynamically generated name that is different for every backup. Activate the option *assign file name automatically* and Dialogpost Manager will create a zip-file which is named after the following pattern: "ipmbck_Year-Month-Day_Hour-Minute-Second.zip".

Please beware that if you use a fixed file name your old backup will be overwritten with every new backup. If you want to archive different states of your data directory you should therefore either move or rename the file after the backup is done, or use an automatically generated name.

Other

If you want to prevent your backup file from being accessed without your permission you may protect it with a password using the option *protect with password*. Enter and confirm the password in the respective text fields

In case you have chosen a fixed name in the section **Backup file** for every backup a windows will appear in which you will have to decide whether an existing file should be overwritten. If you want to skip this query and always overwrite the old file you can activate the option *overwrite existing file*.

automatic backup

Besides starting a backup manually, you can tell Dialogpost Manager to start a backup at a certain interval. To do so, activate the option *activate automatic data backup* and specify the number of days after which a backup is to be done.

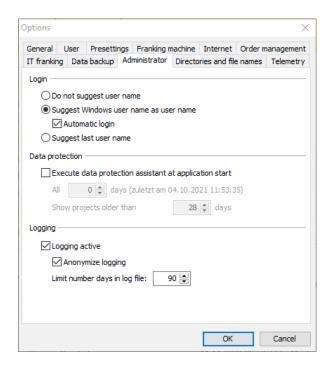
8.11.7.1 Recovery

Please note that at recovering all changes made on files in the meantime will be lost.

In case you have saved your data using the backup function of Dialogpost Manager, you can recover your settings in the following way:

- At first, ensure that Dialogpost Manager has been properly closed.
- Find the data directory of Dialogpost Manager. You have specified it at installation. Its default location for Windows 10 is "C:\Users\Public\Documents\Deutsche Post AG\Dialogpost Manager\data".
- The zip file which has been created at backup contains a directory **data** as well. Extract it to the exact location of your data directory. Overwrite the files of your data directory with those of the backup file.

8.11.8 Administrator



Login

In this area you can choose if and which user name Dialogpost Manager shall suggest for login.



Dialogpost Manager is networkable. That is, your Windows authentication is enough to log into Dialogpost Manager as well. Activate the option *automatic login* to make use of this feature. Dialogpost Manager will then use the name of the user currently logged into Windows and will start without user name or password input.



In order to use automatic login you need to enter the Windows user name in the respective user's field "Network login" (cf. *User administration* (on page 224)).

Data protection

Activate the option *Execute data protection assistant at application start* in order to regularly delete address data of older projects. Details about the means of project anonymization can be found in chapter *project explorer* (on page 34).

Specify how often Dialogpost Manager should search for old projects and the number of days until a project is potentially old.

Logging

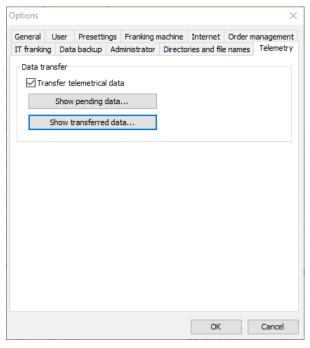
If you activate the option Logging active all user activities (on page 228) will be registered.

Specify whether you would like to *anonymize the logging* and how many days the report of user activities should be saved.

8.11.9 Telemetry

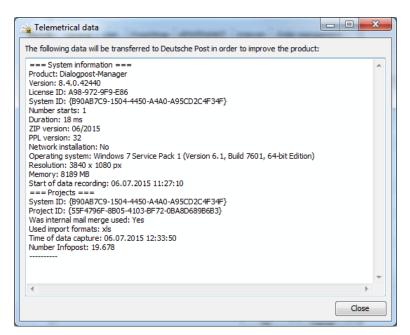
Support further development of Dialogpost Manager and approve that anonymized data about its usage will regularly be transferred to Deutsche Post. You can withdraw the approval at any time.

Data transfer

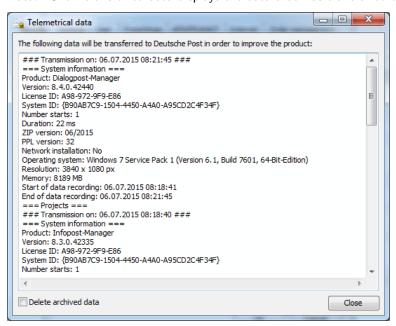


Activate option *Transfer telemetrical data* to transfer anonymized data about what features of Dialogpost Manager you use to Deutsche Post.

With button Show pending data you can see the data that will be transferred soon.



Button Show transferred data displays the data that was transferred to Deutsche Post already.

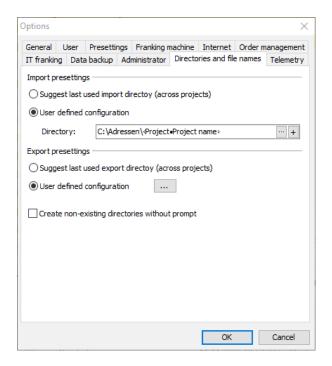


Activate option Delete archived data to remove this information from your computer.

8.11.10 Directories and file names

On this tab you can specify how Dialogpost Manager will support you on selecting directories and file names for import and export.

You can of course still choose arbitrary directories and files. The settings you specify here will be used in the file select dialogs as pre-allocations in the hope they will facilitate your work.



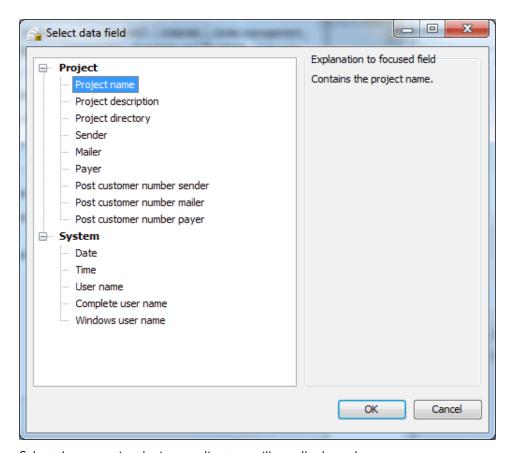
Import presettings

Here you can specify the directories your import sources will come from.

Activate option Suggest last used import directory (across projects) if you routinely import your addresses always from the same directory.

Option *User defined configuration* allows for extended settings.

With button \dots you can preset a fixed directory for all projects. Button + allows for building the directory dynamically using various project properties.



Select the properties the import directory will usually depend on.



Example

Suppose you save your import files in "C:\Addresses". Within that directory you plan a sub-directory for each of your projects with the name of the project.

To import addresses for a new project with name "Mailing" from the directory "C:\Addresses\Mailing", enter "C:\Addresses\" into the text field **Directory**. Then, open the selection dialog with button + and select **Project name**. The text field will now contain the value "C:\Addresses\ProjectProject name". If you now create project "Mailing" and start to import your addresses, the file select dialog will automatically suggest the directory "C:\Addresses\Mailing".



If the directory as defined above does not exist, the last used directory will be suggested instead.

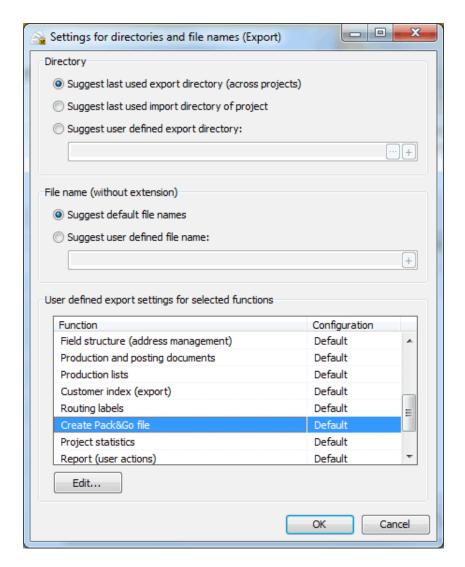
Export presettings

Here you can specify the directories you want to export your results to.

With activated option *Create non-existing directories without prompt* Dialogpost Manager will silently create missing directories. If this option is not active, you will be prompted whenever a directory has to be created.

Select option Suggest last used export directory (across projects) if you routinely export your results always to the same directory.

Option User defined configuration allows for extended settings.



Directory

Specify whether Dialognost Manager should suggest the *last used export directory*, the *last used import directory*, or a *user defined export directory*. The available options for a user defined directory are the same as in the *Import presettings* (on page 246).

File name (without extension)

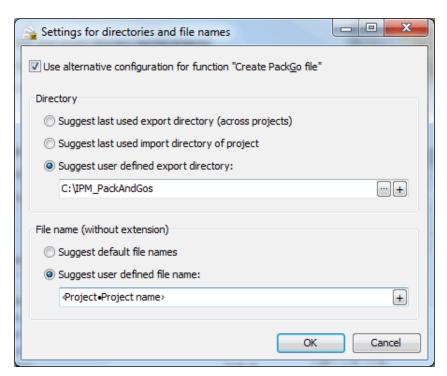
Here you can specify the name of the file that contains your export result more precisely.

With activated option *Suggest default file names* Dialogpost Manager will suggest names appropriate for the respective export results.

Select option Suggest user defined file name to let the suggested file names be dependent on properties of the respective projects. The same fields as in the *Import presettings* (on page 246) are available. In any case, Dialogpost Manager will choose a file extension as appropriate for the respective file type (e.g. xls or xlsx, respectively, for Excel).

User defined export settings for selected functions

In this area you can explicitly specify the export directories and file names for various actions. Select the action you would like to customize and click on button *Edit*.



Activate option *Use alternative configuration for function* to use the customized settings. The options available here are the same as for the action spanning settings for *directories* (on the preceding page) and *file names* (on the previous page).

9 Help menu



From this menu you can control the Dialogpost Manager Wizard, access the current postal regulations and make changes to your license details.

9.1. Dialogpost Manager Wizard

You can use this menu item to launch or exit the Dialogpost Manager Wizard.

The Dialogpost Manager Wizard is largely self-explanatory. It starts up in a separate window and is available to accompany you throughout your complete Dialogpost campaign.

If you need help it can explain the next step, point out possible problems and can immediately call the corresponding functions if requested. Of course it knows all Dialogpost regulations.

You can close the wizard at any time and then manage the project by yourself. You can use the *Help - Dialogpost Manager Wizard* menu item to launch it again whenever you need to (q.v. *Extras - Options* (on page 233)).

If you reopen a project which you have processed using the wizard it automatically launches at the next uncompleted step. You can also call it for explanation of special steps as soon as you start them in the current project.

9.2. DPM help

This menu item opens this help.

9.3. Hotline

This menu item will open the chapter *How to contact Deutsche Post* (on page ??).

9.4. Internet

This menu item provides you with several links to web pages that may be useful for your work.

Furthermore, you can check whether news or updates for Dialogpost Manager are available online. In the settings (on page 238) you may also configure to regularly check for news or updates.

9.5. Brochures

You can read current product brochures about dialog marketing using this menu item.

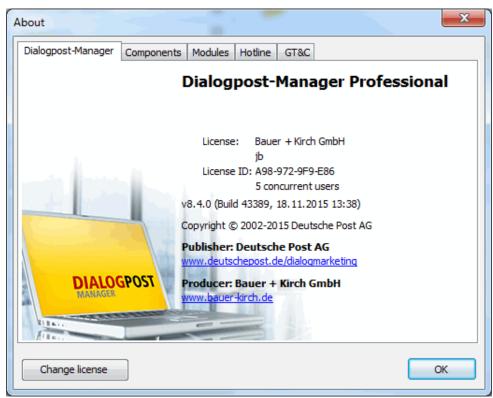
Brochures are not delivered together with the application. The menu items are links to web pages that provide the current version of the respective brochure.



In order to be able to show these brochures, besides a web browser an application which is capable of displaying PDF files, for example Adobe Reader, has to be installed on your computer.

9.6. About

This menu item opens the *About* dialog window. Dialogpost Manager's **current version** and components used as well as available and activated modules can be seen here.



You can change Dialogpost Manager's license information at any time. Click the button Change license



and enter the new data together with a valid license key.

10 Information on field assignment

This Help chapter gives you detailed information on the various ways of assigning the fields of an address file in order to make address check, duplicate search and postage optimization provide efficient results.

Dialogpost Manager's analysis tool works very thoroughly and its suggestions are often correct. Nevertheless you should check all assignments, otherwise it cannot be guaranteed that the program can provide correct results.

You will find a brief description of the various possible assignments below.

Address files and their assignments (Examples) (on the current page)

10.1. Address files and their assignments (Examples)

Example 1: Detailed structure of an address

The detailed structure of an address (without name fields) consists of ten fields and looks like this:

Field name	selected assignment
* Straße	Street
* Hausnummer	Street number
* Straßen-PLZ	Street ZIP
* Straßen-Ort	City (Street)
* Postfach	P.O. Box
* Postfach-PLZ	P.O. Box ZIP
* Postfach-Ort	City (P.O. Box)
* Großempfänger-PLZ	Major recipient ZIP
* Großempfänger-Ort	City (major recipient)
* Land	Country



The field names used here are only examples and may vary. Only the meaning is important here whereas the given names of the assignments are fixed and can be selected from Dialogpost Manager with this terms.

Example 2: Mixed field structure with fewer fields

Addresses often have a mixed field structure using fewer fields:

Field name	selected assignment	
* Straße mit Hausnummer	Snummer Street+Street number	
* Straßen-PLZ	Street ZIP	

Field name	selected assignment
* Postfach	P.O. Box
* Postfach-PLZ oder Großempfänger-PLZ	P.O. Box/major recipient ZIP
* Ort (Mix of the three city fields of example 1)	City (mix)
* Land	Country

Example 3: Heavier mixed field structure

This example already becomes confusing:

Field name	selected assignment
* Straße mit Hausnummer oder Postfach	Street+No./P.O. Box
* PLZ (Mix of the three ZIP fields of example 1)	ZIP (mix)
* Ort (Mix of the three city fields of example 1)	City (mix)
* Land	Country

Example 4: Highly mixed field structure with very few fields

Here, the solution is far from optimal:

Field name	selected assignment
* Straße mit Hausnummer oder Postfach	Street+No./P.O Box
* Land und PLZ und Ort	Country+ZIP+City(mix)



For both ZIPs and cities, one of the three possibilities is used in this example.

Dialogpost Manager has no problems dealing with any of these formats. However, you have to ensure that **the correct combinations** are used during the field assignment. Take another look at the examples and pay special attention to the use of the mixed assignments.

If the addition (mix) is used, these are combined fields.

In a ZIP field which is given the assignment ZIP (mix), it is therefore possible to combine

- * either street ZIP
- * or P.O. Box ZIP
- * or major recipient ZIP

in one address.

The same applies to the City field, which is given the assignment City (mix).

A field may only be given a mixed assignment if the appropriate "counter assignments" exist. An **example** of this:

The use of ZIP (mix) with a field at the same time requires both the assignments Street and P.O. Box to be used with two other fields, or alternatively the combined assignment of Street+No./P.O. Box. In the second case you have assigned two mixed fields.

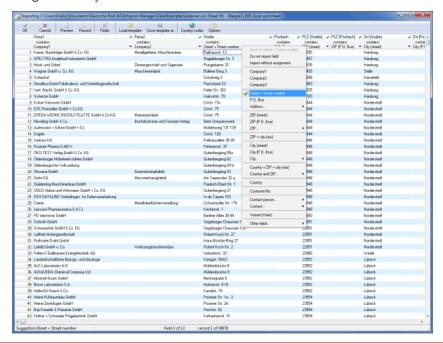
The assignment which postally relevant information was stored (e.g. the city) in which field (or in which column) of your file must be unambiguously defined prior to importing it.

If a field name is not identical to the names used in Dialogpost Manager, the assignment must be checked and corrected where necessary. Not only the field names are taken into account during the analysis but also the field contents. Therefore, the majority of Dialogpost Manager's proposed assignments are correct and only need to be confirmed.

You can also import postally irrelevant fields (e.g. birthday or practiced sport) unassigned from your file . These may be needed for subsequent mail merge printing (e.g. "... last year you bought a boat engine for your yacht "Polaris". We would be happy to ...") and should be imported for this purpose.

The content of these fields may also be important for the decision which of two addresses recognized as duplicates may be chosen if there are not too many differences in other fields.

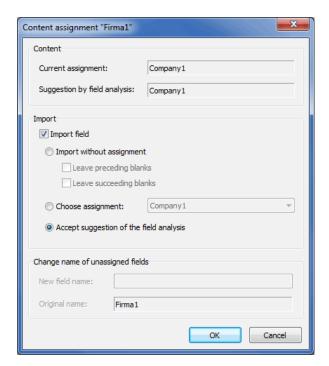
Each postally relevant field has to contain the appropriate assignment. You can see the list of all possible assignments if you click on the arrow icon of each field.



For address files which only contain company addresses the field **Company 1** has to be assigned; for address files which solely contain individual addresses the field **last name** has to be assigned. If an address file contains both company and individual addresses, it is very important that the "Company 1" and the "last name" fields are assigned. Otherwise, the duplicate search will not be able to take into account all records during the various comparisons and thus will lead to incomplete or even wrong results.

You can show a preview by double-clicking an address.

Double-clicking the field name checks all settings for this field once again. If appropriate, you can also make modifications.

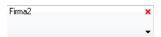


The ticks next to the field names mean that these fields will be imported, i.e. will be available for the further process of the project.





You do not have to import fields which you do not need for the Dialogpost project. Call the field assignment menu (click on the arrow icon of the column header) and choose the command *Do not import field*. This may make your project easier to follow. Deactivating a field will apply to all addresses in the file at the same time.



11 Mail merge (DPM)

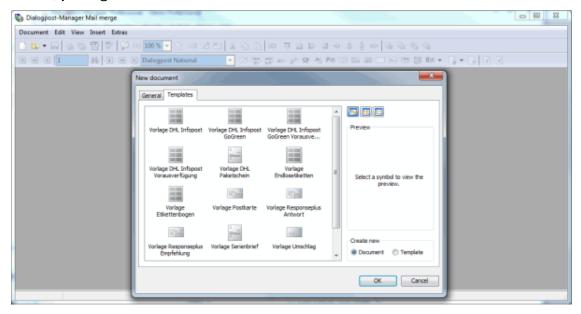
Dialogpost Manager's special word processor for dialog marketing provides you with a wide range of possibilities for designing your mail merge documents.

11.1. Document

Dialogpost Manager offers the facility to create five different types of mail merge documents:

- 1. endless labels
- 2. label sheets
- 3. mail merge letters
- 4. envelopes
- 5. postcards

You can use the menu *Document* to administrate the templates and documents and their respective formats; **printing addresses** is also launched from this menu.



11.1.1 New

Start working with a **new mail merge document** or create a **new template**. A template offers you a pre-designed document structure for later use. Thus, you only have to position and design the individual elements of the document once.

General tab

Here you can select one of the five document types which can be created using the Dialogpost Manager mail merge module.

The information on paper format and size which you can see here using the list view (on this page), is

New document

General Templates

Endless label Envelope Label sheet

Preview

Select a symbol to view the preview.

Create new

Document Template

a default setting. As soon as you have selected and opened a document type, you can change the paper format using menu item *Document: Edit format* (on page 261).

To create a **template**, mark the desired document type in the selection list and choose the *Template* option in the "Create new" area.

OK

Cancel

Then design the template and save it as stated using the file type "document template" (*.ipv) in the template directory "DocTmpl".

The options offered for saving templates are mandatory and ensure the document's proper selectability on the template tab (see below).

View selection buttons

With these selection buttons you can change the view of the available documents.



You can use this button to view the document types available as icons.



This button shows the document types formatted as a list.

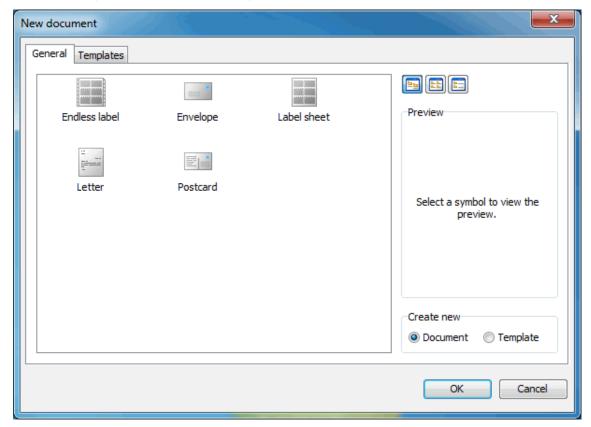


This button changes the view into a document list **providing information on the document type, the paper format and the size in centimeters**.

On the Templates tab the "icon" view is activated as standard.

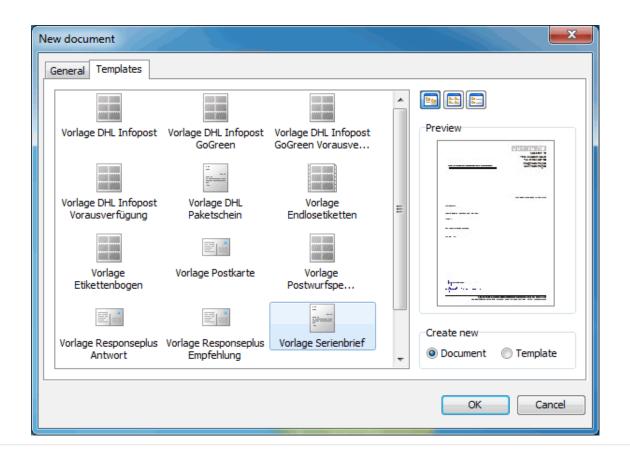
As long as you do not create templates of your own, you will see the information on paper format and size of the provided templates within the other view types. You can either open these templates and then change the paper format (on page 266) or create a new template.

Create new option: Document or Template



Templates tab

Here you can see all the templates created so far in Dialogpost Manager. By clicking on a document type you can activate the preview on the right side of the dialog window.





For more information on the display of the document types on this tab refer to the *View selection buttons* (on page 258).

11.1.2 Open

Use this menu item to open a document which has already been created.

11.1.3 Reopen

You will see the list of the most recently opened documents which you can directly open by selecting an item.

11.1.4 Close

Closes the current document.

11.1.5 Save

The current document is saved to keep all changes you have made.

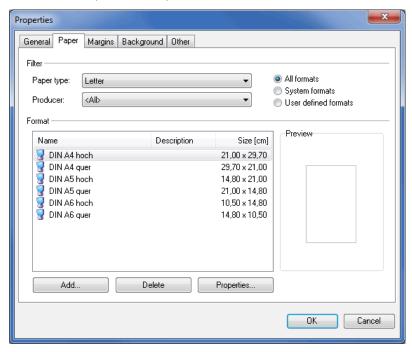
11.1.6 Save as

You can use this menu item to save the current document with another name.

11.1.7 Edit format

You will be directed to the *Paper* tab of the current document's properties. Execute this command if you want to change the paper format of your document.

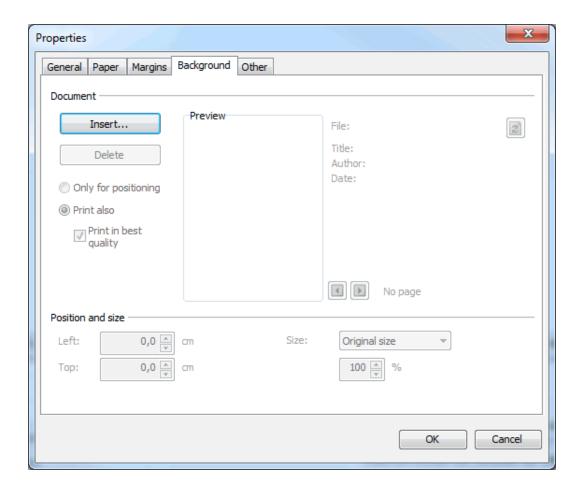
See Paper tab (on page 263) for a detailed explanation.



11.1.8 Background

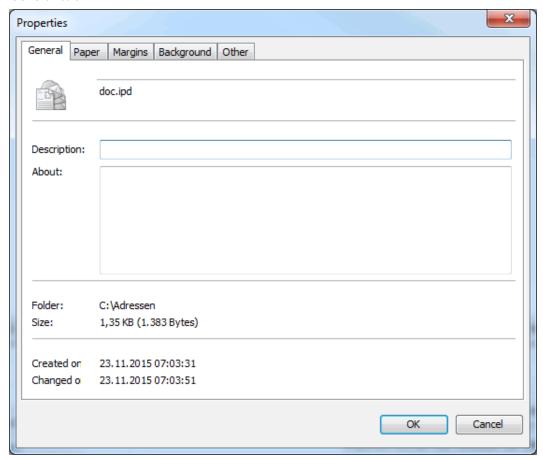
You will be directed to the *Background* tab of the current document's properties. Execute this command if you want to define a water mark for your document.

See Background tab (on page 268) for a detailed explanation.



11.1.9 Properties

General tab



Description

Here you can add any other description to the document name which simultaneously serves as file name.

About

In this text field you can enter more information on the current document.

Folder

Dialogpost Manager shows the **directory path** where the current document is saved.

Size

You can see the current file size of your document here.

Created

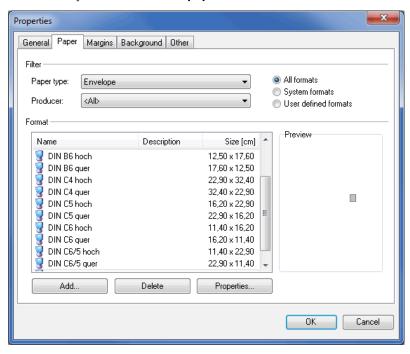
This field indicates the date when the document was created.

Changed

This date shows when the document was changed last.

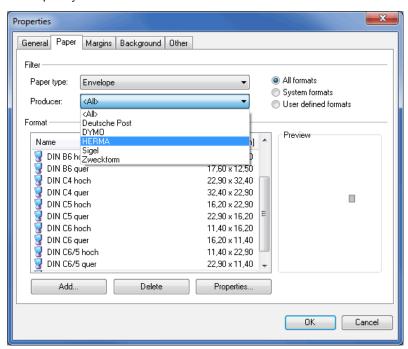
Paper tab

On this tab you can choose the paper format for the current document.



Filter

Use the filter to restrict the selection of the available paper formats in order to find the desired format more quickly.



Paper type

You can use this filter to change the document type:

endless labels,

- label sheets,
- letters.
- envelopes and
- postcard

are available.

Produced by

Dialogpost Manager knows the paper formats offered by some manufacturers.

The filter "Produced by" restricts the formats available for selection to the products of one of these manufacturers. The <All> option lists all formats.

Format selection

This filter further restricts the formats available for selection:

System formats are formats known to Dialogpost Manager as labels, envelopes or single sheets.

When using the "user defined formats" filter, the only formats available for selection are those which

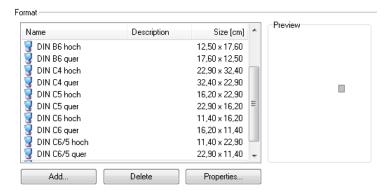
When using the "user defined formats" filter, the only formats available for selection are those which have been **created by the user**.

The filter "All" shows the entire list of all formats.

Format

In this list you will see all paper formats defined in Dialogpost Manager which correspond to the current filter. The selected format is presented in the Preview.

The format name corresponds to the description provided by the manufacturer or - for user defined formats - to the description given by the user; the column "Description" can show more information on this format.



The formats are represented by two different icons:

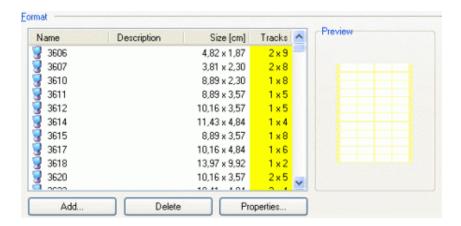


System formats

🧘 User defined formats



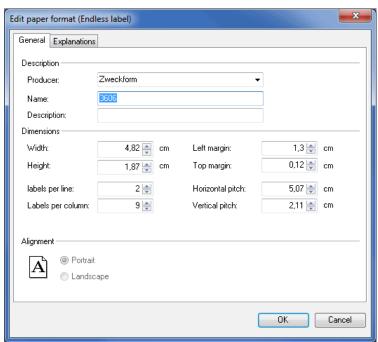
The information in the "Tracks" column is only available for endless labels and label sheets and refers to the number of labels per page or sheet.



Edit paper format

The Add and Properties buttons open another dialog box where a new format can be created or an existing format can be edited.

Enter a name and a description for the new format and, if appropriate, add the manufacturer name for this format.



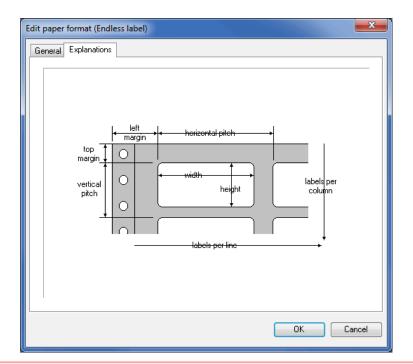


The name of the manufacturer can be used as a filter criterion when looking for a format.

Now set the dimensions and orientation of the new format.

The values "left" and "top margin" as well as the "horizontal" and "vertical pitch" are important for defining the exact position of the label on these (endless) sheets.

These values are visualized on the Explanations tab.



Especially with endless labels it is extremely important to define the values as precisely as possible (ideally down to 1/10 mm; e.g. 3.78 cm) to ensure the correct positioning of the texts during printing.

You can use the Delete button to remove formats which you have created yourself.

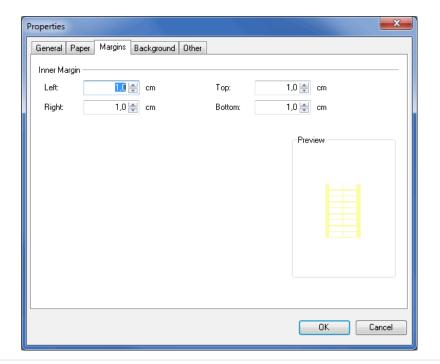
Margins tab

Here you can define the inner margins for your mail merge document which will serve as an **aid in orientation for the correct dimensions** of the position frames.

You can provide individual details for all four sides of the document. In the Preview you will see these changes immediately.



With labels you can also provide information on the side margins of the sheets which will assist you in the exact positioning of these sheets for *Printing* (on page 271).

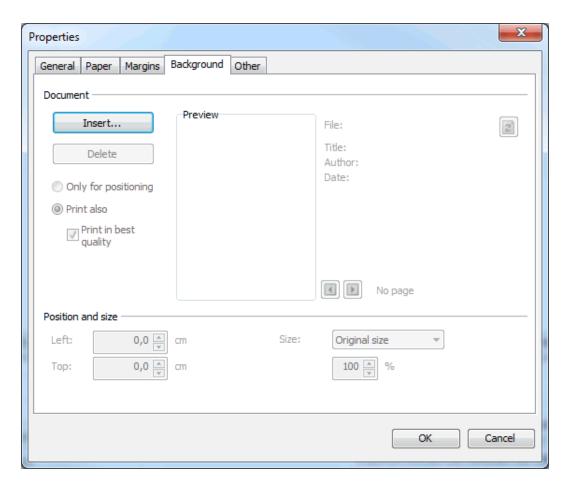




If you linked the position frames integrated into the document on the *General* tab using the option *Keep distance to the (left margin)* (on page 280) to the margin stated for the document, these position frames are moved automatically when this margin is changed.

Background tab

On this tab you define all settings required to use backgrounds resp. water marks.



Document

The dialog for locating the file to be used as background appears if you click the *Insert* button. Dialogpost Manager supports the following formats:

- BMP
- EMF
- JPG
- PDF
- PNG
- WMF



Dialogpost Manager also supports multilateral PDF documents. Each page of the PDF document will be assigned to the corresponding page of the mail merge document as background. If the mail merge document consists of more pages than the PDF document, no backgrounds will be used on the last pages and vice versa: Only the first pages of large PDF documents will be used as backgrounds if the mail merge document has less pages.

You will get an impression how the background looks like in **Preview** area. To the right of this area the file name will be shown and for PDF documents also some additional information which are stored in the file.

If you click the labutton the defined document will be reloaded from the specified path. Thus, you make sure that modifications to the water mark (e.g. new letter head) are always up-to-date.

Use the arrow keys
and to navigate from page to page in a multilateral PDF document.

Determine in the left area whether you want to use the background document *Only for positioning* purposes or you intend to *Print it also*. The first case for instance makes sense if you want to print your mail merge document on offset printed pages which already contain the water mark (e.g. stationery).



For speed purposes, Dialogpost Manager optimizes PDF documents to the screen resolution. This may lead to loss of print relevant information or a lower print resolution. If you intend to print the complete document including the PDF background, it is recommended to activate option *Print in best quality*. During printing the original background document will be used rather than the optimized one. Please keep in mind that, as a result, considerably more data will be sent to the printer.



Please note that Dialogpost Manager categorically places 10 pixels on exactly one millimeter for images. This corresponds to a resolution of 256 dpi. This strict presettings are also applied for the original sizes of background images. Thus, convert the images prior to their usage with these values if you intend to use them e.g. as a fully surfaced water mark, or scale it via the options in field **Size**.

Clicking the Delete button overrides the usage of a background document.

Position and size

In this area you can move the background document horizontally and vertically on a static basis.



For instance, use these settings to arrange the trim marks of the print PDF document the way that they are placed in the upper left corner and thus will not be shown in the complete document.

You define how you like to embed the original document via the Size field:

1. Original size

The document will be shown exactly as it is available; if it is too small there will be empty areas; if it is too big it will be truncated at the margins

2. Paper format

The background document will be scaled exactly to the size of the mail merge document; all margins will be flush; this scaling is **not proportional**, i.e. the background document will be scaled in lateral direction independent of the longitudinal direction; thus, distortions may occur

Scaled

Enter a value for the **proportional** scaling factor of the document; values greater than 100 magnify the document while values less than 100) demagnify it; if parts of the document lay outside the overall document, they will be truncated at the margins

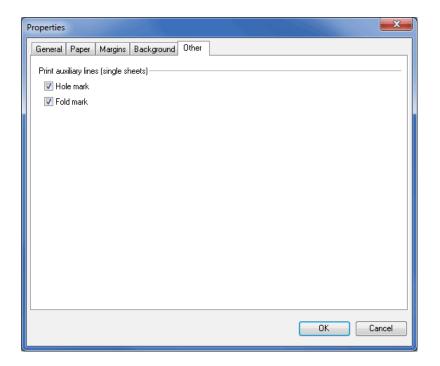
Other tab

Decide which auxiliary lines should be printed onto your sheet.

You can choose between the **marking for hole punching** of the sheet and **folding marks** for folding the letter.



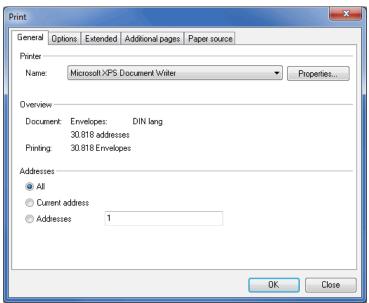
The functions on this tab are only available for the "single sheet" paper type.



11.1.10 Print

Use this menu item to start printing the addresses on labels and envelopes or into a mail merge letter.

General tab



Printers

Here you see an overview of all **printers** being available to your computer. Use the button *Properties* to edit the options for the selected printer.

Overview

Here Dialogpost Manager informs you about the currently selected document and about how many addresses are to be printed. Additionally, the program calculates how many pages/labels actually need to be

printed on.

Overview		
Document:	Envelopes:	DIN lang
	30.818 addresses	
Printing:	30.818 Envelopes	3

Document

This area shows the selected document type and the number of addresses to be printed for the current category (on page 348).

Printing

This value corresponds to the number of pages or labels to be printed in the current print job.

As soon as you make changes to the options in the address area, e.g. by printing only a specific number of addresses or trays, this value will be adjusted.

Address area



Everything

Dialogpost Manager uses this function to print **all addresses in the category currently selected** (Dialogpost or remaining items).

Please remember to print out, produce and post the items for all sub-categories of your project.

Current address

You can use this option to print only the currently selected address, e.g. for a **test print** or for printing individual addresses again.

Addresses

Here you can choose to print an individual address or several consecutive addresses. Single sheets are separated by semicolons, ranges by dashes, for example 1; 3; or 5-12.

This option is particularly helpful if several addresses are to be printed again.

Filter

With Dialogpost Manager you can filter according to the following criteria:

- Bundles/Pallets
- Bundle/Pallet targets

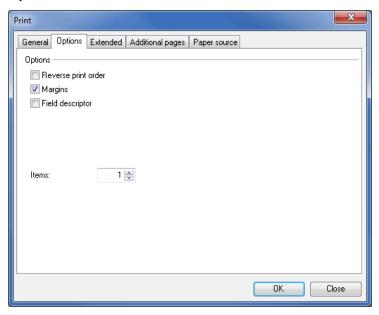
This enables you to print the addresses for Dialogpost block by block. Start by choosing a selection criterion in the drop-down menu.

With the button *settings* you can then specify bundles resp. pallets for your printout. You will also be able to see how many items each selection contains.

Details about the possibilities can be found here (on page 452).

In the "overview" of the window Print you can then see how many items will be printed overall.

Options tab



Options

Reverse print order

If this option has been activated, the addresses with high ZIPs are printed first within the batch. This is especially useful if the documents printed first are at the bottom of the printer output tray, and would hence have to be turned around individually were they to be printed in their normal order.

Margins

This option is useful for instance when (test) printing a label on a white sheet; it helps you to verify the **selected margin areas** of the sheet on which you want to print later on.

Field descriptor

Activate this check box if you would like to print the *description of the fields* (on page 286) instead of their contents.

Label contours (only with paper formats label sheet and endless label)

This option is useful for instance when (test) printing a label on a white sheet; it helps you to verify the selected dimensions of the labels prior to printing on label sheets.

Optimize sequence for cutting (only with paper formats label sheet)

If this option is checked Dialogpost Manager distributes the addresses on the label sheets the way that the label stacks coming from a cut label sheet stack can be easily arranged by simply putting the various stacks in series. Thus, the correct order coming from the optimization is achieved. This feature is also commonly known as **Panel print**.

If you activate option *Lanes* you can print your addresses on (endless) labels the way that the consecutive addresses are arranged within one label sheet lane. This eases the vertical cutting process.



These two options are calculated separately for each print job. Please note this if you are using option separate print job per from Extended (on the current page) tab.

Align label at top left margin

This option is only availabe for printing routing labels (on page 184).



By using this option you can reduce the number of necessary cuts after printing.

Items

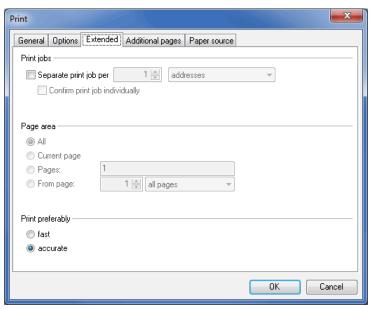
Specify here how many pages or labels per addresses shall be printed.

Printing position (only with paper formats label sheet and endless label)

Choose here where the **first free label** is located in an endless label or label sheet. The preview to the right of this option helps you to choose the correct label.



Extended tab



Print jobs



By activating option *separate print job per* you can choose from the drop-down menu whether or not you want to generate a separate print job for each category (e.g. tray or tray target); if it is deactivated, all items will be printed within one single print job.



With this function you can, for example, quite easily address a printer pool. Just specify the pool instead of a printer and it will then distribute the various print jobs to the various printers in the printer pool.



Options Optimize sequence for cutting and Lanes from Options (on page 273) tab are calculated separately for each print job. That is, piles or lanes created by these options only include the documents of their respective print job.

If option *Confirm print job individually* is activated as well you can and have to decide for every print job whether or not you want to *print* or *skip* it.



Page area



Everything

If you have chosen this option all pages of a multi-page document are printed.

Current page

Choose this option if you want to print the current page only, e.g. to check the printout of a newly created page.

Pages

In this field you can print out specified pages or page areas of your multi-page document. Single pages are separated from each other by commas, page areas are indicated by dashes (e.g. 1,2,5-7,10).

From page

With this option you can choose to print odd or even numbered pages. Indicate the first page and specify whether odd or even pages shall be printed.



For example, you can use this functionality for printing double-sided letters even without possessing a duplex printer. During the first print process only the odd pages are printed in *reverse order* (on page 273). Afterwards the printed pages have to be put back in the paper tray of the printer once again. Mind the correct orientation of the pages. In the subsequent printing process only the even pages are printed - now in correct normal order.

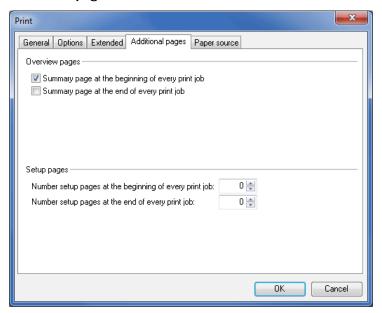
Print preferably



Decide whether you want to print your document as quickly as possible or to approximate the print-out to the view on your screen (likely to take longer). The option *fast* may cause changes in the line and page breaks, depending on your printer. If this happens, you may need to select the option *accurate*.

Please note that the *visualization of truncated texts* (on page 287) as well as the *text length check* (on page 323) only works with activated option *accurate*.

Additional pages tab



Overview pages

In this part you determine whether and when you would like to get summary pages and when specific separating pages should be printed.

Summary pages are especially useful when printing endless labels. They offer compact information about the whole print job, such as number of labels and pages to be printed as well as the project name. With a summary page at the beginning of a print job you will quickly gain an overview over the amount of labels to be used within a pile of label-sheets.

Similar to the summary pages, **separating pages** offer a short overview over the following items. They can be issued before each tray/bundle, tray-/bundle-target, pallet or pallet-target. For example, they contain the number and type (ZIP, RR or Germany) with the identifier of the following production bundle as well as the number of the included items.

This overview can be very useful for the production.



With the tab *paper source* (on the next page) you can specify the paper tray that should be used for the overview pages.

Setup pages

As with the summary page you can here specify whether and when setup pages should be printed.

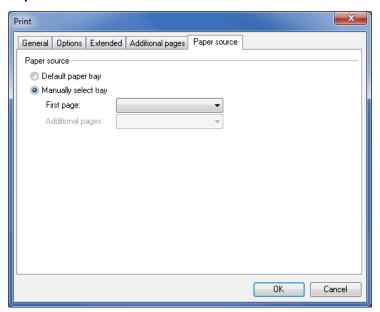
A **setup page** looks like a usual printout page except that no real addresses will be shown. Instead of the field contents of the address database only the field names will be shown. Furthermore, all Yes/No-fields, as for instance beginning of a bundle on this page, will be set as TRUE.



Use setup pages to try out whether the label sheets or endless labels will be imprinted correctly and, if necessary, adjust the *format* (on page 261). Setup pages can also be used to prepare the so-called **Cheshire**-machines as the sign for the bundle change occurs in each label row.

Setup pages will always be printed from the tray that is used for the standard pages.

Paper source tab



Paper source

Default paper tray

With this option you can print the selected pages from the default paper tray of your printer.

Manually choose tray

If you activate this option you can specify which trays should be used for the mail merge pages and which for the *overview pages* (on the previous page). Mail merge pages are differentiated into first pages (e.g. business letterheads) and all further pages (e.g. empty pages).



You can, for example, use this option for printing overviews on colored paper to get a visual separation of the individual lots.

With the option *change tray* you can specify, for instance, that different paper trays should alternately be used for printing out the trays.



A reasonable usage is e.g. printing the even tray numbers on paper in landscape format and the odd pages on paper in portrait format. Thus, you will receive a physical separation resp. sorting of the various lots.

11.1.11 Print current address

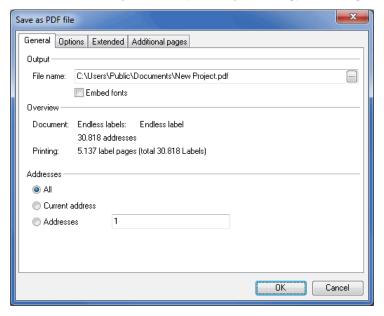
Use this option to print only the currently selected address, for instance for a **test print** or for printing individual addresses once again.

Browse to the desired address in the main screen of the mail merge module and subsequently select this

menu item or enter the desired address number in the Print (on page 272) menu.

11.1.12 Save as PDF document

Using this option you save your document in Portable Document Format (PDF). You can print the created files later on other systems independently of Dialogpost Manager.



The appearing window corresponds for the most part the print dialog (on page 271).

In the **Output** area you define the path and name of the PDF file to be created instead of the printer. You can also *Embed fonts* here by activating the respective option.

11.1.13 Print reference sample

Using this menu item, you can print the **reference sample** which is mandatory for the dispatch and thus has to be delivered together with the posting list.

The reference sample corresponds with the master document. The only differences is that instead of the address information of an *address block* (on page 290) (also holds for *Premiumadress* (on page 299)) the field names are printed. Additionally, the complete position frame is diagonally underlaid with a watermark "Reference sample".

11.2. Edit

You can use the menu item *Reset* to undo the last changes, copy or move *position frames* (on page 289) or texts into the clipboard as well as to change object properties. Furthermore, various position frames can be arranged and aligned to one another.

11.2.1 Undo

You can use this menu item to undo the last changes of your mail merge document.

11.2.2 Cut

This menu item moves one or various selected position frames or texts into the clipboard. If you insert its contents at a new location via the menu item *Paste* (on the current page), the original objects are automatically deleted.

11.2.3 Copy

With this menu item you can copy one or various selected position frames or texts into the clipboard. By inserting its contents at a new location via the menu item *Paste* (on this page) you are positioning additional copies of the original objects.

11.2.4 Paste

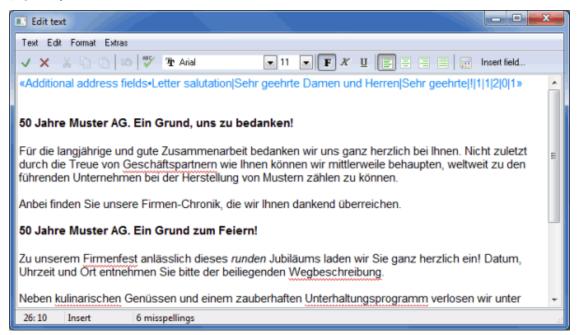
By choosing this menu item you insert the contents of the clipboard at the selected position.

11.2.5 Edit



You can only use this menu item for position frames which contain changeable texts. This option is not available for graphic frames, barcode frames, empty frames and franking frames. In the menu, the selected object type will then be positioned before the command *Edit* (e.g. Edit address block).

The particular options of this menu item are explained more detailed in menu item *Insert - Edit text* (on page 293).

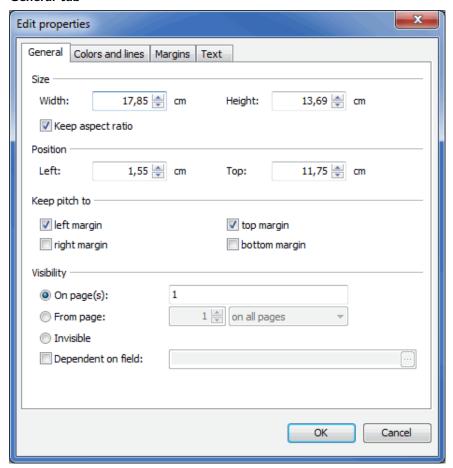


11.2.6 Properties



Besides the specific tabs, which are accessible only for the current position frame, there are some tabs in the menu *Properties* which are available for all position frames. These can also be opened and edited via right-clicking on the respective frame, or by selecting a frame and pressing the *key combination* (on page 324) **Ctrl+Return**

General tab



Size

Via the option *Keep side ratio* it is possible to link the width and height of a position frame, allowing the proportions of the frame to be retained if a value is changed.

As soon as one value is changed, the second is automatically adjusted.

Position

The position of a frame is measured by the distance to the left and upper edges of the sheet.

Keep distance to

This option refers to the *margins* (on page 282) set within the document. Each of the four margins can be chosen as reference point. If these chosen margins are moved within the document, the position of the position frames linked to them changes accordingly.

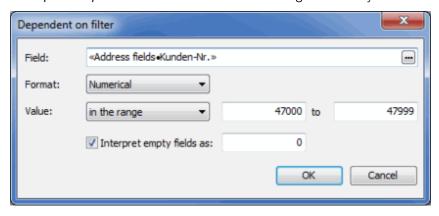
Visibility

In this area you can specify the pages a frame should appear on.

Choose Invisible to hide the frame. Invisible frames are positioned, but are neither visualized nor printed.

With the options $On\ page(s)$ and $From\ page$ you can let the frame appear on multiple pages. It will be at the same position for every page it appears on.

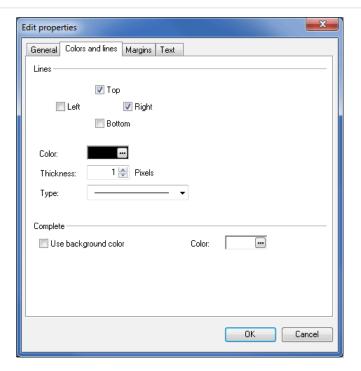
The option Dependent on field allows for controlling the visibility of the frame by the content of a field.



Colors and lines tab



This tab is not available for the position frame types "rotated text", "franking mark" and "barcode".



Lines

Each of the four bordering lines can be individually activated and deactivated; the thickness and type of the lines are changed using the *thickness* and *type* options.

Color

You can also change the color of the lines: Click on the button color and select the desired color.

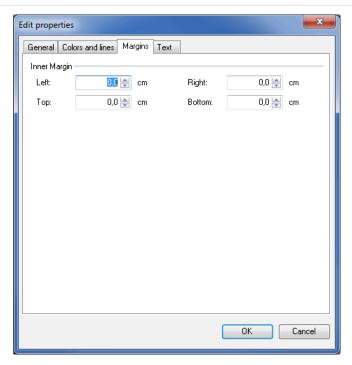
Complete

Use this option to define the background color of a frame: Activate the *color* button and select the desired color.

Margins tab



This tab is only available for position frames with none-rotated text elements, that is it is not available for the position frames "rotated text", "franking mark", "barcode", "graphic" and "empty frame".



With this tab the margins within the frame itself are chosen for the selected position frame.

11.2.7 Delete

With this menu item **selected frames** are deleted from the mail merge document. If there are two or more frames simultaneously selected, they can also be deleted via the **contextual menu** or via the **Del** key.

11.2.8 Arrange

The frames that a mail merge document is made of may be arranged individually, before or behind one another.

The frames can be either moved one layer up or down or can directly be placed into the foreground or background. By this arrangement, the content of the top most frame will be printed over those frames located underneath.



11.2.9 Align

Dialogpost Manager's mail merge module offers convenient tools to position frames to each other and to jointly align them.

You can select or deselect a frame either in the object inspector by clicking on it, or by clicking on it directly within the mail merge module's main screen.



Two or more frames are selected jointly by clicking while simultaneously pressing the **Shift** key; if several frames have been selected, any specific frame can be deselected in the same way, i.e. clicking on it while simultaneously holding down the **Shift** key.

Mutually align frames

You can obtain the desired alignment by right-clicking on a selected frame, the right mouse key in the *object inspector* (on page 285) or by using the *Align* menu. The first selected frame serves as reference for all other selected frames, i.e. the first frame will not be moved.

If two or more frames are selected simultaneously, they will be also moved jointly using the mouse.

The menu items *Same vertical distance* and *Same horizontal distance* normalize the distances between three or more selected position frames.



11.2.10 Reposition out-of-range frames

You can use this button to move back into the document those frames which have been erroneously moved outside the printable area while positioning or changing the paper format. Afterwards, you can position them correctly within the document. Any frames that might be out-of-range are listed one upon the other in the left-hand upper corner of the document.

11.2.11 Search address

With this menu item you can search for a specific address in your address file and display it, e.g. in the address block of your mail merge document.

The entry found is selected via double-clicking it or via pressing the **RETURN**-key. The find procedure will be closed afterwards and the entry will be displayed in the mail merge document.



Pressing the **F3** function key will continue the search starting from the current entry by using the same search text.



Find

In lines

If this option is activated, searching addresses is performed line by line, i.e. all fields of a complete address will be scanned before continuing the search with the subsequent address. If you want to explore the whole database, this setting would be the optimal choice.

In all columns

With this option you specify that the database will be scanned column by column. Initially, the first fields of all addresses will be checked, afterwards the second field, then the third, and so forth. This search methodology is by far the slowest, because all addresses have to be loaded into memory for several times. On the other hand, results are quickly found as long as they are located in the forefront columns.

In column

You should use this default option if you know exactly the column in which the search item is resp. has to be located. The database is scanned only once. In the selection box you can specify the column name for the search (all field designators of the database are offered there).

Options

Match case

This option is deactivated per default. Thus, the search text can be found in any address, independent of the case. For instance, searching the text "kaiser" will find all addresses containing e.g. "Kaiser", "kaiser" or "KAISER", while with this option activated only addresses containing "kaiser" would have been found.

Only search in complete fields

Use this option if the address has to match the complete search text exactly. For instance, searching the text "Kaiser" will **not** find the address "Kaiser GmbH".

11.2.12 Goto

Using this menu item you can go to specific documents within a mailshot or to different pages of a document.

Goto item

By choosing this menu item you can go to specific documents or to documents of particular batches or pallets. In any case, the specified document or the first document of the specified batch or pallet will be displayed.



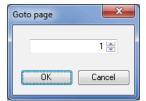


You also will be directed to the *Goto item* dialog if you double-click on the respective area in the status bar.

Itm: 321 G: 41 P: 1

Goto page

Using this menu item you can navigate to a specific page within a multi-page document.





You also will directed to the Goto page dialog if you double-click on the respective area in the status bar.

Page 2 of 4

11.3. View

Use the menu item View to select various options which are useful for designing mail merge documents formats

These are:

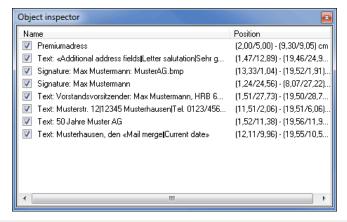
11.3.1 Object inspector

The object inspector helps you to keep track of all *position frames* (on page 289) integrated in a document and to check the position and structure of the various frames.

This may be particularly helpful if different frames are hidden by others and therefore cannot be selected with the mouse.

In the open object inspector you can see a **list of all frames** including all their fields and their respective position within the document.

By using the tick before each frame you can activate and deactivate the visibility of the different frames without deleting them from the document.





The functions which can be activated by **right-clicking** in the object inspector can also be found in the various menus and are explained more detailed in the description of those menus .

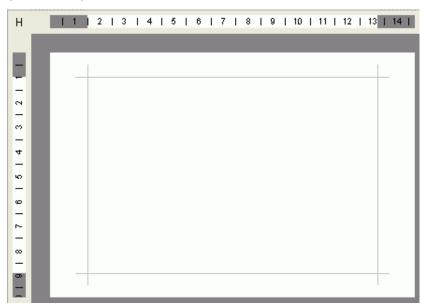
11.3.2 Show field descriptor

You can use this button to hide the field contents of the current address. The **designations of the fields** which are used in this frame are shown instead (highlighted in blue). Thus, you can see which fields from your address file are inserted into the document, independent of the currently shown address record.

```
«Address fields•Firma1»
«Address fields•Firma2»
«Address fields•Abteilung»
«Additional address fields•Attn.»
«Additional address fields•Delivery address»
«Additional address fields•Delivery ZIP»
«Additional address fields•Delivery city»
«Additional address fields•Country name»
```

11.3.3 Show margins

If this option is activated, any previously created frame is displayed on the sheet in order to check the set margins. If necessary, you can adjust them by changing their respective values in the *document properties* (on page 263) on the tab *Margins*.

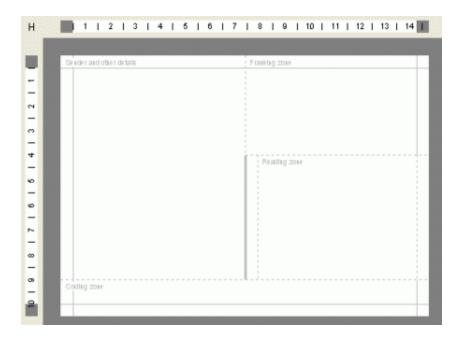


11.3.4 Visualize areas

On some formats such as single letters or long DIN envelopes you will find **positioning aids** shown as gray frames.

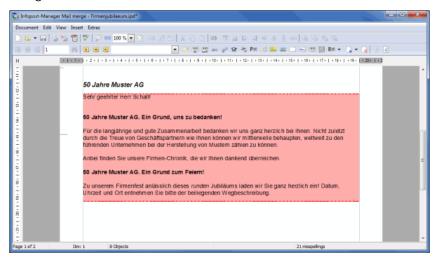
For **single letters** this frame shows the location of a window envelope's window. For **long DIN envelopes** you will see the coding areas set by Deutsche Post, which in some cases may not be filled at all or only with specific content.

Use this menu item to show and hide these positioning aids.



11.3.5 Visualize truncated text

If this option is activated frames with spilled text in vertical or horizontal direction will be shown with red background:



Additionally, Dialogpost Manager dots the text frame's margins, where the spill happens.



Texts can only be truncated on the right resp. left margin if option *Line break* is deactivated in the text frame properties.



The visualization of truncated texts only works with activated option accurate in the document's print options (on page 275).

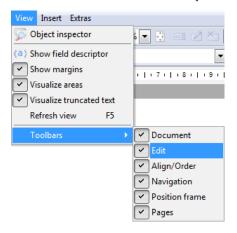
11.3.6 Refresh view

Choose this menu item or press the F5 key if you want to refresh the screen.

This might become necessary if artifacts are visible or other applications affect the display of the mail merge document.

11.3.7 Toolbars

Use this menu item to individually show and hide toolbars.



Document toolbar

You can use this navigation bar to control the most important actions on your document.



The buttons of this toolbar repeat specific items of the Document, View and Extras menus.

Edit toolbar

You can use this navigation bar to execute the **most important actions on your selected objects** such as editing the object properties.



The buttons of this toolbar repeat specific items of the *Edit* menu.

Arrange/align toolbar

You can use this navigation bar to arrange and align the selected position frames in a comfortable way. You will find more information *here* (on page 282).



The buttons of this toolbar repeat specific items of the *Edit* menu.

Navigation toolbar

Use the navigation arrows to scroll through individual addresses or to move to a particular address at the beginning or end of the address category. Furthermore, you will see the current **sub-category** of your project (Dialogpost, remaining or non-German items) and you can switch between the different categories.

Furthermore, specific addresses can be found (on page 283) via clicking on the spyglass-icon.



International Optimization - Mail Merge (Module) (on page 373)

Position frame toolbar

You can use this navigation bar to insert new position frames into the current page of your mail merge document.



The buttons of this toolbar repeat specific items of the *Insert* menu.

Page toolbar

You can use this navigation bar to browse your document. Furthermore, you can insert new pages before or behind the current page or you can delete any active page.



The buttons of this toolbar repeat specific items of the *Insert* menu.

11.4. Insert

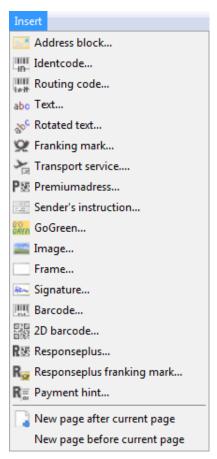
Using the menu item *Insert* you can insert new position frames or you can extend your current document by additional pages.

The **position frames** are the most important elements of mail merge documents.

All contents that you want to integrate into your document are inserted via position frames.

The contents of some of these position frames (e.g. the address block or the text frame with data fields) are taken from the address file as long as there are respective contents available for each field.

With an address block, for instance, Dialogpost Manager automatically hides redundant spaces caused by a lack of content in a specific address or even completely eliminates empty lines. Furthermore, data fields with varying content lengths are harmonically inserted into the continuous text, thus avoiding fixed distances to the following word.



Select specific position frames for creating and designing a mail merge document. Click on the desired frame; the window *Edit properties* (on page 280) for this frame is opened.



Module IT franking

With activated module IT franking, another menu item for the **IT franking impression** will be available. Details can be found in chapter *IT franking* (on page 425).

11.4.1 Address block

Use this frame to insert and position the address data and address lines into the current document.

STIP Siepmann und Teutscher GmbH
Herrn Karl Seeger
Hauptstr. 43
27446 Selsingen

By right-clicking on (Edit text) it is possible to include additional fields to the address block.

You will find more information on this functionality in the Text: Add field (on page 294) menu item.

Dialogpost Manager provides automatically generated **delivery fields** for the address block, which are put together out of the imported fields.

These delivery fields contain **verified address data** coming from the address check module. Thus, it is no longer necessary to handle multiple address fields for street, P.O. Box and major recipient addresses.

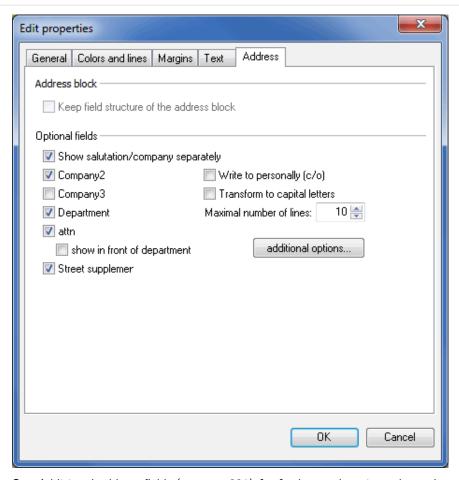
In mail merge, you have to work with these delivery fields because otherwise the sorting of the addresses within the "Dialogpost" category and the postage optimization may become invalid.

Address tab

The dialog box *Properties* is automatically opened at the tab *Address* when inserting an address block . Here you can choose which fields from the address file shall be printed into each specific address.



Depending on the position frame type the displayed tabs vary. Only the tab *General* is identical for all position frames.

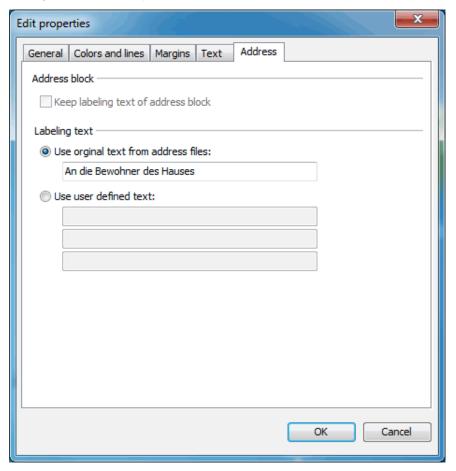


See Additional address fields (on page 331) for further explanations about the properties on this tab.

11.4.2 Address block (Postwurfspezial)

For a Postwurfspezial project, the address block fulfills the same task as it does for a *Dialogpost project* (on the previous page). It remains appropriate to create an addressing that is ensured to be valid and in line with postage optimization.

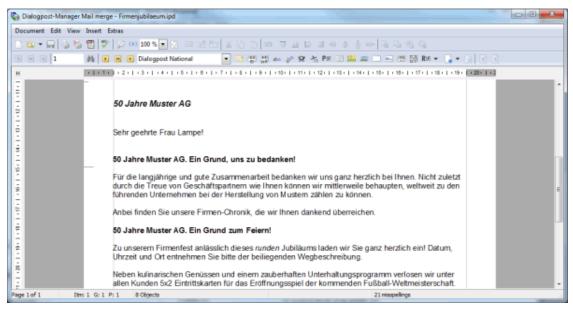
When you insert an address block, dialog Edit properties will be opened with tab Address being selected



already. The available options are, however, reduced because of the absence of an individual recipient.

See Additional address fields (on page 332) for further explanations about the properties on this tab.

11.4.3 Text

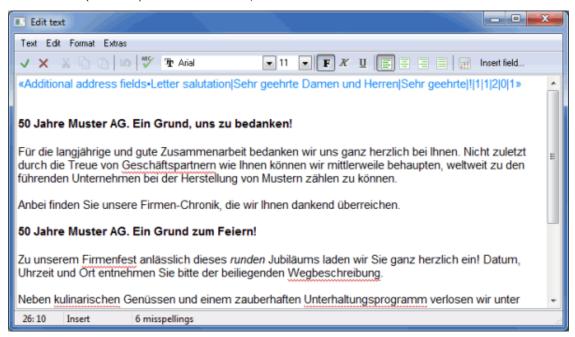


By using a text frame you can integrate free texts into a mail merge document.

You can either copy the text from another application and use the Windows clipboard to paste it into the text frame or directly type and format the text within the text frame.

Edit text

You can format the text in the dialog box *Edit text* which opens directly after having chosen the menu item *Insert - Text* or which can be opened later at any time by double-clicking or by using the right mouse button menu (Edit text) within the "Text" position frame.



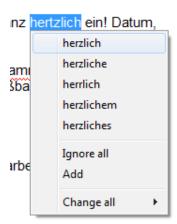
Font and color, alignment and character size can also be changed here afterwards.



You can specify the font size with an accuracy of half points. Please note that depending on your screen resolution the differences may be barely perceptible. In case of doubt, you should check the result with a test print.

In addition to that an immediate spell check can be performed, if desired. Incorrect or unknown words are underlined with a red wiggly line. These words can be separately corrected in **Edit text** mode via the contextual menu.

Right-click the word in question. A window pops up which shows you inter alia a suggestion for correction (if available).



You can also decide whether this word shall be *ignored* (i.e. it is correct) or you want to *add* it to the *user dictionary* (on page 321). The first decision only holds for this document while the second holds for the current and all future documents.

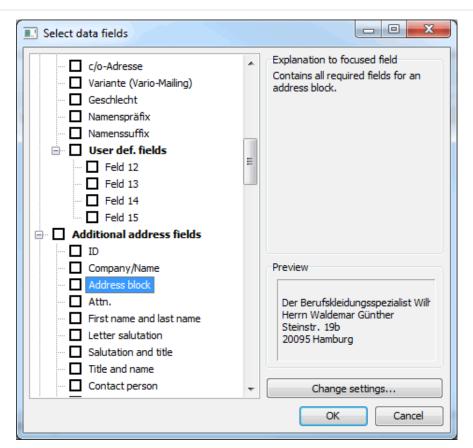
You can clear all further, identical words from misspelling using the *Change all* menu command. You will no longer be prompted to correct this word.

Finally, you can start a batch job which checks and, if appropriate, corrects all words in one run by clicking the button. Details can be found in chapter *Spell check* (on page 320).

Insert field



This option is available for all position frames with editable text (text field, rotated text, address block, signature and sender's instruction).



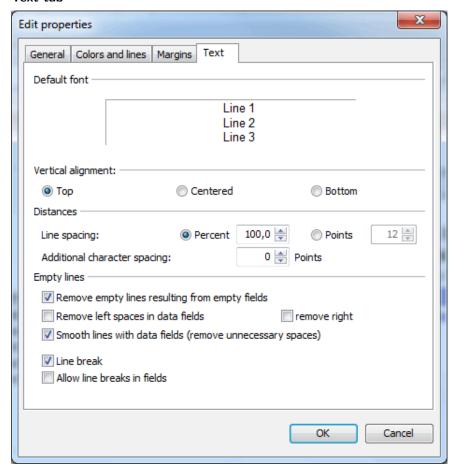
You can use this option to include further fields into the document, e.g. fields you explicitly imported with your address record. Short texts on the right-hand side of the mask offer additional information on each DPM data field.

Using this feature, you are able to include names of persons, pets or specific products into a text, which is identical in all other respects.

In the following some interesting data fields from selected categories will be presented to you.

- Additional address fields (on page 330)
- Other special data fields (on page 341)

Text tab



Standard font

You will see here the standard Dialogpost Manager font.

The text properties (font, size and color) can be changed using the *Edit text* (on page 293) button in the right mouse button menu.



Within the properties of an address block you can derive from this tab whether the current font type is system internal or an added *machine-readable font* (on page 319).

Distances

You can use the option *line spacing* or *Points* to adjust the **line spacing** between the text frames. Depending on the option you choose the line spacing will be set *proportionally* to the chosen font size in percent or *absolutely* in points. 100 percent corresponds to exactly one line.



Use the option *Points* if you would like to print out an *address block* (on page 290) with a direct addressing machine. Fill in the numbers of points per print head in the appropriate field to avoid lines that overlap the print head and to thus achieve an optimal printing speed.

The option *Additional character spacing* (up to two decimal places possible) increases the **spacing** of the text, i.e. the distance between the different characters. With this option it can be achieved that a font type becomes machine-readable.



See Extras menu item (on page 319) for more detailed information on machine-readable fonts.

Vertical alignment

You can use the alignment options to position the text vertically within the frame. Three possible selections are available to you here:

- Top
- Centered
- Bottom

Empty Lines

Remove empty lines resulting from empty fields

If this option is activated all empty lines will be deleted.

This can be especially useful for text fields that consist of multiple fields, for instance an *address block* (on page 290). If some fields of an address record do not contain any data, lines consisting of these fields may be empty. These empty lines are automatically deleted when this option is activated.



Please note that this option will also delete all empty lines that may occur in a single field if option *Allow line breaks in fields* (on this page) is used.

Remove left spaces in data fields

You can use this option to delete spaces on the left side of the field contents.

remove right

You can use this option to delete spaces on the right side of the field contents.

Smooth lines with data fields (remove unnecessary spaces)

This option removes all multiple and unnecessary spaces originating from the data in the address database or occur because specific fields have no contents for some single addresses.

Line break

Use this option if you want the text to be automatically wrapped when it reaches the right border of the position frame. Otherwise it will go out of the visible area and will not be printed.

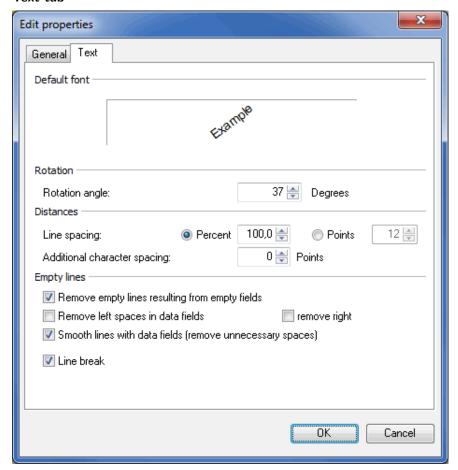
Allow line breaks in fields

Text frames are capable of displaying fields that were imported with address data. If these fields contain line breaks in the import file, these line breaks will by default be erased for display within the address block. Using this option, you can make the line breaks visible again.

11.4.4 Rotated text

Similar to frame type *text* (on page 292) you see the dialog *Edit text* right after inserting a rotated text. All edit and format capabilities are similar to those of non-rotated text. The two frame types differ in the existence of a rotation angle for rotated texts and a varying handling of *alignment* (on this page) and usage of *colors and lines* (on page 281).

Text tab



Default font

You will see here the standard Dialogpost Manager font. The example text is rotated by the defined *Rotation angle* (on this page). The text properties (font, size and color) can be changed using the *Edit text* (on page 293) button in the right mouse button menu.

Rotation

With this the option *Rotation angle* you can define an arbitrary angle. The given text will be rotated according to this angle. An example is shown in the area *Standard font* (on this page).

Distance

The options are the same as for non-rotated text.

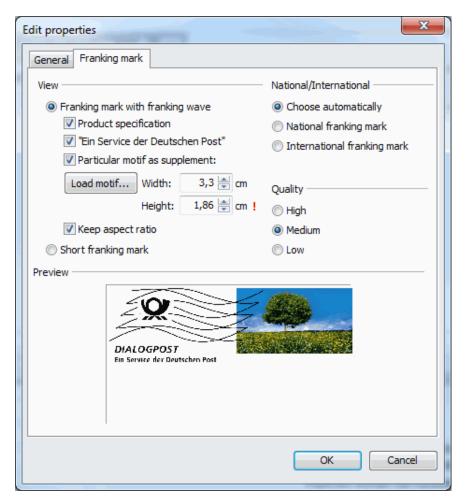
Please refer to Distance (on page 295) for closer information.

Empty lines

The options are the same as for non-rotated text.

Please refer to *Empty lines* (on the preceding page) for closer information.

11.4.5 Franking mark



Dialogpost Manager supports direct printing of the franking mark e.g. onto an envelope. On the *Franking mark* tab you can define its appearance.

In the **View** area you decide whether you want to print the complete *franking wave* or only the *short franking mark*.

In the former case you specify whether you want to have the product information (Dialogpost) and the mandatory "Deutsche Post" inserted within the franking mark or you want to print these information separately in the address field as *short franking mark*.

The results of your settings are always displayed in the **Preview** area.

The third and surely the most often used option is loading a proprietary graphic as "replacement for a stamp". You can select an image in bitmap (BMP) or JPEG (JPG) format via clicking the *Load motif* button. Now, you can derive the image's dimensions from the fields **Height** and **Width**. These can be also entered manually e.g. in order to scale the graphic.

Please note that the image to be displayed may not fall below resp. exceed minimum and maximum values. If so, red exclamation marks behind the value show this conflict and closing the dialog is impossible.

If option *Keep side ratio* is activated Dialogpost Manager makes sure that the image will not be distorted by scaling both directions always with the same factor.

In the **National/International** area you specify whether or not the franking mark should be the same for national and international items. The default is *Choose automatically*, i.e. for each item category an

optimized franking mark will be printed. It's understood that you can also choose one common franking mark by activating the respective option.

Dialogpost Manager offers for the various printers different *Qualities* of the franking wave (from 300 dpi to 1200 dpi).



Print a sample page for each quality type *High*, *Medium* and *Low* in order to determine the optimum quality for your printer.

11.4.6 Premiumadress

This position frame inserts the sender, the address block as well as the data matrix code and all additional information for Premiumadress into your mail merge document.





Module IT franking

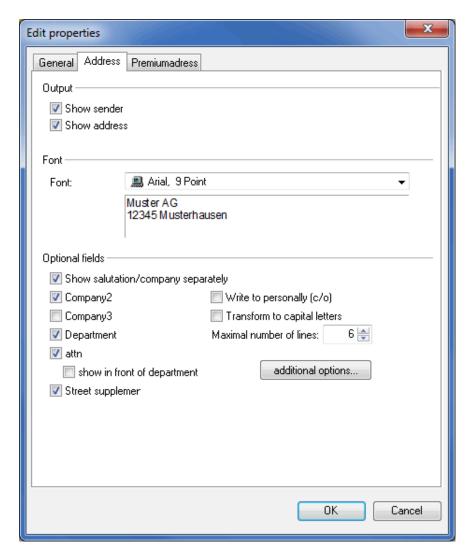
With activated module IT franking an **IT franking impression** will always be printed. This includes a data matrix code that will replace the one of Premiumadress. Details can be found in chapter *IT franking* (on page 425).

Address tab

On the Address tab you can specify how to print address and sender.



If you have imported the addresses in *only ZIP* (on page 63) or *Label format* (on page 64) mode the Premiumadress frame cannot create an address block. In this case, please care about a valid address block by yourself. You can for example use *text fields* (on page 292).



Output

In the area "Output" you can hide **sender** and **address** information by deactivating the respective check box. This can be helpful e.g. for inserting a self-defined *address block* (on page 290); but mind the regulations of Deutsche Post for using Premiumadress (machine-readable fonts, maximal 10 lines etc.).

Font

Here, you can choose another font for the address block. The latter has to be printed using a machine-readable font in order to be machine processable. Thus, do not use any font marked with a red cross in the icon (q.v. *machine-readable fonts* (on page 319)).



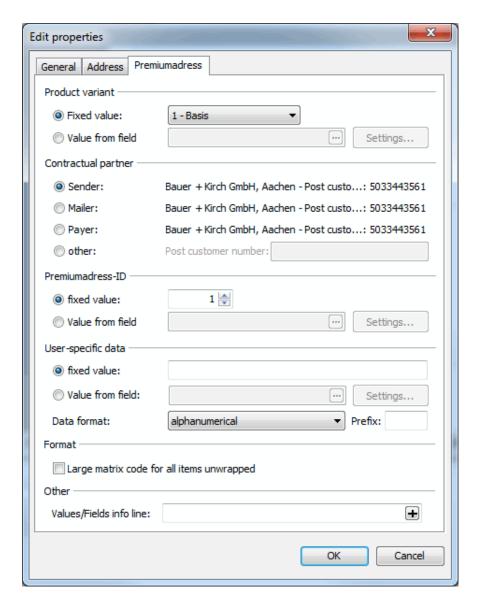
You can see the chosen font in a preview area below the drop-down menu.

Optional fields

The field selection in this area is similar to the *address block* (on page 290), but maximal 6 rows are possible for Premiumadress.

Premiumadress tab

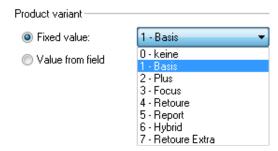
On this tab sheet you can specify all settings for the data matrix code.



Product variant

There are two possibilities for selecting a product variant for Premiumadress:

• If you want to send all items with identical variants, choose option *Fixed value* and select one of the variants 0 to 7 in the drop-down menu.



 can determine the field for the product variant definition. Button *Settings* refers to the selected data field and is therefore only enabled if for this field further settings are available.

Example

You categorized all your addresses in A, B and C customers (A = high-turnover customers, B = medium-turnover customers and C = low-turnover customers). You want to write to each of these customer categories using another product variant.

Create a separate field in your address database and assign all A customers the value "3" (Fokus). B customers receive the value "2" for Plus and C customers "1" for Basis.

Incorporate this field into Dialogpost Manager during address import and select it as product variant on the *Premiumadress* tab in mail merge.

Contractual partner

Here you see the sender data (on page 217) which are automatically inserted in the matrix code later on.



Please note that you can decide here whether to take the *Sender*, the *Mailer*, the *Payer* or even a totally different role as Premiumadress contractual partner if you are working in *lettershop mode* (on page 234).



Premiumadress requires a Post customer number which can be defined in the customer index (*Extras - Customers* menu) or in the sender data (*Extras - Sender/Mailer* menu) on tab *Details* (on page 212).

Premiumadress-ID

When the contract is concluded a Premiumadress-ID with number "1" is automatically created. As long as you do not create additional Premiumadress-IDs you can enter "1" in field *Fixed value*. If additional IDs have been created, e.g. for different departments or divisions, you can assign a data field of the address management to this Premiumadress-ID - similar to the product variant - using option *Value from field*.

User-specific data

Premiumadress supports the integration of user-specific data, such as customer number, into the data matrix code. This information will also be read and transferred to you if address errors occur.

The field may contain up to 16 alphanumeric characters. For longer strings only numeric values are permitted - in this case, activate the check box *interpret as number*.

This function also supports a fixed value for all addresses (e.g. an internal mailshot number) or any value from an arbitrary field of the address management. When clicking the — button the *Choose data fields* dialog window opens and you can select a field.

You can select different formats via the dropdown menu:

- alphanumerical
 - All values will be coded exactly as you entered them resp. as they come from the defined field (e.g. character sequence 255 (3 bytes) will be stored ASCII coded in three bytes)
- numerical
 - All values will be internally converted to binary format and respectively coded in the data matrix code (e.g. character sequence 65535 (5 bytes) will be coded in two bytes)
- hexadecimal
 - All values will be read in hexadecimal format, internally converted to binary format and respectively coded in the data matrix code (e.g. character sequence 0F (2 bytes) will be coded in one byte); if desired each character tuple can have a **prefix**

- An error will occur if none-hexadecimal values are found. The Premiumadress impression will become invalid (on the current page)
 - decimal
 All values will be read in decimal format, internally converted to binary format and respectively coded in the data matrix code (e.g. character sequence 128255 (6 bytes) will be coded in two byte); if desired each character triple can have a prefix
- An error will occur if none-decimal values are found or values off the range 0-255. The Premiumadress impression will become *invalid* (on this page)

Info line

In this area you can configure the definable, optional info line which is located with the Premiumadress position frame above the address block.

You are able to combine free texts with dynamic field contents such as the customer number. Free text can be added by simply typing it in. If you want to insert database fields, locate the cursor at the place where the field contents shall be pasted and press the hotton for selecting the desired database field.

Please mind that the info line starts and ends with an *. This character may also be used as separator between different fields.

Invalid addresses

Addresses may become invalid for Premiumadress, e.g. if field values for the product variant coming from the address management are greater than 5 or if the alphanumeric string for the user-specific data is longer than 16 characters. If so, the Premiumadress impression is shown in red.

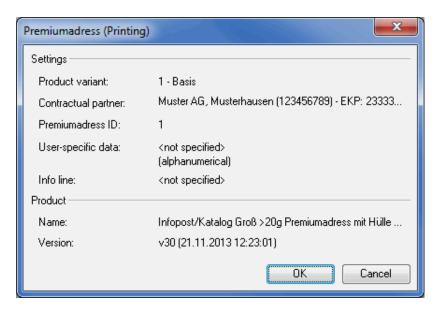




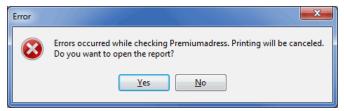
Mail merge documents containing invalid Premiumadress impressions cannot be printed. Therefore, Dialogpost Manager automatically verifies and logs all existing address fields prior to printing.

Print

As soon as you start printing a Premiumadress mail merge document, you will receive a notification about the Premiumadress settings right after the *Print* (on page 271) dialog window.



When starting the print job with OK, all addresses are initially checked whether or not they comply to the Premiumadress prerequisites.



If errors occur, printing will be stopped and you can open the report in order to locate the error.



Dialogpost Manager only checks those Premiumadress impressions which will be actually printed. Thus, it is possible to print only addresses with valid Premiumadress impression by specifying address ranges in the *Print* dialog window.

11.4.7 Track&Match

This position frame works just like *Premiumadress* (on page 299). It inserts the sender, the address block with info line as well as the data matrix code into your mail merge document.

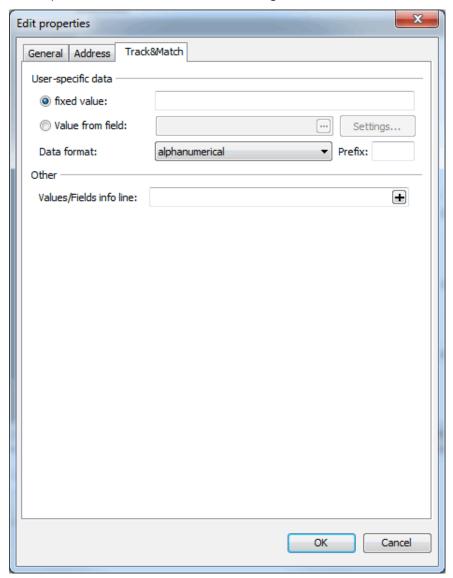




Module IT franking

With activated module IT franking an **IT** franking impression will always be printed. This includes a data matrix code that will replace the one of Track&Match. Details can be found in chapter *IT* franking (on page 425).

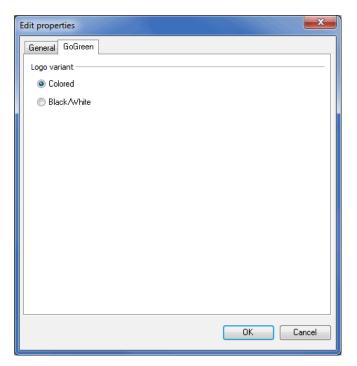
As compared with Premiumadress, fewer settings are available.



The data matrix code for Track&Match only has to contain the information required to register your items when they are processed. You can, however, include the same user-specific data as documented for the *Premiumadress* (on page 299) impression.

11.4.8 GOGREEN

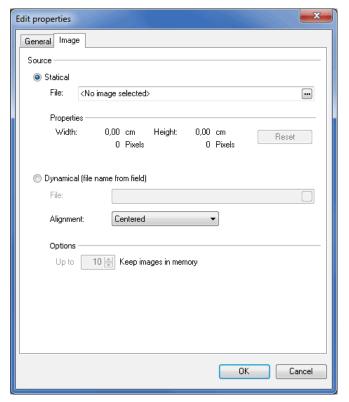
In case you have activated the option *GOGREEN* in *Item properties* (on page 140) this position frame enables you to place its logo onto your mail merge document.



You can define a color mode before you arrange and, if appropriate, scale the logo in your document.

11.4.9 Image

You can insert **Bitmaps or JPG files**, e.g. your logo, into you mail merge document via the graphic frame. If you right-click on a graphic frame the *Image* tab opens.



Source

Use the option *Statical* to print an image on all documents. The option *Dynamical* (file name from field) allows you to use images which are dynamically chosen by field contents.

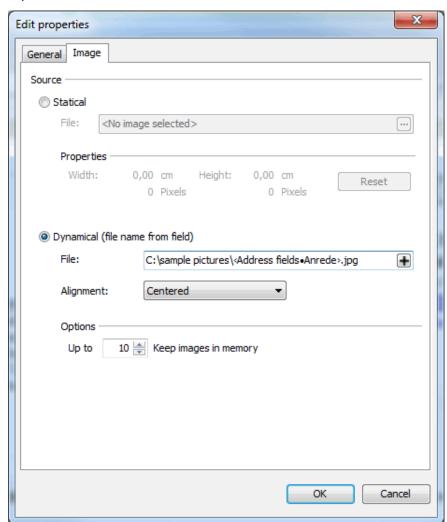
Statical

Here you will see the original dimensions of the imported file and the file name of the imported image.

If you want to undo changes made to the image, you can use the *Reset* button. This button will restore the graphic to its original dimensions.

Dynamical (file name from field)

Here you can specify the fields Dialogpost Manager shall use to dynamically load an image for each document. In order to do this, you can choose on which fields the file path and name of the image shall depend.



Field contents will be part of the file path or name. For example, in the text field "File" you may use the field "Anrede" followed by a file extension, such as "jpg", to specify the file name. Depending on the field content, this may result in "Mrs.jpg" or "Mr.jpg".

Furthermore you can determine how an image will be positioned that does not match the dimensions of the graphic frame.



Images that are bigger than the graphic frame will be resized to fit. The aspect ratio will be maintained in the process. Smaller images will be left unchanged.



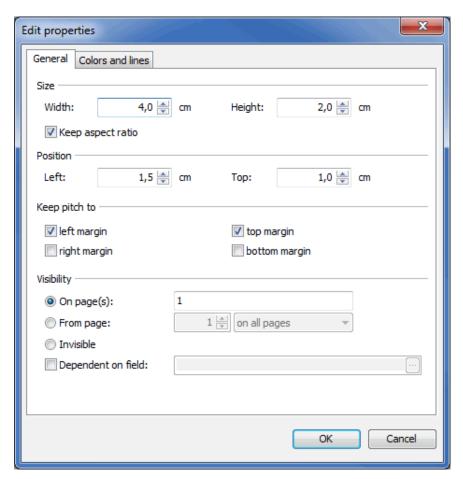
Dynamical images are of great use to peronalize your mail merge document. You can for example put it into regional or gender-specific shape.

If you use such images, you can check the correctness of your settings with the *Check images* (on page 324) menu item.

Options

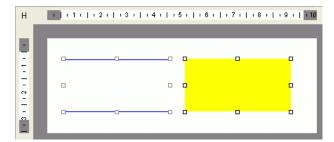
You can choose how many images Dialogpost Manager shall keep in its working memory in order to increase performance during further editing of your mail merge document.

11.4.10 Frame



This option offers a number of creative possibilities:

Here you can insert either a rectangle or even single lines which can be creatively designed.



You can define the graphical appearance of your frame via the *Colors and lines* tab. More detailed information can be found *here* (on page 281).

Lines

Each of the four ambient **frame lines** can be individually set visible or invisible; thickness as well as line type may be changed using the *thickness* and *type* options.

Color

The color of the border can also be defined using this dialog:

Click on the Color button and select the desired color.

Complete

You can use this option to set the **background color** of a frame:

Activate the Color button and select the desired color.

11.4.11 Signature

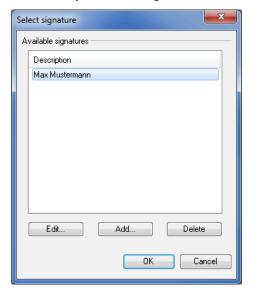
Use this frame to insert scanned signatures into a mail merge document.



Scanned signatures should be available in monochrome files in order to ensure optimum processing in mail merge printing and for being displayed in different colors.

Select signature

As soon as you insert a signature frame into your mail merge document, the following window pops up:



You can now select a signature from the project spanning signature pool and accept it via clicking the OK button.

This window also offers you the possibility to manage your signature pool:

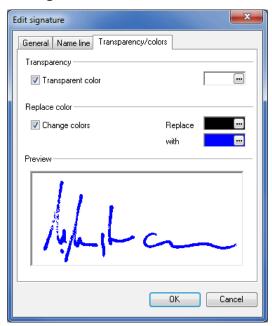
Using the *Delete* button you irrecoverably remove a signature from the pool.



Removing a signature from the pool has not any impact on projects which use the deleted signature because it is not only stored in the pool but also in the project itself. This behavior guarantees that projects can be exchanged or sent (e.g. as *Pack & Go-file* (on page 38)) and the recipient can work with it nevertheless.

Clicking the *Add* button extends the signature pool, *Edit* allows changing the signature properties. In both cases the dialog mask *Edit signature* pops up.

Edit signature



On the *General* tab you can enter or change the clear designation of the new signature while the *Load* button adds a graphic. You can see the signature directly in the preview area.

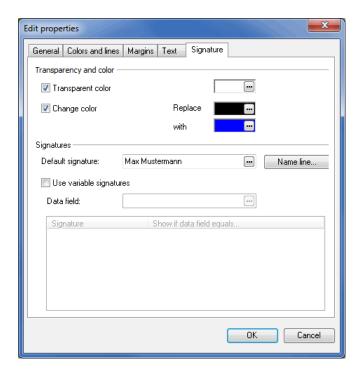
On the *Name line* tab you can insert the name of the signatory which will be printed in the mail merge document in addition to the signature. The font specified in the document will be used.

On the *Transparency/colors* tab you have two further options:

- 1. Activate option *Transparent color* if the scanned signature shall be placed e.g. above a text or if the name line shall also be printed. Dependent on the colors contained in the graphic, you can specify the respective color becoming transparent.
- 2. After having chosen option *Change colors* you can replace any color in the graphic with an arbitrary color. If signatures are available monochromely you can for instance easily replace black with blue and every signature will be printed in blue. You can directly see the results in the preview area.

Edit properties

Advanced signature frame settings can be specified via its properties. Right-click the frame and choose the item *Edit signature properties* from the context menu.



Transparency and color

In this area you can specify the transparent color as well as the color to be replaced for all used signatures, regardless from the settings made in the signature pool. Refer to *Edit signature* (on the previous page) for closer information.

Signatures

In this area you can define variable signatures, i.e. different signatures will be used dependent on a specific field value.

Example:

You are creating a mail merge document that will be signed by either *Max Mustermann*, or *Monika Musterfrau*, depending on the receiver's gender.

In field *Default signature* you specify the signature from the pool which will be used if none of the conditions (q.v. here (on this page)) is met. Of course, you can change the signature here, too.

Clicking the *Name line...* button offers you the possibility of editing the text which is laid underneath the signature.

Option *Use variable signatures* activates the *Data field* and the *condition area* (on the current page). In the data field area you specify the field which will be compared against the defined values. A *dialog window* appears and you can easily select the desired data field.

Condition area

In the *condition area* you define the signature to be printed if the specified data field equals the value assigned to the respective signature.

By right-clicking the condition area you can Add, Change or Delete a signature condition.

With the context menu item *Change field value* you specify the content of the *data field* necessary for printing the signature. Each field value can only be assigned uniquely.



When assigning field values please mind their case sensitivity, i.e. lower and upper case letters will be treated differently. "Kirschweg" and "KIRSCHWEG" are different field values. Additionally, possible jokers (*,?) will not be interpreted as such. The field value "??st*" thus does not equal "Postfach" or "Weststraße".

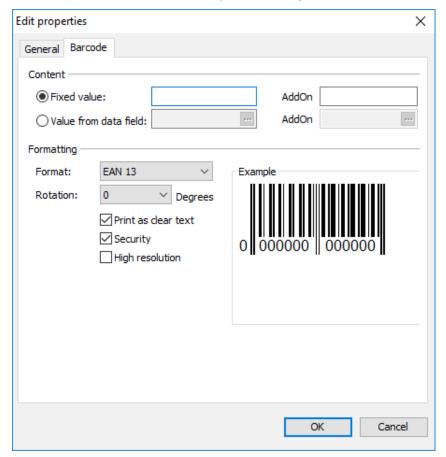
In above example *Max Mustermann* would sign, if the salutation equals "Herr" while *Monika Musterfrau* would if it equals "Frau". In all other cases, like for instance "Firma" or no content, *Max Mustermann* would be the signatory.



For any signature various conditions can be defined by adding it several times to the condition area and by assigning every time another field value.

11.4.12 Barcode

Use this option to add a barcode to your mail merge document.



Content

The inserted barcode can have either a unique fixed value for all addresses (e.g. an internal number of the mailshot) or it can be defined in a sophisticated way: use the button next to the *value from data field* for filling in data from your address file which will be different for each record (e.g. the item number for easily collecting the responses using a barcode scanner).

Via the *AddOn* option you can issue an additional ancillary barcode for some special barcode types which can be scanned by barcode scanners in one go. The AddOn may only contain numbers and can be either precisely 2 or precisely 5 digits wide.

Formatting

You can specify the format and the rotation of the barcode in the "Formatting" area.

Furthermore, you can also print the content of the barcode as plain text.

The default option *Security* ensures that the barcode consists only of integer multiples of one printed dot in order to guarantee the highest possible compatibility to scanners. Infinitely variable scaling of any barcode can only be achieved with this option being deactivated.

There are many reasons why problems at scanning of barcodes may occur, from data source via printer through to paper. If problems occur despite of activated option Security, you can decrease the size of a single printed dot from 1/10 mm to 1/100 mm using option $High\ resolution$. This allows for a more precise representation of the barcode. This is usually advantageous, but it depends on the interaction with printer and paper.

If you choose "Code 128" or "UCC/EAN 128", please note that Dialogpost Manager will use code set C if the contained characters are all numeric. Starting from 5 digits, this code set always encodes pairs of values (00-99) in order to be more compact, and hence the encoded data must consist of an even number of digits. If the data consists of 5 or more and an odd number of digits, the first digit will automatically be preceded by a zero. You can see this in the clear text below the barcode. Examples:

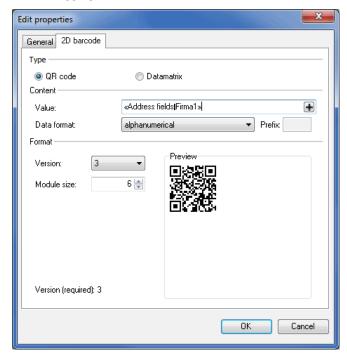
Value 12345 will become 012345 in the barcode and therefore be the result of a scan.

Value 123456 will still be 123456 in the barcode.

Value 123 will still be 123 in the barcode.

11.4.13 2D barcode

Using this option you can insert a **2D barcode** in your mail merge document like it is e.g. required for mobile tagging.



With Dialogpost Manager you can create two different 2D barcodes:



QR codes

Datamatrix codes

Type

In this area you decide whether you want to integrate a *QR code* or a *Datamatrix code* in your mail merge document.

Depending on the selected code the contents and the options in the **Format** area change.

Content

Specify the characters to be coded in field **Value**. Here, fixed texts can be combined with variable field contents, e.g. for generating a dynamic URL. Click the \oplus button and select the desired field to be inserted from the appearing dialog *Choose data fields*. For each address this field may have different values.

Be careful if you use variable field contents. Use a sufficiently large format for the 2D barcode. Otherwise, it might become invalid when printing critical addresses, i.e. with too large fields.



If you use the QR code for mobile tagging by coding URLs it is recommended to prefix the protocol (normally http://). The scanning application then usually recognizes that the QR code contains an Internet address and directly opens it in the web browser.

Afterwards, select the **Data format** for the text to be coded:

- alphanumerical
 All values will be coded exactly as you entered them resp. as they come from the defined field (e.g. character sequence 255 (3 bytes) will be stored ASCII coded in three bytes)
- hexadecimal
 All values will be read in hexadecimal format, internally converted to binary format and respectively coded in the data matrix code (e.g. character sequence 0F (2 bytes) will be coded in one byte); if desired each character tuple can have a prefix
- An error will occur if none-hexadecimal values are found. The 2D barcode impression will become invalid.
 - decimal
 All values will be read in decimal format, internally converted to binary format and respectively coded in the data matrix code (e.g. character sequence 128255 (6 bytes) will be coded in two byte); if desired each character triple can have a prefix
- An error will occur if none-decimal values are found or values off the range 0-255. The 2D barcode impression will become invalid.

On the lower margin of the **Format** area the minimum version resp. the minimum dimension of your 2D barcode, which is required for properly coding all characters, is displayed. This information cannot be given if you are working with dynamic fields.

Format

Here you specify the final size of the 2D barcodes to be printed.

Select the favored Version (QR code) resp. the favored Dimension (Datamatrix code).

The **Module size** defines the number of pixels to be used for a module.



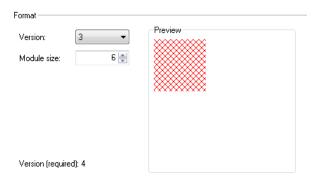
Digression

A 2D barcode is built up of square black resp. white fields. These fields are called "Modules". Sometimes, smaller modules can no longer be correctly read by the machines in the necessary speed. Besides the module size the print quality of every single module is vitally important for a rapid readability by machines. The edge stridence has to be optimal. This edge stridence can be obtained if the module size is optimally set according to the resolution of the printing system. If the module size was fixed independently of the printing resolution, the printer would approximate the favored module size by alternating underrunnings resp. overrunnings. This would lead to blurred or "fluttering" edges.

Thus, calculate the width of a printer dot by taking the printer resolution into account (e.g. 300 dpi). Now, find a multiple of this value, which is required by your target scanner for correctly detecting the modules. Finally, enter this calculated factor in the **Module size** field.

You can see an example of the resulting 2D barcodes based on your settings in the Preview area.

The 2D barcode will be previewed and printed hatched in red if the coding of the text is not possible e.g. due to bad characters or a version resp. dimension value which has been set too small in order to code all characters.



11.4.14 New page behind current page

This menu item inserts a new empty page behind the current page within you document.

11.4.15 New page before current page

This menu item inserts a new empty page before the current page within you document.

11.4.16 Responseplus

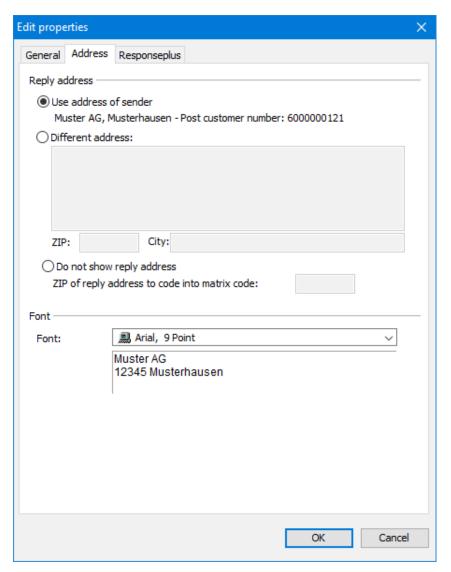
This position frame inserts the response address as well as the data matrix code for Responseplus into your mail merge document



Muster AG Musterstr. 12 12355 Musterhausen

Address tab

On the Address tab you can specify how to print the reply address.



Using one of the options *Use address of sender* or *Deviant address* you can specify your or any other address as the reply address.

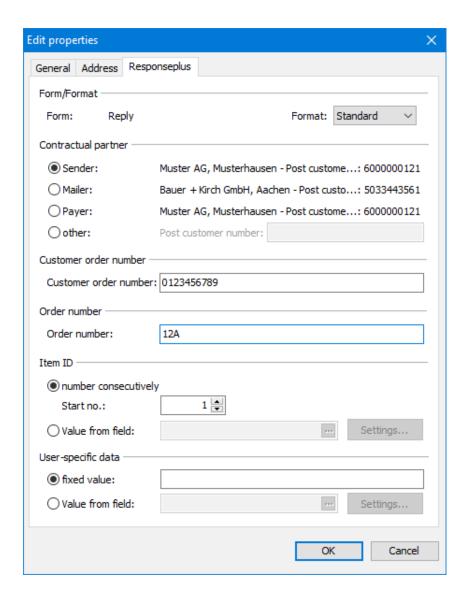
Choose *Do not show reply address* in order to suppress the print of the reply address. However, in order to build the data matrix code you still have to specify a ZIP.



This option can be of use if you are going to print on pre-printed forms which already contain the reply address.

Responseplus tab

On this tab sheet you can specify all settings for the data matrix code.



Contractual partner

Here you can specify the Post customer number of the contractual partner for your Responseplus campaign.

Customer order number

Here you can specify an individual identifier for your Responseplus campaign. The customer order number can contain up to 10 characters. Allowed are capital letters from A to Z and digits from 0 to 9.

Order number

Please enter the order number you received for your Responseplus campaign as hexadecimal number.

Item ID

Each reply item must have a unique identification number.

Choose the option *number consecutively* in order to let Dialogpost Manager automatically set the IDs. By specifying a start number you can ensure different campaigns will not use the same IDs.

You can also use item IDs you have imported already. In order to do so choose the option Value from field.

User-specific data

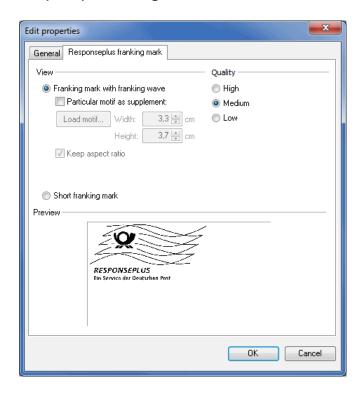
You can add customized data to the data of the response analysis.

If you want to group the data, select the option *Value from field*. You may for example use the field ZIP. This would enable you to see how many replies have been sent from which city.



Please note that the content of the selected field will be coded into the data matrix code and hence only capital letters from A to Z and digits from 0 to 9 are allowed. Please make sure that the field you want to use will contain only those characters for every item.

11.4.17 Responseplus franking mark



Responseplus franking mark tab

The settings on this tab correspond to those of *Franking mark* (on page 298) with limited complexity. For example, RESPONSEPLUS will always be printed as the product name. Moreover, for the form referral no short franking mark is allowed.

Responseplus does only exist for national items and hence no international franking mark exists.

11.4.18 Payment hint



Instead of a *franking mark* (on the current page) you can also print a placeholder for a postage stamp. To do so, enter a text to ask the sender of the Responseplus reply for franking.

11.5. Extras

In menu *Extras* several additional functionalities are available for printing the addresses onto your mail merge documents:

11.5.1 Address management

on page 67

11.5.2 Machine-readable fonts

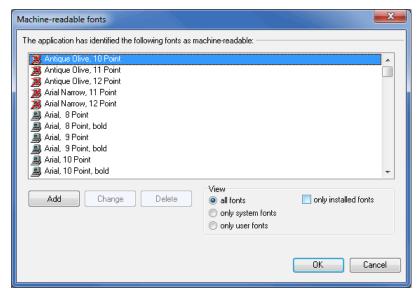
In order to machine-process your items and thus to deliver them as quickly as possible, the address block has to be printed using a **machine-readable font**.

Dialogpost Manager knows a large number of machine-readable fonts approved by Deutsche Post and automatically identifies which of these fonts are installed on your system.

Edit fonts

Use the *Delete* button to remove fonts you previously added from your system or the *Add* button to install additional machine-readable fonts.

Fonts you installed yourself can be changed afterwards by using the Change button.





You can specify the font size with an accuracy of half points. Please note that depending on your screen resolution the differences may be barely perceptible. In case of doubt, you should check the result with a test print.

View

Use this filter to restrict the selection of the displayed fonts.



All fonts

Both font types, those provided by Dialogpost Manager and those you added by yourself, are shown in this view.

Fonts not installed on your system are marked with a red cross.

Only system fonts

In this view all fonts which are known to be machine-readable are listed.

Only user fonts

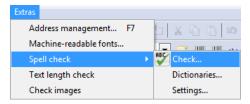
This option restricts the selection to those fonts which you personally installed and which you declared being machine-readable. These are identified with a small figure.

Only installed fonts

In this view you will see only those fonts which are currently installed on your system. All other machinereadable fonts are excluded from this list.

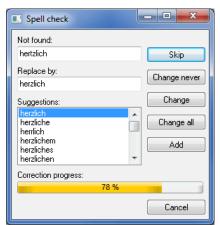
11.5.3 Spell check

Via the submenu of this menu item you can run and configure the spell check.



Check

This menu command starts the spell check in **batch mode**. All *text frames* (on page 292) are checked one after the other for incorrect words which are shown in a separate window for correction.



The incorrect word is displayed in the **Not found** area while your correction request resides in the **Replace** with section. This can be manually entered or selected form the list of the **Suggestions** area.

The Skip button ignores the current word. Identical words will be shown again.

When clicking the *Change never* button you define that the potentially incorrect word is correct and will no longer be prompted for the remainder of the document. If you want to fix your decision for all future documents click the *Add* button and this word will be included to the *user dictionary* (on the following page).

The buttons *Change* and *Change* all adopt the suggestion item to the document - either once or for all identical words.

Dictionaries

In this dialog you define the language of the main dictionary and select the user dictionary. The later holds those correct words which are not contained in the main dictionary.



With Dialogpost Manager the main dictionaries for the languages German and English are installed.



If you should require main dictionaries for other languages please contact the *hotline of Deutsche Post* (on page ??).

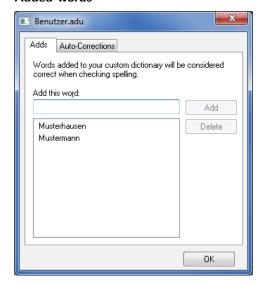
You are also able to define more than one user dictionary (e.g. one for each language or one for topics with dedicated technical terms). In order to do so click the ___ button.



You can create a new dictionary via clicking the die *New* button. Afterwards, this new dictionary can be selected.

You are also able to *Edit* the various entries of the currently selected user dictionary by clicking the respective button.

Added words



This dialog shows you all words which you added to the user dictionary in the course of time.

Using the buttons *Add* and *Delete* you directly affect this list. For instance, you can delete or correct words which you added wrongly.

Auto-Correct pairs

The spell check's configuration opens new ways for you: You define how Dialogpost Manager shall replace a word - not only during spell check but already during typing.



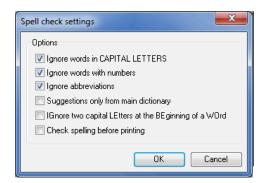
You can use this functionality to auto-correct often wrongly entered words (e.g. typos) or even to expand common abbreviations. As soon as one of those words to be replaced is followed by a space strike Dialogpost Manager automatically substitutes it.



If a word is not automatically substituted, because you did not type a space but a special character or a carriage return, the replacement will be performed during the real spell check.

Settings

You specify Dialogpost Manager's behavior during spell check via this options dialog.



With activated option *Ignore words in CAPITAL LETTERS* all shifted words are deemed correct. The same holds for *Words with numbers* (e.g. 3-dimensional, V12 cylinder) if the respective option is ticked. A check in field *Ignore abbreviations* skips abbreviated terms such a attn. or i.e.

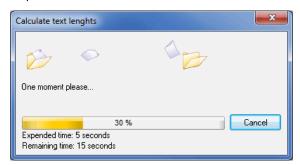
If option *Suggestions only from main dictionary* is activated all entries of the selected *user dictionary* (on page 321) will be ignored - added words as well as auto-corrections.

Checked option *IGnore two capital LEtters at the BEginning of a WOrd* reduces words beginning with two upper case letters to one leading capital.

You decide that you want to *check spelling before printing* by activating the respective option. Thus, you make sure that no incorrect documents will be printed and sent afterwards. Furthermore, unnecessary misspellings do not impair your mailing's first impression.

11.5.4 Text length check

While option *Visualize truncated text* (on page 287) only holds for the current address, this menu item makes far more: It passes all addresses and shows all addresses with overfull text frames depending on the respective field contents.



Thus, you can reliably and easily change the text frame's dimensions or shorten the text accordingly.

If you click the Reset filter button all addresses will be shown again.

The visualization of truncated texts only works with activated option accurate in the document's print options (on page 275).



Please note that *Premiumadress* (on page 299) impression always are considered as big enough. Based on the specification these impressions cannot be horizontally scaled. Thus, long addresses may be truncated.

11.5.5 Check images

If you use *dynamic images* (on page 307), you can use this menu item to check these images for errors. The check will notify you if the file paths computed based on the selected data fields are either invalid, or point to files that do not exist, or are no images or images in a format that is not supported.

11.6. Hot Keys

In order to make working with mail merge documents even more comfortable, several **Hot Keys** were defined which help you to browse quickly through the various position frames and edit them.

Via Keyboard

Key	as is	Ctrl Ctrl+Shift	Alt	
PageUp	scroll up in the cur- rent page; at begin of page move to the previous page	page wise through		
PageDown		browse backwards page wise through the document		
Home	begin of page (top left)	go to first page		
End	end of page (down right)	go to last page		
Cursor keys	move selected position frames	change size	change size proportionally	move selected position frames in larger steps
TAB	select next object in the object inspector list			
RETURN	with a selected text object: edit mode, else: properties	with all selected objects: properties		
Α		select all		

Via Mouse

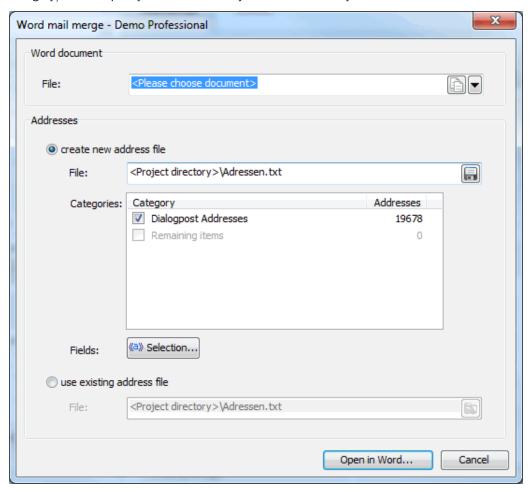
Mouse Key	Action	Keyboard Key	
Left	move frame	Ctrl	move in only one direction
Left	change size	Shift	keep aspect ratio

12 Mail merge (Word)

Beside the internal *special word processor* (on page 257) you can also create and print Microsoft Word mail merge documents with Dialogpost Manager.

12.1. Settings in Dialogpost Manager

In the dialog window *Word mail merge* you define the document name and the data source, select the category/ies and specify the fields which you want to use in your Word document.



Word document

Field **File** contains the file name of the currently used Word document.



By default, all Word documents are stored in the directory of the respective project.

As soon as you click the button, you can select a Word document which can be located in any directory, as a template. In the second step, you enter the file name of the target file, which then will be created ideally in the project directory. The source document is certainly kept untouched.

You can also *Create an empty document* or *Select another document*, which e.g. is not stored in the project directory, via the dropdown menu.

Addresses

In this area, you define the data source and its data which are required by Word's mail merge module.

create new address file

If you launch Word mail merge for the first time, create a new address file in **File**. For this purpose, click the button.

Enter the file name of the data source and the target directory in the subsequent dialog window. By default, the project directory is suggested.

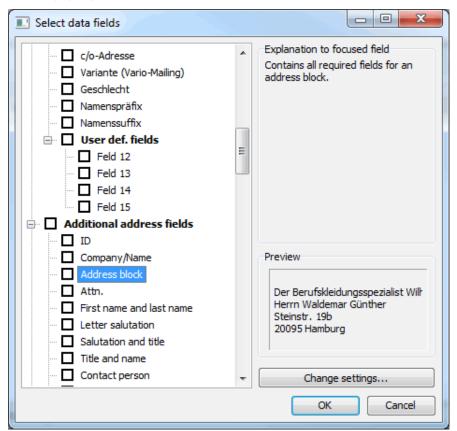


The data source is always stored as semicolon separated text file. The various field contents are enfolded in inverted commas.

Now, select the category for creating and printing the mail merge documents.

Take special care not to select categories simultaneously which have to be posted separately (e.g. Dialogpost and remaining items).

Prior to being able to edit and/or print the Word document, the fields which you want to use in your document as merge fields have to be selected. Click the Selection... button and the Choose data fields window pops up:



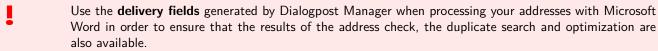
Here you define which fields, e.g. those you explicitly imported with your address record, shall be integrated in the document. Short texts on the right-hand side of the window offer additional information on each

DPM data field.

Of course you can add additional fields to your data source afterwards. Please note, however, that the complete address file will then have to be recreated.



Data fields which are already used in the Word document are shown grayed out and thus cannot be deactivated. As soon as the respective field is deleted from the document, this will become possible again and you can switch to the *Choose data fields* window in order to disable it.



Additionally, the delivery fields allow you to benefit from the normalization of the address fields in one column - you no longer have to work with several fields for major recipient, street and P.O. Box address and for the respective ZIPs.

Data fields of category "Additional address fields" (on page 330)

If all settings are done, click the *Open with Word* button. Dialogpost Manager now launches *Microsoft Word* (on the current page) with the specified document and links it with the defined address file as data source.

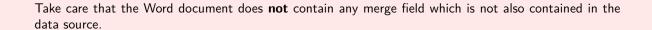
use existing address file

If you already assigned a Word document to the current project, this option is activated.

You can see the data source which is linked to the Word document in the field **File**. Another data source can be assigned without having to recreate it by clicking the button.



Use this functionality to generate the data sources for the various dispatches in advance. Give the same name to the address files as to the categories in order to avoid any confusion. If you want to print the documents of a dedicated category, simply choose the corresponding address file and click the *Open with Word* button.



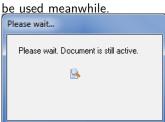
12.2. Processing in Word

As soon as Dialogpost Manager launches Microsoft Word with the specified document and data source, both files will be mutually linked.

Now you can work with Microsoft Word's mail merge module as you are used to.

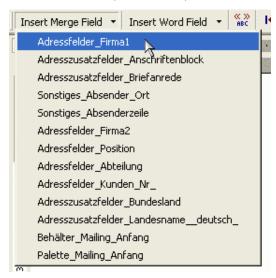


As long as the Word document assigned to the project is open, Dialogpost Manager has to wait and cannot be used manywhile



If the document is closed, this state changes and you can continue working with your mailshot project.

In the menu *Insert Merge Field* you will find all Dialogpost Manager fields which you have chosen during the *field selection* (on page 326):



You will see the fields coming from Dialogpost Manager like "normal" merge fields in your Word document.



Click the words button in order to switch the preview mode from field type to field content view and vice versa:



For additional information and explanations please refer to the respective mail merge chapter of the Microsoft Word user's manual or to advanced literature.

13 Data fields

Data fields make it possible to create dynamic text output for each (address) record. Data fields can, for example, be used in *Mail merge* (on page 257) with *text fields* (on page 292) and *address blocks* (on page 290), and in *address export* (on page 353).

In practice, address data can only be expressed with dynamic data fields. For example, field *First name* and last name (on page 333) will be different for every imported address. However, you can also print or export user-defined fields. If you have imported your own customer number, you can print and export it specifically for every data record, just like its address.

13.1. Data fields of category "Additional address fields"

The additional address fields are of certain interest for the correspondence because you can easily create as well addresses as salutations.

- ID (on the following page)
- Address block (on the next page)
- Address block (Postwurfspezial) (on page 332)
- Attn. (on page 332)
- First name and last name (on page 333)
- Letter salutation (on page 334)
- Salutation and title (on page 334)
- Title and name (on page 334)
- Contact person (on page 339)
- Street and No. (on page 335)
- Delivery address (on page 335)
- Delivery ZIP, city, ZIP and city (on page 335)
- Country name (on page 335)
- ISO Code (on page 335)
- Import source (on page 335)
- Address usable (on page 335)
- Address ignored (on page 335)
- Premiumadress (on page 335)
- Track&Match (on page 337)
- Responseplus (on page 337)
- IT franking (on page 338)
- 2D barcode (on page 339)
- Address edited (on page 340)

Address ignored (on page 340)

13.1.1 ID

This field contains the consecutive address number and is set by Dialogpost Manager during import. Using this number, you will be able to clearly identify every address.

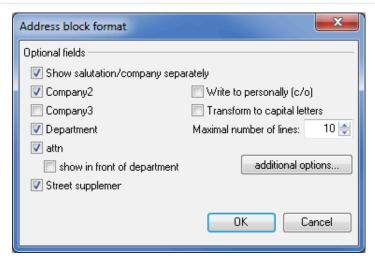
13.1.2 Address block

With the address block you insert into your document all fields necessary for an address.

Adapt your field with the button *Change settings*. The field "address block" contains the same text as the position frame *address block* (on page 290); the properties for the optional fields are identical as well.



No complete addresses are available for Postwurfspezial items. In a Postwurfspezial project the options for an address block will therefore be different. Details can be found in section *Address block (Postwurfspezial)* (on the next page).



Choose from the window which address fields the address block should include. The specifications in the field **altern.** attn. made in the address management will be followed.

With the check box *show in front of department* the lines "department" and "attn." will be shown in reverse order within the address block.

When the *Show salutation/company separately* is activated, the salutation of a private person will be placed in a separate line at the beginning of the address block. The same applies if there is no contact person for a company address and the salutation field reads "company'.

With the check box Write to personally (c/o) the contact persons of a company will be addressed personally, i.e. name and company will appear in reversed order. Letters with this address block may only be opened by the addressee in person.

The address block will be completely shown in capital letters if the respective option is checked.

Limit the **Maximal number of rows** if there is only limited space for the address block. With that option the application will delete address lines in such a way that the addresses always are complete as required by postal regulations. Dialogpost Manager proceeds hereby in the following order:

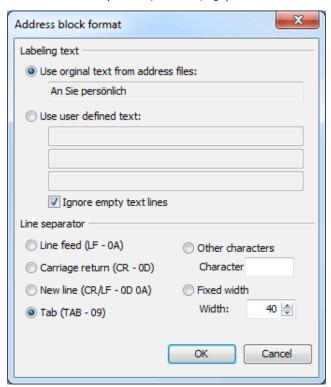
- 1. Company3
- 2. Company2

- 3. Department
- 4. Attn.

You can only select machine readable fonts like Arial, Courier or Times New Roman for the address block. You can define the behavior of the field *Attn*. (on this page) if you click the *Additional options* button.

13.1.3 Address block (Postwurfspezial)

No complete addresses are available for Postwurfspezial items. In a Postwurfspezial project the options for an *address block* (on the previous page) will therefore be different.



In area **Labeling text** you can choose whether you want to use the approach text for partially addressed items from the imported address file or specify one yourself.

Below option *Use original text from address file* you can see as a preview the approach text of the first data record.

Select option *Use user defined text* to specify a custom text to be used for all data records. Enter this text into the text fields below this option. If you deactivate option *Ignore empty text lines* even for empty lines line separators will be exported.

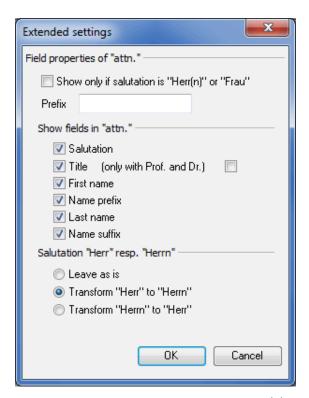
In are **Line separator** you can specify the characters to be used to represent a line separation in the labeling text.



Some export formats like CSV are not compatible with line breaks within one record. For such formats, please use either a *Fixed* width, or specify *Tab* or appropriate *Other characters* as line separators.

13.1.4 Attn.

Should the name of a contact person be shown in the address block you can specify the layout of line with the data field "Attn.".



The option Show only if salutation is "Herr(n)" or "Frau" is used to leave out the whole line for not personalized addresses.

If desired you can set a different prefix for this line, for example Attn. or similar; leave this field empty if the line should directly start with "Herrn" or "Frau".

With the options in the area "Salutation "Herr" resp. "Herrn" you can normalize the salutation, i.e. determine it for all addressed, male persons in the same way. Thus, the entry for a contact person will be, for example, "Herrn Peter Müller", whereas the salutation address naturally still reads "Sehr geehrter Herr Müller".

The field settings are only valid when no alternative "Attn." has been given in the address management. For private addresses a entry in the field "Attn." replaces the fields "last name" and "first name"

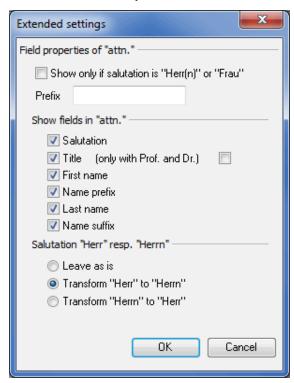
13.1.5 First name and last name

There are three possibilities for issuing first name and last name together in one field if you click on "Change settings":



13.1.6 Letter salutation

With the field "Letter salutation" you can specify individually what this line should look like in your document. To do this you can choose from the following options:



The settings in the area "Automatic creation" refer to addresses with a personal contact person. Here you can specify with which expression your salutation should begin (for example the rather amicable salutation "Liebe/r" or the polite ""Sehr geehrte/r"), whether an "r" should be added to this expression for all male contact persons and which fields form the address data should be part of this line above the actual text.

Set a default as to what should be inserted in the letter salutation if an address by name is not possible.

Finally you can also specify which mark should end the letter salutation, for example a comma or an exclamation mark.



The field settings are only valid if no "letter salutation" has been given in the address management.

In the area Examples you can directly see the impact of your settings to a concrete letter salutation.

13.1.7 Salutation and title

With this field you can combine salutation and title of a name.

13.1.8 Title and name

This data field will display a combination of the fields "Title" and "Name" (Dr. Klaus Zumwinkel e.g.).

13.1.9 Contact person

This field is only filled with content as long as the field "Last name" is filled, too. In those cases, salutation, title and first name are prefixed.

13.1.10 Street and No.

In the data field "Street and No." street names and street numbers will be given within one field.

13.1.11 Delivery address

The field delivery address includes the parts of the address preferred by the Post (Street, P.O. Box or major recipient).

13.1.12 Delivery ZIP, city, ZIP and city

Insert with this fields the ZIP code, city or the combination of both preferred by the Post (Street, P.O. Box or major recipient).

13.1.13 Country name

You can specify whether a country name should be given in German, English or French and whether it should be in capital letters or not.

13.1.14 ISO Code

This field contains the ISO Code of the country which is standardized worldwide. For instance, Germany's ISO code is 276.

13.1.15 Import source

Export the name of the source file for the particular address.

13.1.16 Address usable

Using this field, you will export the information whether or not an address is usable. If not, the reason is given why it is not usable (e.g. ZIP not existing).

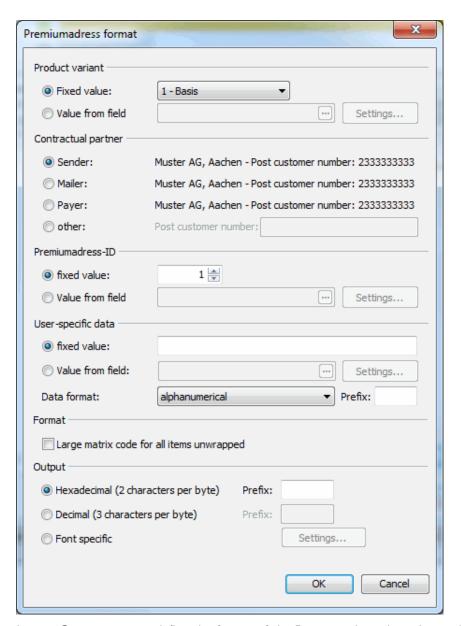
13.1.17 Address ignored

Using this field, you will export the information whether or not an address is ignored. If so, the reason is given why it is ignored (e.g. duplicate search).

13.1.18 Premiumadress

Insert this field if you want to export the information used by the *Premiumadress* (on page 299) data matrix code.

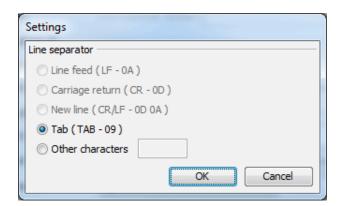
Click the Change settings button in order to configure (on page 300) Premiumadress.



In area **Output** you can define the format of the Premiumadress data. It is either *hexadecimal*, *decimal*, or *font specific*.

If required, every value to be exported can be preceded by one or more characters. This holds for hexadecimal as well as for decimal notation (e.g. 8F). The preceding characters have to be defined in the respective field **Prefix**.

For font specific export further settings are available.

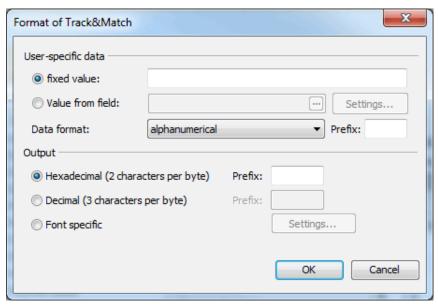




Invalid Premiumadress memos will not be exported. The respective field remains empty.

13.1.19 Track&Match

Insert this field if you want to export the information used by the *Track&Match* (on page 304) post matrix code.

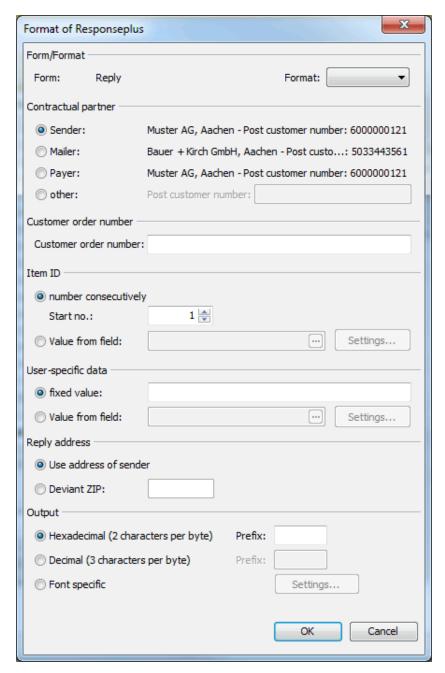


The settings for the area **User-specific data** in this window correspond to those of *mail merge* (on page 304).

The area **Output** corresponds to the same area found in the settings of *Premiumadress* (on page 335).

13.1.20 Responseplus

Insert this field if you want to export the information used by *Responseplus'* (on page 315) post matrix code.



The settings for the areas Contractual partner, Customer order number, Item ID and User-specific data in this window correspond to those of *mail merge* (on page 316).

Only the ZIP of the **reply address** will be part of the matrix code. You can either use the *address of the sender*, or enter a *deviant ZIP*.

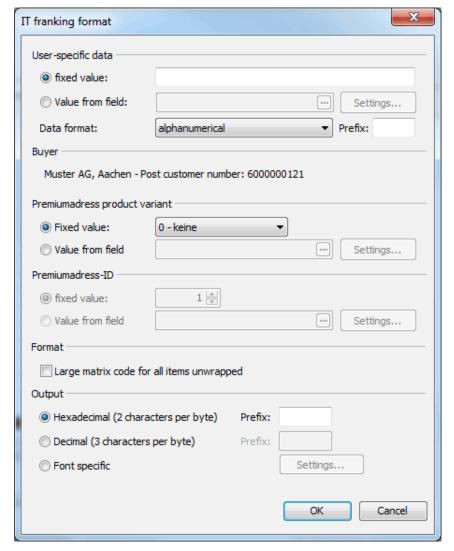
The area **Output** corresponds to the same area found in the settings of *Premiumadress* (on page 335).

13.1.21 IT franking



Module IT franking

This field is only available in projects that use IT franking as franking type. This requires activated module IT franking. Details can be found in chapter *IT franking* (on page 422).



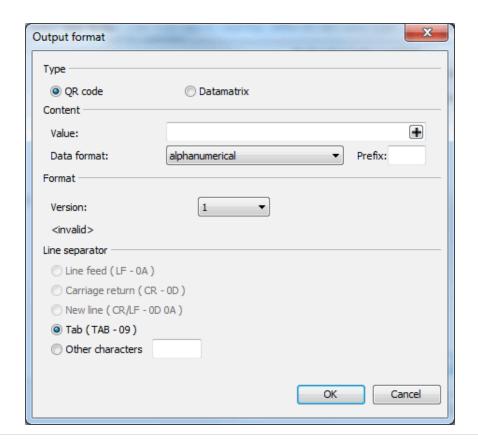
Insert this field if you want to export the information used by the *IT franking* (on page 422) post matrix code.

The settings for the areas **User-specific data**, **Buyer**, **Premiumadress product variant**, **Premiumadress ID** and **Format** in this window correspond to those of *mail merge* (on page 425).

The area Output corresponds to the same area found in the settings of Premiumadress (on page 335).

13.1.22 2D barcode

Using this field you can export the information of any fixed input or fields encoded as a two-dimensional barcode.





What will be exported is actually a multiline hexadecimal string that can be transformed into the graphical code by the font **Deutsche Post Premiumadress**. This font is installed together with Dialogpost Manager.

Except for *line separator* (on this page) the available options correspond to those of *inserting* (on page 313) a 2D barcode into a mail merge document.

If you export into a Text file (separator) (*.txt) (on page 454) please take special care of the option

Line separator

You can choose in which way a line break shall be denoted in the exported string.

Replace line breaks in fields. Using this option would overwrite the settings made here.

13.1.23 Address edited

This field contains if and by which operation the address was edited after import. For details, see chapter *Address management* (on page 72).

13.1.24 Address ignored

This field contains if and based on which operation the address was deactivated. For details, see chapter *Address management* (on page 73).

13.2. Other special data fields

Other fields from other categories (e.g. product names from the last order) coming from the address file can be inserted within the continuous text and are inserted for each address accordingly.

- Filling field (on the current page)
- Combination field (on this page)
- Condition field (on page 343)
- Subfield (on page 343)
- Change identifier (on page 344)
- Begin and End (on page 345)
- Distribution list identifier (on page 345)
- Relative pallet begin and end (on page 345)
- Creation date, Change date and current date (on page 346)
- Generated code (on page 346)

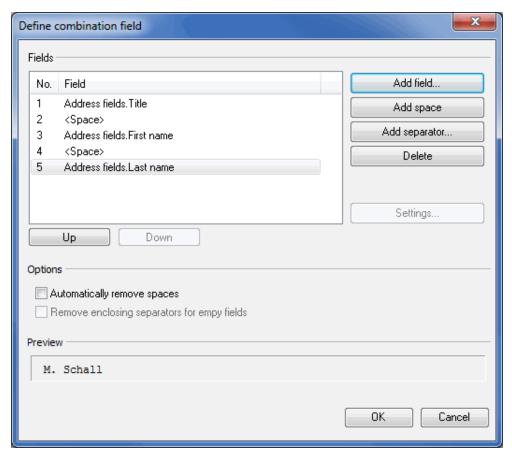
13.2.1 Filling field

Filling fields can be used to insert user defined text elements at a location of your choice. Using them enables you for example to implement your own separators into a text.

13.2.2 Combination field

Combination fields are a very potent instrument of the Dialogpost Manager. They combine the contents of many data fields into one single field.

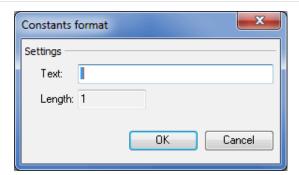
When editing the settings of this field, a new dialog opens where you can define the properties of the field. All settings are automatically stored and can be reused.



You can add data fields to a combination field by simply clicking *Add field* and choosing the field you want. Use the buttons *Add space* and *Add separator* to insert a space or a separator behind the last selected field. Nearly every text or symbol can be used as a separator.



Some characters are not available as separators due to internal program restrictions. An example for a symbol like that is the pipe " ".



When you add a separator to a combination field, the dialog *Constants format* appears, where the elements of your separator are defined. The "**Length**" field shows the number of used units.

If you subsequently want to delete fields from a combination field, select this field and click *Delete* or press the "Del" key. In some cases data fields may need separate settings which you can define while adding them from the field list to the combination field or subsequently by using the button *Settings*.

The field order in a combinations field can be changed, by clicking the buttons *Up* and *Down* or by simply using Drag'n'Drop.

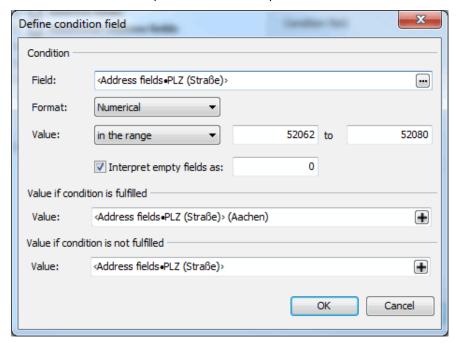
Due to empty fields some spaces or separators can become superfluous. So you can suppress them,

by enabling the options *Automatically remove spaces* and *Remove enclosing separators for empty fields*. However these options are only available if spaces respectively **enclosing** separators actually exist in a combination field.

An up-to-date result preview of your settings is displayed in the "Preview" field.

13.2.3 Condition field

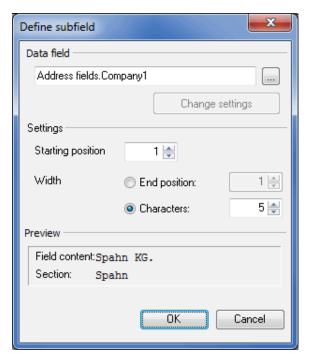
Condition fields allow for printed text to be dependent on a field value.



In area **Condition**, select the field on whose value the printed text should depend on. You can formulate the condition in various ways, according to the field format. In areas **Value if condition is fulfilled** and **Value if condition is not fulfilled**, respectively, you can define the visible text. You may enter a free text or use the value of any field. To do so, click the "plus button" on the right.

13.2.4 Subfield

Using subfields you can transfer dedicated field parts to a new field in order to remove e.g. pre- or suffixes.



In area **Data field**, select the field to be segmented in the dialog window which opens if you click the button.

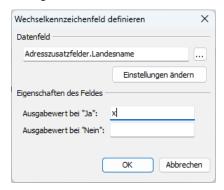
If the selected data field can be configured via separate options you can modify these via the *Change settings* button.

The area **Settings** is vital. Here you have to enter the *Starting position* and the *End position* of the field content part which will be transferred to the subfield. As an alternative to the absolute end position you can also define it relatively by the number of *Characters* which will be included in the subfield starting from the starting position.

The **Preview** area visualizes the results of your settings via a now/afterwards illustration.

13.2.5 Change identifier

Change indicators allow an action if data changes compared to the previous record.



In area $Data\ field$, select the field for which you want to react to changes in the dialog window which opens if you click the $\overline{\cdots}$ button.

If the selected data field can be configured via separate options you can modify these via the *Change settings* button.

Any string can be specified to identify a change, e.g. a printer-specific control code. The first record of a category is always defined as change.

The field is currently only available for export, not for mail merge.

13.2.6 Begin and End

If you print your documents with **addressers** or **enveloping** machines there are two special fields "Begin" and "End" available for each of the categories "Bundle resp. Tray", "Bundle resp. Tray target", "Pallet", and "Pallet target". You can use these fields for controlling your printers directly: Use the data fields to pause your printer before starting each new batch, tray or a new palette series. Thus, you will be able to pack the items appropriately even during address printing. You can use the *Change settings* option to insert the printer-specific control codes.

If you *consolidate variants in trays/bundles* (on page 407), categories "Bundles" and "Trays" also contain the fields "Begin (relative)" and "End (relative)". They, too, indicate that the tray/bundle changes now, but the respective tray/bundle is not yet finished and will be used again.

13.2.7 Distribution list identifier

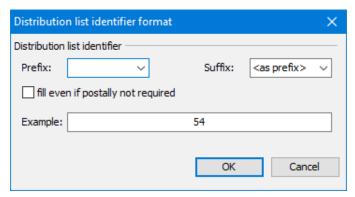
In the category "Item" you can also find the configurable data field distribution list identifier.

For the production of routing region bundles the **distribution list identifier** fulfills the function of the bundling labels to identify these bundles. Insert here via *change settings* the values for "prefix" and "suffix", if applicable.



For ZIP bundles, the distribution list identifier is usually not postally required and may be left blank. With the respective *option* you can choose to fill this field with appropriate data even for those items.

You can insert the distribution list identifier above the first address line via the menu item edit address block and the option insert field in the position frame address block (on page 290)



13.2.8 Relative pallet begin and end

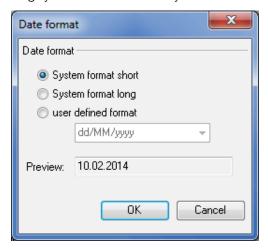
When producing variants in multi-flow method "variant after variant" or variant clean (on page 407) the fields of the category "Pallet" might be of interest. The fields **Begin (relative)** and **End (relative)** are of certain interest because they insert a definable character, that marks the first respectively the last item of a variant produced for a pallet. So these fields mark a pallet change for the currently produced variant.



You can use these fields to export pallet changes (to the end of the previous or to the beginning of the next one) during the address export.

13.2.9 Creation date, Change date and current date

In the category "Mail merge" you can access three fields for dates: Creation date, Change date and current date. With the button *change settings* you can easily configure each date. Choose between the short or long system format or define your desired format on your own.



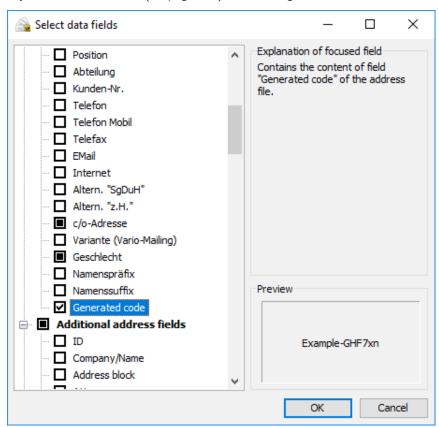


Example

The American date format, for instance, would be defined as follows: mm/dd/yyyy

13.2.10 Generated code

If you use code creation (on page 134), the field "generated code" is available.



With this field, you may use the code for example in *mail merge* (on page 292) or *address export* (on page 359).

14 Production guideline

Dialogpost Manager distributes your addresses to two categories: Dialogpost and remaining items.

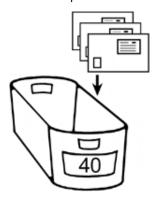


Further possible categories are **International** and **Other** (unwrapped items or Dialogpost Kreativ, which cannot be sent as Dialogpost).

After printing the addresses, you must **consistently separate** these categories because they have to be posted separately from one another. Dialogpost items also need their own set of forms.

14.1. Dialogpost

All Dialogpost items have to be packed into trays sorted by ascending or descending ZIPs. The address block has to face the information carrier (= tray label). Standard items in trays of size 1 have to be inserted "upside down".



DIN C5 items in trays of size 2, in general, have to be laid side by side as two piles. You may also put these items upright in your trays of size 2 (like Standard items in trays of size 1). However, the address should then not be upside down.

The items are always combined in trays or bundles. All items are generally printed in the correct order and can be directly inserted into the trays.

Trays can contain items with identical **ZIP**, or with identical **routing region** (first two digits of the ZIP). In addition, they can also be filled as **Germany trays**.

Bundles, however, have to be target clean, i.e. they may only contain items with identical ZIP or routing region.

For items of format Groß, the **GSA** (Großsortieranlage) program is also important. Processing these items is significantly eased by GSA clean trays or bundles (and pallets). This is why Dialogpost Manager will automatically produce as many GSA clean trays or bundles as possible, and will, if possible, distribute them on pallets in a way that these pallets are either GSA clean themselves or carry GSA clean layers.

First, print the **tray list** resp. **bundle list**. You can see from these lists how many items will be packed into which trays or bundles.

One row for each tray is printed in the tray list.

Trays with similar ZIP are merged by Dialogpost Manager to one tray target. The same holds for trays with similar routing region. Germany trays also represent a tray target (0-9). All trays belonging to the same tray target will receive the same printed information on the tray labels.

The items of a tray target are always sorted by ZIP in ascending order.

If possible, immediately affix a printed tray label to each full tray.



When printing the addresses in *mail merge* (on page 257) mode you can decide whether or not a special **overview page** shall be printed prior to each new tray, which indicates the tray change and which contains additional information such as item quantity.

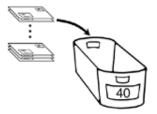
Tray list	Tray list Dialogpost Page 1 of 9											
Status: 20.11.20												
		Tray			Tray target		Pallet target					
No. Addr	esses	Net [kg]	Gross [kg]	Туре	Label	No.	Туре	Label				
1	12	4,2	5,7	219	24103	1	Germany	0-9				
3	15	5,3 5,0	6,8	RR RR	23 23	1	Germany Germany	0-9				
4	14	5.0	6,4	RR	23	1	Germany	0-9				
6	15	5,3 5,7	6,8 7,1	RR.	23 24	1	Germany	0-9				
7	16	5,7	7,1	RR.	24	1	Germany	0-9				
	15	5,3	6,8	RR	24	1	Germany	0-9				
10	15	5,3 5,3	6,8	RR.	24	1	Germany	0-9				
11	16	5,7	7,1	RR.	24	1	Germany	0-9				
12	18	6,4	7,8	RR RR	25	1	Germany	0.9				
13	14	5,0 5,3	6,4 6,8	RR.	25 25	1	Germany	0-9				
15	15	5,3	6,8	RR.	27	1	Germany	0-9				
16	16 18	3,7 6.4	7,1 7,8	RR Germany	27 0-9	1	Germany	0-9				
18	18	6,4	7,8	ZIP	27211	2	RR	27				
19	18	6,4	7,8	219	27211	2	RR	27				
20 21	13 13	4,6 4,6	6,1 6,1	21P 21P	27211 27211	2 2	RR RR	27 27				
22	13	3,3	6,8	219	27232	2	現底	27				
23	14	5,0	6,4	21P	27232	2	RR	27				
25	15 15	5,3 5,3	6,8	21P 21P	27232 27232	2	RR RR	27 27				
26	18	6,4	7,8	Z1P	27239	2	RR	27				
27	18	6,4	7,8	ZIP	27239	2	RR.	27				
28 29	18	6,4 3,9	7,8 5,3	21P 21P	27239 27249	2 2	RR RR	27				
30	11	3,9	5,3	219	27245	2	RR	27				
31 32	10	3,5	5,0 5,3	21P 21P	27254 27254	2 2	RR RR	27 27				
33	12	4,2	5,7	ZIP	27257	2	RR	27				
34	12	4,2 6.4	5,7	Z1P	27259 27283	2	RR RR	27 27				
36	18	6,4	7,8 7,8	ZIP ZIP	27283	2	RR.	27				
37	18	6,4	7,8	ZIP	27283	2	RR.	27				
38	18	6,4 6,4	7,8 7,8	ZIP ZIP	27283 27283	2	RR RR	27				
40	18	6,4	7,8	Z1P	27283	2	RR.	27				
41	18	6,4	7,8	21P	27283	2	RR	27				
42	18	6,4	7,8 7,8	21P 21P	27283 27283	2 2	RR RR	27 27				
44	18	6,4	7,8	ZIP	27283	2	RR	27				
45	18	6,4 5.7	7,8	21P 21P	27283 27283	2 2	RR.	27 27				
47	16	6,0	7,1	Z1P Z1P	27283 27283	2	RR.	27				
48	18	6,4	7.8	21P	27299	2	RR	27				
49 50	18	4,6	7,8 6,1	21P	27299 27299	2	RR.	27				
51	13	1,6	6,1	219	27299	2	RR.	27				
52	14	5,0	6,4	ZIP	27305	2	RR	27				
53 54	13	4,6	6,1	21P 21P	27305 27305	2 2	RR.	27 27				
55	14	5,0	6,1	219	27305	2	RR.	27				
36	18	6,4	7,8	ZIP	27308	2	RR	27				
57 58	17	6,0 6,4	7,5	21P	27308	2	RR.	27				
36	18	9,7	7,8	ZIP	27308	2	RR	27				

14.1.1 Production of trays using the tray list

Case A: All items in one tray target fit in one tray

Tray					1	Tray target		Pallet target	
No. Items		Net [kg]		Gross [kg]	Type	Marking	No.	Type	Marking
1	1	156	3,1	4,1	LR	40	1	BRD	0-9
- 2	2	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
3	3	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
- 4	6	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
5	5	170	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
6	5	170	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
7	7	170	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
8	3	170	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
9	9	131	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9
10)	131	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9
- 11	1	130	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9

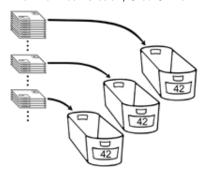
Place 156 items into tray no. 1 and label it with marking "40".



Case B: Not all the items in one tray target fit in one tray

Trays 2 to 8 belong to the same tray target.

Label the trays with the same marking ("42"), which can be derived form the tray list, and fill tray 2 to 4 with 171 items each, 5 to 8 with 170 items each.



Produce trays 9 to 11 the same way.



As an alternative to the tray list, you can also produce trays based on the printed tray labels coming from Dialogpost Manager. If you check the options *Print extra tray/bundle information*, each tray label will contain its tray number as well as its item quantity.



14.1.2 Production of pallets for Dialogpost

The simplest way of producing pallets is to stack the trays onto the pallets as soon as all items are inserted.

Once a tray is filled, affix the printed tray label and place the tray onto the current pallet which is indicated in the **tray list** in column "Pallet No.". Column "Pallet target Marking" illustrates the label information for the corresponding pallet.

Tray					Tray target		Pallet	Pallet target	
No.	Items	No	st [kg]	Gross [kg]	Type	Marking	No.	Type	Marking
1	1	156	3,1	4,1	LR	40	1	BRD	0-9
- 2	2	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
3	3	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
- 4	6	171	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
5	5	170	3,4	4,3	LR.	42	1	BRD	0-9
6	5	170	3,4	4,3	LR.	42	1	BRD	0-9
7	7	170	3,4	4,3	LR	42	1	BRD	0-9
8	3	170	3,4	4,3	LR.	42	1	BRD	0-9
9	9	131	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9
10)	131	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9
- 11	1	130	2,6	3,5	LR	44	1	BRD	0-9

If you post trays on pallets, you should print the **pallet list**.

Details such as weight and tray quantity per pallet can be derived from this list.

Pallet list	Page 1 of 1 Status: 17.12.2004
Project: Sonderpos lenverkauri	

	Palle	t	Q	uantity	Pallet target		
No. N	iet [kg]	Gross [kg]	Trays	Items	Type	Marking	
1	61,9	108,5	20	3.095	LZ	0	
2	100,8	158,5	32	5.038	LZ	1	
3	268,4	366,2	75	13.421	LZ	2	
4	326,0	438,6	91	16.300	LZ	3	
5	360,7	478,0	96	18.037	LZ	4	
6	110,2	166,1	30	5.510	LZ	4	
7	198,8	277,9	55	9,939	LZ	5	
8	202,1	290,3	54	10.105	LZ	5	
9	293,2	395,6	30	14.659	LZ	6	
10	262,1	359,0	74	13.107	LZ	7	
11	130,2	192,6	37	6.512	LZ	8	
12	112,0	172,6	35	5.600	LZ	9	
- 2	Σ 2.426,5	Σ 3.393,9	Σ 679	Σ 121.323			

In principle, the **maximum weight** as well as the **maximum stacking height** allowed by Deutsche Post has to be taken into account during pallet production. When specifying the **production properties**, Dialogpost Manager ensures that these limits will not be exceeded.

In order to obtain discounts the respective minimum weights have to be met. Dialogpost Manager distributes your items during **optimization** in an ideal way, i.e. the fees will be as low as possible.

Should you have any questions, please contact the Deutsche Post Hotline on $+49\ 180\ 5\ 334460$ (14 ct per minute or part thereof from a German landline or mobile phone network) or a Direct Marketing Center in your area.

14.2. Remaining items

Remaining items are normal letter mail items, postcards etc.

They do not have to be sorted, inserted into trays or posted at the same time. No forms are required.

Remaining items may not be franked using the franking mark but must be franked by machine or with stamps.

15 Address export

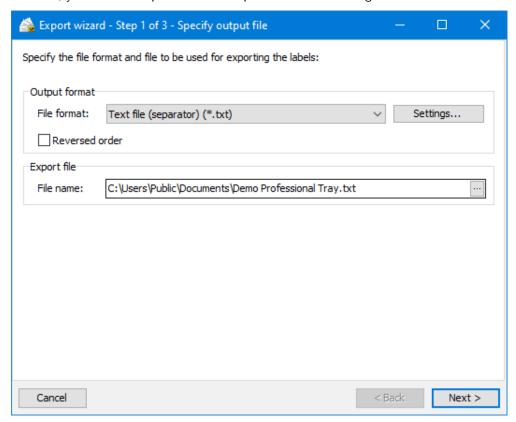
Dialogpost Manager is capable of exporting the addresses out of a project for later use in other applications. Export can be launched from **Address management** or by using the **Results** menu.

Furthermore, you can export the data required for routing label production.

15.1. Routing label export

Dialogpost Manager is able to create all routing labels in an appropriate format itself. In order to do so, use item *Routing labels* (on page 184) in menu *Results*.

However, you can also export the data required to create routing labels here.



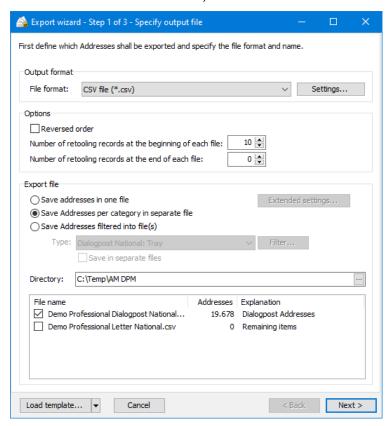
The available options correspond to the options of *address export* (on the next page). The only difference is that no different address categories exist here, and hence exactly one export file is created.

15.2. Export addresses from Results menu

After the postage optimization Dialogpost Manager is capable of exporting the dispatch optimized addresses of a project for later use into other applications. This can be done via the *Results* menu.

If the addresses are exported, all address records are subdivided into the corresponding categories **Dialogpost**, **remaining items**, **international items** as well as **unused items**. Within these categories, all addresses are available in the sequence which is required by the postal regulations.

The export wizard offers a variety of options for exporting the addresses. He will help you to select the correct options in each case; you can use the buttons *Next* and *Back* to go one step forward or back (in order to check or make corrections).





Of course you can immediately export your addresses without having to make any changes to the default settings. Your addresses will be automatically sorted in correct order. Also, all address fields needed for dispatch are provided for each address. You can also use the button *Load template* to load previously saved export options. These templates, for instance, make it easier to export files for specific further processing on a regular basis. The use of the specific template <import structure> ensures that the export files - where possible - have the structure of the original file which you used for import. The previous settings are overwritten as soon as you load a template! You can save the current settings in a new template (on page 363) in the last step of the export dialog.



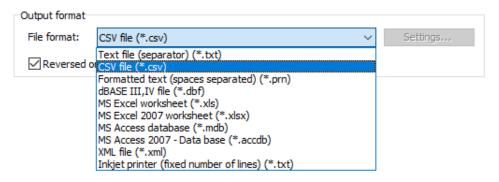
Please take care to print the exported data according to the valid provisions for the selected item type and extra services (tagging of item type, observance of spacing, etc.). This is especially important for extra service PREMIUMADRESS and IT franking.

15.2.1 Specify output file

In the first step you define the file format and the target file/s for the current export.

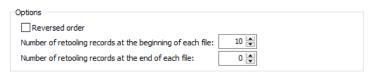
Output format

Dialogpost Manager provides a variety of file formats for address export. Thus, no additional conversions have to be made if you will process your data with other applications.



- Text file with fixed field width (on page 454)
- Text file with variable field width (on page 454)
- MS Access database (on page 455)
- Inkjet printers (on page 455)
- XML file (on page 456)

Options

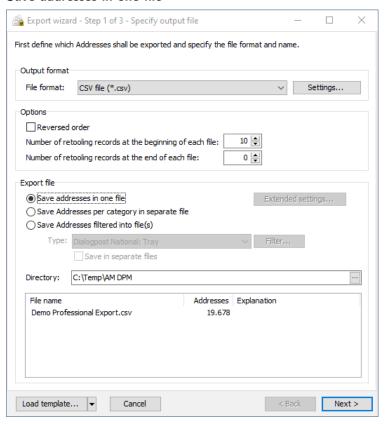


Addresses will usually be exported in the exact order in which they have to be produced according to the optimization result. Check option *Reversed order* to reverse this order in the export result.

Specify if you want to generate **setup records** in addition to actual addresses. You can create any number of these before or after the addresses. A setup record is similar to a normal address, except that instead of field contents, only the field names are exported. Furthermore, all Yes/No-fields, as for instance beginning of a bundle on this record, will be set as TRUE.

Export files

Save addresses in one file



If this option is selected, all addresses of a project are **saved in a single file**. The respective affiliation to a category (e.g. Dialogpost, remaining items) is shown in the table in the "Category" column.

Addresses of category **unused items** will not be contained in the export file. If necessary, export these addresses to a separate file.

If this option is used you will have to take care of dispatching the different categories separately, especially if you process the addresses with external programs.

Export file Save addresses in one file Extended settings... Save Addresses per category in separate file Save Addresses filtered into file(s) Type: Dialogpost National: Tray Filter... Save in separate files Directory: C:\Users\Public\Desktop Addresses Explanation Demo Professional Dialogpost National... 3.986 Dialogpost Addresses Demo Professional Letter National.csv 0 Remaining items ▼ Demo Professional Unused items.csv 15.692 Unused items

Save addresses per category in separate files

If you activate this option, the addresses of the categories (Dialogpost, remaining items, unused items, sample addresses, and international items) are **saved in separate files for each category** and can be further processed in this manner.

By default, categories which do not contain any address record are not exported; this can be changed by clicking on the ticks for these categories.

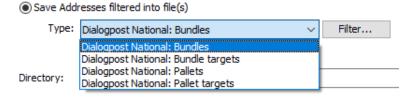


Module International optimization

With activated module **International optimization** additional categories will be available. Details can be found in chapter *International optimization* (on page 392).

Save addresses filtered into file(s)

By using this option's dropdown menu you can filter your export data by the following types:

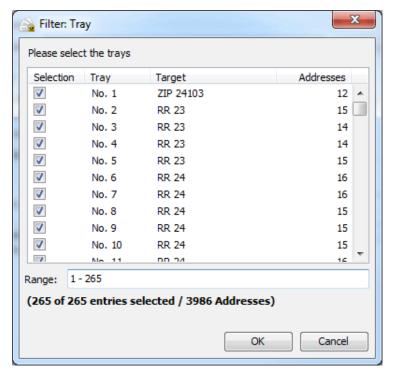




Modules International optimization and Vario

With activated modules **International optimization** and/or **Vario** additional filter criteria will be available. Details can be found in chapters *International optimization* (on page 392) and *Vario* (on page 412).

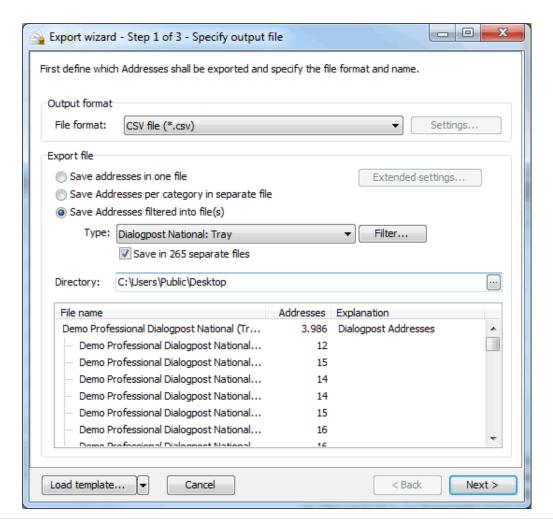
If you have selected a type, click the button *Filter* in order to define dedicated pallets, pallet targets, Partial posting etc. as filter values for export.



You can define the bundles, trays, pallets etc. to be exported by activating the respective check box.

Details on the effective usage of the selection methods can be found here (on page 452).

The filtered addresses will be exported in one file. If you want to store the addresses per filter value into a separate file, you have to activate the check box *Save in separate files*. Thus, you can for instance create a separate file for each partial posting during one export process.





Filters can only be applied to addresses of category Dialogpost since remaining items have to be dispatched separately and can be kept unsorted.

Directory



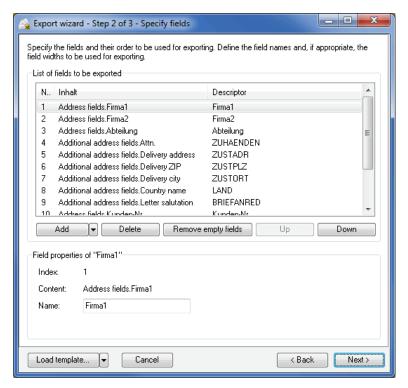
In this line you can define the **target directory** of the address export.

If you want to store the file into another directory or if you want to rename it, click the — button. Chapter *Export presettings* (on page 247) describes how you can specify how Dialogpost Manager will provide you with suggestions for the target directory.

You will see the files to be exported in the lower table of the "Export files" area. Depending on the chosen settings and options, the file names vary. Activate the check boxes of those files which you want to export.

15.2.2 Specify format

In this dialog window you can define the structure of the export file by deciding for each field whether or not it is required for external processing (if necessary even more than once) and thus has to be exported. Additionally, you can also specify here the field order for the later export.



You can use the buttons *Add* and *Delete* to extend your output file by further fields or to remove dispensable fields. Select a dedicated field and move it to the desired position within the export file by clicking the *Up* and *Down* buttons.

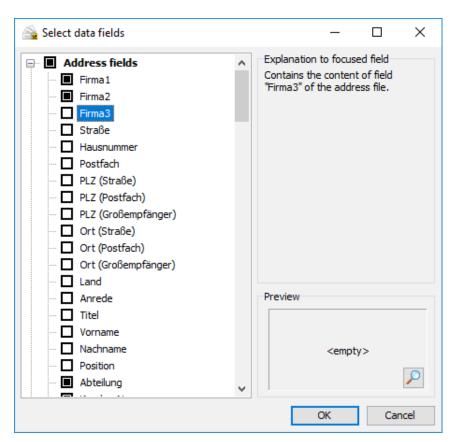
In general, empty fields can be automatically removed prior to the export by clicking the *Remove empty fields* button.



Dialogpost Manager can automatically add all **filled** address fields. Thus, you avoid importing empty fields or do not forget importing filled fields. Just click the *Add* button and select those fields which you want to be included in your export file.

You can start all actions also via the contextual menu (right mouse click).

During extending the output file via adding one or more fields, a dialog window appears where you can comfortably select the field/s.



Short explanations on the right hand side of the windows help to select the desired fields. Below you can also see a preview of the value of the first data record. If this record contains no value for the selected field, you can click on the little magnifier button to jump to the first record that contains a value for this field.

The check boxes of each field show which fields are already going to be exported. Furthermore, you can change the status of every field by continuously clicking the respective. The possible check box status are:





Some label printers require a so called control file for the print job which contains the information to be printed for every label. This file can be easily created by Dialogpost Manager via the export. If any field content should appear on the label more than once (e.g. ZIP or bundle change chars), just add the relevant field for another time.

Use the **additional address fields** generated by Dialogpost Manager when processing your addresses in order to ensure that the results of the address check, the duplicate search and optimization are also available during processing.

Additionally, the delivery fields allow you to benefit from the normalization of the address fields in one column - You no longer have to work with several fields for major recipient, street and P.O. Box address and for the respective ZIPs.

- Data fields of category "Additional address fields" (on page 330)
- Other special data fields (on page 341)

Field properties

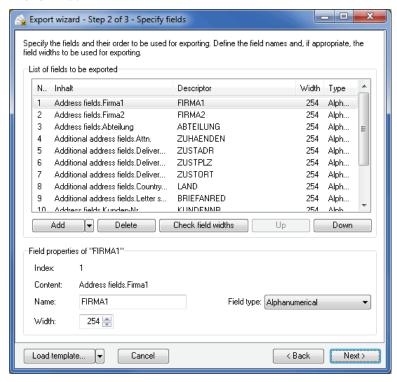
You can change the field descriptor for each export field. Select the desired field and change its **Name** in the "Properties" area.



If you are exporting a field more than once, Dialogpost Manager ensures the uniqueness of the field descriptors to be exported.

Dependent on the export file format you can additionally specify the **field type** (only with *.dbf or *.xls) or the **field width** (only with *.dbf or *.prn). None of these settings needs to be changed; you can also use the default settings.

If you export your data into a fixed-field format (*.dbf or *.prn), two additional options will be available in this window:



In the "Properties" area, you can manually define a specific width for each field.

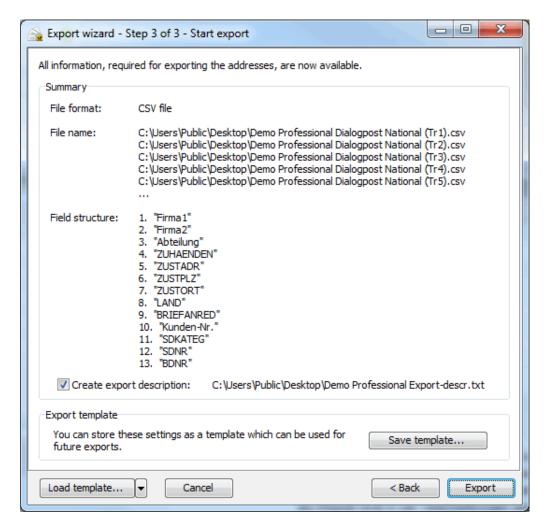
You can use the button *Verify field widths* to set the maximum width required by each field and automatically remove empty fields from the export file.

If fields are found during the field width verification, which are too long, Dialogpost Manager automatically offers to split them to several *subfields* (on page 343).



If you click the No button the field contents will be truncated.

15.2.3 Start export



By clicking the button Export you start the finishing address export.

All information required for exporting your addresses are listed in a table. You can check all details. Any changes can be easily carried out using the *Back* button.

If you activate the *Create export description* option, a text file is created which contains all important information on the current export.

Templates

Templates ensure in an easy way that your addresses are always exported in the same format for specified further processing.

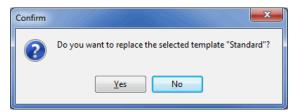


Dialogpost Manager always stores the export settings within a project - irrespectively of any template. Thus, you do not have to re-specify them if you want to export addresses more than once. Even if you duplicate a project in the project explorer, all export settings are copied as well.

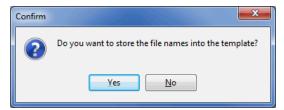
Save template

If you want to reuse settings you have made in a subsequent project, you can save them by clicking the *Save template* button.

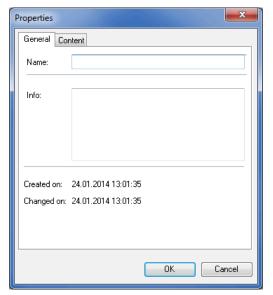
Confirm whether or not you want to replace the used template - here "Standard". Click *No* in order to create a new template with another name.



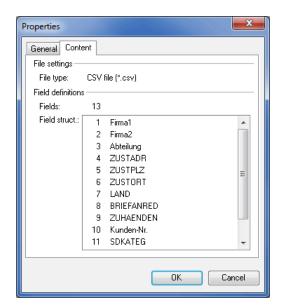
If you changed the automatically suggested export file name by hand, you can now define whether or not this name shall also be stored in the template. If you want to save every export file with an identical name, click *Yes.* The same holds for the export into separate files.



Enter a unique name on tab *General* of the dialog window *Properties*; if desired, you can provide other information on this template in the info field.



On the Content tab you will see once again which fields will be exported in which order using this template.

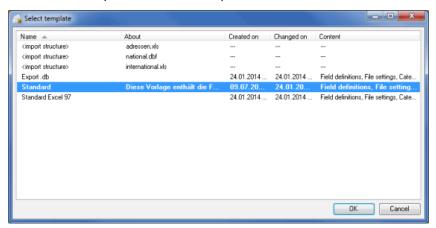


Click OK to save the template.

Load template

You can load a template at any step of the export wizard. Click the *Load template* button and all template settings will be applied.

In the Select template window all templates saved so far are shown. Choose a template and click OK.



By using the **<import structure>** template, the addresses are exported with the field structure of the import file (as long as this is possible, especially taking into account that several input files have been imported).

When you click the small arrow beside *Load template* you can add another template to the ones already loaded. Now, all fields that are contained in any of the loaded templates will be exported. In case a field is contained in more than one template, Dialogpost Manager will inform you. You will be able to prevent fields from being exported redundantly.

You can also define a default template, which will be automatically applied to newly created projects. Right-click a template and select from the contextual menu *Template is default template*. The default template is marked bold.

15.3. Export addresses from address management

Dialogpost Manager is capable of exporting the addresses out of a project for later use in other applications.

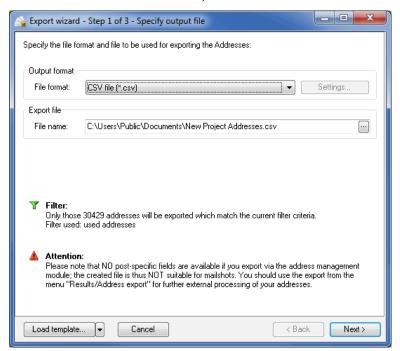


Some information, e.g. mailshot data, can **only be exported from the Results menu** (after running postage optimization). If address export is **launched from address management**, these fields will remain empty.

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If you used a *filter* (on page 78) in address management, only the filtered addresses will be exported and not the complete address database. A relevant note will point out this fact.

The export wizard offers a variety of options for exporting the addresses. It will help you to select the correct options in each case; you can use the *Next* and *Back* buttons to go one step forward or back (in order to check or make corrections).





Of course you can export your addresses without having to make any changes to the default settings. You can also use the *Load template* button to load previously saved export options. These templates, for instance, make it easier to export files for specific further processing on a regular basis. The use of the specific template <import structure> ensures that the export files - where possible - have the structure of the original file which you used for import.

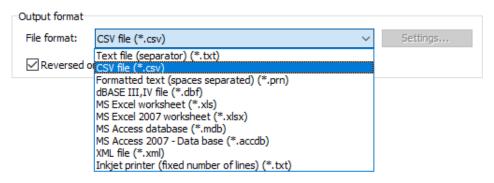
In the last step of the export dialog the current changes can be saved in a new template (on page 363).

15.3.1 Specify output file

In the first step you define the file format and the target file/s for the current export.

Output format

Dialogpost Manager provides a variety of **file formats** for address export. Thus, no additional conversions have to be made if you process your data with other applications.



- Text file with fixed field width (on page 454)
- Text file with variable field width (on page 454)
- MS Access database (on page 455)
- Inkjet printers (on page 455)
- XML file (on page 456)

Export file



The file name and the directory path to which the addresses are to be exported are shown in this area. If you want to store the file into another directory or if you want to rename it, click the — button.

15.3.2 Specify format

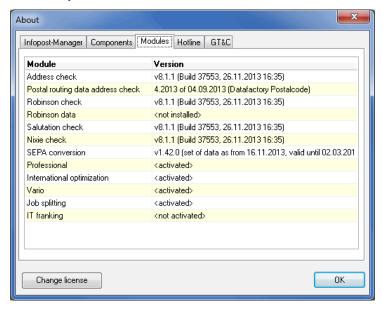
on page 359

15.3.3 Start export

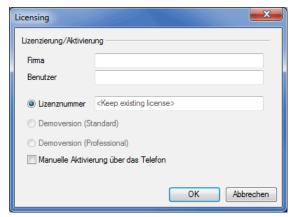
on page 363

16 Modules

Dialogpost Manager's capabilities can be extended by activating several modules. You can always see via the menu item *Help - About* on the *Modules* tab which modules are already usable and which can be additionally activated.



Clicking the *Change license* button will close Dialogpost Manager and the licensing dialog window will appear.



After you have renewed the license, Dialogpost Manager will restart. If any, the functionalities of additional modules will now be available.

16.1. Professional

The module **Professional** is especially recommendable if you often use the Dialogpost Manager, regularly produce larger mailings or even produce mailings for other customers.



The modules *International optimization* (on page 371), *Vario* (on page 394) and *Job splitting* (on page 412) require an activated module **Professional**.

When the module **Professional** is activated Dialogpost Manager will consequently be renamed into Dialogpost Manager Professional.



Please note that this help describes Dialogpost Manager as seen with module Professional available. If you do not have this module activated you might experience some dialogs with reduced functionality.

16.1.1 Feature matrix

The differences of the Dialogpost Manager Professional to the standard version can be derived from the following table:

Feature	Standard	Professional
Address check	X	x
Address check: Extended options Keep upper case, unify spelling, official city supplement, check names of major recipients, adjust search mode		X
Address check: Streetcode can be activated	X	X
Address check: Thesaurus		X
Address export (txt, csv, xls, xlsx, dbf, mdb, accdb and xml)	X	X
Address import (txt, csv, xls, xlsx, dbf, mdb and accdb) incl. import templates	X	X
Address import (label format)		X
Address import (only ZIP)		X
Address import via ADO		X
Anonymization of projects	X	x
Batch processing		X
Blank forms	X	х
Customer index		X
Data backup	X	X

Feature	Standard	Professional
Data protection assistant		X
Duplicate search	X	x
Duplicate search: Options Adjust search mode, select search intensity and match accuracy, show similar address as duplicates, contact person with B2B, first name with B2C, consider field Company3, compare company and name fields		×
Import Pack & Go		X
Export Pack & Go	X	X
Individual Katalog dispatch		X
Inkjet export	X	X
Job splitting		J
Letters international at kilo-rates		Ю
Logging of user activities		X
Mail merge: Barcode	X	x
Mail merge: Datamatrixcode	X	x
Mail merge: Interface to Word	X	x
Mail merge: Panel print	X	X
Mail merge: Premiumadress	X	x
Mail merge: QR code	X	x
Mail merge: Spell check	X	x
Mail merge: Text length check	X	x
Mail merge: Water marks	X	x
Map Tool	X	x
Merge address databases		x
Multi-Change with filtered addresses		x
Multiple export of individual fields	X	x
News/Update check (incl. auto update)	X	x
Nielsen region, provinces exportable		x
Nixie check		X
Optimization: based only on ZIPs		x
Optimization: Dialogpost Schwer		x
Optimization: Extended settings		x
Optimization: Dialogpost International		Ю
Optimization: Dialogpost National	X	X
Optimization: Partial posting		x
Order management	X	X
PDF export	X	X
Postwurfspezial		X

Feature	Standard	Professional
Production: Minimize number of trays/bundles		x
Production: Multi-flow method		V
Production: Pallets		X
Production: Single flow method		V
Production: Trays and bundles	X	X
Production: Variant clean		V
Project explorer	X	X
Project statistics	X	X
Routing label editor		x
Routing labels	X	X
Salutation check		X
Save lists as texts, clipboard	X	x
Spreads: Nielsen regions, provinces		x
Spreads: ZIPs, cities, routing regions, routing zones, countries	X	X
Tray/Bundle list	Х	X
Tray/Bundle target list, pallet list and pallet target list		x
User administration		X
Items with variant content		V
Wizard (Czech, Danish, English, French, German, Italian, Polish, Spanish)	X	X
ZIP search	X	×

 $\mathsf{x} = \mathsf{regular} \; \mathsf{feature}$

IO = module International optimization

 $\mathsf{J} = \mathsf{module} \; \mathsf{Job} \; \mathsf{splitting}$

 $V = \mathsf{module}\ \mathsf{Vario}$

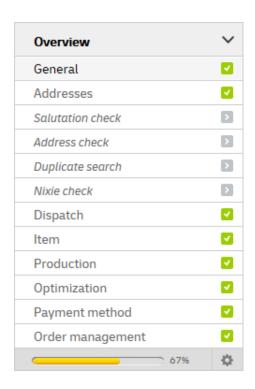
16.2. International optimization

By using this module international items will be included into the optimization process. Normally, i.e. without activated module, these items will be sorted out.



This module requires an activated module Professional (on page 368).

Right after this module is *activated* (on page 368), new menu items and buttons will become available. Thus, the new functionalities are seamlessly integrated into Dialogpost Manager. You can directly jump to the necessary settings and the results (e.g. production lists).



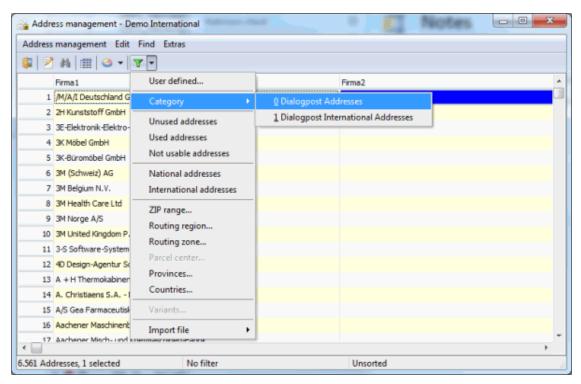
16.2.1 Addresses menu

Especially within the address management Dialogpost Manager Professional with activated module **international optimization** contains more or extended functions.

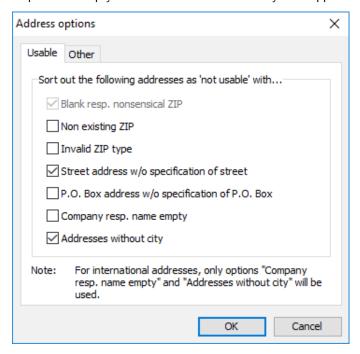
16.2.1.1 Address management

Having executed the postage optimization, additional filter criteria will become available in address management.

In submenu *Category* filters for the international addresses by **Dialogpost**, **Briefe 50+ International**, **Letters at kilo-rates** and **remaining items** are offered.



Not all options for not usable addresses can be used for international addresses. Only options "Company resp. name empty" and "Addresses without city" are applied to foreign addresses.



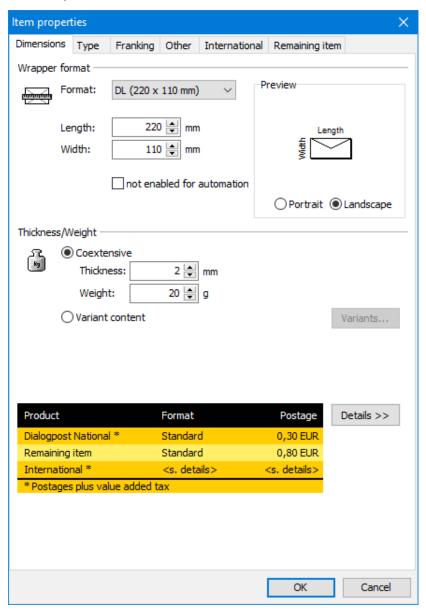
16.2.2 Preparation menu

In Dispatch properties you specify the necessary settings required for optimizing the international items.

After having executed the postage optimization you can see how Dialogpost Manager Professional assigns the various items to the categories **Dialogpost**, **Briefe 50+ International**, **Letters at kilo-rates** and **Remaining items**.

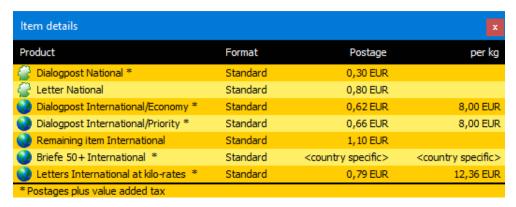
16.2.2.1 Item properties

The item properties are modified to some extent in order to deal with the required settings resp. information on the dispatch of international items.



Item details

If desired you can get an extended view of the postages which are in particular complemented by the international values. For this click the *Details* » button:

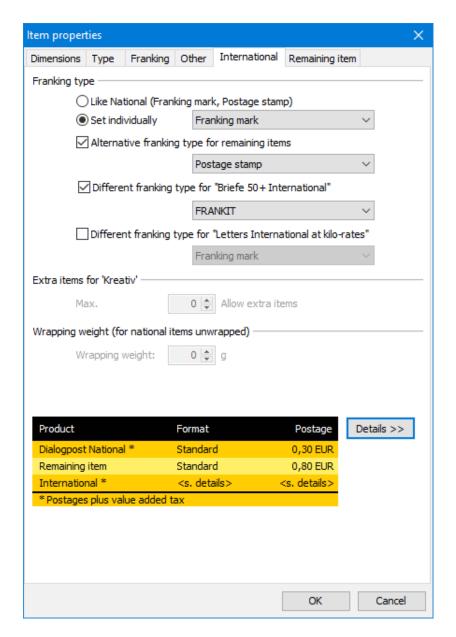


If Briefe 50+ International is used, the country specific postages will be listed in the main window's postage overview after executing *postage optimization* (on page 383).

Clicking the *« Details* button closes the window again.

International tab

As soon as you have chosen option *International* (together with National, if applicable) in the *dispatch* properties (on page 378) the window *item properties* gets another tab **International**:



Franking type

In this area you can decide whether or not you want to apply the same franking type for both national and international items. Check the option $Like\ National$ to do so. The information in brackets shows you which type was chosen on tab franking (on page 143).

If you prefer a different franking type for your international items check option *Set individually* and choose the desired type from the dropdown menu.

Extra items for "Kreativ"

In the area below you can specify the maximal number of extra items for the dispatch type Kreativ.

Due to the fact that Kreativ items can only be sent as Dialogpost you specify with this value whether you want to send the items only if they are handled as Dialogpost (value 0) or if you are willing to pay extra items, if appropriate.

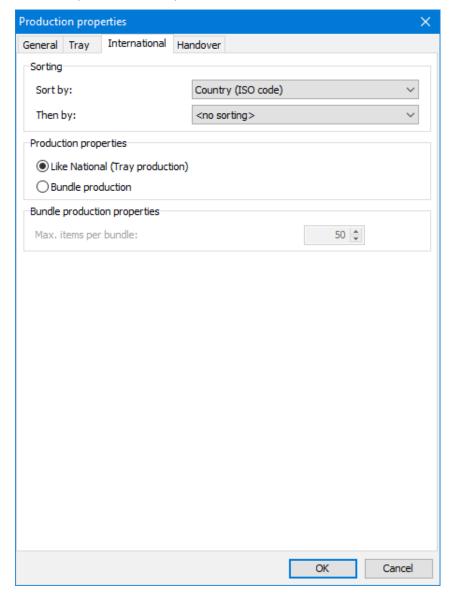
If the total quantity of Kreativ items per country incl. extra items does not reach the minimum quantity required for Dialogpost all items are sorted out by the optimization and are then assigned to the category **not postable items**.

Wrapping weight

Here you can specify the wrapping weight of international items if you produce national items without wrapping.

16.2.2.2 Production properties

As soon as you have chosen option *International* (together with National, if applicable) in the *dispatch* properties (on the next page) the window production properties gets another tab *International*.



Sorting

Dialogpost International items will be grouped by transport service, Briefe 50+ International and Letters at kilo-rates by format. Deutsche Post imposes no further sorting. If you want to obtain an order nevertheless,

you can select up to two criteria via the dropdown menus.



Please note that for sorting by **Country (ISO code)**, target clean trays or bundles, respectively, will be produced as far as possible. In doing so, items in mixed trays or bundles will be produced first, then the items in target clean trays or bundles. The following example will illustrate this behavior.

Suppose you dispatch your items to 3 countries A, B, and C (with ISO codes in the same order). You produce trays that can take up to 160 items each. Your mailing consists of 300 items for country A, 200 items for country B, and 100 items for country C. For countries A and B it will therefore be possible to produce a target clean tray that is completely filled. The remaining items for countries A and B will be put in mixed trays. As a result, your items will be produced in the following order:

The first tray contains 140 items for country A, and then 20 items for country B.

The second tray contains 20 items for country B, and then 100 items for country C. This is the only tray that is not completely filled.

The third tray contains 160 items for country A.

The fourth and last tray contains 160 items for country B.



Use the sorting options e.g. for testing purposes or for preparing the shipping service **Direct Entry**. For the latter, select the field **Country (ISO code)** first and then **Delivery ZIP and city**.



Module Vario

If you want to sort international items by variants you can choose either **Variant description** or **Variant**. While the variant description corresponds to the actual variant of an item, Variant is the content of an address field. If you have specified a default variant it may happen that different values of the field Variant map to the same variant description. Details can be found in chapter *Vario* (on page 401).

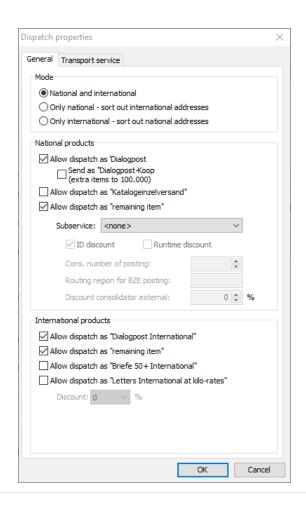
Production properties

In this area you specify whether you want to produce the international items differently from the national ones.

In such a case enter the necessary values in the areas **Tray/Bundle properties** and **Pallet properties for tray/bundle production**, if applicable.

16.2.2.3 Dispatch properties

In this dialog window all settings for the dispatch of international items are to be specified.



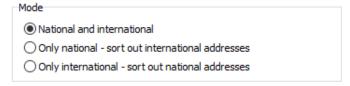


The properties set here can also be predefined as default for future projects. To do so set them once under *Extras* - *Options* on the tab *Settings* in the section *Apply dispatch properties to all new projects* (on page 235).

General tab

Mode

In this area, you specify, which addresses shall be included in the optimization process. For instance, it is still possible to optimize and dispatch only national addresses although the module **International optimization** has been activated.



Normally, you will choose *National and International* for address lists which also contain international recipients. Thus, you will receive e.g. separate tray/bundle, pallet and posting lists for international items. Furthermore you can export those lists per category Dialogpost International, Briefe 50+ International, Letters at kilo-rates, Remaining items International and not used items.



Optimizing only national addresses especially makes sense for products which are not available for international dispatch such as unwrapped items. International items can be consequently and easily processed at a later time by setting the respective option and choosing a product, which is valid for international dispatch.



Projects with international addresses, mode "National and International" and a product which is valid only for the national dispatch can **not** be optimized and thus not be posted and finished.

International products

If you have set a mode in which international items are dispatched (*National and International* e.g.), you can determine the kinds of international dispatch the postage optimization should make use of.

Amongst others you can declare here whether or not the postage optimization may send your international items as *Briefe 50+ International* or *Letters International at kilo-rates*. Just activate the respective check box and enter in field **Discount** the percentage which is written down in your contract with Deutsche Post.



In order to produce Briefe 50+ International or letters International at kilo-rates a dedicated contract with Deutsche Post AG is required. Contact your business customers consultant.



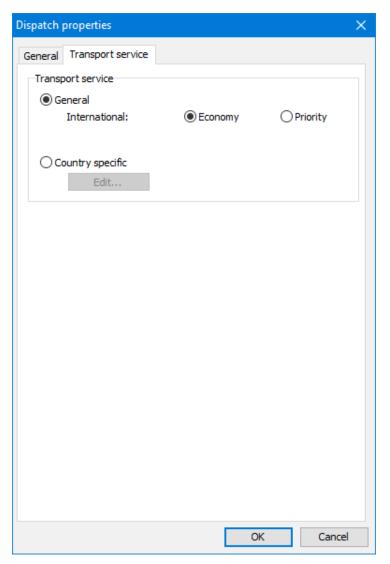
The activated products will be consequently integrated into Dialogpost Manager's project chain starting from the item properties and the project statistics up to the specific posting lists.

Transport Service tab

In this area you determine the transportation type. You can select a general or a country specific regulation.



This sheet is only available if you have chosen an *international mode* (on the preceding page) in the previous tab. Briefe 50+ International and Letters International at kilo-rates were always shipped as Priority.



If you check option *Country specific*, you are able to define the transportation type for a every country separately. A new tab *Transport service* appears. You can manually switch to this tab or click the *Edit* button.



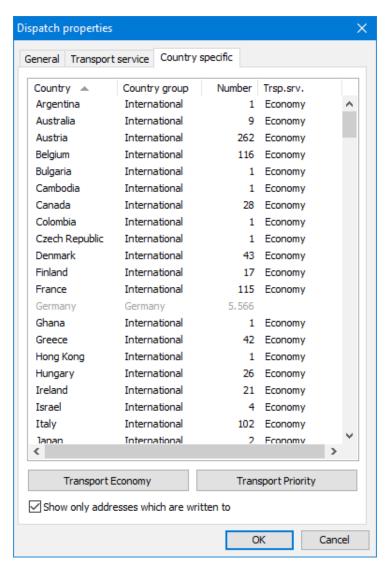
This selection has to be made for Dialogpost International only.

Country specific tab

Here you can define the desired transport service for each country.



This tab is only available if you have chosen a *Country specific* (on the previous page) transport in the previous sheet.



Select the respective country via mouse click and click the button with the desired transport service afterwards.



Hint 1

If you want to select country blocks, choose the block's first country, keep the Shift key pressed and click the last one. All countries in between will be selected. If you want to select multiple countries, which are not concentrated in a block, click them separately while keeping the Ctrl key pressed.



Hint 2

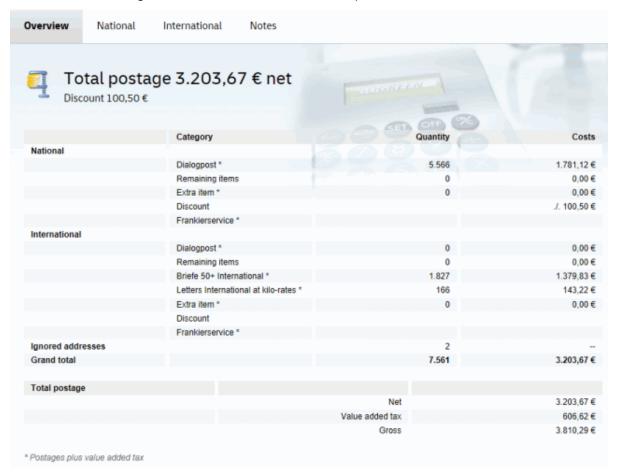
Click another column title to change the sorting criterion, click the same column title to invert the sorting order. If you take the before mentioned hints into account, you can comfortably and effectively determine the transport service of your "desired" countries.

When opening the tab, only those countries are shown per default, for which addresses are available in the current database; deactivate the respective *check box* in order to show all countries and to define the transport service for countries, which are not contained so far, but for which you know that they will later on.

16.2.2.4 Postage optimization

If you optimize your addresses in *National and International* (on page 379) mode, you will get up to four tabs in the results area:

Tab *Overview* shows the total number of all items (national and international) and their costs per category. Additional, the resulting total amounts will be calculated and presented.



All information on tab *National* are identical to the optimization results without activated module **International optimization** resp. with optimization in *Only National - sort out international addresses* (on page 379) mode. Please refer to chapter *Postage optimization* (on page 159), if you want to know, how the production rebates are calculated.

verview Natio	nal International	Notes		
				THE RES
Total po	ostage 1.680,62	€ net		
— Discount 100),50 €		Services.	
			TO CER CO	
Fees Postage	Postage		Extra item	Cost
Dialogpost *	0,32 €		0	1.781,12
Remaining items	0,85 €	0		0,00
Total		5.566	0	1.781,12
Discount Dialogpost		Quantity	Discount	Discou
Tray production				
	Routing region	5.168	5 %	82,69
	ZIP			
Pallet production				
	Routing zone			
	Routing region			
Extra item				
IT franking		5.566	1 %	17,81
Total				100,50
Total postage				
		N	et	1.680,62
		Value added to	ax	319,32
		Gros	ss	1.999,94

 $\label{thm:conditional} Tab \textit{ International } shows the optimization \textit{ results } for \textit{ all } international \textit{ items}.$

Total	postage 1.523	,05 € net				
-						
Category	Cntry gr./Trsp./Country	each.	Quantity	per kg	Weight	Co
Dialogpost				(8)		
	International Economy *	0,65 €	0	8,00 €		
	International Priority *	0,70 €	0	8,00 €		
	Extra item * Discount	0,65 €	0	8,00€		
Intermediate sum			0			
Remaining item Briefe 50+ International	International	1,10 €	0			
	Argentina	0,71 €	1	11,12€	0,005 kg	0,0
	Australia	0,74 €	9	12,76 €	0,045 kg	7,
	Austria	0,75 €	262	4,26 €	1,310 kg	202,
	Belgium	0,75 €	116	4,25 €	0,580 kg	89,
	Bulgaria	0,58 €	1	3,66 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Cambodia	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Canada Colombia	0,73 €	28 1	7,72 € 11,12 €	0,140 kg 0,005 kg	21,
	Czech Republic	0,64 €	1	3,76 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Finland	0,77 €	17	5,41 €	0,085 kg	13,
	France	0,73 €	115	4,21 €	0,575 kg	86,
	Ghana	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Greece	0,70 €	42	7,02 €	0,210 kg	30,
	Hong Kong	0,59 €	1	3,84 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Hungary	0,64 €	26	3,63 €	0,130 kg	17,
	Israel	0,75 €	4	6,54 €	0,020 kg	3,
	Japan Liechtenstein	0,74 € 0,71 €	2	8,32 € 11,12 €	0,010 kg 0,015 kg	1, 2,
	Luxembourg	0,71 €	9	4,22 €	0,015 kg	6,
	Malta	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Monaco	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Netherlands	0,74 €	79	4,17 €	0,395 kg	60,
	New Zealand	0,73 €	1	10,46 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Norway	0,74 €	29	10,44 €	0,145 kg	22,
	Philippines	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Portugal	0,75 €	7	6,19 €	0,035 kg	5,
	Russian Federation Singapore	0,58 €	1	3,54 € 6,28 €	0,005 kg 0,005 kg	0,
	Slovakia	0,76 €	3	1,01 €	0,005 kg	2,
	Slovenia	0,67 €	1	3,97 €	0,005 kg	0.
	South Africa	0,58 €	4	4,00 €	0,020 kg	2,
	Spain	0,74 €	113	5,55 €	0,565 kg	86,
	Suriname	0,71 €	1	11,12 €	0,005 kg	0,
	Sweden	0,75 €	20	5,28 €	0,100 kg	15,
	Switzerland	0,81 €	156	1,39 €	0,780 kg	127,
	Turkey	0,60 €	8	4,11 €	0,040 kg	4,
	Ukraine United Kingdom	0,71 € 0,71 €	1 492	11,12 € 5,20 €	0,005 kg 2,460 kg	0, 362,
	United Kingdom United States	0,69 €	267	8,94 €	2,460 kg 1,335 kg	196,
Intermediate sum Letters Int. at kilo-		4,44 2	1.827	S,0-7 G	9,135 kg	1.379,
rates	International *	0,80 €	166	12,55 €	0,830 kg	143,
Total	Discount		1.993		9,965 kg	1.523,
Total postage				Med		4.500
		Net Value added tax				1.523,0
			value at	Gross		1.810.



Differing from the national optimization, production rebates are not granted for international mailshots.

Notes

If appropriate you will find some explanations on the optimization results on tab Notes.

International



Overview

Notes

Optimization based on GT&C 2022

National

All postages are without obligation. In any case the current rates, tariffs and taxes are valid.

Due to the mailshot size posting is only possible at a larger acceptance office.

Dispatch as Dialogpost International has been disabled.

The dispatch as remaining item international has been disabled.

Letters at kilo-rates are always sent with transport service "Priority".

Briefe 50+ International are always sent with transport service "Priority".

All tables are also shown in the project statistics (on page 191) and thus can be viewed at any time.



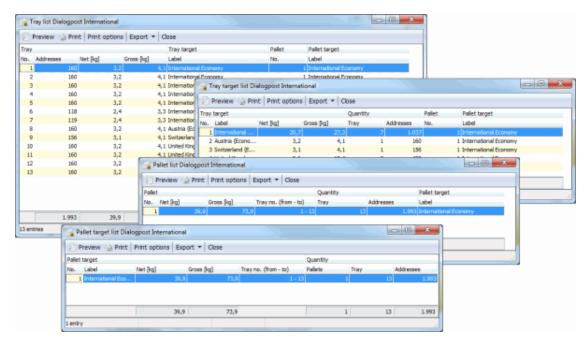
Please note that the values, which can be entered, are dependent on the chosen franking type (on page 143). Thus, input fields might be disabled.

16.2.3 Results menu

You can access inter alia the production lists (menu item International), which you will need to correctly produce the various items. Additionally, all forms for Dialogpost International, which are required for posting international items, can be printed. It is understood that exporting internationally optimized addresses is still possible. Address export is accordingly extended, if the module International optimization has been activated.

16.2.3.1 International

This menu item calls the tray/bundle list, tray/bundle target list, pallet and pallet target list for all items of category Dialogpost International. These lists serve as internal aid; they aren't required for posting.

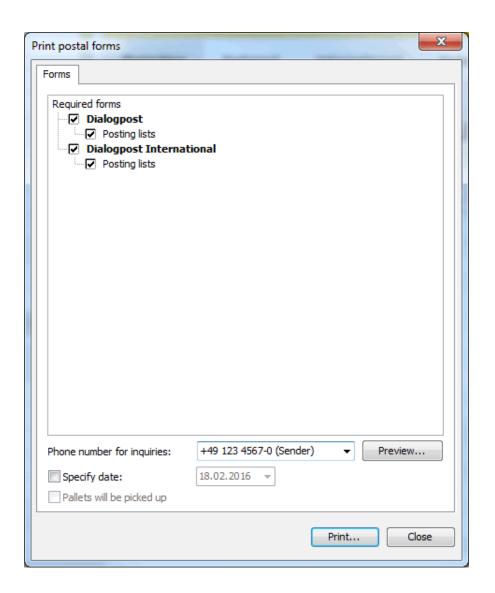


These lists do not differ from those for national items regarding the layout. There are only other columns and headlines.

Information on table layout and how tables can be configured, printed and exported can be found *here* (on page 450).

16.2.3.2 Posting lists

Also all forms required for posting international items will be printed via the dialog window *Print postal forms*. If you refer to chapter *Posting lists* (on page 188) you will find additional explanations about this window.

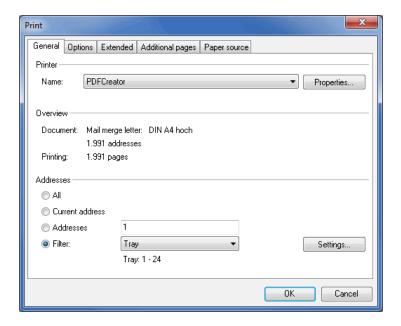


16.2.3.3 Mail merge

The module **International optimization** also extends the selection of address categories in mail merge mode. Dependent on your address data, you will find in the *toolbar* (on page 288) the additional categories **Dialogpost International**, **Letters International** at **kilo-rates** and **Remaining items International**.



Within these categories printing can also be filtered by trays/bundles, tray/bundle targets, pallets and pallet targets. Use this functionality for instance for printing only items for dedicated countries.

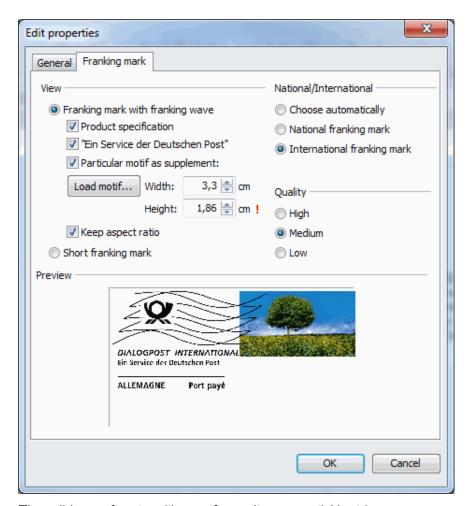


Insert

With activated **International optimization** module new position frames are available in Dialogpost Manager and existing ones are extended.

Franking mark

The position frame $Franking\ mark$ (on page 298) is also useable for international dispatch .

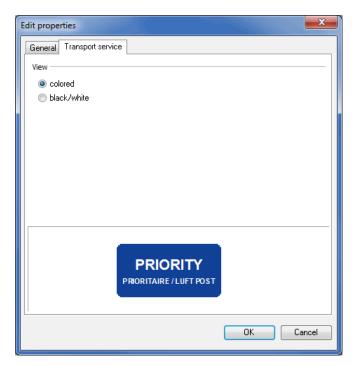


The well-known functions like motif or scaling are available either.

The Dialogpost Manager ensures, that only appropriate options for a valid franking mark can be chosen.

Transport service

If international postings have to be transported with priority they have to be marked with a corresponding label.



This position frame generates this. You can choose whether it should be printed in color or black/white.

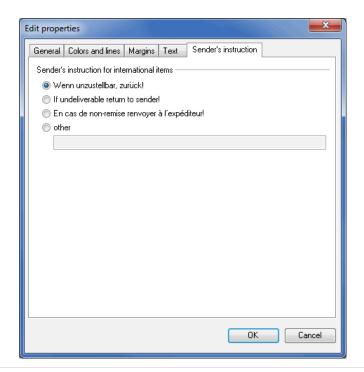


This selection has to be made for Dialogpost International only. Please note that other types of service as well as non-priority items (Economy) are not need to be marked. As a consequence the contents of the position frame is printed empty but is displayed on the screen as a light grey frame for the sake of clarity.



Sender's instruction

On the *Sender's instruction* tab you can select the language for the sender's instruction in your mail merge document and can place it in your document or on the desired envelope.

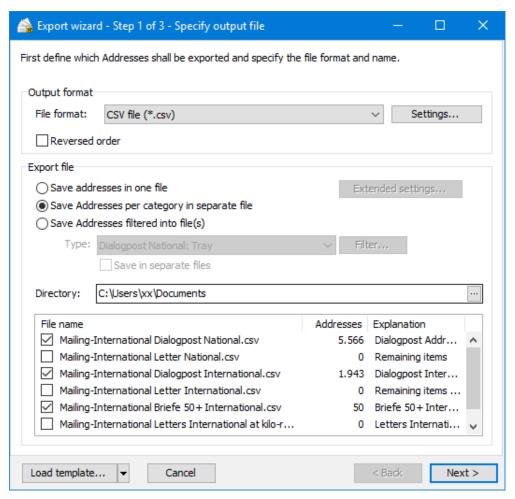




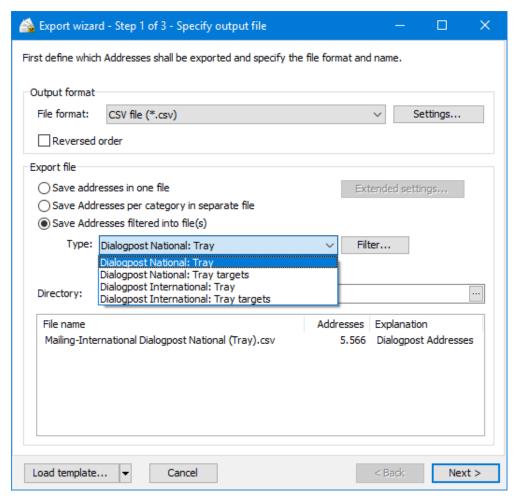
The optimum font size for applying your sender's instruction is between the versal heights 1.5 mm and 2.0 mm

16.2.3.4 Address export

If the international postage optimization has been executed, Dialogpost Manager Professional is able to export the international address data for the respective categories **Dialogpost International**, **Briefe 50+International**, **Letters International** at **kilo-rates** and **Letters International**.



The addresses can be filtered within the different categories by dedicated trays/bundles, tray/bundle targets, pallets and pallet targets. Even sorting by the various filter values combined with storage in separate files is possible.



Further advices - especially for filter application - can be found in chapter *Export addresses from results menu* (on page 353).

16.2.4 Extras menu

Dialogpost Manager Professional with activated module **International optimization** offers additional blank forms.

16.2.4.1 Blank forms

All forms for functionalities, which are only available with activated module **International optimization**, are offered in blank format:

- 1. Posting list Dialogpost International
- 2. Posting list Letters International at kilo-rates

16.3. Vario

This module enables you to produce items with variant content within a project.



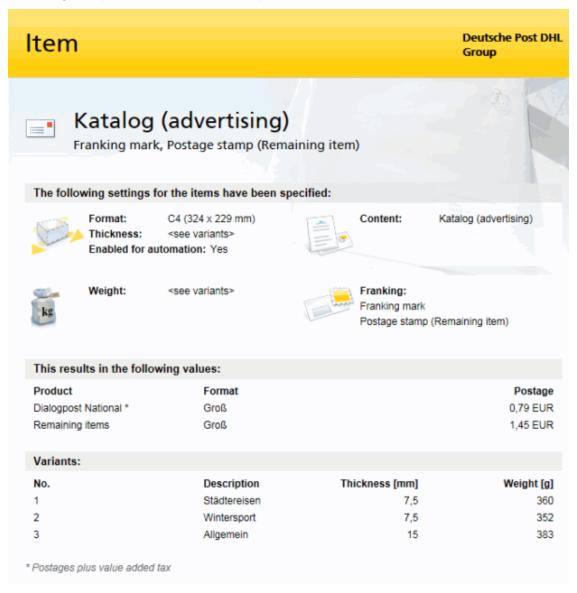
This module requires the activation of the module *Professional* (on page 368).

The functions of the activated module "Vario" will be directly integrated into the project's process. You can access the necessary settings and their results straight away.

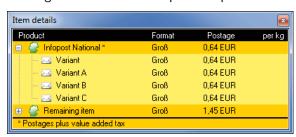


For both products variants must belong to the same basis product and the key document has to contain the same content for all items.

After you activated (on page 368) this module you can access new menu items in Dialogpost Manager and you will receive further information in the result area of the main window as well as in the project statistics concerning the options for variants and the optimization results.



Clicking the Details button opens a separate window which clearly shows the variants' single rates.



16.3.1 Main window

If you *imported* (on page 48) your addresses from various sources you can easily assign variants to these files without launching the *address management* (on page 67), start filtering and then performing the variant assignment on the filtered addresses.

Just go to the main window to the **Addresses** area.



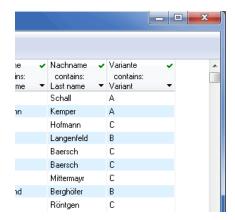
Each address source additionally possesses a \blacksquare button. This can be used to assign the desired variant to the respective addresses.

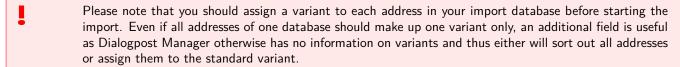
16.3.2 Addresses menu

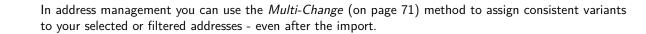
With this menu you access the new functions for the import and the address management. Alternatively, you can also click the respective buttons on the *menu bar* (on page 11).

16.3.2.1 Import

Within the import you will find the additional field **Variant** for the *automatic analysis* (on page 53) as well as for the manual *field assignment* (on page 55).





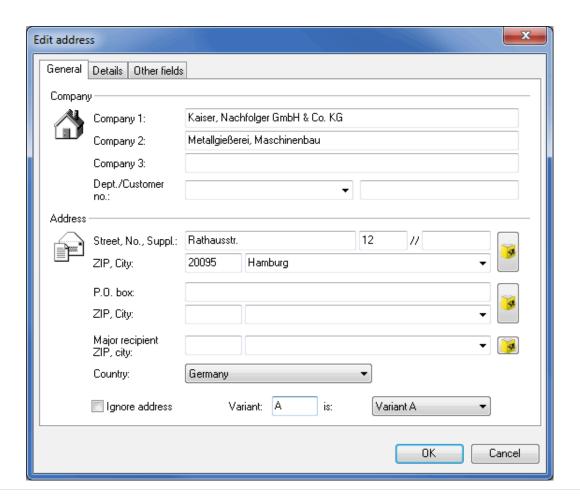


The new field "Variant" will certainly also be considered for future import templates (on page 60).

16.3.2.2 Address management

Normally, you will have assigned a variant to each address before importing it, i.e. the new address field **Variant** will already be filled.

Within the address management you can chose a new assignment for each address. To this purpose the window *Edit address* will now also include the two fields **Variant** and **is**.

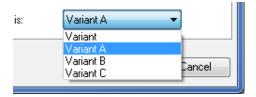




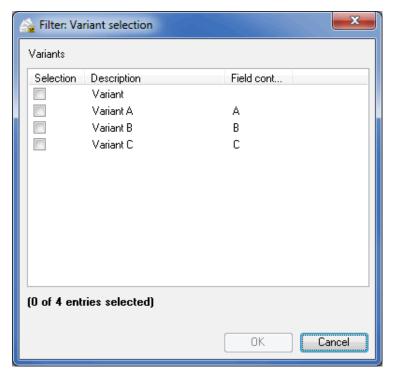
To activate these fields and thus make them changeable the field contents in the field "Variant" must already have been assigned to the desired variants within the *item properties*. (on the next page)

Enter the desired internal key in the field **Variant** for which you can also use new values. New or unknown values will then be assigned to the standard variant until another variant will be defined for these values within the item properties. Dialogpost Manager will automatically fill the field **is** based on the assignments of the field contents to the variants in the *item properties* (on the following page).

Additionally, you can also choose the desired variant assignment directly via the dropdown menu of the field is.



Furthermore the address management's filtering methods now offer the additional item Variants.



The command **Change variant** of the contextual menu (right mouse button) will help you quickly and comfortably assign consistent variants to the *filtered* (on page 72) and/or *selected* (on page 71) addresses:



16.3.3 Preparation menu

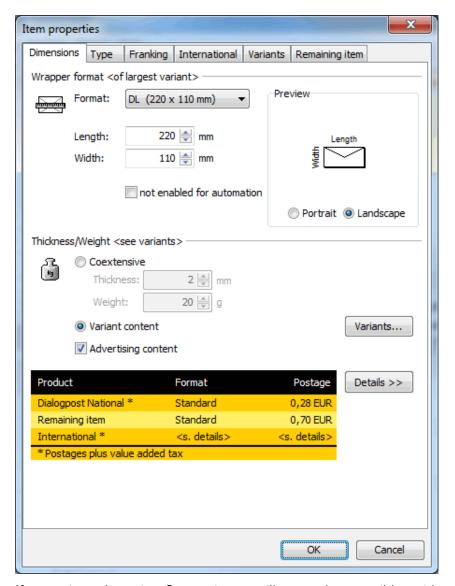
Use this menu to enter all relevant information for a mailshot with multiple variants: You define the variants, specify which addresses belong to which variant and decide how to produce the different variants.

Depending on these settings the results of the postage optimization (on page 159) may differ significantly.

16.3.3.1 Item properties

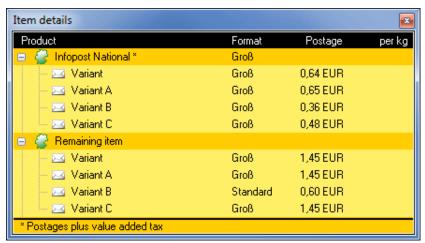
In the *Item properties* window there are two new options:

- Coextensive
- Variant content



If you activate the option *Coextensive* you will not produce a mailshot with variant content. In this case you can define the weight and thickness for all items in the appropriate fields.

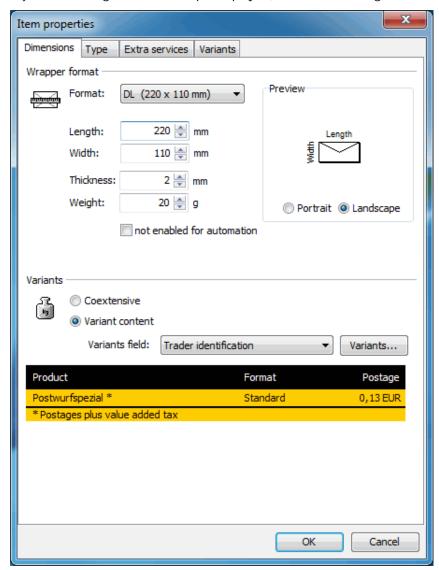
As soon as you activate the option *Variant content* the window changes and a button *Details* » appears which you can use to clearly show the variants' single rates in a separate window.



Clicking the *Details* « button closes this window.

If you press the Variants button you will be directed to the now visible tab Variants.

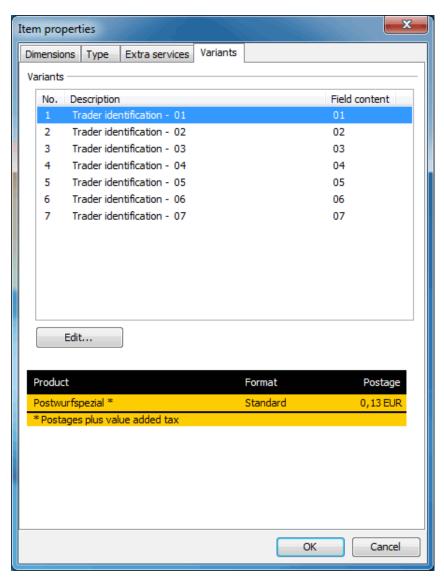
If you are working on a Postwurfspezial project, thickness and weight will remain constant for all variants.



Select a Variants field from the imported address fields. The content of this field will identify the variants.

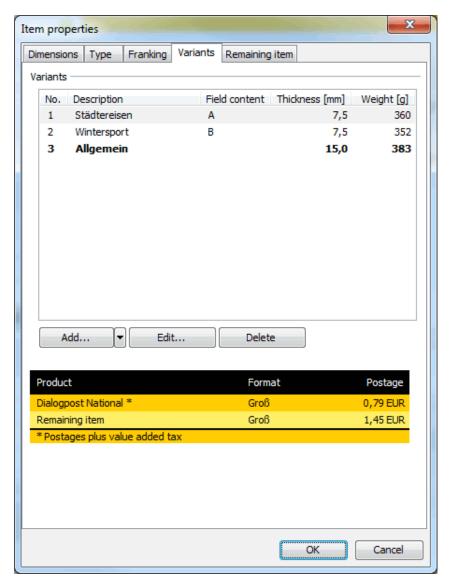
Variants tab

If you are working on a Postwurfspezial project, you will see a list of variant descriptions.



They are the content of the variants field selected in tab *Dimensions* (on page 399). Using button *Edit* you may adjust these descriptions.

In Dialogpost projects this tab offers a lot more options.



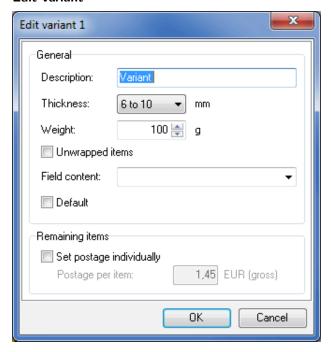
You can define the different variants and assign them the field contents of the address field Variant.

With the buttons Add, Edit and Delete you can directly adjust the list of variants.

With the *Details* » button the variants' single rates, which were calculated by Dialogpost Manager based on your settings, can be shown also here. If, for instance, price grading due to different weights applies the rates within a basis product may vary.

When adding or editing a new variant the following window will pop up:

Edit variant



Choose a suited name for the field **Description** describing the content of this variant. In the fields **Thickness** and **Weight** you can specify the appropriate values for the current variant.



Take care that with the settings for weight and thickness you will work within the range of the same basis product. Otherwise an error message will appear when closing the dialog.

If you want to send a variant without wrapping, activate the corresponding option Unwrapped items.



Unwrapped items can only be posted as Dialogpost or Individual Katalog dispatch. Thus, the category remaining items does not apply in such mailshots.



If **all** variants should be send unitarily with or without wrapping, they can be produced in single flow or multi-flow method. However if **some** variants should be dispatched with varying wrappings, it is mandatory that they are produced *variant clean* (on page 408).



Hint for unwrapped items

If you want to send less than 5,000 unwrapped items, you should test various settings. Basically, the following applies:

The more widely spread your addresses are across Germany, the more likely it is that additional extra items and a low minimum number of items per bundle is profitable, making it feasible to send as many items as possible as unwrapped items. Dialogpost Manager calculates how you can use extra items in order to send as many items as possible as unwrapped items.

The key can be set in the field **field content**. With it you define which addresses will finally belong to this variant by quoting the content of the address field "Variant".

With the dropdown menu you can easily choose between the given field contents:



The number following the sign # represents the number of used addresses with this value in the current address file. Of course you can also define further contents if you, for example, would like to *import* (on page 48) additional addresses with this value later on or for manually changing existing addresses.



Should addresses with different field contents in the field "Variant" be allocated to the same variant you can enter these in the field **field content** separated by a pipe character (e.g. A|B|1).

The option *Standard* indicates that the current variant is the standard variant, i.e. all addresses that are not explicitly assigned to a variant, for instance because the field "Variant" is empty or contains an unknown value, will automatically be assigned to this variant.



The standard variant will be **emphasized** in the list. As it represents all field contents that have not been explicitly assigned to other variants, the descriptive line of the field content will be **empty**.

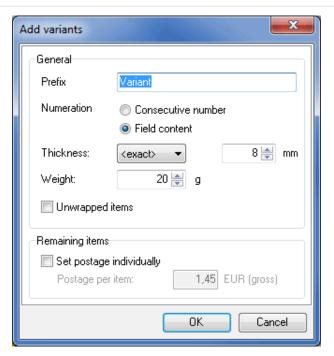
If you have clicked the Add all button, the following dialog window appears:

Add variants

Here you can automatically add all variants predefined in your address files to the variant list.



Please note that this option automatically deletes all the variants you have already added.



There are only two options in this dialog, that vary from the Edit variant (on page 403) dialog.

In the field Prefix you can assign a prefix to the designations of the variants in your list.

In the **Numeration** area, you can choose between kinds of numeration for the designation of your variants. You can either assign a *Consecutive number* for each variant or take over the content of the variant field from your address files using the option *Field content*.



Use the command Add from clipboard if you like to create a large list of variants in one step. This import only works if each variant is defined in one line. Each line has to contain the following values separated by tabs: Variant description, thickness in 1/10 mm, weight in g, unwrapped, field content and postage of remaining items in cents. Variants whose fields "unwrapped" are not empty and do not contain "F", "0" or "N" are defined as unwrapped.

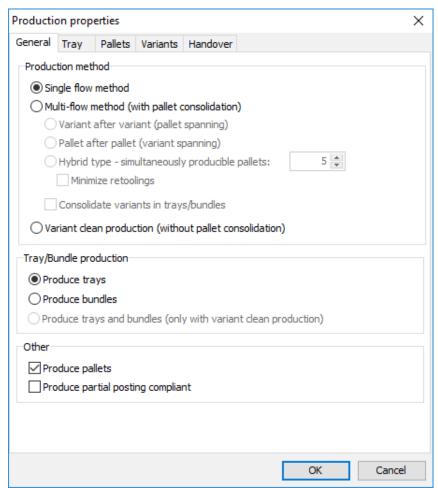
16.3.3.2 Production properties

Similar to the *item properties* (on page 399) there is now a new tab *Variants*:

General tab

The **Vario** module supplements this tab with further options for the production method. Please note that these settings only apply to national items.

Production properties



For the production of mailshots, Dialogpost Manager supports the three production methods **single flow**, **multi-flow** and **variant clean**.

Single flow method

If this production method is used all items independent of the assigned variant will be posted sorted by ZIPs, i.e. one tray resp. bundle may possibly contain different variants.

This method presupposes a logistically very good production process or a very powerful, controllable tucker.



With this method you ensure that you receive maximal production rebates as - in contrast to the multi-flow method - normally more ZIP bundles can be produced. Additionally, Germany pallets can be produced as well reducing the production efforts.

Multi-flow method (with pallet consolidation)

This production method is less restrictive than the single flow method. Tray resp. bundles have to be sorted by ZIPs as well, but in that case not variant spanning but "only" variant clean. A bundle resp. tray will thus always contain only one variant. This leads to an increase in the number of tray resp. bundle targets and thus in most cases to a reduced number of rebated units, but at the same time reduces the production complexity by minimizing the retooling of the production equipment for each variant.



Trays and bundles have to be produced variant clean; Furthermore, Germany pallets are not permitted.

Variant after variant (pallet spanning)

When you activate this option you will have to retool your production equipment exactly as many times as you have variants. Therefore, all pallets to be produced have to be completely available. At first, you have to produce the first variant and distribute it by and by according to the tray resp. bundle list on the various pallets. Afterwards the production equipment has to be retooled for the second variant which will then be produced and distributed on the pallets. The same then holds for all other variants.



If you also use *partial postings* (on page 163) for your project the multi-flow method presupposes that you will have produced all variants before dispatching the first partial posting.

Pallet after pallet (variant spanning)

With this method all pallets will be produced by and by. This is especially recommended if there is not enough storing capacity or if you work with partial postings. For each pallet the respective number of items of a variant, which has to be packed on it, has to be produced. After each variant the production equipment has to be retooled for the next variant which then will be produced and packed on the pallet until the last tray resp. bundle of the last variant for this pallet has been produced.

Hybrid type; Simultaneously producible pallets

This production method combines the advantages of both multi-flow methods mentioned above. Based on the number of simultaneously producible pallets all items are at first produced variant after variant in one pallet unit by the optimization. However all items become consolidated on their specified pallets. Afterwards the next pallet unit is processed which reminds of the pallet after pallet production.

This way you do not have to struggle with the problem of insufficient pallet sites when producing variant after variant. Still the number of retoolings is reduced as compared to pallet after pallet production.

Consolidate variants in trays/bundles

If you use this option, trays or bundles can contain multiple variants in order to better use their capacity. The difference to single flow method is that production order is not tray/bundle after tray/bundle, but trays/bundles may be used multiple times. Depending on the number of tray or bundle targets (i.e. different ZIPs and routing regions) in your mailing, your production site will possibly need to be able to handle a great many trays/bundles simultaneously. For Germany-wide mailings it may therefore be necessary to deactivate ZIP trays/bundles in the trays or bundles properties sheet.

If your mailing contains, for example, 2 variants and 200 ZIPs in 10 routing regions, 210 trays may be

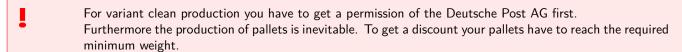
produced simultaneously. If you deactivate ZIP trays, at most 10 trays will be produced simultaneously. First, all 10 trays may get some items of variant 1, then all 10 trays may get some more items of variant 2. If you produce not all but only one or some pallets at once (pallet after pallet or hybrid), and the pallets currently produced only contain 6 of the 10 routing regions, only 6 trays may be produced simultaneously.

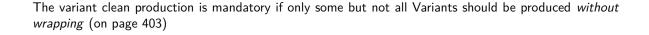
Consolidation of trays/bundles can be used without pallets. If you use this option, address export provides not only absolute begin and end *data fields* (on page 345), but also relative begin and end fields. They indicate a change of the current tray/bundle when this tray/bundle is not yet completed.

Variant clean production (without pallet consolidation)

When producing variant clean only complete pallets of one variant are produced. If some trays cannot be produced on such pallets, you are only allowed to consolidate them in exactly one Germany-pallet per variant.

If more than one of these Germany-pallet is required, this optimization becomes invalid and another production method has to be chosen.



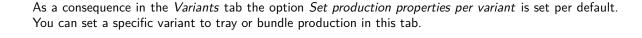


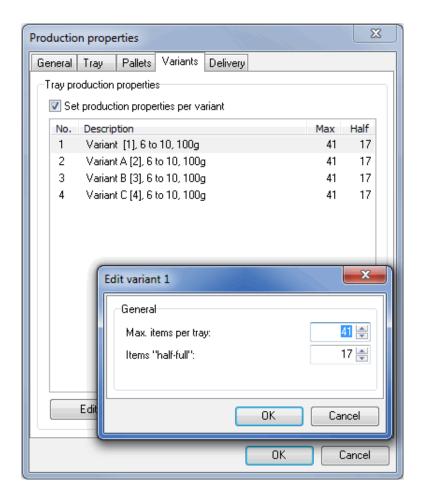
Tray/Bundle production

Produce trays and bundles

This option is not available for Postwurfspezial.

This enables you to produce as well bundles as trays at the same time if you variant clean production is activated. It allows to produce a specific variant only as tray, another variant as bundle.



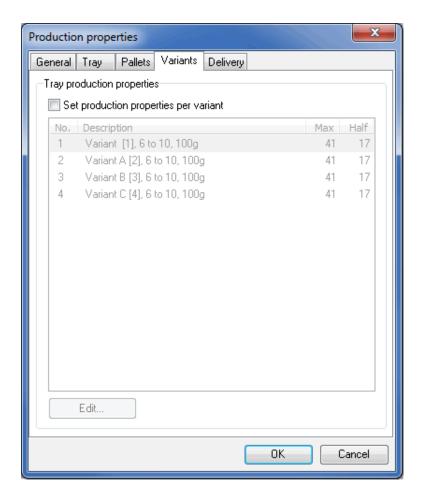


Variants tab



For Postwurfspezial all variants have the same format. This tab will therefore not be available in Postwurfspezial projects.

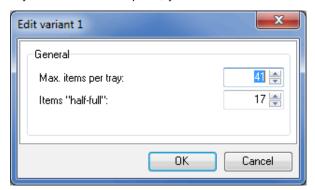
Here you can specify the basic procedure for the production of your mailshot. Furthermore you have the opportunity to specify different settings for the production of bundles and trays per variant.



Tray/Bundle production properties

In this area you have to activate the option *Set production properties per variant* in order to change the production properties for bundles and trays which were automatically calculated by Dialogpost Manager.

If you activated this option, you then can access the dialog Edit variant via the button Edit.



In this window you can now set how many items of the current variant fit into one tray or at which point this tray should be considered as "half-full" or how many items of the current variant may maximally be packed into one bundle.



Be careful with "overruling" Dialogpost Manager as all changes directly influence the production and thus also the production rebates - especially with tray production. Dialogpost Manager calculates e.g. the filling amount of a tray for the *single flow method* (on page 406) based on the settings you made here.

16.3.4 Results menu

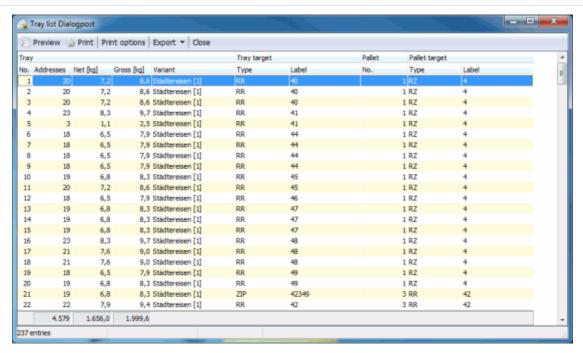
Variant content of items will also have influence on the various results: the lists will now also include information on the variants. Additionally, further posting lists can be printed out and new fields are available for the export.

16.3.4.1 Tray/Bundle list

If you chose *multi-flow method* (on page 407) within the production properties the production list for trays resp. bundles will show an additional column **Variant**.



With single flow method trays resp. bundles will usually not be variant clean. Therefore this column will not be shown in the production lists.



This new column displays the description you selected for the variant as well as the internal variant number in square brackets.



With this production list you can easily see the difference of the two multi-flow methods. For "variant after variant" the column "Variant" will be fix up to the change, for "pallet after pallet" this behavior holds for the column "Pallet".

16.3.4.2 Posting lists

If you produced a mailshot with multiple variants you can print out the **variant lists** in addition to the other lists and forms. These lists include the following forms:

- Mengen und Entgelte
- Handlingliste
- Palettenziele

16.3.4.3 Address export

There are three additional fields for the export:

- 1. Address fields Variant

 Contains the value of the address field "Variant" which was assigned during *import* (on page 396) or which has been *manually changed* (on page 397) later on.
- 2. Mailshot Item Variant Contains the internal variant number which was assigned in the *item properties* (on page 401).
- Mailshot Item Variant description
 Contains the description of the variant which you specified in the *item properties* (on page 401).

You can also export the addresses filtered by variants to one or to several files.

Save Addresses filtered into file(s)



Please mind that you have chosen *variant clean production* (on page 408) if you export your addresses filtered by **variants**. Otherwise the address order in the export files does not match the address order for production.

16.4. Job splitting

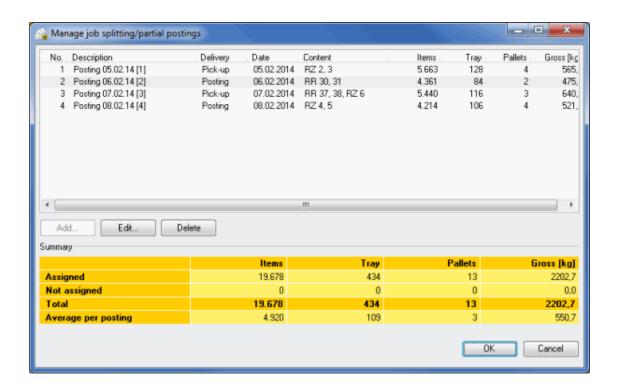
The **Job splitting** module enables you to spread the production and delivery of your items on differing sub suppliers when producing projects with more than 5,000 items. Their items can also be posted on different days. Staggering large mail shots can for instance save time and stock space and may relieve the main supplier.



This module requires an activated *Professional* (on page 368) module.

Dividing a mailshot for differing suppliers is only available after a completed optimization and when *Data* exchange (on page 45) with Deutsche Post AG is enabled. In addition, the jobs (partial postings) of a supplier have to comply to minimum of 5,000 items.

Once you have activated this module (on page 368) there will be the new menu item Job splitting/Partial postings available, enabling you to directly navigate to the settings you need. In addition you will get further information about the partial posting jobs in the result area of the main window as well as specified production- and posting lists.

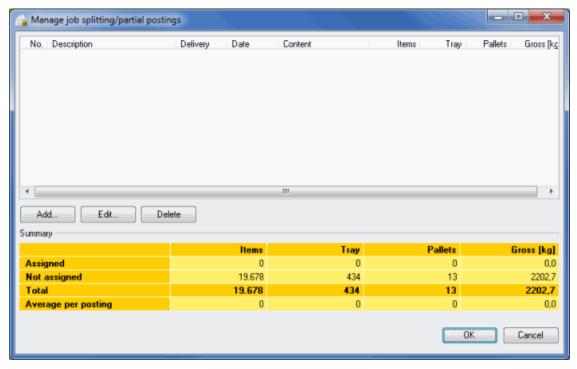


16.4.1 Preparation menu

In this menu you can define the jobs and assign them to a specific producer.

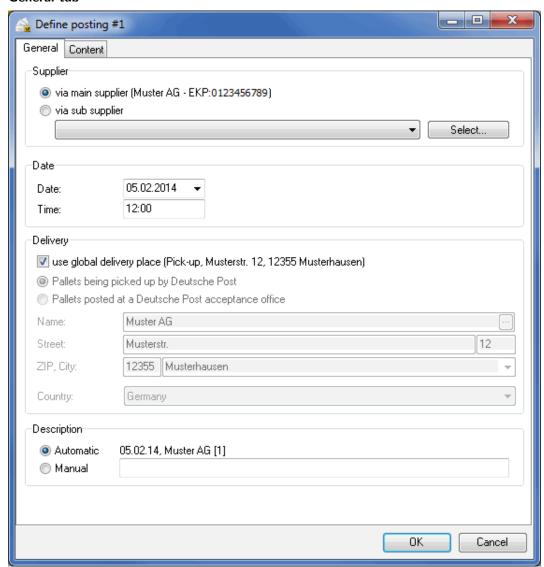
16.4.1.1 Job splitting/Partial postings

Once you have optimized your mailshot, you can start to divide your items on the suppliers by using the option *Job splitting/Partial postings* in the *Preparation* menu. The number of trays and the weight is shown for your information



You can define the first job by using the Add button in the dialog Manage job splitting/partial postings.

General tab



Supplier

At this point you can specify the supplier you want to produce and deliver the current job. You can choose between the main supplier -normally this is you- or a sub supplier who you can pick from your *customer index* (on page 208) using the button *Select*.

The respective supplier's name and Post customer number will be displayed in brackets afterwards.

Date

Here you can set date and time for the handover of this job to Deutsche Post AG. The data can differ from the data you have defined in the *production properties* (on page 157) before.

Handover

The delivery place respective the acceptance office can be set here individually or independently of the various jobs

Choose the option use global handover place to determine, that you will post the items at the handover place you have already defined in the production properties (on page 157).

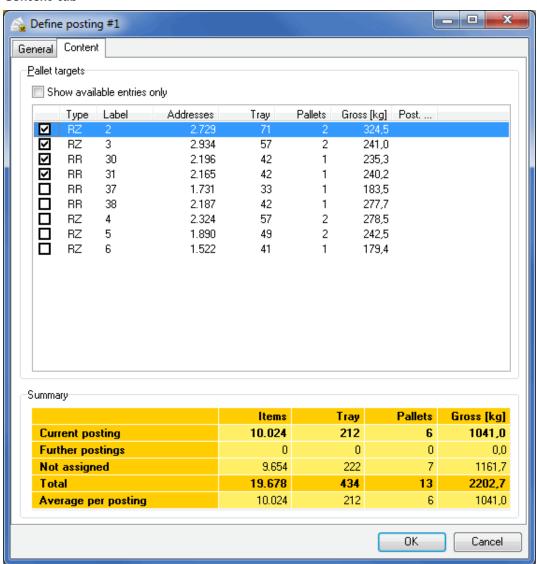
The option *Pallets being picked up by Deutsche Post AG* destines the pallets to be picked up at the producing supplier by Deutsche Post AG at the specified point of time.

Use the option *Pallets posted at Deutsche Post AG acceptance office* to determine a separate acceptance office for the current job. This office can vary from the global one. You can click the button *Select acceptance office* to get a list from which you can choose the corresponding office.

Description

In this area you can set a designation for the current job. You can choose between an automatic description, consisting of date, name of the supplier, job number, partial posting number if appropriate and a manual description.

Content tab



A job splitting is composed of the items belonging to particular pallet targets. If you activate the option *Show available entries only*, you will see only those targets which have not yet been assigned to another job.

Tick the targets which you would like to send simultaneously in a partial posting.



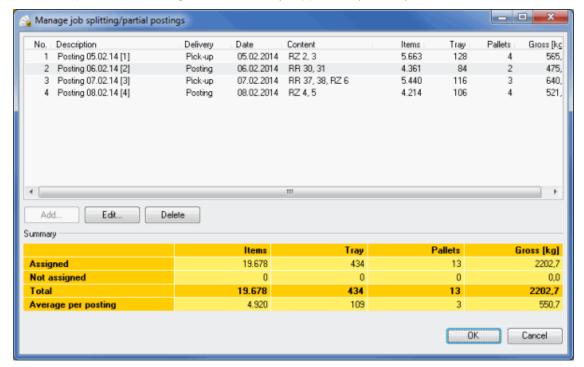
Please note that all jobs of every supplier must total at least 5,000 items. If more than one job is assigned to a supplier, these jobs will be handled as partial postings.



If one routing zone pallet is part of a job, all pallets within this routing zone (even routing region pallets e.g.) have to be delivered within the same day. This is mandatory for all jobs in your mailshot.

In the summary table you will be able to see in each case the status of the current job, of the postings which have already been defined, and of the items which have not been assigned yet as well as the totals and the average values. With each tick, this summary changes.

The dialog *Manage job splitting/partial postings* lists all jobs defined so far in a well arranged table. You use the dropdown-box **Sorting** to sort the list by supplier or by delivery date.



You can now define more jobs and change or delete existing ones. It is important that there are no items left at the end of a project which are not assigned to any posting.



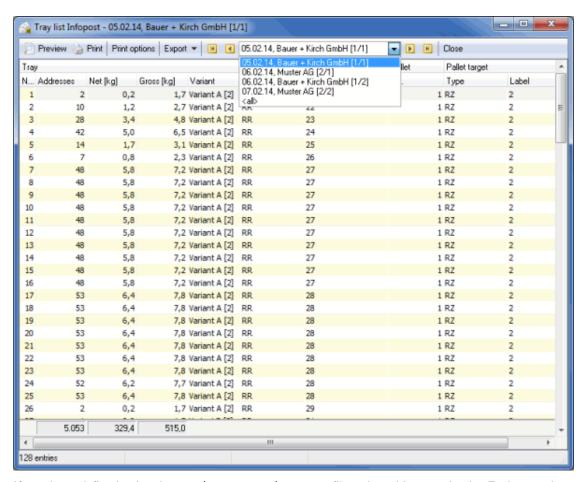
Please note that you must print separate *posting lists* (on page 188) for each job and submit them to Deutsche Post. With the first partial posting, the form "Compilation of partial postings" must also be submitted on posting.

16.4.2 Results menu

In the results menu there are additional production lists and address export fields available, similar to the ones of a partial posting.

16.4.2.1 Tray/Bundle list

With the Job splitting module specific tray/bundle lists are available.

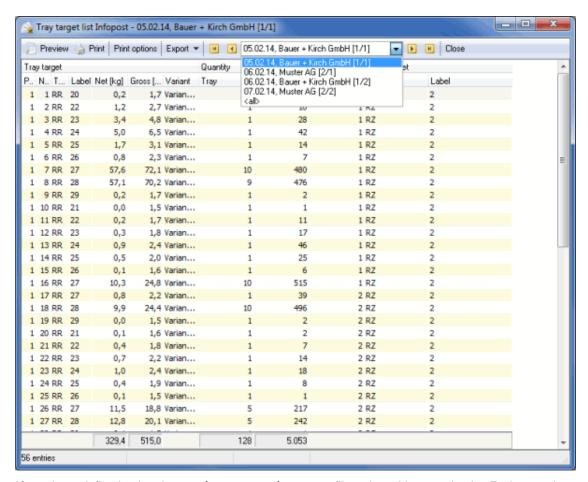




Please refer to the $Tray/Bundle\ list$ (on page 176) paragraph to get further information about the table fields.

16.4.2.2 Tray target/Bundle target list

With the Job splitting module specific tray target/bundle target lists are available.

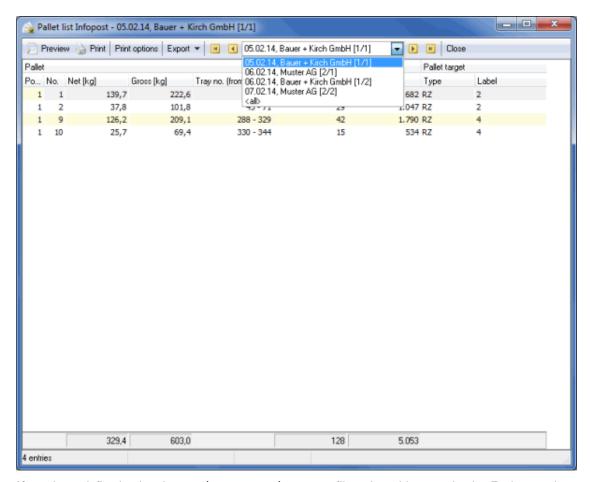




Please refer to the *Tray target/Bundle target list* (on page 180) paragraph to get further information about the table fields.

16.4.2.3 Pallet list

With the Job splitting module specific pallet lists are available.

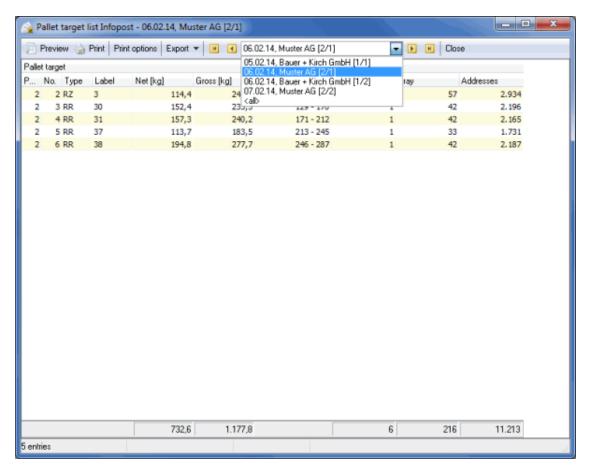




Please refer to the pallet list (on page 181) paragraph to get further information about the table fields.

16.4.2.4 Pallet target list

With the Job splitting module specific pallet target lists are available.

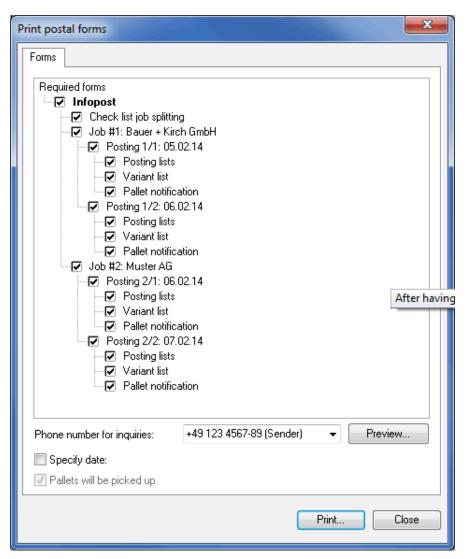




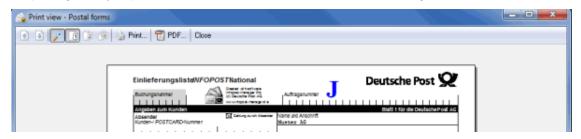
Please refer to the *pallet target list* (on page 183) paragraph to get further information about the table fields.

16.4.2.5 Posting lists

If you produce a job splitting you have to use specific posting lists for their delivery at Deutsche Post AG. Beside others you have to present a **check list job splitting**.

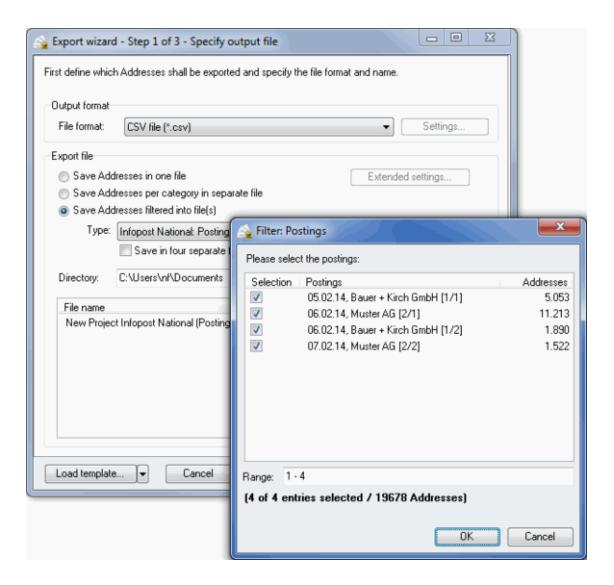


All postings lists you print here are marked with an additional "J" as designation.



16.4.2.6 Address export

After defining a job splitting you can filter for specific jobs and save them during the address export



16.4.3 Extras menu

Dialogpost Manager Professional with activated Job splitting module offers you additional blank forms.

16.4.3.1 Blank forms

As a matter of course all forms for functionalities, which are only available with Job splitting module, are offered in blank format:

1. Check list job splitting

16.5. IT franking

By using this module you can specify IT franking as franking type in your projects.



This module requires an activated module *Professional* (on page 368).

After you have purchased this module you will receive an activation file that can be used to unlock the

features in Dialogpost Manager. To load the file, please use the options windows of menu *Extras* (on the current page).

16.5.1 Extras

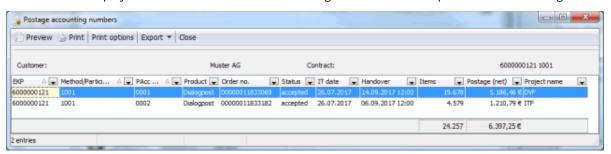
Here you can activate IT franking for Dialogpost Manager and unlock customers for use as contractual partners for IT franking in your projects. Furthermore, you will be provided a comfortable overview over all projects in which IT franking is used. Please note that IT franking national and international have to be unlocked separately. You will also need two different activation files.

16.5.1.1 Customer index

With activated module *IT franking* (on this page), you can unlock the customer for use as contractual partner for IT franking in your projects. Use the button in area **IT franking** and load the activation file (ending .dvf) that was provided for this customer.



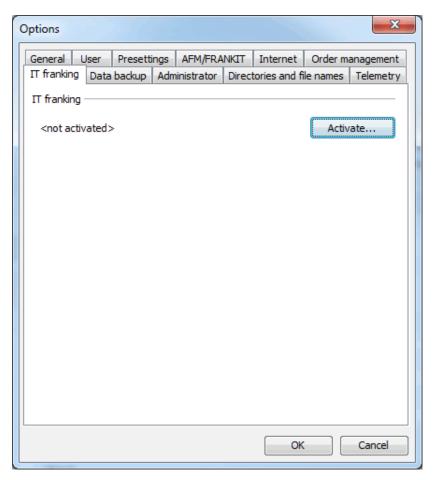
In projects that are assigned to such a customer, you can specify IT franking as *franking type* (on page 143). For a customer that was unlocked, the info button will also become active. This button will show an overview over all projects in which this customer was assigned as contractual partner for IT franking.



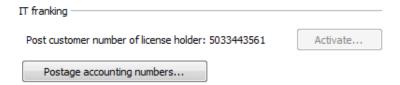
This way you will especially see for every project the respective order number of Deutsche Post and the accrued total postage.

16.5.1.2 Options

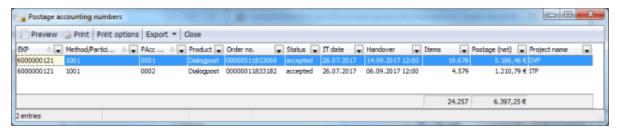
Here you can activate IT franking for Dialogpost Manager. Furthermore, you will be provided a comfortable overview over all projects in which IT franking is used.



Use button *Activate* to unlock IT franking. You will need the activation file (ending .dvf) you received after you purchased module IT franking. After successful activation the appearance of this tab will change.



Button *Postage accounting numbers* will show a list of projects in which IT franking is used. Initially, this list will be empty.



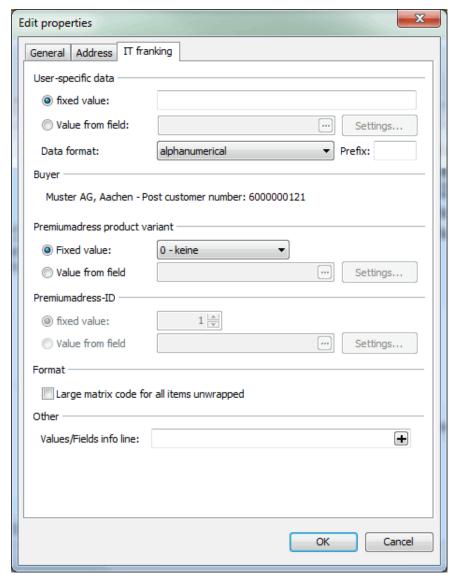


In the customer index (on the preceding page) you can see the same overview for a single customer.

In order to unlock a customer for IT franking, please use the *customer index* (on the previous page). After module IT franking was activated, a new area will appear on tab **Details** in which you can unlock the respective customer. In a project that is assigned to such a customer, you can then specify IT franking as franking type.

16.5.2 Mail merge (DPM)

If you use IT franking a specific data matrix code has to be printed in the address field. For that purpose, Mail merge provides the position frame **IT franking impression** in menu **Insert**.



The settings are similar to the ones for *Premiumadress* (on page 299). In particular, the data matrix code configures here will replace the one required by Premiumadress.

The settings in areas **User-specific data**, **Format**, **Premiumadress product variant**, and **Premiumadress-ID** are described in section *Premiumadress* (on page 300) and work the same here.

If you do not use extra service Premiumadress, please select option **0** - **keine** in area **Premiumadress product variant**. In this case no additional costs will be incurred.



Module International Optimization

Please note that you can use Premiumadress for national items only. That is, if you have activated module **International Optimization** and dispatch both national and international items with IT franking and, at that, use Premiumadress for national items, you cannot select any other product variant than $\mathbf{0}$ - **keine** for the international items.

The **info line** of area **Other** will appear right above the address block.

17 Demo version

The demo version is comparable to the full version of Dialogpost Manager regarding the contained feature set but there are several restrictions:

- usage limited to 30 days after installation
- maximum 5 addresses per category will be exported
- only the 20 foremost addresses will be shown during salutation check and address check
- corrections cannot be made with address check
- exporting and printing is disabled in duplicate search
- results cannot be adopted in duplicate search
- only the statistics will be shown during nixie check
- results cannot be adopted with nixie check
- all ZIP codes will be masked with "?" in DPM's mail merge
- only the 10 foremost addresses per category with "?" masked ZIPs will be used for Word's mail merge
- "DEMO VERSION" will be diagonally printed as water mark on all print-outs
- lists which are not required for posting cannot be printed (e.g. spread of countries, statistics)
- only the first page of those lists which are required for posting can be printed (e.g. posting lists, tray labels)

Please note that an Dialogpost Manager demo version can **not** be relicensed to a full version. If you want to work with projects created in a demo version in a full version as well save them as **Pack & Go** files prior to deinstalling the demo version and reinstalling the full version.

18 Plugins

Dialogpost Manager has a powerful plugin interface at his command. This makes it possible to provide single letter shops resp. service providers with functionalities which are purpose-built so much that they will never become a regular feature. Those functionalities are intended to facilitate the use of Dialogpost Manager and hence day-to-day work by automatizing reiterative tasks. This speeds up the workflow and saves valuable time.

A plugin specially built for this letter shop provides the user with a new menu item *New Public project*. When executed it will only open *Customer index* (on page 208) for selecting the respective customer as sender. Dialogpost Manager will then create a new project and find the customer's address file in a fixed server directory and import it. All desired *refinements of addresses* (on page 48) will be done. Item and production properties will be set to the requested default settings. The project will then be optimized and all production documents and routing labels will be deposited as PDF in the production directory of the letter shop's file server. Posting lists will be printed forthwith. Afterwards project data will be transferred to AM system. At long last, the address file will be compressed and given a new extension ".done" to prevent it from being accidentally used another time. Letter shop Public is done and has reduced most of the work to just a few minutes.

Installation

Installation of a plugin is easy: Just deposit the file or files you have received in the directory plugins. This directory can normally be found in the program directory of Dialogpost Manager, at the same stage as the application itself. In case this directory does not exist, just create it manually.

After restarting Dialogpost Manager you can use the new functionalities of your plugin.

Deinstallation

In order to uninstall the plugin manually delete the file or files from the directory plugins of Dialogpost Manager.



If the directory happens to be empty after you have deleted the files of your plugin, you may as well delete it. However, there is no functional necessity to do so. An empty directory will not inhibit Dialogpost Manager.

After restarting Dialogpost Managers the functionalities of the plugin will be gone.

Expense

The costs for creating a plugin highly depend on its complexity and cannot be stated generally. However, they will be much higher than the purchasing price of a software. It is insofar advisable to do a rough ROI (return on invest) calculation to figure out if and when such an investment will pay off. You will find that it usually does pretty soon.

Example:

- A plugin costs 2.000 €
- It grants an economy of time of about 10 min. per project
- About three projects are processed per day
- One working hour is calculated as 60 €

This will save 30 € per day and thus 150 € per week. At a constant number of projects per day the

investment will amortize after about 13 weeks resp. one quarter already.

Contact

If you are interested in a plugin supported solution of your problem or an optimization of your processes via plugin please contact the *hotline* (on page ??). It will canalize your request and establish contact with the manufacturer of the software.

19 Version history

What is new in version 9.7.0 from 06.06.2024?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
 - Introduction of seasonal surcharge
 - Discontinuation of Infocard
 - pick-up fee for Dialogpost International
- new field "change indicator" for export
- Extension of project statistics
- improved Unicode support
- Change to the transmission of orders with pick-up (thus enabling processing in the business customer portal)
- numerous program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.6.4 from 30.01.2024

• Error correction for balancing of bundle sizes on GSA layer pallets

What was new in version 9.6.3 from 22.01.2024?

• Error correction for balancing of bundle sizes on GSA layer pallets

What was new in version 9.6.2 from 18.12.2023?

 Error correction for the data exchange with the order management system of Deutsche Post (display problem with the order number)

What was new in version 9.6.1 from 28.11.2023?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- GoGreen Plus
- Unicode support for XML export
- Balance of bundle size for GSA layer pallets
- numerous program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.6.0 from 05.06.2023?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- subservices (on page 138)
 - postage optimization against Dialogpost
 - flexible roles different discount recipient
 - external discount, freely adjustable when forwarding items to a consolidator
 - items for a BZE posting are considered for one routing region

- direkte Anlage Zusatzauftrag (ZA) auch für Konsolidierer
- batch processing (on page 18)
 - Templates usually do not need to be adjusted due to new GT&C
 - handover time configurable for data exchange
 - updated documentation
- Automatic assignment of ident codes for Dialogpost heavy is possible again
- improvement of country sorting
- improvement optimization for GSA
- numerous program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.5.2 from 02.12.2022?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- enhancement of subservices (on page 138) with additional order (ZA) and posting lists
- presetting of producer (on page 235) for new projects
- support of BüWa with IT franking
- reduction of required pallets with "Groß" items
- acceleration of printing routing labels
- automated call of Outlook for sending the ELN transport notification
- tncrease of the transmission size for data exchange with order management
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.5.1 from 24.06.2022?

- revised posting lists (on page 188)
- ELN transport notification for posting (on page 157) of more than 20 pallets
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.5.0 from 16.02.2022?

- new GT&C (pick-up (on page 157) fee) and posting lists (on page 188)
- batch processing (on page 18)
 - address import "ZIP only" without template
 - option to shut down application on completion
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.4.1 from 03.12.2021?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- acceptance office for products that cannot be picked up (on page 157)
- option to select data to be applied at New from project (on page 18)
- create projects from order management orders (on page 27) with existing shipping schedules
- print project data on blank labels international (on page 220)

What was new in version 9.4.0 SP1 from 21.10.2021?

error correction on data exchange with order management

What was new in version 9.4.0 from 10.02.2021?

- support Briefe 50+ International (on page 380)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.3.3 from 02.12.2020?

- revertive VAT increase as of January 1st, 2021 (expiration of economy stimulus package of German federal government)
- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- improved handling IT franking (on page 422)
 - projects can after 12 months be deleted without canceling at order management first
 - new export field "product type"
- discontinuation of Robinson check
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.3.2 from 06.08.2020?

• improvements and error corrections for international products

What was new in version 9.3.1 from 08.07.2020?

several program optimizations and error corrections

What is new in version 9.3.0 from 18.06.2020?

- VAT reduction as of July 1st, 2020 (economy stimulus package of German federal government)
- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- new posting list (on page 188) Dialogpost
- improved Unicode support at address import (on page 50) and export (on page 354)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.2.4 from 03.03.2020?

- new posting list (on page 188) Dialogpost
- possibility to choose between service runs and accumulative ELN transport notification for total net weight below 5 t
- support sorting of heavy items for DHL-Infopost
- program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.2.3 from 22.11.2019?

Please take note of the changes in version 9.2.2 which was not officially rolled out.

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- support *quick trays* (on page 149)
- support address import "only ZIP" (on page 63) in batch processing (on page 18)

program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.2.2 from 06.09.2019?

- support IT franking (international) (on page 422)
- optimizations for sample addresses (on page 66)
- optimizations for salutation check (on page 85)
- program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.2.1 from 19.06.2019?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- new routing labels (on page 184) Dialogpost International
- support of order management and export of addresses and production documents during batch processing (on page 18)
- discontinuation of Track&Match (on page 144) export files

What was new in version 9.2.0 from 14.03.2019

- new GT&C Dialogpost International
- new variant list Katalogeinzelversand
- support sample addresses (on page 66)
- export of project statistics (on page 191) as XML

What was new in version 9.1.0 from 30.11.2018

- support subservices (on page 138)
- consolidation of variants in trays/bundles (on page 407)
- option to immediately discard addresses without city (on page 75)
- Project statistics (on page 191)
 - Information about anonymization (on page 34)
 - Information about Premiumadress (on page 299) product variants
- improved analysis of edited and ignored addresses
 - fine-grained filters for unused address in address management (on page 80)
 - new export data fields Address edited (on page 340) and Address ignored (on page 340)
- preview of field content at export (on page 359)
- connection to Adressdialog replaced by generic code generation (on page 133)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.0.3 from 11.01.2018

error corrections for IT franking

What was new in version 9.0.2 from 08.12.2017?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- search and replace (on page 74) in address management

- print tray routing labels (on page 184) on DIN A3
- support Track&Match (on page 144) with Postwurfspezial
- optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 9.0.1 from 07.08.2017?

- optimizations for Postwurfspezial
- various error corrections

What was new in version 9.0 from 28.06.2017?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- automatic selection of GT&C based on handover date
- support Track&Match (on page 144)
- batch processing (on page 18) of a project
- support separation of projects into Easy and routing region posting (on page 41)
- support collars for pallets
- support IT franking for remaining items
- new license model *Datafactory* (on page 231)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.5.2 from 05.12.2016?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- support Postwurfspezial (on page 17)
- optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.5.1 from 29.08.2016?

- new posting lists (on page 188)
- new basic lead time E+4
- optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.5 from 17.06.2016?

- new posting lists (on page 188)
- conformations Dialogpost Schnell
- reset password (on page 459) at login
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.4.2 from 20.04.2016?

bug fix for Dialogpost Schnell

What was new in version 8.4.1 from 04.04.2016?

- new posting lists (on page 188)
- support Dialogpost lead times (E+KW, Schnell, Termin)

optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.4 from 02.12.2016?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- replacement Infopost by Dialogpost (on page 251)
- support Dialogpost Easy (on page 140)
- support Dialogpost preliminary notification (on page 168)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.3.1 from 04.09.2015?

- minor optimizations
- some bug fixes

What was new in version 8.3 from 31.07.2015?

- optimized production sequence for small bundles (on page 152)
- improved address check (on page 94) by recognition of legacy street names
- dispatch properties (on page 136) before item properties (on page 140)
- international
 - improved support for country specific bundled
 - support for items heavier than 1.000 g
- support for separation of projects into partial projects (on page 41)
- immediate deletion of export files at anonymization (on page 35)
- import
 - new option: extend 4-digit ZIP with leading zero (on page 77)
 - save import structure and suggest it for subsequent imports
 - improved *multi-import* (on page 48)
- various options for user defined paths for import and export (on page 245)
- mail merge
 - condition field (on page 343)
 - word wrap within fields (on page 296)
- updated wizards (Danish, Polish)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.2.4 from 29.01.2015?

bug fix for international mailing addresses

What was new in version 8.2.3 from 15.12.2014?

bug fix for postage calculation

What was new in version 8.2.2 from 04.12.2014?

new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)

- conformations Responseplus (on page 220)
- support pallet storage (on page 157)
- optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.2.1 from 08.09.2014?

- bug fixes for logging user activities (on page 228)
- improved performance project explorer
- further error corrections and program optimizations

What was new in version 8.2 from 04.06.2014?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188)
- optimized support Windows 7
- settings production sequence small bundles (on page 152)
- logging user activities (on page 228)
- projects
 - anonymization (on page 34)
 - archive (on page 37)
- mail merge
 - conditional visibility (on page 280) position frames
 - half font sizes free (on page 293) and machine-readable (on page 319)
- international
 - extended sorting (on page 377)
 - individual wrapping weight (on page 377)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.1.1 from 26.11.13?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) National
- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) International
- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) DHL Infopost
- support SEPA
- support Responseplus Reply (on page 315) and Referral (on page 220)
- jump list in start menu and taskbar
- further program optimizations
- various error corrections

What was new in version 8.1 from 10.07.2013?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) DHL Infopost
- remaining items (on page 145)
 - separate franking type

- individual postage per item
- Import/Export
 - improved handling templates (import (on page 60) and export (on page 363))
 - support formats XLSX and ACCDB
- project templates
- improved multi change (on page 71) address management
- support name prefix and suffix (on page 69)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.0.1 from 12.12.2012?

- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) National
- new GT&C and posting lists (on page 188) International
- Discontinuation Infobrief and Infobrief International
- new posting list (on page 188) Frankierservice
- Support pick-up (on page 157) of international items
- some program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 8.0 from 11.10.2012?

- Networkability (on page 243)
- Data backup (on page 242)
- DHL Infopost
 - Interface to order management (on page 168)
 - Reshipments
- new license model
- Activation (on page 368)
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 7.5.1 from 11.06.2012?

bug fixes for detection of street numbers

What was new in version 7.5 from 29.03.2012?

- Support IT franking
- variable images in mail merge
- DHL Infopost
 - partial coding of incomplete addresses
 - new filter parcel center
 - new address spread by parcel centers
- Support PURLs for Adressdialog
- Aligment of routing labels at top left margin

- Usage street supplements
- Export 2D barcodes
- further program improvements and error corrections

What was new in version 7.4.3 from 25.11.2011?

- new posting lists National
- new posting lists International
- Support VarioPlus International
- Discontinuation EDS (posting data record)
- Discontinuation Address clearing online
- minor bug fixes

What was new in version 7.4.1 from 15.06.2011?

- new GT&C and posting lists International
- Substitution table for gender
- Mail merge
 - multi-page backgrounds (PDF)
 - Support datamatrix code
 - Support QR code
- Datamatrix codes on posting lists and pallet label
- several program optimizations and error corrections

What was new in version 7.4 from 24.02.2011?

- Support DHL Infopost (former Dialogpost Schwer; only with module Professional)
- numerous minor bug fixes

What was new in version 7.3 from 17.12.2010?

- new GT&C and posting lists International
- new posting lists Dialogpost/Infobrief National
- new posting list Frankierservice
- Extra items for Dialogpost-Koop customers
- Premiumadress
 - Support additional roles (e.g. payer)
 - new variants Hybrid and Retoure Extra (as of 14.02.2011)
 - Price and product list v23
- various program optimizations
- further error corrections

What was new in version 7.2 from 20.09.2010?

Mail merge

- Usability documents (PDF, JPG etc.) as watermarks
- Visualization overfull text frames
- Support barcode type EAN128
- Export mail merge documents as PDF files
- Address management
 - highly extended filtering capabilities
 - manual insertion new fields
- Vario (only with module Vario)
 - Performance optimization for mailshots with lots of variants
 - Export by variant
- Import addresses with ZIPs in differing fields (only with module Professional)
- Label editor (only with module Professional)
- configurable panel print
- several detail improvements
- additional bug fixes

What was new in version 7.1.2 from 20.05.2010?

- Value added tax compatibility
- Replacement posting data record (EDS) by order management
- Replacement sender's instruction by Premiumadress
- new export format MS Access
- customer specific settings for payer and payment method
- Auto update
- Price and product list v23
- minor bug fixes

What was new in version 7.1.1 from 17.12.2009?

- Support table of fees 2010
- new forms and posting lists
- new field type subfield
- some detail improvements and error corrections

What was new in version 7.1 from 24.11.2009?

- Import/Postage optimization based on ZIPs
- Ability to configure the Nixie check
- Assignment variants to import files
- Specification item thickness in millimeter
- proprietary font incl. coding for Premiumadress data matrix code
- improved handling for the generation of posting and production lists for partial postings

- Support none machine ready items
- Revision tray maximum weight to 10 kg
- further bug fixes and application enhancements

What was new in version 7.0.4 from 13.08.2009

- further bug fixes in the address check modules
- additional error corrections

What was new in version 7.0.3 from 26.02.2009?

- minor corrections in the address check module
- some detail improvements

What was new in version 7.0.2 from 07.01.2009?

- Support table of fees 2009
- new posting lists
- some detail improvements and error corrections

What was new in version 7.0 from 02.10.2008?

- Module Job splitting: Dividing a mailshot for different producers
- Support individual Katalog dispatch (only with module Professional)
- Selection dispatch products admitted for optimization (only with module Professional)
- Variant clean production with differing production parameters (only with module Vario)
- predefined number of available pallet sites in multi-flow method (only with module Vario)
- new position frame transport service in mail merge (only with module International optimization)
- Notification Infobrief items via order management
- Export
 - new fields relative begin and end of pallet
 - new field type combination field
- additional optimizations and corrections

What was new in version 6.5.1 from 16.05.2008?

- improved interface to Dialog-Manager
- minor corrections in the postage optimization module

What was new in version 6.5 from 11.04.2008?

- Support order management
- Interface to Dialog-Manager (version 4.0 or higher)
- new forms and posting lists
- new franking mark ("franking wave")
- Check against the reference file of Deutsche Post Direkt GmbH (Address clearing online)
- Premiumadress

- Memos also for none info items
- Possibility to skip the postage optimization
- Print tray labels for Infobrief
- minor improvements address check
- Distribution list identifier also for ZIP bundles
- additional optimizations
- some bug fixes

What was new in version 6.4 from 20.07.2007?

- Spell check in mail merge
- Salutation check (only with module Professional)
- Nixie check (only with module Professional)
- Panel print
- Inkjet export
- Spread by provinces (only with module Professional)
- Spread by Nielsen regions (only with module Professional)
- cascaded address filters
- Decomposition duplicate groups by date
- Support Sigel labels
- a lot of detail improvements and error corrections

What was new in version 6.3.2 from 12.03.2007?

- some bug fixes (e.g. for partial posting)
- cosmetic repairs of the GUI
- minor corrections of the online help files

What was new in version 6.3.1 from 01.12.2006?

- Support table of fees 2007
- Support new products
 - Letters international at kilo-rates (only with module International Optimization)
 - VarioPlus (only with module Vario)
 - Vario-Mailing International (only with modules International Optimization and Vario)
- new posting lists
- Integration product brochures
- some optimizations
- further bug fixes

What was new in version 6.3 from 29.09.2006?

Working with project copies

- Check against the Robinson list (only with module Professional)
- improved address management
- improved duplicate search
- improved address check
- improved ZIP search
- improved handling international items (e.g. support Vario)
- new Map Tool
- new bundle/tray/pallet labels
- Reference sample
- Import via ADO interface (only with module Professional)
- Export Premiumadress data matrix code
- additional coding methods for Adressdialog
- additional languages for wizard (Spanish, Polish, Czech)
- minor optimizations as well as bug fixes

What was new in version 6.2.1 from 20.02.2006?

- minor optimizations
- some bug fixes

What was new in version 6.2 from 16.12.2005?

- Support tables of fees for 2005 and 2006
- Support new products
 - Infocard-Groß
 - Infocard-Kreativ
 - Premiumadress
 - Stampit 3.0 Business
 - Stampit 2.0 Home
 - Werbesendung (only with module Vario)
- Relocation database/file of the deceased of Deutsche Post Adress GmbH
- extended filtering capabilities in address management
- improved generation of salutation
- additional spreads (by cities and routing zones)
- new posting lists
- various detail improvements
- several bug fixes

What was new in version 6.1 from 15.06.2005?

- Module Professional
- Module International Optimization

- Module Vario
- Export
 - Multi-Export of a field
 - new export format XML
- Mail merge
 - Support MS Word
 - Set-up and summary sheets
- Integration Stampit Home
- klickServer interface
- Connection to Adressdialog
- various improvements

What was new in version 6.0.2 from 04.02.2005?

- Integration Stampit 2.0 Business
- Default export templates
- new form for posting sections "compilation of routing regions"
- some cosmetic corrections
- minor bug fixes

What was new in version 6.0.1 from 10.12.2004?

further bug fixes

What was new in version 6.0 from 23.11.2004?

- Support tables of fees for 2004 and 2005
- completely reengineered postage optimization module with new parameters
- massively improved doublet search module
- XP look
- Support FRANKIT
- new news/update-check module
- improved filtering methods for export and mail merge
- new project explorer
- new customer management module
- new production lists
- Justification in mail merge module
- Demo address check without additional files (now also with Datafactory Streetcode)
- EDS report visible outside the EDS (posting data record) module
- the shipping schedule (ZL) can be printed in combination with the posting lists
- Import password protected access files
- additional bug fixes and optimizations

What was new in version 5.4 from 11.11.2003?

- Support tables of fees for 2003 and 2004
- new form "Announcement"
- new posting lists
- minor bug fixes and optimizations

What was new in version 5.3.0 from 31.07.2003?

- Stampit integration
- variable signatures
- new posting lists 7/2003
- import file filter
- filtered addresses can be completely deleted
- some particular optimizations
- further bug fixes

What was new in version 5.2.1 from 22.05.2003?

- Address check
 - higher performance
 - better results
 - Support Thesaurus
- Import
 - improved analysis
- PDF export
- klickTel interface
- News/Update checks
- Export
 - Field types can be specified if appropriate
 - Excel 5 and Excel 97 format
- Mail merge
 - new format postcard (incl. template)
- Support printer pools
- optimized ZIP search
- Changing license information possible
- various minor improvements
- several bug fixes

What was new in version 5.2 from 21.11.2002?

- Support tables of fees for 2002 and 2003
- new posting lists 2003

- Localization in German and English
- Import
 - Merging various data sources
- Export
 - Field "attn." more configurable
 - improved Excel-Export
- Mail merge
 - Searching addresses possible
- Adaptation sender's instruction to the current regularities
- improved handling Non-German addresses
- various smaller optimizations
- some bug fixes

What was new in version 5.1.1 (Update available only in German)?

- Export
 - new fields "bundle and tray number" and "number of mailings in bundle/tray"
- Mail Merge
 - multipage letters possible
 - copy and paste of text blocks and position frames possible
 - new feature 'rotated text': turn formatted texts (incl. data fields) with arbitrary angles
 - navigate and edit in mail merge edit mode using hot keys
 - Bundle and tray numbers can be printed
 - scaleable franking mark
 - Overview page before each batch can be printed out of a separate paper tray (e.g. filled with colored paper)
 - Batches can be printed out of alternating paper trays, e.g. for printing batches mutually turned by 90°
- Routing Labels
 - "Bundle number" and "number of mailings in bundle" can be printed on the bundle label
 - "Tray number" and "number of mailings in tray" can be printed on the tray label
 - Print sequence of the labels can be reversed
- Adaptation sender's instruction to the current regularities
- several improvements and some bug fixes

What was new in version 5.1 from 01.07.2002?

- "Infobrief Kreativ" for mailshots supported
- Partial postings supported
- Address management
 - insert, delete and copy of records feasible

- ZIP search
 - Verification particular address for postal correctness
- Optimization label printing
- Preview option for Excel import
- new fields for export
 - ZIP-code + city
 - first name + last name (with options)
 - salutation + title
- Mail merge
 - printing single production batches supported
- Address check
 - explicit activation required due to legal reasons
 - large street directory (Datafactory Streetcode) supported
- EURO is only currency for payment and franking
- various particular improvements
- additional bug fixes

What was new in version 5.0.4 from 31.01.2002?

- new fields for export and mail merge
 - Street/No.
 - Address block for letters (with options)
 - Attn.: (with options)
- Address management
 - improved search functions
 - Column structure can be changed and saved
- new print option
 - optimized speed/WYSIWYG quality in mail merge
- Letter labels
 - Option optimized print order
 - Optional output label numbers
- new "Minimize quantity of pallets" option
- Pack lists, pallet lists, etc., sorted on printing
- Import/export template list can be sorted
- Address check
 - better handling through improved keyboard support
 - additional fields can be shown as in search for duplicate entries
 - improved suggestion generation

What was new in version 5.0.3 from 10.10.2001?

- greatly expanded export function
 - Field structure can now be defined: sequence, designation, width
 - Export definition can be stored as a template
 - Export is also possible from address administration
 - with dBase and ASCII files with fixed field length you can have the "best width" of fields identified
- Import functionality expanded
 - Option for a user-defined decision as to when an address is classified on import as unusable
 - Treatment of incorrect or unusable addresses has been improved
 - Settings for ASCII files can be saved in templates
- expanded project administration (copy/paste)
- Mail merge expanded (JPG images)
- Duplicate search improved
- more minor bugs fixed, performance improved

What was new in version 5.0.2 from 16.07.2001?

- Address analysis on import improved
- Handling of combination ZIPs optimized (street AND P.O. Box ZIP in one field)
- minor bugs fixed

Anhang

.1. Preview and Print

Preview

Click the *Preview* button in order to view the table prior to printing. Verify for example whether or not the fonts are still readable after having fit the table to the page size (see below). You can browse through the various pages by using the navigation arrows.

You will find more detailed information on the options of this preview in chapter *Print Preview* (on page 449)

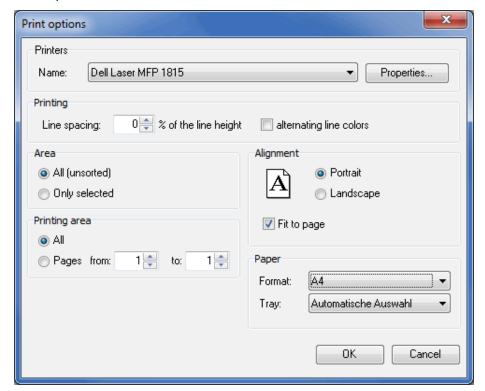
Print

Clicking the *Print* button starts the print job.

Print options

The Print options button opens the Print dialog. Here you can define the settings for the print job.

In the "Printers" area you can see the name of the currently selected printer. If necessary, you can choose another printer by using the dropdown menu or you can edit the options of the selected printer by clicking the *Properties* button.



In order to arrange the list more clearly, specify a greater line spacing in the "Printout" area and a gray background for every second line.

In the "Area" frame you can define whether you want to print only the selected lines or the complete list.

The values in the "Printing area" section affect the total number of pages to be printed. Here you can choose between "all pages" or declare dedicated page intervals.

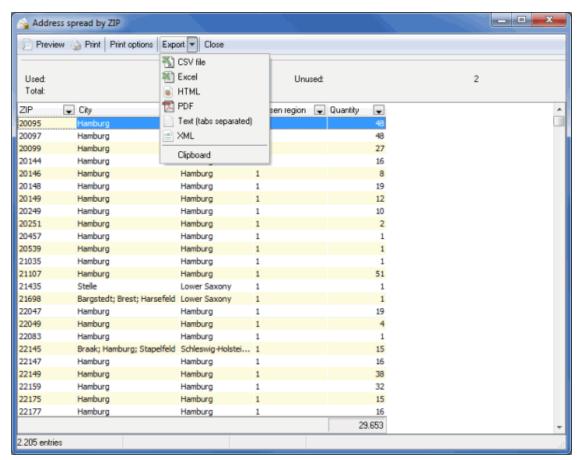
If the page is not wide enough, you can change the page orientation to *Landscape* in the "Orientation" area and/or activate the option *Fit to page* .

Finally, you can select the paper format and the paper tray in the "Paper" section.

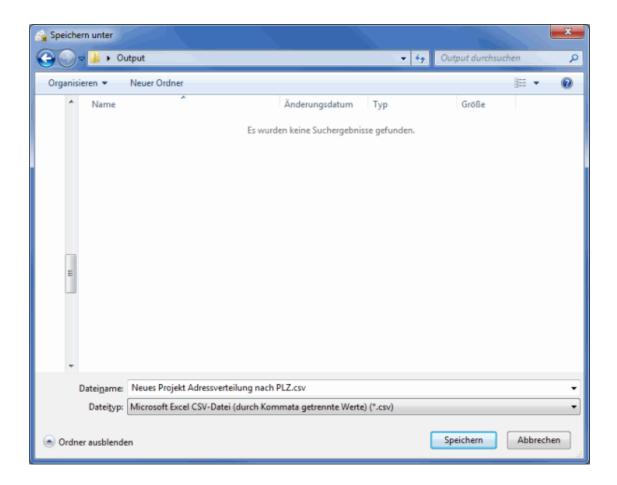
.2. Export

Besides printing lists, Dialogpost Manager is also capable of copying their contents to the clipboard. In addition to that, the data can be exported for post processing them with other applications into the following formats:

- CSV file
- PDF
- Excel
- HTML
- Text (tabs separated)
- XML



Clicking the *Export* button opens a dropdown menu where you can select the format. In the subsequent dialog window you can specify the export file's name and target directory.



.3. Print Preview

A variety of statistics, result reports and lists is offered during a project created with Dialogpost Manager, which you can view, print or export as PDF file if appropriate.

The following identical **options** are available for these reports:

You can browse through the pages of a print job using the buttons $\widehat{\ \ \ }$

and 耳

Using the zoom button 🎤

the **view** of the statistics and lists can be magnified or made smaller by a right or left click (right-click to zoom out; left-click to zoom in). Furthermore, you may span an area to be magnified by holding the left mouse button pressed.

Additionally, you can change the page view

1

to view two pages



or several pages



.

Printing statistics and lists is started using the *Print* button or the printer icon



As an alternative to printing you can also export the pages to a PDF file . You only have to use the PDF button or to click the PDF icon 📆

If you click the Close button, the Print Preview mode will quit.

.4. Table configuration

Tray target		Pallet	Pallet target	
Туре	Label	No	Туре	Label
RR	i Column layo	Column layout		0-9
RR	Optimize co	Optimize column width		0-9
RR	20		2 RZ	2
RR	20		2 RZ	2
RR	21		2 RZ	2
RR	22		2 RZ	2
RR	22		2 RZ	2
RR	22		2 RZ	2
RR	22		2 RZ	2
RR	23		2 RZ	2

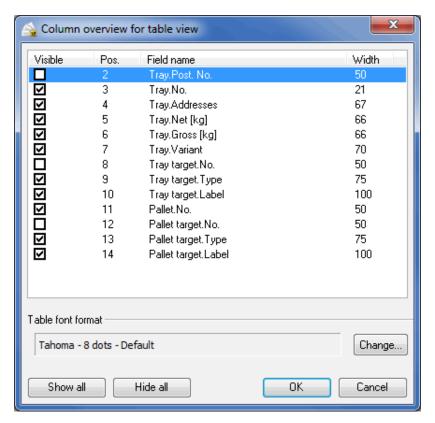
You can change the column layout or optimize the column width by right clicking the column header and selecting the desired menu item.

All changes will also be considered for printing the lists and are valid for all projects.

In dialog window Column overview for table view the columns can be shown or hidden by activating the respective entry's check box in the column "Visible". Using the buttons Show all and Hide all you can (de-)select all fields with one mouse click - but at least one column has to be visible.



These functions can be useful if you want to show or hide only a few columns.



By pressing the F2 key or selecting the contextual menu item *Change width* you can define the exact width for the chosen column.

The column width can also be changed directly: If you want a column to be narrower or wider, navigate the mouse to the right border until the mouse arrow changes:



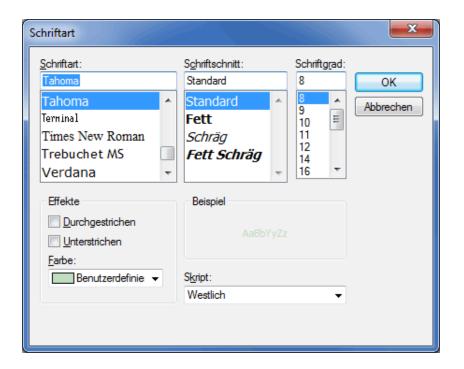
Now, click the mouse button, keep it pressed and drag the column to the desired width.



The optimal column width, i.e. an adjustment to the widest column entry, can be set via the contextual menu of the table header (right mouse button).

Table font format

In this area you can define the font and its size by clicking the *Change* button. This functionality is especially helpful for printing the tables.



.5. Filter Selection

You can define filter values by activating the relevant check box.



You can unmark or revert the selection via the contextual menu (right mouse button).

In order to mark or unmark a contiguous block, click the block's first table entry and afterwards the last by keeping the **Shift** key pressed. Now press the space bar on your keyboard. Discontinuous entries can be selected by clicking them and keeping the **Ctrl** key pressed.

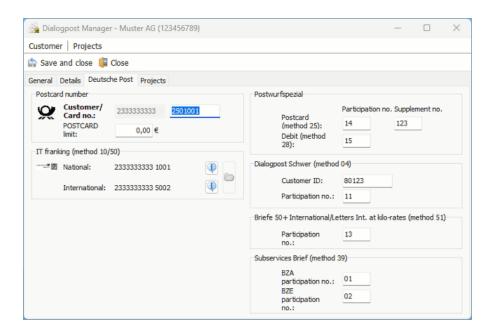
In the field **Range** you can enter the filter values manually. Comparable to the *Print dialog* (on page 272) you specify ranges by entering the start and end value in combination with a hyphen or by entering a single filter value. Multiple entries have to be separated by a semicolon.



Depending on the way you defined a filter value (via mouse click or via manual entry in the field **Range**) the mutual views will be automatically adjusted.

.6. Registerkarte Deutsche Post

On this tab data with relation to Deutschen Post can be edited.



Participation number

The **customer number** (EKP) that has to be entered in **Deutsche Post** area. However, you can specify a participation number in various areas. It denotes different contracts and is part of the Postcard number.



Customer and participation number identify the contractual partner of Deutsche Post. These numbers are especially important for payment.

The 17-digit Postcard number consists of the following elements.

- customer number (10-digit)
- method number (2-digit)
- participation number (2-digit)
- supplement number (3-digit)

The method number depends on the product. In the areas **Teilleistungen Brief**, **Postwurfspezial** and **Briefe 50+ International/Briefe International zum Kilotarif** you can therefore specify the participation numbers for these products. In the *payment properties* (on page 161) of a **Postwurfspezial** project, you have two options *Direct debit (Postcard)* and *Debit*. Corresponding to these options, you can specify two different participation numbers here. The corresponding method number will, for example, automatically be added for *posting lists* (on page 188) and data exchange with Deutsche Post.



Module IT franking

With activated module **IT franking** you can also unlock for IT franking in your projects. Details can be found in chapter *IT* franking (on page 422) .

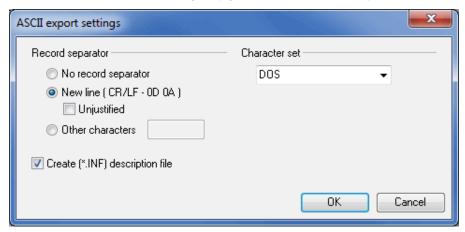
If you want to transfer the project data via data exchange (on page 168) to Deutsche Post, either both fields Customer/Card no. or the bank details have to be completely filled.

.7. Text file with fixed field width

If you want to export your data into **text file with fixed field width**, select the file format "Formatted text (spaces separated) (*.prn)".



You can use the button *Settings* to open a selection window where you can define the record separators and character set to be used in the exported file. You can also create a description file which explains the structure of the file. This file may help you later to create an import filter or other similar templates.

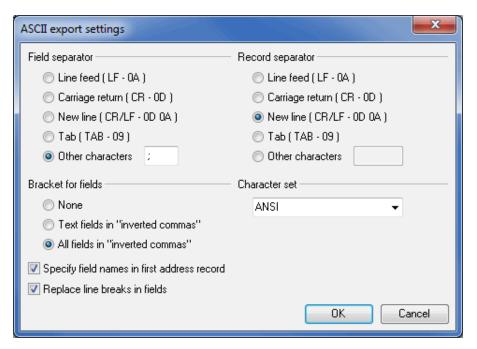


.8. Text file with variable field width

For a text file with variable field width, select the file format "Text file (separator) (*.txt)".



Similar to the fixed field format, you can also use the dialog window which pops up when clicking the button *Settings* to define the field and record separator as well as the brackets for the fields and the required character set. If requested, the first address record can contain all field names; this may make it easier to process the exported file.



Use the option *Replace line breaks in fields*, to replace line breaks by the character "|". Otherwise, the line breaks will be removed without replacement, as they destroy the text format.

.9. MS Access database

With Dialogpost Manager you are able to directly export your addresses or other fields into the database format MS Access (*.mdb).



By clicking the *Settings* button a dialog appears where you can define the automatic primary key to be created. Activate the correspondent check box and enter the desired field name for the primary key.

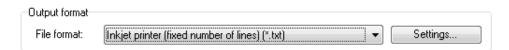




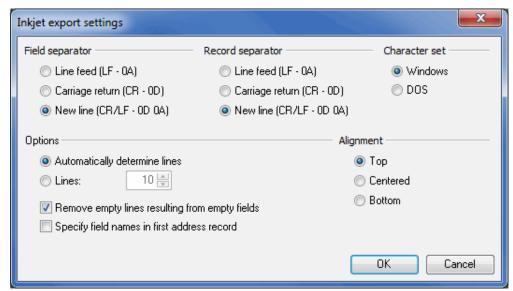
An automatic primary key is a numeric field whose value is unique for each record and which will be automatically increased by the database.

.10. Inkjet printers

In order to create a text file which can be directly imported into a inkjet printer select the file format "Inkjet printer (fixed number of lines) (*.txt)".



Similar to the exports in fixed or variable field format you can also use the dialog window which pops up when clicking the button *Settings* to define the field and record separator as well as the required character set.



In area **Options** you declare the number of lines and determine if e.g. empty lines shall be deleted and the subsequent lines be directly attached to the last line. If the option *Automatically determine lines* is checked exactly the same number of lines will be exported as you have selected fields in *step 2* (on page 359).

Please mind that maximal x fields can be selected for export if you have chosen option $Lines\ x$. Especially the **addressblock's** number of lines will be taken into account like it is defined in its properties.

You can also Specify the field names in the first record here.

In the **Orientation** section you can choose between top, bottom and centered. Occurring blank lines will be automatically exported at the respective positions.

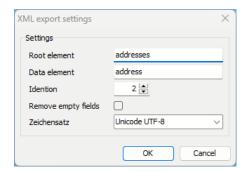
.11. XML file

The probably most abstract export format is XML (Extensible Markup Language). Select "XML file (*.xml)" via the dropdown menu in order to export addresses into this format.



By clicking the button *Settings* you can, among others, control the encoding and the format of the created XML file and thus adapt it to the requirements of the post processing applications. Define the name of the mandatory root element as well as the spanning tags for each address.

If you use indention you can achieve visual formatting which improves the readability of the XML file.





Activate check box *Remove empty fields* in order to avoid opening and closing tags for empty fields. Thus, you can (sometimes substantially) reduce the size of the resulting XML file.

Continuation "Specify output file" (on page 354)

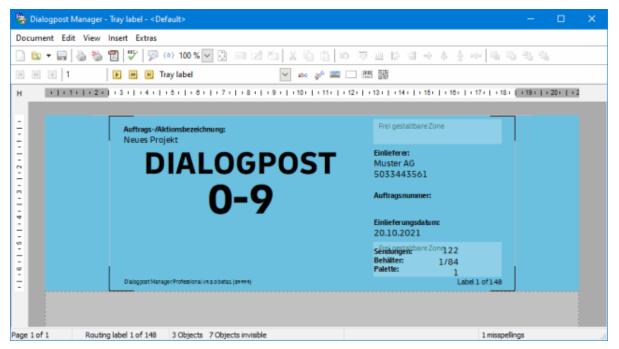
.12. Routing label editor



The routing label editor is only available with activated module Professional (on page 184) .

You can use the routing label editor to easily and comfortably edit tray, bundle and pallet labels.

The composition of the routing label editor should be well known because it is based on Dialogpost Manager's mail merge module. Therefore, only particularities will be handled here. The description of similar resp. identical features can be found *here* (on page 257).



The basic structure and content of the routing labels are predefined by Deutschen Post. However, modifications are allowed in dedicated areas. These areas are shown in light blue and indicated with **Frei gestaltbare Zone**. Information in these areas may be altered. You may even add proprietary information.

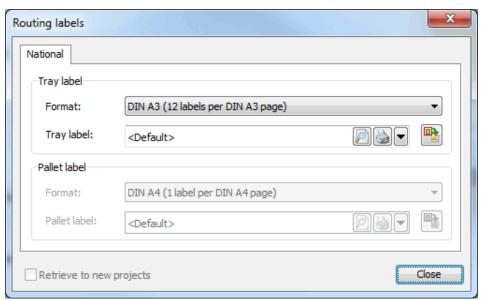
The following elements may be placed or changed on your routing labels:

- Text (on page 292)
- Rotated Text (on page 296)
- Graphic (on page 306)
- Frame (on page 308)
- Barcode (on page 312)



Dialogpost Manager will warn you if an element is placed outside the editable area prior to saving resp. printing. You may ignore this warning and print the modified routing labels anyway but you infringe the predefinitions of Deutsche Post. Please be aware that those labels might be rejected when posting.

Modified routing labels can be saved and will be automatically used as **template** for further label prints. If an altered label is used, its file name is shown in the dropdown field of the respective routing label.





You can also define several different templates. If you like to change the template, recall the label editor and open the desired file. As soon as you close the editor, this last used file will be automatically taken as new template.

Example: Working with the routing label editor

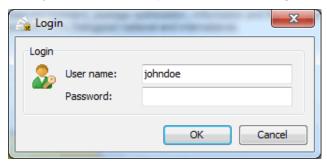
Practitioners often ask how to increase the font size of the "bundle number" and like to have the "bundle weight" on the label, too. This is how it can be done:

- First, right-click the text frame which contains the bundle number. A contextual menu appears.
 Choose the menu item Edit text.
- The *Edit text* dialog pops up. Mark the variable **Bundle number** . Afterwards, choose a greater font size from the icon bar's drop down menu.
- If necessary, drag the text frame to an appropriate size.
- Now add the field Weight via the *Insert field* button.
- Click the icon with the green tick in order to finish editing the text.
- You may add descriptive text by amending existing or creating new text frames which will have to be accordingly arranged.

As soon as you are ready with all changes, save the modified routing label. From now on, it will be
automatically used as template for your routing labels.

.13. Login

Enter your user name and password in order to log in to Dialogpost Manager.



If you do not know your login data please contact your system administrator.



After the first misentry a button *Password forgotten* (on the current page) will appear. Using this function and knowledge of your license number, you can reset any password.

.14. Password forgotten

Using this dialog you can reset the passwords of any user.



For reasons of safety a verification of your license number by the activation server is required. This will ensure that the license number you enter here is the same as the one used to activate the product. This is meant to prevent unauthorized persons from bypassing your access control.

The license number is never shown in the program. Please take the license number from your file. It consists of 3 blocks, each containing 4 characters.



If you do not have an open Internet connection you can also verify your license number by phone. In this case, please contact the *Hotline* (on page ??) .

After a successful verification the *user administration* (on page 224) will be opened in a special mode. This will allow you to reset any password.

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